Registration number: OC354324

Aqua Meeson LLP

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements Year Ended 31 March 2017

Registration number: OC354324

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Limited liability partnership information

Designated

T G Lewis

members

F M Garvey

Registered office

41 Commercial Road

Poole Dorset BH14 0HU

Accountants

PKF Francis Clark Chartered Accountants

Towngate House 2-8 Parkstone Road

Poole Dorset BH15 2PW

Balance Sheet

31 March 2017

	Note	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets			
Investment property	2	1,055,000	1,025,000
Current assets			
Debtors	3	58,862	52,612
Cash and short-term deposits		11,124	42,001
		69,986	94,613
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	4	(53,608)	(51,653)
Net current assets		16,378	42,960
Total assets less current liabilities		1,071,378	1,067,960
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	5	(66,737)	(95,471)
Net assets attributable to members		1,004,641	972,489
Represented by:			
Loans and other debts due to members			
Members' capital classified as a liability		161,639	136,525
Equity			
Members' capital classified as equity		812,000	812,000
Other reserves		31,002	23,964
		843,002	835,964
•		1,004,641	972,489
Total members' interests			
Amounts due from members		(55,883)	(50,835)
Loans and other debts due to members		161,639	136,525
Equity		′843,002	835,964
		948,758	921,654

Balance Sheet

31 March 2017 (continued)

For the year ending 31 March 2017 the limited liability partnership was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to limited liability partnerships relating to small entities.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006, as applied to limited liability partnerships, and the option not to file the Profit & Loss account has been taken.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

T G Lewis

Designated member

Registration number: OC354324

Notes to the Financial Statements

1 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

General information and basis of accounting

The limited liability partnership is incorporated in the United Kingdom under the Limited Liability Partnership Act 2000. The address of the registered office is given on the limited liability partnership information page. The nature of the limited liability partnership's operations and its principal activities are given in the members' report.

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The functional currency of Aqua Meeson LLP is considered to be pounds sterling because that is the currency of the primary economic environment in which the limited liability partnership operates. Foreign operations are included in accordance with the policies set out below.

Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that the limited liability partnership obtains the right to consideration in exchange for its performance. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received, excluding discounts, rebates, VAT and other sales tax or duty. Revenue comprises of rents receivable.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

1 Accounting policies (continued)

Members' remuneration and division of profits

The SORP recognises that the basis of calculating profits for allocation may differ from the profits reflected through the financial statements prepared in compliance with recommended practice, given the established need to seek to focus profit allocation on ensuring equity between different generations and populations of members.

Consolidation of the results of certain subsidiary undertakings, the provision for annuities to current and former members, pension scheme charges, the spreading of acquisition integration costs and the treatment of long leasehold interests are all items which may generate differences between profits calculated for the purpose of allocation and those reported within the financial statements. Where such differences arise, they have been included within other amounts in the balance sheet.

Members' fixed shares of profits (excluding discretionary fixed share bonuses) and interest earned on members' balances are automatically allocated and, are treated as members' remuneration charged as an expense to the profit and loss account in arriving at profit available for discretionary division among members.

The remainder of profit shares, which have not been allocated until after the balance sheet date, are treated in these financial statements as unallocated at the balance sheet date and included within other reserves.

Taxation

The taxation payable on the partnership's profits is the personal liability of the members. Consequently, neither partnership taxation nor related deferred taxation is accounted for in these financial statements.

Investment properties

Investment properties for which fair value can be measured reliably without undue cost or effort on an ongoing basis are measured at fair value annually with any change recognised in the profit and loss account.

Members' interests

Amounts due to members after more than one year comprise provisions for annuities to current members and certain loans from members which are not repayable within twelve months of the balance sheet date.

Financial instruments

Classification

All financial assets and liabilities are initially measured at transaction price (including transaction costs), except for those financial assets classified as at fair value through profit or loss, which are initially measured at fair value (which is normally the transaction price excluding transaction costs), unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction. If an arrangement constitutes a finance transaction, the financial asset or financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are only offset in the balance sheet when, and only when there exists a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and the limited liability partnership intends either to settle on a net basis, or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

2 Investment property

	2017 £
At 1 April	1,025,000
Fair value adjustments	30,000
At 31 March	1,055,000

The investment property was revalued by the designated members at the balance sheet date at its market value with the benefit of the existing lease. The historic cost of the property is £1,059,737, including the purchase price of £965,000.

3 Debtors

	2017 £	2016 £
Trade debtors	302	-
Other debtors	55,883	50,835
Prepayments and accrued income	2,677	1,777
Total current trade and other debtors	58,862	52,612
4 Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2017 £	2016 £
Bank loans and overdrafts	29,200	28,000
Trade creditors	1,988	_
Other creditors	5,300	_
Accruals and deferred income	17,120	23,653
,	53,608	51,653
5 Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		
	2017	2016
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	66,737	95,471

6 Control

The members are the controlling party by virtue of their controlling interest in the limited liability partnership. The ultimate controlling party is the same as the controlling party.

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

7 Transition to FRS 102

This is the first year that the limited liability partnership has presented its financial statements under Financial Reporting Standard 102 (FRS 102) issued by the Financial Reporting Council. The following disclosures are required in the year of transition. The last financial statements under previous UK GAAP were for the year ended 31/03/2016 and the date of transition to FRS 102 was therefore 01/04/2015. As a consequence of adopting FRS 102, a number of accounting policies have changed to comply with that standard.