# LOC @ THE CHRISTIE LLP

Report and Accounts
31 December 2013

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## **DESIGNATED MEMBERS**

The Christie Clinic LLP Vivek Misra

## **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young LLP Apex Plaza Forbury Road Reading RG1 1YE

### **BANKERS**

Barclays Bank PLC St Johns Wood & Swiss Cottage Branch PO Box 2764 London NW3 6JD

## **REGISTERED OFFICE**

242 Marylebone Road London NW1 6JL Registered No. OC342754

### THE MEMBERS' REPORT

The members present their report and accounts for the year ended 31 December 2013.

### PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY AND REVIEW OF THE BUSINESS

The principal activity of LOC @ The Christie LLP is the provision of outpatient medical oncology, chemotherapy infusions, oral chemotherapy and all related blood, pathology and miscellaneous outpatient visit services.

The LLP was incorporated on 20 January 2009 and commenced trading on 1 August 2012.

In the opinion of the members, the state of LOC @ The Christie LLP's affairs at 31 December 2013 is satisfactory.

# POLICY WITH RESPECT TO MEMBERS' DRAWINGS AND SUBSCRIPTIONS AND REPAYMENT OF MEMBERS' CAPITAL

Members are permitted to make drawings once the profit is determined. Drawings cannot exceed a member's profit share. The profit share is determined by the amount of the capital contribution made by the members pro rata over the net profit for the financial period.

New members are required to subscribe a minimum level of capital. Members may increase the amount of their capital contribution if members so agree by members' consent. On retirement, the balance on a member's Capital Account is repaid.

In the event of winding up, other reserves along with members' capital rank after unsecured creditors.

#### **FUTURE DEVELOPMENTS**

There are no plans to change the activities of the partnership.

## EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

No significant events affecting the LLP have occurred since the balance sheet date.

## **GOING CONCERN**

No material uncertainties that cast significant doubt about the ability of the partnership to continue as a going concern have been identified by the members. On the basis of their assessment of the partnership's financial position, the partnership's members have a reasonable expectation that the partnership will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Therefore they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

### **DESIGNATED MEMBERS**

The Christie Clinic LLP Vivek Misra

Registered No. OC342754

## THE MEMBERS' REPORT (CONTINUED)

## **AUDITORS**

Ernst & Young LLP will continue as auditor of the LLP.

Approved by the members on 28 March 2014 and signed on their behalf by:

J Fitzpatrick

For and on behalf of The Christie Clinic LLP

28 March 2014

V Misra

28 March 2014

## MEMBERS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT

The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008 requires the members to prepare financial statements for each financial year, which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP and of the profit or loss of the LLP for that year.

The members have elected to prepare financial statements for the LLP in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law).

In preparing those financial statements, the members are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the LLP will continue in business.

Under the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2008, the members are responsible for keeping proper accounting records, which disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the LLP and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Limited Liability Partnership Regulations. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the LLP and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LOC @ THE CHRISTIE LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP ('LLP')

We have audited the financial statements of LOC @ The Christie LLP for the year ended 31 December 2013 which comprise the Profit and Loss Account, the Statement of Total Recognised Gains and Losses, the Balance Sheet, the Statement of Cash Flows, the Reconciliation of Members' Interests and the related notes 1 to 13. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice).

This report is made solely to the members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

### Respective responsibilities of members and auditors

As explained more fully in the Members' Responsibilities Statement set out on page 4, the members are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's Ethical Standards for Auditors.

### Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. It includes an assessment of: whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the LLP's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the designated members; and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Members' Report and financial statements to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements and to identify any information that is apparently materially incorrect based on, or materially inconsistent with, the knowledge acquired by us in the course of performing the audit. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider the implications for our report.

## **Opinion**

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Limited Liability Partnership's affairs as at 31 December 2013 and of its profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applied by The Limited Liability Partnerships (Accounts and Audit) (Application of Companies Act 2006) Regulations 2008.

# INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LOC @ THE CHRISTIE LIMITED LIABILITY PARTNERSHIP ('LLP') (CONTINUED)

### Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the Members' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

### Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 as applied to limited liability partnerships requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

Ian Oliver (Senior statutory auditor)

Ernst Woung UP

for and on behalf of Ernst & Young LLP, Statutory Auditor

Reading

31 March 2014

# PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 £000	2012 £000
	woies	£000	2000
TURNOVER	2	10,850	3,579
Administrative expenses		(6,337)	(2,220)
OPERATING PROFIT	3	4,513	1,359
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR BEFORE MEMBERS' REMUNERATION AND PROFIT SHARES	•	4,513	1,359
Members' remuneration charged as an expense		-	-
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL YEAR AVAILABLE FOR DISCRETIONARY DIVISION AMONG MEMBERS	-	4,513	1,359

All activities relate to continuing operations.

## STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES

There are no recognised gains or losses other than the profit of £4,513,000 for the year ended 31 December 2013 (2012: £1,359,000).

# LOC @ The Christie LLP

# BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2013

		2013	2012
	Notes	£000	£000
TANGIBLE ASSETS			
Fixed assets	6	80	106
		80	106
CURRENT ASSETS			
Stocks	7	277	206
Debtors	8	2,388	1,542
Cash at bank and in hand		1,730	284
		4,395	2,032
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	9	(359)	(380)
NET CURRENT ASSETS		4,036	1,652
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	,	4,116	1,758
MEMBERS' OTHER INTERESTS			
Members' capital		399	399
Other reserves		3,717	1,359
MEMBERS' INTERESTS		4,116	1,758

These financial statements were approved by the members on 28 March 2014 and are signed on their behalf by:

J Fitzpatrick

For and on behalf of The Christie Clinic LLP

28 March 2014

V Misra

28 March 2014

## STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Notes	2013 £000	2012 £000
NET CASH INFLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	10	3,601	-
FINANCING			
Members' capital introduced		-	284
Payment of distribution to members		(2,155)	-
NET CASH INFLOW FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		1,446	284
MOVEMENT IN CASH		1,446	284
RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET CASH			
Increase in cash		1,446	284
MOVEMENT IN NET CASH		1,446	284
NET CASH AT 1 JANUARY		284	-
NET CASH AT 31 DECEMBER	10	1,730	284

# RECONCILIATION OF MEMBERS' INTERESTS

for the year ended 31 December 2013

Members' capital	Other reserves	Members' interests total	Loans and other debts due to members less any amounts due from members in debtors	Total
£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
399	1,359	1,758	-	1,758
-	4,513	4,513	-	4,513
399	5,872	6,271	-	6,271
-	(2,155)	(2,155)	-	(2,155)
399	3,717	4,116	-	4,116
	399 399	capital       reserves         £000       £000         399       1,359         -       4,513         399       5,872         -       (2,155)	capital         reserves         interests total           £000         £000         £000           399         1,359         1,758           -         4,513         4,513           399         5,872         6,271           -         (2,155)         (2,155)	Members' capital reserves £000         Other feet of the state o

# NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS at 31 December 2013

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies adopted by the partnership are set out below and are consistent with the previous year.

### Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable United Kingdom accounting standards including the Statement of Recommended Practice, Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships (the SORP) and under the historical cost convention.

### Going concern

No material uncertainties that cast significant doubt about the ability of the partnership to continue as a going concern have been identified by the members. On the basis of their assessment of the partnership's financial position, the partnership's members have a reasonable expectation that the partnership will be able to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Therefore they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the annual financial statements.

### Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost.

Provision for depreciation is made so as to write off the cost of tangible fixed assets, when in their intended use, on a straight line basis over the expected useful economic lives of the fixed assets concerned. The principal annual rates used for this purpose are:

Equipment, furniture and fittings

between 10% and 25%

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

### Stocks

Stocks, which consist mainly of drugs and consumable stores, are stated at the lower of invoiced cost and net realisable value. Net realisable value is the price at which stocks can be sold in the normal course of business. Provision is made where necessary for obsolete, slow moving and defective stocks.

### Turnover

Turnover consists primarily of net healthcare service revenues that are recorded based upon established billing rates less allowances for contractual adjustments. Estimates of contractual allowances under managed healthcare plans are based upon terms specified in the related contractual agreement.

Turnover is recorded during the period the services are provided.

## Leases

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

#### Pension costs

The employees of the LLP are members of a group defined contribution scheme in the UK, the HCA International Limited Staff Retirement Benefits Scheme. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the LLP. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

### 1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

#### **Taxation**

The taxation payable on the partnership profits is the personal liability of the members and consequently neither taxation nor related deferred taxation are accounted for in the financial statements.

### Members' participation rights

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP.

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members are classified as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have any unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the year end, they are shown as a liability in the Balance Sheet.

Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the Profit and Loss Account and are equity appropriations in the Balance Sheet.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

### 2. TURNOVER

The turnover was derived from one principal activity, the provision of cancer treatment within the United Kingdom.

#### 3. OPERATING PROFIT

Operating profit is stated after charging the following:

	2013	2012
	£000	£000
Operating leases - buildings	153	64
Hire of plant and machinery	2	-
Depreciation of owned fixed assets	26	9

The auditors of the partnership are also the auditors of HCA International Limited and are remunerated in respect of their services to the partnership by HCA International Limited. The audit fee for the partnership was £5,500 (2012: £4,000).

## 4. STAFF COSTS

Drugs and consumables

The average number of	persons employed	by the partnershi	n during the	vear was 5 (	(2012: 5).
The average named of	porsons emproyed	of mo paranoism	p aaning ine,	, car 11 as s 1	,,_,

	The average number of persons employed by the partnership during the year was 5 (2012: 5).		
	Employment costs of all employees comprised:		
		2013	2012
		£000	£000
	Wages and salaries	220	73
	Social security costs	22	8
	Other pension costs	1	
		243	81
5.	INFORMATION IN RELATION TO MEMBERS		
		2013	2012
		£000	£000
	Average number of members during the year	18	9
	Profit (including remuneration) attributable to the member with the largest entitlement to profits	3,922	1,181
6.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		
٠.	THI COLDED I MIDD INCOLLS	Equipment,	
		furniture &	
		fittings	Total
	,	£000	£000
	Cost		
	At 1 January 2013	144	144
	At 31 December 2013	144	144
	Depreciation		
	At 1 January 2013	38	38
	Charge for the year	26	26
	At 31 December 2013	64	64
	Net book value		
	At 31 December 2013	80	80
	At 31 December 2012	106	106
7.	STOCKS		
		2013	2012
		£000	£000
	D 1	0.55	206

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8.	DEBTORS			
			2013	2012
			£000	£000
	Trade debtors		1,110	838
	Amounts owed from group company		519	-
	Prepayments and accrued income		759	704
			2,388	1,542
	•			
9.	CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year			
			2013	2012
			£000	£000
	Trade creditors		87	27
	Amounts owed to group company		-	195
	Accruals and deferred income		272	158
	Troot data data to a line and		359	380
10.	NOTES TO THE STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS  (a) Reconciliation of operating profit to net cash inflow from	om operating acti	vities	
			2013	2012
			£000	£000
	Operating profit		4,513	1,359
	Add back: depreciation		26	9
	Increase in stocks		(71)	(206)
	Increase in debtors		(846)	(1,542)
	(Decrease) / increase in creditors		(21)	380
	Net cash inflow from operating activities		3,601	-
	(b) Analysis of net cash			
		At 1		At 31
		January 2013	Cash flow	December 2013
	·	£000	£000	£000
		2000	2000	2000
	Cash at bank and in hand	284	1,446	1,730
		284	1,446	1,730
	·			

### 11. PENSION COMMITMENTS

The partnership participates in a group defined contribution scheme in the UK, the HCA International Limited Staff Retirement Benefits Scheme. The pension cost for the year was £1,000 (2012: £nil). There were no outstanding contributions at 31 December 2013 relating to former employees (2012: £nil).

### 12. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

During the period, the partnership entered into transactions, in the ordinary course of business as below:

		2013	2012
Related Party	Transaction	£000	£000
The Christie Clinic LLP	Fixed asset transfers from The Christie Clinic LLP	-	115
The Christie Clinic LLP	Management fee payable to The Christie Clinic LLP	(54)	(18)
HCA International Limited	Management fee payable to HCA International Limited	(326)	(107)
		2013	2012
Related Party	Closing balance at year end	£000	£000
HCA International Limited	Amounts owed from / (to) HCA International Limited	519	(195)

### 13. OBLIGATIONS UNDER LEASES

Annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Land & Buildings	Land & Buildings
	2013	2012
	£000	£000
Operating leases which expire:		
Within one year	115	-
Between two and five years	-	149
	115	149