

ABRAMS FINANCIAL SERVICES LLP

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

31 MARCH 2009

THURSDAY



	CXR33AMU	
CP3	11/06/2009	678
	COMPANIES HOUSE	
	AUTBJAGV*	
A15	05/06/2009	23
	COMPANIES HOUSE	

ABRAMS ASHTON

Chartered Accountants
77 Corporation Street
St. Helens
Merseyside
WA10 1SX

ABRAMS FINANCIAL SERVICES LLP

ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

PERIOD FROM 15 MAY 2008 TO 31 MARCH 2009

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ABRAMS FINANCIAL SERVICES LLP

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2009

	Note	£	31 Mar 09 £
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors		322	
Cash at bank and in hand		<u>134</u>	
			<u>456</u>
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>456</u>
NET ASSETS ATTRIBUTABLE TO MEMBERS			<u>456</u>

REPRESENTED BY:

Loans and other debts due to members

Other amounts	2	<u>456</u>
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TOTAL MEMBERS' INTERESTS

Loans and other debts due to members	2	<u>456</u>
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The members are satisfied that the LLP is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 249A(1) of the Companies Act 1985 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2001 for the period ended 31 March 2009.

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (i) ensuring that the LLP keeps proper accounting records which comply with section 221 of the Companies Act 1985 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2001, and
- (ii) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the LLP as at the end of the financial period and of its profit or loss for the financial period in accordance with the requirements of section 226, and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 1985 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2001 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the LLP.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part VII of the Companies Act 1985 as modified by the Limited Liability Partnerships Regulations 2001 relating to small LLPs.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the members and authorised for issue on 24/3/09, and are signed on their behalf by:


MR D WILLIAMS

The notes on pages 2 to 3 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

1. The first part of the report is a general introduction to the subject of the study. It discusses the importance of the study and the objectives of the research.

2. The second part of the report is a detailed description of the methodology used in the study. It includes information about the sample, the data collection methods, and the statistical analysis.

3. The third part of the report is a discussion of the results of the study. It compares the findings with the objectives of the research and discusses the implications of the results.

4. The fourth part of the report is a conclusion. It summarizes the main findings of the study and provides recommendations for future research. It also discusses the limitations of the study and the strengths of the methodology.

5. The fifth part of the report is a list of references. It includes all the sources used in the study, such as books, articles, and websites.

6. The sixth part of the report is an appendix. It contains additional information that is not included in the main body of the report, such as raw data, questionnaires, and interview transcripts.

7. The seventh part of the report is a glossary. It defines the key terms used in the study and provides a brief explanation of their meaning.

8. The eighth part of the report is a list of figures and tables. It includes all the visual aids used in the study, such as graphs, charts, and tables.

9. The ninth part of the report is a list of abbreviations. It provides a brief explanation of the abbreviations used in the study.

10. The tenth part of the report is a list of acknowledgments. It thanks the people who helped with the study, such as the supervisor, colleagues, and friends.

11. The eleventh part of the report is a list of appendices. It includes all the additional information that is not included in the main body of the report, such as raw data, questionnaires, and interview transcripts.

ABRAMS FINANCIAL SERVICES LLP
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
PERIOD FROM 15 MAY 2008 TO 31 MARCH 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of financial instruments, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008), and the requirements of the Statement of Recommended Practice 'Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships' issued in March 2006 (SORP 2006).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the period.

Commission income is recognised when the contract is completed.

Members' participation rights

Members' participation rights are the rights of a member against the LLP that arise under the members' agreement (for example, in respect of amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed, remuneration and profits).

Members' participation rights in the earnings or assets of the LLP are analysed between those that are, from the LLP's perspective, either a financial liability or equity, in accordance with FRS 25 (IAS 32) Financial Instruments: Disclosure and Presentation and UITF abstract 39 Members' shares in co-operative entities and similar instruments. A member's participation right results in a liability unless the right to any payment is discretionary on the part of the LLP.

Amounts subscribed or otherwise contributed by members, for example members' capital, are classed as equity if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment to members. If the LLP does not have such an unconditional right, such amounts are classified as liabilities.

Where profits are automatically divided as they arise, so the LLP does not have an unconditional right to refuse payment, the amounts arising that are due to members are in the nature of liabilities. They are therefore treated as an expense in the Profit and Loss Account in the relevant year. To the extent that they remain unpaid at the period end, they are shown as liabilities in the Balance Sheet.

Conversely, where profits are divided only after a decision by the LLP or its representative, so that the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment, such profits are classed as an appropriation of equity rather than as an expense. They are therefore shown as a residual amount available for discretionary division among members in the Profit and Loss Account and are equity appropriations in the Balance Sheet.

Other amounts applied to members, for example remuneration paid under an employment contract and interest on capital balances, are treated in the same way as all other divisions of profits, as described above, according to whether the LLP has, in each case, an unconditional right to refuse payment.

The following table shows the results of the regression analysis for the dependent variable "Number of children in the household" (N = 1,000). The independent variables are "Age of the head of household" and "Gender of the head of household". The results are presented in the following table:

the 1990s, the number of people in the world who are illiterate has increased from 1.2 billion to 1.5 billion. The number of illiterate people in the world is projected to increase to 1.7 billion by the year 2015. The number of illiterate people in the world is projected to increase to 1.7 billion by the year 2015.

4. *Chlorophyll a* and *Chlorophyll b* were determined by the method of Arar and Collins (1971).

ABRAMS FINANCIAL SERVICES LLP
NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS
PERIOD FROM 15 MAY 2008 TO 31 MARCH 2009

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES *(continued)*

All amounts due to members that are classified as liabilities are presented in the Balance Sheet within 'Loans and other debts due to members' and are charged to the Profit and Loss Account within 'Members' remuneration charged as an expense'. Amounts due to members that are classified as equity are shown in the Balance Sheet within 'Members' other interests'.

2. LOANS AND OTHER DEBTS DUE TO MEMBERS

	31 Mar 09
	£
Amounts owed to members in respect of profits	<u>456</u>