CSM Architects LLP

Filleted Accounts

30 November 2017

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COMPANIES HOUSE

CSM Architects LLP Registered number: Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2017

OC332972

	Notes	2017 £	2016 £
Fixed assets		L	τ.
Intangible assets	3	60,800	91,200
Tangible assets	4	29,947	52,778
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Current assets	_		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Stocks		635	625
Debtors	5	252,718	195,233
Cash at bank and in hand	_	30,747	23,981
		284,100	219,839
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(86,946)	(100,037)
Net current assets		197,154	119,802
Total assets less current liabilities		287,901	263,780
Net assets attributable to members	<u>-</u>	287,901	263,780
Represented by:			
Loans and other debts due to members	7 -	(2,099)	(26,220)
Louis and other dobb due to moniboro	• -	(2,000)	(20,220)
Members' other interests			
Members' capital classified as equity		150,000	150,000
Revaluation reserve		140,000	140,000
		290,000	290,000
	_	287,901	263,780
Total members' interests			
Loans and other debts due to members	7	(2,099)	(26,220)
Members' other interests		290,000	290,000
		287,901	263,780
	_		

For the year ended 30 November 2017 the LLP was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs).

The members acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 (as applied to LLPs) with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

CSM Architects LLP Registered number: Balance Sheet as at 30 November 2017

OC332972

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to LLPs subject to the small LLPs regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

These accounts were approved by the members on 9 November 2018 and signed on their behalf by:

N G ATKINSON

Designated member

1 Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard) and the Statement of Recommended Practice (SORP), Accounting by Limited Liability Partnerships.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

Division of profits

Profits are treated as being available for discretionary division only if the LLP has an unconditional right to refuse payment of the profits of a particular year unless and until the members agree to divide them. Profits are otherwise automatically divided and included under Members' remuneration charged as an expense in the profit and loss account.

Taxation

Taxation is not provided for in the accounts as taxation is the personal liability of the members. Any amounts held by the LLP on behalf of members in respect of their tax liabilities are treated as debts due to members.

Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative amortisation and any accumulative impairment losses.

Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Motor vehicles over 4 years
Plant and machinery over 5 years
Fixtures, fittings, tools and equipment over 5 years

Investments

Investments in subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Listed investments are measured at fair value. Unlisted investments are measured at fair value unless the value cannot be measured reliably, in which case they are measured at cost less any accumulated impairment losses. Changes in fair value are included in the profit and loss account.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost is determined using the first in first out method. The carrying amount of stock sold is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised.

Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price). Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at transaction price net of any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method.

Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

Members' capital

Members' capital is classified as debt and not equity if there is a contractual obligation for the LLP to repay the capital to members, even if that obligation is conditional.

Foreign currency translation

Transactions in foreign currencies are initially recognised at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of each reporting period foreign currency monetary items are translated at the closing rate of exchange. Non-monetary items that are measured at historical cost are translated at the rate ruling at the date of the transaction. All differences are charged to profit or loss.

Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest rate method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the LLP's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2	Employees	2017 Number	2016 Number
	Average number of persons employed by the LLP	7	6
3	Intangible fixed assets Goodwill:		£
	Cost		
	At 1 December 2016	_	200,000
	At 30 November 2017		200,000
	Amortisation		
	At 1 December 2016		108,800
	Provided during the year	_	30,400
	At 30 November 2017	-	139,200
	Net book value		
	At 30 November 2017	-	60,800
	At 30 November 2016	-	91,200
	Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estin	mated econo	omic life of 5

Goodwill is being written off in equal annual instalments over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

4 Tangible fixed assets

_	Plant and machinery	Motor	
	etc	vehicles	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 December 2016	52,119	93,088	145,207
Additions	7,940	-	7,940
Disposals	(2,138)	(58,348)	(60,486)
At 30 November 2017	57,921	34,740	92,661
Depreciation			
At 1 December 2016	31,749	60,680	92,429
Charge for the year	5,351	2,840	8,191
On disposals	(605)	(37,301)	(37,906)
At 30 November 2017	36,495	26,219	62,714
Net book value			
At 30 November 2017	21,426	8,521	29,947
At 30 November 2016	20,370	32,408	52,778

5	Debtors	2017 £	2016 £
	Trade debtors Other debtors	182,325 70,393	119,032 76,201
		252,718	195,233
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2017 £	2016 £
	Obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	-	17,488
	Trade creditors	27,813	26,782
	Other taxes and social security costs	55,649 3,484	36,815
	Other creditors		18,952
		86,946	100,037
7	Loans and other debts due to members	2017 £	2016 £
	Loans from members	(2,099)	(26,220)
	Amounts falling due within one year	(2,099)	(26,220)
	Loans and other debts due to members rank equally with debts winding up.	due to ordinary	creditors in a
8	Revaluation reserve	2017 £	2016 £
	At 1 December 2016	140,000	140,000
	At 30 November 2017	140,000	140,000
9	Other financial commitments	2017 £	2016 £
	Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases	19,900	19,900

10 Other information

CSM Architects LLP is a limited liability partnership incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

1 Boyd Street Shieldfield Newcastle upon Tyne NE2 1AP