The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of **Receipts and Payments** Pursuant to Section 192 of The Insolvency Act 1986

To the Registrar of Companies

For Official Use

Company Number

OC305433

Name of Company

The 2nd Scotts Atlantic Distrib LLP

I / We Thomas Campbell MacLennan 160 Dundee Street Edinburgh **EH11 1DQ**

Alexander lain Fraser 160 Dundee Street Edinburgh **EH11 1DQ**

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Date 06 (1 2012 Signed

RSM Tenon Recovery 160 Dundee Street Edinburgh **EH11 1DQ**

Ref 3031852/TCML/AIF/LY

For Official Use Insolvency_Sect Post Room 1__ 09/11/2012 COMPANIES HOUSE

Software Supplied by Turnkey Computer Technology Limited Glasgow

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company

The 2nd Scotts Atlantic Distrib LLP

Company Registered Number

OC305433

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up

Members

Date of commencement of winding up

06 May 2008

Date to which this statement is

brought down

05 November 2012

Name and Address of Liquidator

Thomas Campbell MacLennan 160 Dundee Street Edinburgh EH11 1DQ Alexander Iain Fraser 160 Dundee Street Edinburgh EH11 1DQ

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms
The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such, nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

- (3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum, and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor or contributory
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules

Liquidator's statement of account

under section	192	of the	Insolvency	Act 1986
•				

31/05/2012 Int to 31/5 Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 29/06/2012 Int to 29 06 Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 31/07/2012 Interest Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 31/08/2012 Interest Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 0 Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 Bank Interest Net of Tax 0	Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
29/06/2012 Int to 29 06 Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 31/07/2012 Interest Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 31/08/2012 Interest Bank Interest Net of Tax 0			Brought Forward	9,975 21
29/06/2012 Int to 29 06 Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 31/07/2012 Interest Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 31/08/2012 Interest Bank Interest Net of Tax 0	31/05/2012	Int to 31/5	Bank Interest Net of Tax	0 07
B1/07/2012 Interest Bank Interest Net of Tax 0 B1/08/2012 Interest Bank Interest Net of Tax 0				0 07
B1/08/2012 Interest I				0 08
				0 07
				0 07

Disbursements			
Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount
		Brought Forward	9,000 48
	1		
			:
		<u> </u>	
		Carried Forward	9 000 48

NOTE No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

Analysis of balance

•		£
Total realisations		9,975 57
Total disbursements		9,000 48
	Balance £	975 09
This balance is made up as follows		
1 Cash in hands of liquidator		0 00
2 Balance at bank		969 09
3 Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0 00
	£	
4 Amounts invested by liquidator	0 00	
Less The cost of investments realised	0 00	
Balance		0 00
5 Accrued Items		6 00
Total Balance as shown above		975 09

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up £

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	0 00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0 00
Floating charge holders	0 00
Preferential creditors	0 00
Unsecured creditors	0 00

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	0 00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	0 00

- (3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)
- (4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded
- (5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed