

Company registration number: NI664629

LHA Press Limited

Trading as PressIT UK

Unaudited filleted financial statements

30 September 2020

LHA Press Limited

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LHA Press Limited

Directors and other information

Directors	Mr Andrew McAlonan Ms Joanne Cushenan
Company number	NI664629
Registered office	107 Lisnevenagh Road Shankbridge Ballymena Co Antrim BT42 2LN
Business address	7 Loughside Industrial Park Dargan Crescent Belfast BT3 9JP
Accountants	Potter Finnegan Limited Unit 25 The Courtyard Business Park 190 Galgorm Road Ballymena Co Antrim BT42 1HL

Bankers

Bank of Ireland
275-279 Antrim Road
Glengormley
Co Antrim
BT36 7QN

LHA Press Limited

Report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of LHA Press Limited Year ended 30 September 2020

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of LHA Press Limited for the year ended 30 September 2020 which comprise the Balance sheet and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of Chartered Accountants Ireland , we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at www.charteredaccountants.ie.

This report is made solely to the board of directors of LHA Press Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement letter dated 24 March 2021. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of LHA Press Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the board of directors of LHA Press Limited as a body, in this report in accordance with the requirements of Chartered Accountants Ireland as detailed at www.charteredaccountants.ie. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than LHA Press Limited and its board of directors as a body for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that LHA Press Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of LHA Press Limited. You consider that LHA Press Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of LHA Press Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Potter Finnegan Limited

Chartered Accountants

Unit 25 The Courtyard Business Park

190 Galgorm Road

Ballymena

Co Antrim

BT42 1HL

8 June 2021

LHA Press Limited**Balance sheet****30 September 2020**

	Note	2020 £	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	18,841	
			18,841
Current assets			
Stocks		19,785	
Debtors	6	37,736	
Cash at bank and in hand		149,173	
		206,694	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(88,927)	
Net current assets			117,767
Total assets less current liabilities			136,608
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(50,000)
Provisions for liabilities	9		(196)
Net assets			86,412
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	11		2
Profit and loss account			86,410
Shareholders funds			86,412

For the year ending 30 September 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Profit and loss account has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 08 June 2021 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr Andrew McAlonan

Director

Company registration number: NI664629

LHA Press Limited

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 September 2020

1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is 107 Lisnevenagh Road, Shankbridge, Ballymena, Co Antrim, BT42 2LN.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102, Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'. The Triennial review 2017 amendments to the standard have been early adopted.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in capital and reserves, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate

as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to profit or loss.

Tangible assets

tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fittings fixtures and equipment	-	20 % reducing balance
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If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in depreciation rate, useful life or residual value of tangible assets, the depreciation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Impairment

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. When it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that are largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event; it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the Balance sheet and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised in finance costs in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument. Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately. For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics. Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1

5. Tangible assets

	Freehold property	Fixtures, fittings and equipment	Total
	£	£	£
Cost			
At 1 October 2019	-	-	-
Additions	17,811	1,288	19,099
At 30 September 2020	17,811	1,288	19,099
Depreciation			
At 1 October 2019	-	-	-
Charge for the year	-	258	258
At 30 September 2020	-	258	258
Carrying amount			
At 30 September 2020	17,811	1,030	18,841

6. Debtors

2020

£

Trade debtors

37,736

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

2020

£

Trade creditors

11,235

Corporation tax

20,073

Social security and other taxes

20,746

Other creditors

36,873

88,927

8. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year

2020

£

Bank loans and overdrafts

50,000

9. Provisions

	Deferred tax (note 10) £	Total £
At 1 October 2019	-	-
Additions	196	196
At 30 September 2020	196	196

10. Deferred tax

The deferred tax included in the Balance sheet is as follows:

	2020 £
Included in provisions (note 9)	196

The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2020 £
Accelerated capital allowances	196

11. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2020 No	£
Ordinary shares of £ 1 each	2	2

12. Controlling party

The company is controlled by the directors.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.