COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER NI622224

MAUDS ICE CREAMS LTD UNAUDITED ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS 31 MARCH 2016





MAUDS ICE CREAMS LTD ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

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INDEPENDENT ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT TO THE DIRECTORS OF MAUDS ICE CREAMS LTD

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

In accordance with our terms of engagement, and in order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have compiled the financial statements of the company which comprise the Balance Sheet and the related notes from the accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us.

This report is made to the Company's Directors, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken so that we might compile the financial statements that we have been engaged to compile, report to the Company's Directors that we have done so, and state those matters that we have agreed to state to them in this report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with technical guidance issued by the Institute of Chartered Accountants in Ireland and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by the Institute relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements.

You have acknowledged on the balance sheet as at 31 March 2016 your duty to ensure that the company has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare financial statements that give a true and fair view under the Companies Act 2006. You consider that the company is exempt from the statutory requirement for an audit for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit of the financial statements. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

Ruther 190 Go ARTHUR BOYD & COMPANY

Chartered Accountants

5th Floor Causeway Tower 9 James Street South Belfast BT2 8DN

5 September 2016

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET

31 MARCH 2016

	20		6	2015
	Note	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS	2			
Intangible assets			921,742	1,036,960
Tangible assets			393,619	372,901
			1,315,361	1,409,861
CURRENT ASSETS				
Stocks		274,819		265,285
Debtors		360,283		355,894
Cash at bank and in hand		57,090		11,235
		692,192		632,414
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due within	one year	720,781		679,011
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(28,589)	(46,597)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABI	LITIES		1,286,772	1,363,264
CREDITORS: Amounts falling due after m	ore than			•
one year			581,380	776,439
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES			78,724	74,580
			626,668	512,245
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				
Called up equity share capital	3		100,000	100,000
Profit and loss account	•		526,668	412,245
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			626,668	512,245

For the year ended 31 March 2016 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Balance sheet continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 4 to 6 form part of these abbreviated accounts.

ABBREVIATED BALANCE SHEET (continued)

31 MARCH 2016

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 5 September 2016, and are signed on their behalf by:

Roberte M. Wilson.

Ms R Wilson Director

Company Registration Number: NI622224

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective January 2015).

Turnover

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year, exclusive of Value Added Tax.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill

10% SL

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

6 RB
kB
6 RB
k RB

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Operating lease agreements

Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged against profits on a straight line basis over the period of the lease.

Pension costs

The company operates a defined contribution pension scheme for employees. The assets of the scheme are held separately from those of the company. The annual contributions payable are charged to the profit and loss account.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold.

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating profit.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

NOTES TO THE ABBREVIATED ACCOUNTS

YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2016

2. FIXED ASSETS

	Intangible Assets £	Tangible Assets £	Total £
COST	*	*	*
At 1 April 2015	1,152,178	443,056	1,595,234
Additions	_	93,433	93,433
At 31 March 2016	1,152,178	536,489	1,688,667
DEPRECIATION		•	
At 1 April 2015	115,218	70,155	185,373
Charge for year	115,218	72,715	187,933
At 31 March 2016	230,436	142,870	373,306
NET BOOK VALUE			
At 31 March 2016	921,742	393,619	1,315,361
At 31 March 2015	1,036,960	372,901	1,409,861
CHARE CAREAL			

3. SHARE CAPITAL

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016		2015	
	No	£	No	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000