Rule 4.233

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989



	For Official Use
To the Registrar of Companies	
	Company Number
	NI619751
Name of Company	
Oaks Furniture T/A Furniture World	Limited
I / W/e	
Melanie Reevel Giles, 9 Gibsons Lane	e, Newtownards, Co Down, BT23 4LJ
	n a copy of my/our statement of receipts and olvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989.
Signed	Date
PJG Recovery (NI) Ltd 9 Gibsons Lane	For Official Use

Public Office

Liquidation Section

Newtownards Co Down BT23 4LJ

Ref: PJGNI0166/MRG/PTG/SY/LC

## STATEMENT OF RECEIPTS AND PAYMENTS

Form 4.69 Cont.

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Name of company

Oaks Furniture T/A Furniture World Limited

Company's registered number NI619751

State whether members' or

creditors' voluntary winding up Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up 15 November 2019

Date to which this statement is

brought down 14 November 2020

Name and address of liquidator

Melanie Reevel Giles 9 Gibsons Lane Newtownards Co Down BT23 4LJ

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

#### FORM AND CONTENTS OF STATEMENT

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments of costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a way as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

## TRADING ACCOUNT

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the total of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

### **DIVIDENDS**

- (3) When dividends, instalments of composition, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor, and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor or contributory.
- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules (Northern Ireland) 1991.

# LIQUIDATOR'S STATEMENT OF ACCOUNT

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Realisations				
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount (£	
		Brought Forward	0.0	
27/11/2019 05/12/2019 14/04/2020 12/06/2020 18/06/2020 02/07/2020 16/07/2020 31/07/2020 06/08/2020 11/09/2020 12/10/2020 12/10/2020 10/11/2020	Monies from Asset Sale forwarded by Monies transferred in Error HMRC VAT Refund cheque Monies from Director re Deferred pa Monies from director	Cash collected from asset sale (hel Cash collected from asset sale (hel Vat Control Account Debtor- Residual balance from asset Debtor- Re	2,600.0 2,600.0 151.1 1,000.0 1,000.0 1,000.0 1,000.0 1,000.0 1,000.0 1,000.0 1,000.0	
		ll ll		

under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Disbursemen Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount (£)
Date	To whom paid	Brought Forward	0.00
11/12/2019 13/12/2019 13/12/2019 13/12/2019 13/12/2019 13/12/2019 23/01/2020 23/01/2020 24/01/2020 24/01/2020 18/06/2020 18/06/2020 18/06/2020 06/11/2020 06/11/2020	Return of monies forwarded in error JPIMedia Publishing Inv Dated 8.11. JPIMedia Publishing Inv Dated 8.11. Irish News Invoice Dated 8.11.19 Irish News Invoice Dated 22.11.19 Irish News Invoice Dated 22.11.19 Irish News Invoice Dated 22.11.19 BOI quarterly maintenance fee Bonding - Payment to Kingsbridge TSO inv Dated 19 Dec 2019 TSO inv Dated 19 Dec 2019 PJG Recovery (GB) Limited PJG Recovery (GB) Limited Bank of Ireland Quarterly Maintenan TSO Invoice dated 23 Apr 2020 TSO Invoice Dated 23 Apr 2020 TSO Invoice Dated 23 Apr 2020 BOI Quarterly Maintenance & Cheque Bank of Ireland Quarterly Maintenan Turnkey 2020/21 Turnkey 2020/21 Turnkey 2020/21	Cash collected from asset sale (hel Statutory Advertising Vat Receivable Statutory Advertising Vat Receivable Statutory Advertising Vat Receivable Bank Charges Specific Bond Statutory Advertising Vat Receivable Stationery & Postage Vat Receivable Bank Charges Statutory Advertising Statutory Advertising Statutory Advertising Vat Receivable Bank Charges Bank Charges Bank Charges IT Costs Vat Receivable	2,600.0° 236.4° 47.2° 247.0° 49.4° 164.8° 32.9° 25.0° 18.0° 29.1° 286.5° 52.5° 25.9° 25.0° 56.8° 11.3°

Total realisations Total disbursements		£ 19,351.19 4,037.32
	Balance £	15,313.87
The balance is made up as follows  1. Cash in hands of liquidator  2. Balance at bank  3. Amount of Insolvency Account		0.00 15,313.87 0.00
<ul> <li>4. Amounts invested by Liquidator Less: The cost of investments realised Balance</li> <li>5. Accrued Items</li> </ul>	£ 0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
Total Balance as shown above		15,313.87

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up.

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors	
including the holders of floating charges)	22,942.00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	0.00
Floating charge holders	0.00
Preferential creditors	0.00
Unsecured creditors	269,304.92

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash
0.00

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Collection of monies from sale of assets

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

See above

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

12 months