Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 31 May 2012

JNI

13/02/2013 COMPANIES HOUSE

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Independent auditors' report to Keys Commercial Finance Limited under Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 5 together with the financial statements of Keys Commercial Finance Limited for the year ended 31 May 2012 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of the directors and the auditors

The directors are responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

Opinion

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Patrick Farry (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of McGuire + Farry Limited

Chartered Certified Accountants and

Registered Auditor

Emerson House Carryduff Belfast BT8 8DN

27 November 2012

Abbreviated balance sheet as at 31 May 2012

		31/05/12	
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	3		9,957
Current assets			
Debtors		2,678,607	
Cash at bank and in hand		152,828	
		2,831,435	
Creditors: amounts falling			
due within one year		(2,521,872)	
Net current assets			309,563
Total assets less current			
liabilities			319,520
Net assets			319,520
net assets			=======================================
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	4		63,493
Share premium account			71,507
Profit and loss account			(80,480)
Shareholders' funds			54,520
Investor Loans			265,000
			319,520

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board on 27 November 2012 and signed on its behalf by

Director

Home Wassign Diane Woodside

Director

Registration number NI607293

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form an integral part of these financial statements.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2012

1. Accounting policies

1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and comply with financial reporting standards of the Accounting Standards Board.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover, which is derived from within the United Kingdom is the factoring income earned.

Revenue Recognition

The factoring administration fee is recognised in the profit and loss account at the time the debts are factored. Other fees are normally recognised in the profit and loss account at the time the charge is made.

1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

15% Reducing Balance

1.4. Leasing

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2012

•••••	continued
	Continued

1.5. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

1.6. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

2. Auditors' remuneration

Year ended 31/05/12 £

Auditors' remuneration - audit of the financial statements

5,500

Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 May 2012

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3.	Fixed assets	Tangible fixed assets £
	Cost	
	Additions	11,714
	At 31 May 2012	11,714
	Depreciation Charge for year	1,757
	At 31 May 2012	1,757
	Net book value At 31 May 2012	9,957
4.	Share capital	31/05/12 £
	Authorised	
	100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	
	63,493 Ordinary shares of £1 each	63,493
	Equity Shares	
	63,493 Ordinary shares of £1 each	63,493