Registered Number NI072276

STRATEX LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

30 April 2016

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 30 April 2016

	Notes	2016	2015
		£	£
Called up share capital not paid		-	-
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets		-	-
Tangible assets	2	120,521	123,315
Investments		-	-
		120,521	123,315
Current assets			
Stocks		-	-
Debtors		171,458	155,553
Cash at bank and in hand		23,875	30,903
		195,333	186,456
Prepayments and accrued income		-	-
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	1	(121,341)	(112,550)
Net current assets (liabilities)		73,992	73,906
Total assets less current liabilities		194,513	197,221
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		(5,046)	(16,733)
Provisions for liabilities		(23,000)	(24,000)
Total net assets (liabilities)		166,467	156,488
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	2	2
Share premium account		0	0
Revaluation reserve		0	0
Other reserves		0	0
Profit and loss account		166,465	156,486
Shareholders' funds		166,467	156,488

- For the year ending 30 April 2016 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 24 January 2017

And signed on their behalf by:

Joseph Kerlin, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 30 April 2016

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

Turnover policy

Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Plant and machinery - 20% Reducing Balance Fixtures, fittings and equipment - 20% Reducing Balance Motor vehicles - 20% Reducing Balance Specialist Drilling Equipment - Straight Line over 15 years

Other accounting policies

Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions: Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold; Provision is made

for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable; Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted. Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

2 Tangible fixed assets

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Cost	
At 1 May 2015	226,879
Additions	19,897
Disposals	0
Revaluations	0
Transfers	0
At 30 April 2016	246,776
Depreciation	
At 1 May 2015	103,564
Charge for the year	22,691
On disposals	0
At 30 April 2016	126,255
Net book values	
At 30 April 2016	120,521
At 30 April 2015	123,315
-	

3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2016	2015
	£	£
2 Ordinary shares of £1 each	2	2

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.