Registered Number NI068840

A & E CATTLE LIMITED

Abbreviated Accounts

31 December 2015

Abbreviated Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2015

	Notes	2015	2014
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	2	5,897	7,371
		5,897	7,371
Current assets			
Stocks		202,451	237,308
Debtors		74,706	62,203
		277,157	299,511
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(229,978)	(209,210)
Net current assets (liabilities)		47,179	90,301
Total assets less current liabilities		53,076	97,672
Total net assets (liabilities)		53,076	97,672
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	3	1	1
Profit and loss account		53,075	97,671
Shareholders' funds		53,076	97,672

- For the year ending 31 December 2015 the company was entitled to exemption under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.
- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

Approved by the Board on 12 February 2016

And signed on their behalf by:

Alec McCrory, Director

Notes to the Abbreviated Accounts for the period ended 31 December 2015

1 Accounting Policies

Basis of measurement and preparation of accounts

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities effective April 2008.

Turnover policy

The turnover shown in the profit and loss account represents amounts invoiced during the year.

Tangible assets depreciation policy

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery - 20% Reducing balance

Other accounting policies

Stocks

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

2 Tangible fixed assets

Cost

At 1 January 2015	32,445
Λ dditions	-
Disposals	-
Revaluations	-
Transfers	-
At 31 December 2015	32,445
Depreciation	
At 1 January 2015	25,074
Charge for the year	1,474
On disposals	-
At 31 December 2015	26,548
Net book values	
At 31 December 2015	5,897
At 31 December 2014	7,371

3 Called Up Share Capital

Allotted, called up and fully paid:

	2015	2014
	£	£
1 Ordinary share of £1 each	1	1

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