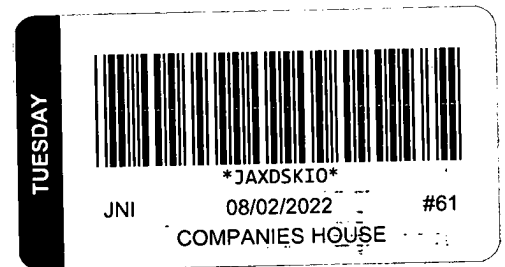


Company Registration Number: NI068157

McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd

Abridged Unaudited Financial Statements

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021



McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd
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McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd
CHARTERED ACCOUNTANTS' REPORT

to the Director on the unaudited Abridged financial statements of McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

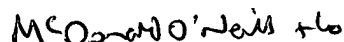
In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, we have prepared for your approval the abridged financial statements of the company for the financial year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the Abridged Balance Sheet and notes from the company's accounting records and information and explanations you have given to us.

This report is made solely to the director of McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the abridged financial statements of McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the director of McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd, in this report in accordance with the guidance of Chartered Accountants Ireland. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd and its director for our work or for this report.

We have carried out this engagement in accordance with guidance issued by Chartered Accountants Ireland and have complied with the ethical guidance laid down by Chartered Accountants Ireland relating to members undertaking the compilation of financial statements.

It is your duty to ensure that McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd. You consider that McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the financial year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the abridged financial statements of McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory abridged financial statements.



MCDONALD O'NEILL & CO

Chartered Accountants

5 Union Buildings

Union Place

Dungannon

Co Tyrone

BT70 1DL

Northern Ireland

7 February 2022

McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd
Company Registration Number: NI068157
ABRIDGED BALANCE SHEET
as at 31 December 2021

	Notes	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed Assets			
Tangible assets	5	92,854	94,568
Current Assets			
Debtors		213,052	137,073
Cash and cash equivalents		119,894	167,216
		332,946	304,289
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		(69,140)	(89,275)
Net Current Assets		263,806	215,014
Total Assets less Current Liabilities		356,660	309,582
Provisions for liabilities		(1,000)	(1,000)
Net Assets		355,660	308,582
Capital and Reserves			
Called up share capital		10,100	10,100
Retained earnings		345,560	298,482
Equity attributable to owners of the company		355,660	308,582

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities).

All of the members have consented to the preparation of abridged accounts in accordance with section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

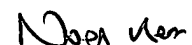
The company has taken advantage of the exemption under section 444 not to file the Abridged Profit and Loss Account and Director's Report.

For the financial year ended 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director confirms that the members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the financial year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges their responsibilities for ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with section 386 and for preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit and loss for the financial year in accordance with the requirements of sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

Approved by the Director and authorised for issue on 7 February 2022


Noel Kerr
Director

McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

1. General Information

McDonald O'Neill & Co Ltd is a company limited by shares incorporated in Northern Ireland the United Kingdom

2. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in dealing with items which are considered material in relation to the company's financial statements.

Statement of compliance

The financial statements of the company for the year ended 31 December 2021 have been prepared in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A (Small Entities) and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis and in accordance with the historical cost convention except for certain properties and financial instruments that are measured at revalued amounts or fair values, as explained in the accounting policies below. Historical cost is generally based on the fair value of the consideration given in exchange for assets.

Turnover

Turnover comprises the invoice value of services supplied by the company, exclusive of trade discounts and value added tax.

Intangible assets

Goodwill

Purchased goodwill arising on the acquisition of a business represents the excess of the acquisition cost over the fair value of the identifiable net assets including other intangible fixed assets when they were acquired. Purchased goodwill is capitalised in the Balance Sheet and amortised on a straight line basis over its economic useful life of 6 years, which is estimated to be the period during which benefits are expected to arise. On disposal of a business any goodwill not yet amortised is included in determining the profit or loss on sale of the business.

Tangible assets and depreciation

Tangible assets are stated at cost or at valuation, less accumulated depreciation. The charge to depreciation is calculated to write off the original cost or valuation of tangible assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives as follows:

Land and buildings	- No depreciation charged
Fixtures, fittings and equipment	- 25% Reducing Balance

The carrying values of tangible fixed assets are reviewed annually for impairment in periods if events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value may not be recoverable.

Work in progress

Work in progress is reflected in the accounts at the expected revenue due for work carried out during the period that has not yet been invoiced.

Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts except where the effect of discounting would be immaterial. In such cases the receivables are stated at cost less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the company has a present legal or constructive obligation arising as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made. Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the same value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

Trade and other creditors

Trade and other creditors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method, unless the effect of discounting would be immaterial, in which case they are stated at cost.

Employee benefits

The company operates a pension scheme for its employees. The assets of this scheme are held separately from those of the company, being invested with pension fund managers.

Taxation and deferred taxation

Current tax represents the amount expected to be paid or recovered in respect of taxable profits for the financial year and is calculated using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantially enacted at the Balance Sheet date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future, or a right to pay less tax in the future. Timing differences are temporary differences between the company's taxable profits and its results as stated in the financial statements.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are anticipated to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Government grants

Capital grants received and receivable are treated as deferred income and amortised to the Profit and Loss Account annually over the useful economic life of the asset to which it relates. Revenue grants are credited to the Profit and Loss Account when received.

Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the Balance Sheet date. Non-monetary items that are measured in terms of historical cost in a foreign currency are translated at the rates of exchange ruling at the date of the transaction. Non-monetary items that are measured at fair value in a foreign currency are translated using the exchange rates at the date when the fair value was determined. The resulting exchange differences are dealt with in the Profit and Loss Account.

Ordinary share capital

The ordinary share capital of the company is presented as equity.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees, including director, during the financial year was 8, (2020 - 8).

4. Intangible assets

	Goodwill £	Total £
Cost		
At 1 January 2021	200,000	200,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
At 31 December 2021	200,000	200,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Amortisation		
At 31 December 2021	200,000	200,000
	<hr/>	<hr/>
Net book value		
At 31 December 2021	-	-
	<hr/> <hr/>	<hr/> <hr/>

NOTES TO THE ABRIDGED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

continued

for the financial year ended 31 December 2021

5. Tangible assets

	Land and buildings £	Fixtures, fittings and equipment £	Total £
Cost or Valuation			
At 1 January 2021	73,346	63,183	136,529
Additions	-	4,789	4,789
At 31 December 2021	73,346	67,972	141,318
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2021	-	41,961	41,961
Charge for the financial year	-	6,503	6,503
At 31 December 2021	-	48,464	48,464
Net book value			
At 31 December 2021	73,346	19,508	92,854
At 31 December 2020	73,346	21,222	94,568