



Form 4.69

Rule 4.233

The Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments Pursuant to Article 162 of the

Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

A.162

To the Registrar of Companies

For off	icial	use

Company Number NI055342

Name of Compar
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- (a) Insert full name of company
- A & K Electrical Installations (a)

Limited

and address(es)

(b) Insert full name(s) I/We (b) Alison Burnside 25 Georges Street Dungannon County Tyrone BT70 1BT

> the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Signed

A made

ulslog Dated

Presenter's name. address and reference (if any)

FPM Accountants LLP, 25 St Georges Street, Dungannon, County Tyrone, BT70 1BT.

DEPARTMENT OF ENTERIPMISE TRADE AND INVESTMENT

1 3 MAY 2009

POST RECEIVED COMPANIES REGISTRY

For Official Use Liquidation Section Public Office

# Statement of Receipts and Payments under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Name of Company A & K Electrical Installations Limited

Company's Registered Number NI055342

State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up Creditors

Date of commencement of winding up 20<sup>th</sup> February 2008

Date to which this statement is brought down 11<sup>th</sup> May 2009

Name and address of liquidator 25 St Georges Street, Dungannon, County Tyrone, BT70 1BT

#### **NOTES**

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

#### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 6 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of the sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

**Trading Account** 

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

### Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists

the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.

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- (4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.
- (5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules (Northern Ireland) 1991.
- (6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

## Liquidator's statement of account Under Article 162 of the Insolvency (Northern Ireland) Order 1989

Realisations				
Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount	
24/09/2008 16/12/2008	Debtors Bank Interest	Brought forward	£ 16,450.00 10.87	
		Carried forv	ward £16,460.87	

Note: No balance should be shown on this account but only the total realisations and

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Disbursements				
To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount		
	Brought forward	£		
FPM Accountants LLP	Liquidator Fee Bank Interest Bank Interest	16,000.00 9.08 6.00		
		ward £16,015.08		
	To whom paid	To whom paid  Brought forward  Liquidator Fee Bank Interest Bank Interest		

Disbursements which should be carried forward to the next account

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Analysis of balance		
		£
		16,450.00
Total Realisations		16,015.08
Total disbursements	Dalamaa C	445.70
0.11	Balance £	445.79
The balance is made up as follows -		
1. Cash in hands of liquidator		445.79
2. Balance at bank		773.13
3. Amount in Insolvency Account	£	
4 * Amounts invested by liquidator	~	
4.* Amounts invested by liquidator		
Balance		
Total balance as shown above	£	445.79
Total balance as shown above	~	113175
*The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from Insolvency Regulations (Northern Ireland) 1991, and any such investments represent months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Development will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Reference of the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Reference of the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Insolvency Account, except investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Insolvency Account in the Insolvenc	senting money t in the case of Department of	held for six
The liquidator should also state –		
(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commend	cement of the v	winding up–
		£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured	9,0	000
Creditors-including the holders of floating charges)	•	
Liabilities-Fixed charge creditors		
Floating charge holders		il
Unsecured creditors		5,834
Olisectica electrons		•
(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the	ne winding up	_
Paid up in cash	1	00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash		
• •		
(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there attach a separate sheet) N/A	e is insufficier	nt space

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded On going debtors to be realised(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed. Next 12 Months