Abbreviated accounts

for the year ended 31 March 2012

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## Independent auditors' report to Jesroe (Services) Limited under Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006

We have examined the abbreviated accounts set out on pages 2 to 6 together with the financial statements of Jesroe (Services) Limited for the year ended 31 March 2012 prepared under Section 396 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report is made solely to the company, in accordance with Section 449 of the Companies Act 2006. Our work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company those matters we are required to state to it in a special auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

#### Respective responsibilities of the director and the auditors

The director is responsible for preparing the abbreviated accounts in accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006. It is our responsibility to form an independent opinion as to whether the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts to the Registrar of Companies and whether the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with the regulations made under that section and to report our opinion to you.

#### Basis of opinion

We conducted our work in accordance with Bulletin 2008/4 "The special auditor's report on abbreviated accounts in the United Kingdom" issued by the Auditing Practices Board. In accordance with that Bulletin we have carried out the procedures we consider necessary to confirm, by reference to the financial statements, that the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts and that the abbreviated accounts to be delivered are properly prepared.

#### **Opinion**

In our opinion the company is entitled to deliver abbreviated accounts prepared in accordance with Section 444(3) of the Companies Act 2006, and the abbreviated accounts have been properly prepared in accordance with those provisions.

Ian Murray FCCA (senior statutory auditor)

For and on behalf of Ian Murray & Co.Ltd

27 Joymount

Chartered Certified Accountants

Carrickfergus

Co. Antrim

**BT38 7DN** 

26 March 2013

## Abbreviated balance sheet as at 31 March 2012

			2012		2011
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	3		591,818		606,830
Current assets					
Stocks		235,002		217,095	
Debtors		7,311		30,239	
Cash at bank and in hand		324,402		284,299	
		566,715		531,633	
Creditors: amounts falling					
due within one year	4	(501,440)		(473,057)	
Net current assets			65,275		58,576
Total assets less current					
liabilities			657,093		665,406
Creditors: amounts falling due	_		(101.242)		(136,194)
after more than one year	5		(101,243)		(130,194)
Provisions for liabilities			(31,159)		(30,112)
Net assets			524,691		499,100
Capital and reserves					====
Called up share capital	6		2		2
Profit and loss account	•		524,689		499,098
Shareholders' funds			524,691		499,100

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 and the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008) relating to small companies.

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Boardson 24 March 2013 and signed on its behalf by

A.E. O'Reilly Director

Registration number NI033828

### Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### 1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### 1.2. Turnover

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year.

#### 1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Land and buildings

2% Straight Line

Fixtures, fittings

and equipment

15% Reducing Balance

#### 1.4. Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

Rentals payable under operating leases are charged against income on a straight line basis over the lease term.

#### 1.5. Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

### Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

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#### 1.6. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

#### 2. Auditors' remuneration

	2012 £	2011 £
Auditors' remuneration - audit of the financial statements	1,800	1,707

# Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

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3.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets £
	Cost At 1 April 2011 Additions		981,700 21,094
	At 31 March 2012		1,002,794
	Depreciation At 1 April 2011 Charge for year		374,870 36,106
	At 31 March 2012		410,976
	Net book values At 31 March 2012		591,818
	At 31 March 2011		606,830
4.	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2012 £	2011 £
	Creditors include the following:		
	Secured creditors	19,363	18,283
5.	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	2012 £	2011 £
	Creditors include the following:		
	Instalments repayable after more than five years	86,888	107,331
	Secured creditors	86,888	107,331

# Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2012

6.	Share capital	2012 £	2011 £
	Allotted, called up and fully paid	*	a.
	2 Ordinary shares of 1 each	2	2
		<del></del>	
	Equity Shares		
	2 Ordinary shares of 1 each	2	2