COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: NI032178

CIC PROPERTIES LIMITED
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
30 APRIL 2016



MONDAY



30/01/2017 COMPANIES HOUSE

#58

Financial statements

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Officers and professional advisers

The board of directors R A Scott

G R Scott

C D Scott

Company secretary G R Scott

Registered office 6 Saintfield Road

Lisburn Co. Antrim N. Ireland BT275BD

Auditor BDO Northern Ireland

Chartered accountant & statutory auditor

Lindsay House 10 Callender Street

Belfast BT1 5BN

Bankers Danske Bank

Donegall Square West

Belfast BT1 6JS

Solicitors Tughans

Marlborough House 30 Victoria Street

Belfast BT1 3GS

Blaser Mills Solicitors 119 High Street Old Amersham Buckinghamshire

HP7 0EA

Strategic report

Year ended 30 April 2016

The Directors present their Strategic Report for the period ended 30 April 2016.

Principal activity and review of business

The principal activity of the group during the year was the development and sale of properties.

Turnover increased by 132% to £15,534,274 (2015: £6,692,087) resulting in a profit on ordinary activities before taxation of £5,058,827 (2015: £2,633,529 loss).

Key performance indicators

The group uses the following Key Performance Indicators to monitor the performance of the business:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Turnover	15,534,274	6,692,087
Gross Profit	5,932,000	956,181
EBITDA	5,392,775	2,239,837

Principal risks and uncertainties

The principal risks and uncertainties faced by the business include economic downturn and changes in the marketplace. The directors regularly review such risk factors and believe the group is well placed to successfully deal with such challenges should they arise.

Future developments

There have been no events since the balance sheet date which materially affect the position of the group.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 30/01/17 toard by:

and signed on behalf of the

R A Scott Director

Registered office: 6 Saintfield Road Lisburn Co. Antrim N. Ireland BT275BD

Directors' report

Year ended 30 April 2016

The directors present their report and the financial statements of the group for the year ended 30 April 2016.

Directors

The directors who served the company during the year were as follows:

R A Scott

G R Scott

C D Scott

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend.

Financial risk management objectives and policies

The group's operations expose it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in debt market prices, foreign currency risk, credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The group has in place a risk management programme that seeks to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance of the group by monitoring levels of debt finance and the related finance costs.

Given the size of the group, the directors have not delegated the responsibility of monitoring financial risk management to a sub-committee of the board. The policies set by the board of directors are implemented by the group's finance department.

Interest Rate Risk

The group has both interest bearing assets and interest bearing liabilities, which bear interest at variable rates. The directors will revisit the appropriateness of this policy should the group's operations change in size or nature.

Credit Risk

The group has no significant concentrations of credit risk and amounts shown in the balance sheet best represent the maximum credit risk exposure.

Liquidity Risk

The group actively maintains a mixture of long-term and short-term debt finance that is designed to ensure the group has sufficient available funds for operations and planned expansions.

Currency Risk

While the greater part of the group's revenues and expenses are denominated in sterling, the group is exposed to some foreign exchange risk in the normal course of business. While the group has not used financial instruments to hedge foreign exchange exposure, this position is kept constantly under review.

Employment of disabled persons

The group maintains a policy of offering equal opportunity to disabled persons in recruitment, training and career development, having due regard to their aptitudes and abilities in relation to the jobs available.

Employee involvement

All employees are informed of plans and progress via regular briefing sessions where opportunity is provided for involvement of all in the group's decision making process.

Disclosure of information in the strategic report

The Strategic Report is included on page 2.

Directors' report (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

Directors' responsibilities statement

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the group and the company and the profit or loss of the group for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Each of the persons who is a director at the date of approval of this report confirms that:

- so far as they are aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the group and the company's auditor is unaware; and
- they have taken all steps that they ought to have taken as a director to make themselves aware
 of any relevant audit information and to establish that the group and the company's auditor is
 aware of that information.

Auditor

The auditors, BDO Northern Ireland have expressed their willingness to continue in office and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the annual general meeting in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

This report was approved by the board of directors on 30/01/13 and signed on behalf of the board by:

R A Scott Director

Registered office: 6 Saintfield Road Lisburn Co. Antrim N. Ireland BT275BD

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of CIC Properties Limited

Year ended 30 April 2016

We have audited the financial statements of CIC Properties Limited for the year ended 30 April 2016 which comprise the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, consolidated statement of financial position, consolidated statement of changes in equity, company statement of changes in equity, consolidated statement of cash flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

This report is made solely to the company's shareholders, as a body, in accordance with chapter 3 of part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's shareholders those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's shareholders as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditor

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Financial Reporting Council's (FRC's) Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

A description of the scope of an audit of financial statements is provided on the FRC's website at www.frc.org.uk/auditscopeukprivate.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the group's and of the parent company's affairs as at 30 April 2016 and of the group's profit for the year then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Emphasis of matter - valuation of stock and going concern

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosures made in (i) Note 3 to the financial statements concerning the group's ability to continue as a going concern and (ii) Note 15 concerning the uncertainty associated with the assessment of the carrying value of property assets under current market conditions.

Independent auditor's report to the shareholders of CIC Properties Limited (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

The group's principal assets include work in progress with a carrying value of £7.12 million. Given the materiality of these amounts and the inherent subjectivity in the assessment of the carrying value, we draw your attention to the uncertainty, as outlined in Notes 3 and 15.

These conditions, along with other matters explained in Note 3, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the group's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the group was unable to continue as a going concern.

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion the information given in the strategic report and the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the parent company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the parent company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit.

600 Norman Ireland

Laura S V Jackson, senior statutory auditor For and on behalf of BDO Northern Ireland, statutory auditor Lindsay House 10 Callender Street Belfast BT1 5BN

30 January 2017

Consolidated statement of comprehensive income

Year ended 30 April 2016

Turnover Cost of sales	Note 4	2016 £ 15,534,274 9,602,274	2015 £ 6,692,087 5,735,906
Gross profit		5,932,000	956,181
Administrative expenses		561,896	3,208,042
Operating profit/(loss)	5	5,370,104	(2,251,861)
Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges	9 10	311,277	313 381,981
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation		5,058,827	(2,633,529)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	11	317,799	55,774
Profit/(loss) for the financial year and total comprehensive inc	ome	4,741,028	(2,689,303)

All the activities of the group are from continuing operations.

Consolidated statement of financial position

30 April 2016

Fixed coasts	Note		2016 £	2015 £
Fixed assets Tangible assets Investments	13 14		1,049,410 –	1,055,180 40
			1,049,410	1,055,220
Current assets Stocks Debtors Cash at bank and in hand	15 16	7,122,970 345,160 1,040,829 8,508,959		12,291,432 43,272 892,590 13,227,294
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	17	8,332,923		17,796,718
Net current assets/(liabilities)			176,036	(4,569,424)
Total assets less current liabilities			1,225,446	(3,514,204)
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	18		5,346,147	5,346,147
Provisions Taxation including deferred tax	20			1,378
Net liabilities			(4,120,701)	(8,861,729)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	21		100	100
Profit and loss account	22		(4,120,801)	(8,861,829)
Shareholders deficit			(4,120,701)	(8,861,729)

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30/01/13 and are signed on behalf of the board by:

R A Scott Director

Company registration number: NI032178

Company statement of financial position

30 April 2016

Fixed assets Investments	Note		2016 £ 100	2015 £
Current assets Cash at bank and in hand		2,784		2,809
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	17	50,980		_
Net current (liabilities)/assets			(48,196)	2,809
Total assets less current liabilities			(48,096)	2,909
Net (liabilities)/assets			(48,096)	2,909
Capital and reserves			•	
Called up share capital Profit and loss account	21 22		100 (48,196)	. 100 2,809
Shareholders (deficit)/funds			(48,096)	2,909

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 30/01/17 and are signed on behalf of the board by:

R A Scott Director

Company registration number: NI032178

Consolidated statement of changes in equity

At 1 May 2014	Called up share capital £ 100	Profit and loss account £ (6,172,526)	Total £ (6,172,426)
Loss for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(2,689,303) (2,689,303)	(2,689,303) (2,689,303)
At 30 April 2015	100	(8,861,829)	(8,861,729)
Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year		4,741,028 4,741,028	4,741,028 4,741,028
At 30 April 2016	100	(4,120,801)	(4,120,701)

Company statement of changes in equity

At 1 May 2014	Called up share capital £ 100	Profit and loss account £ 2,834	Total £ 2,934
Loss for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	-	(25) (25)	(25) (25)
At 30 April 2015	100	2,809	2,909
Profit for the year Total comprehensive income for the year	_	(51,005) (51,005)	(51,005) (51,005)
At 30 April 2016	100	(48,196)	(48,096)

Consolidated statement of cash flows

	2016 £	2015 £
Cash flows from operating activities Profit/(loss) for the financial year	4,741,028	(2,689,303)
Adjustments for: Depreciation of tangible assets Other interest receivable and similar income Interest payable and similar charges Loss on disposal of tangible assets Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities Accrued (income)/expenses Loss on disposal of investments	22,671 - 311,277 1,500 317,799 (358,834) 40	12,025 (313) 381,981 - 55,774 625,113 100
Changes in: Stocks Trade and other debtors Trade and other creditors	5,168,462 (301,888) (2,720,026)	(2,109,284) 1,868,364 (5,434,652)
Cash generated from operations	7,182,029	(7,290,195)
Interest paid Interest received Tax (paid)/received	(311,277) - (64,715)	(381,981) 313 8,348
Net cash from/(used in) operating activities	6,806,037	(7,663,515)
Cash flows from investing activities Purchase of tangible assets Proceeds from sale of tangible assets Proceeds from sale of subsidiaries	(28,901) 10,500	(65,362) - (100)
Net cash used in investing activities	(18,401)	(65,462)
Cash flows from financing activities Repayment of borrowings Proceeds from loans from group undertakings Repayment of loans from related parties Net cash (used in)/from financing activities	(7,480,969) 2,624,201 (1,782,629) (6,639,397)	97,021 105,371 8,128,777 8,331,169
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	148,239 892,590	602,192 290,398
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	1,040,829	892,590

Notes to the financial statements

Year ended 30 April 2016

1. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

2. Principal activities, legal form and country of incorporation

The group's principal activities during the year were the development and sale of properties and property management. The subsidiaries and associated undertakings principally affecting the profits or net assets of the group in the year are listed in note 14 to the financial statements.

Each company within the group is a limited company. The country of incorporation of the parent company is Northern Ireland. The country of incorporation of each of the members within the group is included within Note 14.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis, despite the fact that the group's balance sheet indicates a net liability position of £4,120,701 (2015: £8,861,729). The going concern basis has been supported by a letter of financial support from its parent company Ardmore Limited whereby they will continue to provide financial support and resources in order for the group to continue trading in the foreseeable future.

Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 May 2014. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 28.

Disclosure exemptions

The parent company satisfies the criteria of being a qualifying entity as defined in FRS 102. As such, advantage has been taken of the following reduced disclosures available under FRS 102:

- (a) Disclosures in respect of each class of share capital have not been presented.
- (b) No cash flow statement has been presented for the company.
- (c) Disclosures in respect of financial instruments have not been presented.
- (d) No disclosure has been given for the aggregate remuneration of key management personnel.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the company and all group undertakings. These are adjusted, where appropriate, to conform to group accounting policies. Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method. Negative goodwill arising on acquisitions is recognised and separately disclosed on the face of the balance sheet. Negative goodwill up to the fair values of the non-monetary assets acquired is recognised in the profit and loss account in the period in which the non-monetary assets are disposed, whether through depreciation or sale. Any negative goodwill in excess of the fair value of the non-monetary assets acquired is recognised in the profit and loss account immediately. The results of companies acquired or disposed of are included in the group profit and loss account after or up to the date that control passes respectively. As a consolidated group profit and loss account is published, a separate profit and loss account for the parent company is omitted from the group financial statements by virtue of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006.

Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

Significant judgements

The judgements (apart from those involving estimations) that management has made in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies and that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the financial statements are as follows:

- To determine whether there are indicators of impairment of the group's tangible assets. Factors taken into consideration in reaching such a decision include the economic viability and expected future financial performance of the asset.
- Investment properties are valued by a director of the company who is considered to have adequate knowledge and expertise. The valuation exercise involves using market rental values capitalised at a market capitalisation rate but there is an inevitable degree of judgement involved in that each property is unique and value can only ultimately be reliably tested in the market itself. Key inputs into the valuations were annual rent per square metre and property yields.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Key sources of estimation uncertainty

Accounting estimates and assumptions are made concerning the future and, by their nature, will rarely equal the related actual outcome. The key assumptions and other sources of estimation uncertainty that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are as follows:

- Tangible fixed assets are depreciated over their useful lives taking into account residual values, where appropriate. The actual lives of the assets and residual values are assessed annually and may vary depending on a number of factors. In re-assessing asset lives, factors such as technological innovation, product life cycles and maintenance programmes are taken into account. Residual value assessments consider issues such as future market conditions, the remaining life of the asset and projected disposal values.
- The valuation of the group's stock at the date of the approval of the financial statements is subject to uncertainty in light of the current market conditions where property assets are relatively illiquid.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from the sale of properties is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the properties have transferred to the buyer.

Turnover represents rent and recharges to tenants and is stated exclusive of VAT.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

Operating leases

Lease payments are recognised as an expense over the lease term on a straight-line basis. The aggregate benefit of lease incentives is recognised as a reduction to expense over the lease term, on a straight-line basis.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Investment Property

Investment property is carried at fair value determined annually by the directors and derived from the current market rents and investment property yields for comparable real estate, adjusted if necessary for any difference in the nature, location and condition of the specific asset. No depreciation is provided. Changes in fair value are recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Fixtures and fittings

20% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

25% straight line

Investments

Parent company investments in subsidiary companies are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Investments in joint ventures

Investments in joint ventures are accounted for using the equity method of accounting, whereby the investment is initially recognised at the transaction price and subsequently adjusted to reflect the group's share of the profit or loss, other comprehensive income and equity of the joint venture.

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash consists of cash on hand and demand deposits. Cash equivalents consist of short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to known amounts of cash that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Other financial assets

Other financial assets including trade debtors for goods sold/services rendered to customers on short-term credit, are initially measured at the undiscounted amount of cash receivable from that customer, which is normally the invoice price, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost less impairment.

Other financial liabilities

Trade creditors are measured at invoice price, unless payment is deferred beyond normal business terms or is financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate. In this case the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, and the financial liability is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument

0045

2015

2046

CIC Properties Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

3. Accounting policies (continued)

Loans and borrowings

All loans and borrowings, both assets and liabilities are initially recorded at the present value of cash payable to the lender in settlement of the liability discounted at the market interest rate. Subsequently loans and borrowings are stated at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. The computation of amortised cost includes any issue costs, transaction costs and fees, and any discount or premium on settlement, and the effect of this is to amortise these amounts over the expected borrowing period. Loans with no stated interest rate and repayable within one period or on demand are not amortised. Loans and borrowings are classified as current assets or liabilities unless the borrower has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the financial period and date.

4. Turnover

Turnover arises from:

	2016	2010
	£	£
Sale of Property	3,817,316	_
Sale of Houses	11,716,958	6,692,087
	15,534,274	6,692,087

The whole of the turnover is attributable to the principal activity of the group wholly undertaken in the United Kingdom.

5. Operating profit

Operating profit or loss is stated after charging:

	2010	2013
	£	£
Depreciation of tangible assets	22,671	12,025
Loss on disposal of tangible assets	1,500	_
Foreign exchange differences	(11)	727
-		

Material items within Operating Profit not disclosed elsewhere are listed below:

•	2016	2015
	£	£
Legal and professional fees	191,069	98,214

6. Auditor's remuneration

	2016	2015
	£	£
Fees payable for the audit of the financial statements	12,500	-

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

7. Staff costs	
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amounted to:
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	2010	2015
	No.	No.
Number of other staff	4	4

The aggregate payroll costs incurred during the year, relating to the above, were:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Wages and salaries	214,194	2,937,783
Social security costs	7,699	8,362
	221,893	2,946,145

8. **Directors' remuneration**

The directors aggregate remuneration in respect of qualifying services was:

	Remuneration	2016 £ 88,524	2015 £ 89,135
9.	Other interest receivable and similar income		
		2016 £	2015 £
	Interest on cash and cash equivalents		313
10.	Interest payable and similar charges		

	2016	2015
	£	£
Interest on banks loans and overdrafts	-	168,135
Other interest payable and similar charges	311,277	213,846
	311,277	381,981

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

11. Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities

Major components of tax expense

	2016 £	2015 £
Current tax: UK current tax expense Adjustments in respect of prior periods	319,177 -	63,262 (8,866)
Total current tax	319,177	54,396
Deferred tax: Origination and reversal of timing differences	(1,378)	1,378
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	317,799	55,774

Reconciliation of tax expense

The tax assessed on the profit on ordinary activities for the year is lower than (2015: higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 20% (2015: 20%).

	2016 £	2015 £
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities before taxation	5,058,852	(2,633,529)
Profit/(loss) on ordinary activities by rate of tax Effect of capital allowances and depreciation	1,021,967	(485,536) 200
Effect of revenue exempt from tax Effect of different UK tax rates on some earnings	- (704 195)	(38)
Utilisation of tax losses	(704,195) (1,907)	597,048 (51,010)
Unused tax losses Other tax adjustment to increase/(decrease) tax liability	3,312 —	2,598 (8,866)
Fixed Asset timing differences	(1,378)	1,378
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	317,799	55,774

12. Loss for the year of the parent company

The loss for the financial year of the parent company was £51,005 (2015: £25).

47,585

22,671

(9,800)

60,456

15,049

20,235

(9,800)

25,484

CIC Properties Limited

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

13. Tangible assets

Depreciation

At 1 May 2015

Disposals

Charge for the year

At 30 April 2016

Group	Investment Property £	Fixtures and fittings £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost				
At 1 May 2015	974,080	43,936	84,749	1,102,765
Additions	· _	5,656	23,245	28,901
Disposals	-	· -	(21,800)	(21,800)
At 30 April 2016	974,080	49,592	86,194	1,109,866
•				

 Carrying amount
 974,080
 14,620
 60,710
 1,049,410

 At 30 April 2015
 974,080
 11,400
 69,700
 1,055,180

32,536

2,436

34,972

The company has no tangible assets.

Investment property at 5 Edgewater Road, Belfast, was revalued at 1 January 2008 by Myles Danker, Property Consultants, at an open market value. The directors are of the opinion that this value best represents current open market value.

Tangible assets held at valuation

In respect of tangible assets held at valuation, the comparable carrying amount that would have been recognised if the assets had been carried under the historical cost model are as follows:

Group and company	Investment
	Property
	£
At 30 April 2016	790,060
At 30 April 2015	790,060

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

14.	Investments			
	Group		Investment in Joint Venture	Total £
	Cost At 1 May 2015 Disposals	452,695 (40)	1,202,800	1,655,495 (40)
	At 30 April 2016	452,655	1,202,800	1,655,455
	Impairment At 1 May 2015 and 30 Apr 2016	452,655	1,202,800	1,655,455
	Carrying amount At 30 April 2016	_=	_	_=
	At 30 April 2015	40	_	40
	Company		u	Shares in group ndertakings £
	Cost At 1 May 2015			452,755
	At 30 April 2016			452,755
	Impairment At 1 May 2015 and 30 Apr 2016			452,655
	Carrying amount At 30 April 2016			100
	At 30 April 2015			100

Subsidiaries, associates and other investments

Details of the investments in which the group and the parent company have an interest of 20% or more are as follows:

	Country of incorporation	Class of share	Percentage of shares held
Subsidiary undertakings			
Windsor Developments Limited	United Kingdom	Ordinary	100
Windsor Securities Limited	Netherlands	Ordinary	100

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

15. Stocks

	Group		Company			
	2016	2016 2015		2016 2015 2	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£		
Work in progress	7,122,970	12,291,432	_	_		
			·			

The valuation of the company's stock at the date of the approval of the financial statements is subject to uncertainty in light of current market conditions where property assets are relatively illiquid.

16. Debtors

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Trade debtors	24,053	2,000	-	_
Prepayments and accrued income	_	21,050	-	_
Other debtors	321,107	20,222	_	-
	345,160	43,272		_
		10,212		

All debtors are repayable within one year.

17. Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	_	7,480,969	_	_
Amounts owed to group undertakings	5,652,201	3,028,000	· _	_
Amounts owed to related parties	1,000,001	2,782,630	_	_
Accruals and deferred income	1,336,875	1,695,709	42,637	_
Corporation tax	317,314	62,852	_	_
Social security and other taxes	15,481	2,745,506	8,343	_
Director loan accounts	1,052	1,052	_	_
Other creditors	9,999	-	_	-
	8,332,923	17,796,718	50,980	

18. Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year

	Group		Company	
	2016	2016 2015 2016		2015
	£	£	£	£
Amounts owed to related parties	5,346,147	5,346,147	-	_
•				

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

19. Deferred tax

The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Included in provisions (note 20)	_	1,378	_	_
, ,				

The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
	£	£	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	_	1,378	_	-
•				

20. Provisions

Group	Deferred tax
·	(note 19)
	£
At 1 May 2015	1,378
Charge against provision	(1,378)
A1.00 A 11.0040	
At 30 April 2016	_

The company does not have any provisions.

21. Called up share capital

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2016		2015	
•	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

22. Reserves

Profit and loss account - This reserve records retained earnings and accumulated losses.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

23. Operating leases

The total future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	Group		Company	
	2016	2015	2016	2015
Not later than 1 year Later than 1 year and not later than 5	£ 20,000	£ -	£ -	£ –
years	_	35,700	_	-
	20,000	35,700		- <u>-</u>
		-		

24. Contingencies

A subsidiary company, Windsor Securities Limited, has given an unlimited cross-guarantee in respect of the borrowings of certain companies within the group and a letter of guarantee in favour of a related party for interest shortfall.

On 1 February 2008, one of the company's subsidiaries changed its place of tax residence from the United Kingdom to the Netherlands. The UK resident director and company secretary resigned and Dutch resident directors and company secretary were appointed. The company's subsidiary also transferred its business operations to Amsterdam. The directors have taken legal advice and formed the opinion that no immediate UK tax liability should arise as a result of the migration of the company from the UK to the Netherlands, due to the operation of European Community law.

25. Directors' advances, credits and guarantees

There were no advances or repayments of the director's loan within the year (2015: £Nil). At 30 April 2016 £1,052 was repayable to the director (2015: £1,052). This loan is interest free and repayable on demand.

26. Related party transactions

Company

Amounts owed to other companies with common directors and included in other creditors in notes 17 and 18 include the following:

	2016	2015
	£	£
Aberne Limited	5,346,147	5,346,147
Aday Investments	1,000,000	_

Key management personnel are those persons having authority and responsibility for planning, directing and controlling the activities of the group. All key management are directors and their remuneration for the year has been disclosed in Note 8.

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

27. Controlling party

The ultimate parent company is Ardmore Limited, a company incorporated in the Isle of Man.

28. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The group and the company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 May 2014.

Reconciliation of equity

Group		1 May 2014	30) April 2015
	As		As	
	previously	Effect of FRS 102	previously	Effect of FRS 102
	stated £	transition (as restated) £ £	stated £	transition (as restated) £ £
Fixed assets	1,001,883	- 1,001,883	1,055,220	- 1,055,220
Current assets Creditors: amounts falling due within one	12,384,182	- 12,384,182	13,227,294	– 13,227,294
year	(11,289,715)	(11,289,715)	(17,582,872)	(213,846) (17,796,718)
Net current				
assets/(liabilities)	1,094,467	1,094,467	(4,355,578)	(213,846) (4,569,424)
Total assets less current liabilities	2,096,350	- 2,096,350	(3,300,358)	(213,846) (3,514,204)
Creditors: amounts falling due after more				
than one year	(8,268,776)	- (8,268,776)	(5,346,147)	- (5,346,147)
Provisions			(1,378)	(1,378)
Net liabilities	(6,172,426)	(6,172,426)	(8,647,883)	(213,846) (8,861,729)
Capital and				
reserves	(6,172,426)	<u> </u>	(8,647,883)	(213,846) (8,861,729)

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

28. Transition to FRS 102 (continued)

Reconciliation of equity

Company	1 May 2014			30 April 2015		
-	As			As		
	previously	Effect of	FRS 102	previously	Effect of	FRS 102
	stated	transition (a	s restated)	stated	transition	(as restated)
	£	£	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets	100	_	100	100	_	100
Current assets Creditors: amounts falling	2,834	-	2,834	2,809	-	2,809
due within one						
year		<u>-</u>		213,846	(213,846)	_
Net current assets/(liabilities)	2,834		2,834	216,655	(213,846)	2,809
assets/(liabilities)	2,034	<u> </u>	2,054	210,000	(213,040)	2,009
Total assets less current liabilities	2,934	-	2,934	216,755	(213,846)	2,909
Net liabilities	2,934		2,934	216,755	(213,846)	2,909
		 .				
Capital and reserves	2,934		2,934	216,755	(213,846)	2,909

Reconciliation of profit or loss for the year

	Year ended 30 April 2015		
	As previously	Effect of	FRS 102
	stated	transition	(as restated)
	£	£	£
Turnover	6,692,087	_	6,692,087
Cost of sales	(5,735,906)	_	(5,735,906)
Gross profit	956,181		956,181
Administrative expenses	(3,208,042)		(3,208,042)
Operating profit/(loss)	(2,251,861)	_	(2,251,861)
Other interest receivable and similar income	313	_	313
Interest payable and similar charges	(168,135)	(213,846)	(381,981)
Tax on profit/(loss) on ordinary activities	(55,774)	_	(55,774)
Profit/(loss) for the financial year	(2,475,457)	(213,846)	(2,689,303)

At the date of transition the group had an interest free loan of £5.35m with Aberne Limited. On transition to FRS 102 the directors decided to introduce an interest charge on this loan at the market rate of 4% per annum. This has an impact of £214k on opening reserves and creditors

Notes to the financial statements (continued)

Year ended 30 April 2016

29. Comparative figures

Some comparative figures have been changed for presentational purposes only. The changes made have no effect on either profit or loss.