COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER NI024654

ABERCORN DEVELOPMENTS & LEISURE (1990) LIMITED

ABBREVIATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31 MARCH 2014

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Abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 March 2014

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Abbreviated balance sheet

31 March 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Fixed assets	2	£	2
Tangible assets	_	5,455,011	5,400,516
Current assets			
Debtors	•	183,471	324,135
Investments		24,783	24,783
Cash at bank and in hand		40,736	1,568
		248,990	350,486
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		185,987	92,745
Net current assets		63,003	257,741
Total assets less current liabilities		5,518,014	5,658,257
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year		68,245	322,363
Provisions for liabilities		16,814	5,452
Government grants	3	1,420,000	1,468,000
		4,012,955	3,862,442

Abbreviated balance sheet (continued)

31 March 2014

	Note	2014 £	2013 £
Capital and reserves			
Called-up equity share capital	4	500,000	500,000
Revaluation reserve		1,401,605	1,401,605
Profit and loss account		2,111,350	1,960,837
Shareholders' funds		4,012,955	3,862,442

For the year ended 31 March 2014 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

These abbreviated accounts were approved by the directors and authorised for issue on 18 1214 and are signed on their behalf by:

Mr J McGinnis

Company Registration Number: NI024654

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Notes to the abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies

Basis of accounting

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets, and in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards.

Cash flow statement

The directors have taken advantage of the exemption in Financial Reporting Standard No 1 (Revised 1996) from including a cash flow statement in the financial statements on the grounds that the company is small.

Turnover

Turnover represents sales to external customers at invoiced amounts exclusive of value added tax. Turnover is recognised when the risks and rewards of owning the goods has passed to the customer which is generally on delivery.

Fixed assets

All fixed assets are initially recorded at cost.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or revaluation of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant & Machinery Motor Vehicles

20% Straight Line25% Straight Line

Equipment

20% Straight Line

Investment properties

Investment properties are shown at their open market value. The surplus or deficit arising from the annual revaluation is transferred to the investment revaluation reserve unless a deficit, or its reversal, on an individual investment property is expected to be permanent, in which case it is recognised in the profit and loss account for the year.

This is in accordance with SSAP 19 which, unlike Companies Act 2006, does not require depreciation of investment properties. Investment properties are held for their investment potential and not for use by the company and so their current value is of prime importance. The departure from the provisions of the Order is required in order to give a true and fair view.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 March 2014

1. Accounting policies (continued)

Investment properties (continued)

Properties which are held for development or trading, including properties in the course of development are included at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

A property ceases to be treated as being in the course of development at the earliest of:

- 1. the date when the development becomes available for letting and producing income
- 2. the date when income exceeds outgoings
- 3. a date up to three years after completion to allow for letting.

Hire purchase agreements

Assets held under hire purchase agreements are capitalised and disclosed under tangible fixed assets at their fair value. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability and the interest is charged to the profit and loss account on a straight line basis.

Deferred taxation

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balances sheet date except that:

- deferred tax is not recognised on timing differences arising on revalued properties unless
 the company has entered into a binding sale agreement and is not proposing to take
 advantage of rollover relief; and
- the recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that the company anticipates
 to make sufficient taxable profits in the future to absorb the reversal of the underlying
 timing differences.

Deferred tax balances arising from underlying timing differences in respect of tax allowances on industrial buildings are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining those allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not discounted.

Deferred government grants

Deferred government grants in respect of capital expenditure are treated as deferred income and are credited to the profit and loss account over the estimated useful life of the assets to which they relate.

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 March 2014

2.	ar ended 31 March 2014 Fixed assets	(4 ···)		
				Tangible Assets £
	Cost or valuation			•
	At 1 April 2013 Additions			5,406,863
	Disposals			56,500 (5,600)
	At 31 March 2014			5,457,763
	Depreciation			
	At 1 April 2013			6,347
	Charge for year On disposals			2,005 (5,600)
	At 31 March 2014			2,752
	Net book value			
	At 31 March 2014			5,455,011
	At 31 March 2013			5,400,516
3.	Government grants			
			2014	2013
	Received and receivable		£ 1,852,000	£ 1,852,000
	Amortisation		(432,000)	(384,000)
			1,420,000	1,468,000
4.	Share capital			
	Allotted, called up and fully paid:			
		2014		2013
	Ordinary A shares of £1 each	No 375,000		No 375,000
	Ordinary B shares of £1 each	125,000		125,000
	•	500,000		500,000
	·			
	Ordinary A charge of £1 and	£		£
	Ordinary A shares of £1 each Ordinary B shares of £1 each	375,000 125,000		375,000 125,000
	•	500,000		
		500,000 		500,000

Notes to the abbreviated accounts

Year ended 31 March 2014

5. Ultimate parent company

Abercorn Developments & Leisure (1990) Limited is an 87.5% owned subsidiary of Rumex Trading Limited, a company incorporated in Northern Ireland.

The accounts of this company are available to the public at:

Companies House The Linenhall 32-38 Linenhall Street Belfast BT2 8BG