## **Abbreviated accounts**

for the year ended 30 September 2013

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COMPANIES HOUSE

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# Abbreviated balance sheet as at 30 September 2013

		20	2012						
	Notes	£	£	£	. <b>£</b>				
Fixed assets									
Tangible assets	2		711,700		712,121				
Current assets									
Stocks		200,454		171,944	•				
Debtors		261,441		375,393					
Cash at bank and in hand		64,504		492					
		526,399		547,829					
Creditors: amounts falling									
due within one year		(663,689)		(719,303)	•				
Net current liabilities			(137,290)		(171,474)				
Total assets less current									
liabilities			574,410		540,647				
Creditors: amounts falling due									
after more than one year	3		(167,274)		(205,503)				
Provisions for liabilities			(39,017)		(37,042)				
Net assets			368,119		298,102				
Capital and reserves			<del></del>						
Called up share capital	4		10,000		10,000				
Revaluation reserve			111,608		111,608				
Profit and loss account			246,511		176,494				
Shareholders' funds			368,119		298,102				
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The directors' statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) are shown on the following page which forms part of this Balance Sheet.

## Abbreviated balance sheet (continued)

## Directors' statements required by Sections 475(2) and (3) for the year ended 30 September 2013

In approving these abbreviated accounts as directors of the company we hereby confirm:

- (a) that for the year stated above the company was entitled to the exemption conferred by Section.477 of the Companies Act 2006;
- (b) that no notice has been deposited at the registered office of the company pursuant to Section 476 requesting that an audit be conducted for the year ended 30 September 2013; and
- (c) that we acknowledge our responsibilities for:
  - (1) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Section 386; and
  - (2) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of the financial year and of its profit or loss for the year then ended in accordance with the requirements of Section 393 and which otherwise comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

These abbreviated accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions of Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The abbreviated accounts were approved by the Board on 28 January 2014 and signed on its behalf by

Neil Doherty

Director

Registration number NI022342

## Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2013

#### 1. Accounting policies

#### 1.1. Accounting convention

The accounts are prepared under the historical cost convention modified to include the revaluation of certain fixed assets and in accordance with the Financial Reporting Standard for Smaller Entities (effective April 2008).

#### 1.2. **Turnover**

Turnover represents the total invoice value, excluding value added tax, of sales made during the year and derives from the provision of goods falling within the company's ordinary activities.

#### 1.3. Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost or valuation less residual value of each asset over its expected useful life, as follows:

Leasehold properties

Straight line over 50 years

Plant and machinery

10% reducing balance

Motor vehicles

20% reducing balance

## Leasing and hire purchase commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible assets and depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Obligations under such agreements are included in creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce constant periodic rates of charge on the net obligations outstanding in each period.

#### 1.5. Stock

Stock is valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value.

## 1.6.

The company has the option of paying into a money purchase pension scheme. Contributions are made on an ad hoc basis. Pension premiums are charged to the profit and loss account as and when paid.

The regular cost of providing retirement pensions and related benefits is charged to the profit and loss account over the employees' service lives on the basis of a constant percentage of earnings.

## Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2013

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### 1.7. Deferred taxation

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date where transactions or events have occurred at that date that will result in an obligation to pay more, or a right to pay less or to receive more, tax, with the following exceptions:

Provision is made for tax on gains arising from the revaluation (and similar fair value adjustments) of fixed assets, and gains on disposal of fixed assets that have been rolled over into replacement assets, only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, there is a binding agreement to dispose of the assets concerned. However, no provision is made where, on the basis of all available evidence at the balance sheet date, it is more likely than not that the taxable gain will be rolled over into replacement assets and charged to tax only where the replacement assets are sold;

Provision is made for deferred tax that would arise on remittance of the retained earnings of overseas subsidiaries, associates and joint ventures only to the extent that, at the balance sheet date, dividends have been accrued as receivable;

Deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that the directors consider that it is more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits from which the future reversal of the underlying timing differences can be deducted.

Deferred tax is measured on an undiscounted basis at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which timing differences reverse, based on tax rates and laws enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

## 1.8. Foreign currencies

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange prevailing at the accounting date. Transactions in foreign currencies are recorded at the date of the transactions. All differences are taken to the Profit and Loss account.

# Notes to the abbreviated financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2013

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2.	Fixed assets		Tangible fixed assets £
	Cost/revaluation		· &
	At 1 October 2012		1,113,773
	Additions		3,988
	At 30 September 2013		1,117,761
	Depreciation		
	At 1 October 2012		401,652
	Charge for year		4,409
	At 30 September 2013		406,061
	Net book values		
	At 30 September 2013		711,700
	At 30 September 2012		712,121
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3.	Creditors: amounts falling due	2013	2012
	after more than one year	£	£
	Creditors include the following:		
	Bank loan	205,503	230,535
	Danske Bank hold by way of security a fixed charge, a floating charge over mortgage on manufacturing plant at Beraghmore Road, Londonderry	er book deb	and a legal
4.	Share capital	2013 £	2012 £
	Authorised	L	<b>.</b>
	100,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	100,000	100,000
	Allotted, called up and fully paid		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000
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	Equity Shares		
	10,000 Ordinary shares of £1 each	10,000	10,000