# **Statement of Consent to Prepare Abridged Financial Statements**

All of the members of Retail Systems Technology Limited have consented to the preparation of the abridged income statement and the abridged statement of financial position for the year ending 31 March 2017 in accordance with Section 444(2A) of the Companies Act 2006.

**COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: NI012184** 

# Retail Systems Technology Limited Filleted Unaudited Abridged Financial Statements 31 March 2017

# **Retail Systems Technology Limited**

# **Abridged Financial Statements**

# Year ended 31 March 2017

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# Retail Systems Technology Limited Abridged Statement of Financial Position 31 March 2017

		2017	2016
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	5	143,123	128,367
Tangible assets	6	572,646	508,619
Investments	7	176,750	176,750
		892,519	813,736
Current assets			
Stocks		162,338	168,971
Debtors		274,489	297,491
Cash at bank and in hand		239,705	228,620
		676,532	695,082
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		179,665	199,145
Net current assets		496,867	495,937
Total assets less current liabilities		1,389,386	1,309,673
Net assets		1,389,386	1,309,673
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		2	2
Profit and loss account		1,389,384	1,309,671
Members funds		1,389,386	1,309,673

These abridged financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the abridged income statement has not been delivered. For the year ending 31 March 2017 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its abridged financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of abridged financial statements .

# **Retail Systems Technology Limited**

# Abridged Statement of Financial Position (continued)

# 31 March 2017

These abridged financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 December 2017, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr J Cregan

Director

Company registration number: NI012184

## **Retail Systems Technology Limited**

## **Notes to the Abridged Financial Statements**

#### Year ended 31 March 2017

#### 1. General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in Northern Ireland. The address of the registered office is Mc Lean Road, Eglinton, Derry, BT47 3XX.

#### 2. Statement of compliance

These abridged financial statements have been prepared in compliance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### 3. Accounting policies

#### (i) Basis of preparation

The abridged financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The abridged financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

#### (ii) Transition to FRS 102

The entity transitioned from previous UK GAAP to FRS 102 as at 1 April 2015. Details of how FRS 102 has affected the reported financial position and financial performance is given in note 8.

#### (iii) Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

#### (iv) Foreign currencies

Foreign currency transactions are initially recorded in the functional currency, by applying the spot exchange rate as at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the exchange rate ruling at the reporting date, with any gains or losses being taken to the profit and loss account.

#### (v) Intangible assets

Intangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and are subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated amortisation and impairment losses. Any intangible assets carried at revalued amounts, are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation, as determined by reference to an active market, less any subsequent accumulated amortisation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. Intangible assets acquired as part of a business combination are recorded at the fair value at the acquisition date.

#### (vi) Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Amortisation - 33% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

#### (vii) Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## (viii) Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Freehold Property - 2% straight line
Equipment - 50% straight line
Computer Equipment - 33% straight line
Fixtures & Fittings - 10% straight line

#### (ix) Investments

Fixed asset investments are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated impairment losses.

Listed investments are measured at fair value with changes in fair value being recognised in profit or loss.

#### (x) Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

#### (xi) Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

#### (xii) Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

#### 4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year, including the directors, amounted to 42 (2016: 28).

### 5. Intangible assets

	£
Cost	4 406 704
At 1 April 2016 Additions	1,496,721 148,531
At 31 March 2017	1,645,252
Amortisation	
At 1 April 2016 Charge for the year	1,368,354 133,775
At 31 March 2017	1,502,129
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	143,123
At 31 March 2016	128,367
6. Tangible assets	***********
	£
Cost	4.470.004
At 1 April 2016 Additions	1,170,294 233,768
Disposals	( 37,318)
At 31 March 2017	1,366,744
Depreciation	
At 1 April 2016	661,675
Charge for the year	148,866
Disposals	( 16,443)
At 31 March 2017	794,098
Carrying amount	<del></del>
At 31 March 2017	572,646
At 31 March 2016	508,619
7. Investments	-
Cost	£
At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	176,750
Impairment	
At 1 April 2016 and 31 March 2017	-
Carrying amount	
At 31 March 2017	176,750

## 8. Transition to FRS 102

These are the first abridged financial statements that comply with FRS 102. The company transitioned to FRS 102 on 1 April 2015.

No transitional adjustments were required in equity or profit or loss for the year.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.