

OS AA01

Statement of details of parent law and other
information for an overseas company



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☒ What this form is for
You may use this form to
accompany your accounts
disclosed under parent law

☒ What this form is for
You cannot use this form to
an alteration of
with accounting re

WEDNESDAY



A12 18/05/2016 #189
COMPANIES HOUSE

Part 1 Corporate company name

Corporate name of
overseas company ①

CAMBRIA AFRICA PLC

UK establishment
number

B R 0 1 5 0 5 8 1 (+FL030064)

→ Filling in this form
Please complete in typescript or in
bold black capitals

All fields are mandatory unless
specified or indicated by *

① This is the name of the company in
its home state

**Part 2 Statement of details of parent law and other
information for an overseas company**

A1

Legislation

Please give the legislation under which the accounts have been prepared and,
if applicable, the legislation under which the accounts have been audited

Legislation ②

ISLE OF MAN

② This means the relevant rules or
legislation which regulates the
preparation and, if applicable the
audit of accounts

A2

Accounting principles

Accounts

Have the accounts been prepared in accordance with a set of generally accepted
accounting principles?

Please tick the appropriate box

☐ No Go to Section A3

☒ Yes Please enter the name of the organisation or other
body which issued those principles below, and then go to Section A3

③ Please insert the name of the
appropriate accounting organisation
or body

Name of organisation
or body ③

IFRS AS ADOPTED BY THE EU

A3

Accounts

Accounts

Have the accounts been audited? Please tick the appropriate box

☐ No Go to Section A5

☒ Yes Go to Section A4

OS AA01

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A4

Audited accounts

Audited accounts

Have the accounts been audited in accordance with a set of generally accepted auditing standards?

Please tick the appropriate box

☐ No Go to Part 3 'Signature'

☒ Yes. Please enter the name of the organisation or other body which issued those standards below and then go to Part 3 'Signature'

• Please insert the name of the appropriate accounting organisation or body

Name of organisation or body •

IFRS & APB's

A5

Unaudited accounts

Unaudited accounts

Is the company required to have its accounts audited?

Please tick the appropriate box

☐ No

☐ Yes

Part 3

Signature

I am signing this form on behalf of the overseas company

Signature

Signature

X

11/10

X

This form may be signed by
Director, Secretary, Permanent representative

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You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name

Company name

Address

Post town

Country/Region

Postcode

Country

DX

Telephone



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- ☒ The company name and, if appropriate, the registered number, match the information held on the public Register
- ☒ You have completed all sections of the form, if appropriate
- ☒ You have signed the form



Important information

Please note that all this information will appear on the public record



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Results for the year

Cambria Africa Plc (AIM CMB) announces its full year results for the year ending 31 August 2015. The audited Financial Statements will be made available on the Company's website (www.cambriaafrica.com)

All references to continuing operations relate to the Group's Payserv Africa ("Payserv") and Millchem Holdings ("Millchem") investments and head office activities.

Key events for the 2015 financial year were.

- On 21 October 2014 the Group disposed of its 100% shareholding in Lonzim Hotel Holdings Limited ("the Leopard Rock Hotel Group"), the owner of the Leopard Rock Hotel and related entities, for a total consideration of \$2.5 million. The net asset value of the Leopard Rock Hotel Group had been impaired in the prior year by \$8.9 million to reflect its net realisable value of \$2.5 million at that date.
- On 3 September 2015, in the post balance sheet period, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement with Lonrho Limited relating to the Company's Jet Claims in terms of which Cambria received \$4.752 million in full and final settlement of the Jet Claims.
- The Company's remaining assets are Payserv Africa ("Payserv") and Millchem Holdings ("Millchem") and the board is of the view that these two assets provide significant value creation opportunities to Cambria and its shareholders.
- The executive team continues its focus on:
 - Rationalising and simplifying the head office function and central overheads. Significant progress has been made in reducing overheads, the full benefit of which will reflect in the next reporting period,
 - Restoring the momentum lost in Millchem by re-establishing key supplier and customer relationships. Loss making subsidiaries, Millchem Zambia and Millchem Malawi have been discontinued after the financial year end, with focus restored on Millchem Zimbabwe, Millchem's core operating entity;
 - Supporting the Payserv management team to continue the good growth in its core markets through an expanded service offering. Payserv Zambia is making progress towards achieving its maiden profits, and
 - Enhancing the value of Payserv by replicating its successful technology platforms, products and services in the rest of

Sub-Saharan Africa

Results summary

- During the year ended 31 August 2015, Payserv and Millchem combined, grew revenues and gross profit by 10% and 12% year-on-year, respectively.
- Cambria's central costs were reduced by 32% when compared to the equivalent period last year. As noted above, a further cost reduction has been implemented, the annualised result of which will reflect substantially in the next reporting period.
- Including the net Jet Claim litigation settlement proceeds of \$3.47 million, Cambria's EBITDA from continuing operations for the year ended 31 August 2015 was \$1.65 million compared to an EBITDA loss of \$3.75 million for the 2014 financial year.
- The Group recorded a profit from continuing operations of \$0.55 million for the year ended 31 August 2015 (2014 loss of \$5.7 million).

Consilium dispute:

The Consilium dispute arose over the validity of CCRMF's attempt to accelerate the repayment of the loans provided to the Company by Consilium Corporate Recovery Master Fund ("CCRMF" or "Consilium") as a result of the subscription by Ventures Africa Limited ("VAL") in Cambria in April 2015. On 13 April 2015, Cambria shareholders approved the subscription by VAL of 107,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company which resulted in VAL owning 50.55% of Cambria. CCRMF and related parties hold 14.9% of Cambria's shares.

Cambria announced on 26 October 2015 that it received a statutory demand in the Isle of Man in which CCRMF had formally demanded repayment of the loans. In response to the statutory demand, the Company submitted that there was a genuine and substantial dispute as to whether the debt was then payable and that any future presentation of a winding up petition would constitute an abuse of the Court's process.

CCRMF withdrew their statutory demand in response to Cambria's application for an injunction. In addition, CCRMF was

Chief Executive Officer's Statement

ordered by the High Court of Justice of the Isle of Man to pay the Company's costs of and incidentals to the Statutory Demand claim on a standard basis.

On 9 June 2015, Cambria announced the provision of a standby facility of \$1.12m made available by VAL to the Company which was to be used as security for costs in relation to the now settled litigation against Lonrho. Pending the resolution of the dispute with CCRMF, as a consequence of which CCRMF has converted their floating charge on Cambria's assets, particularly the Company's primary bank accounts, the Lonrho settlement as well as the shares of Lonzim Holdings Limited, the Company is relying on this standby facility to fund its day-to-day operations.

Cambria continues to strongly dispute CCRMF's claim that there has been an event of default that entitles Consilium to accelerate repayment of the loans and maintains that the due date of the loans as disclosed in its audited financial statements and as defined in the loan agreements, as amended, is 30 April 2016.

CCRMF and Cambria have agreed to the litigation arising from the dispute being stayed until 30 April 2016. Cambria however continues to diligently investigate all the claims it may have against CCRMF and the former CEO and Chairman of Cambria, both also directors of Consilium.

Introduction

The first 6 months since having assumed the CEO role with effect from 3 August 2015, have been largely overshadowed by the unexpected Consilium dispute. Considerable time, cost and energy have been invested in defending the Consilium claims and in uncovering the true state of affairs in which Cambria was left by the previous executive management.

With a significant cash equity investment through VAL's subscription in April 2015, my interests as CEO are aligned with that of shareholders. Shareholders of Cambria have suffered a tremendous loss of value in their investment in the Company. It is my aim to guide the Group back to profitability and restore shareholder value.

Notwithstanding the significant distraction caused by the above, Cambria has continued its restructuring whereby the Company's central overheads have been reduced to be fit-for-purpose. In addition, the Group's financial position has been substantially strengthened following the settlement of the legal dispute with Lonrho.

During the 2015 financial year, revenues and gross profit of the continuing operations of Cambria, Payserv and Milchem, were \$10.3 million (2014: \$9.4 million) and \$5.6 million (2014: \$5.0 million) representing an increase of 10% and 12% respectively compared to the fiscal year 2014.

Including the net Jet Claim litigation settlement proceeds of \$3.47 million, Cambria's EBITDA from continuing operations for 2015 was \$1.65 million, compared to the prior year's EBITDA loss from continuing operations of \$3.75 million.

The Group profit for the year is \$0.55 million for continuing operations. Cambria's earnings per share for the financial year was 0.1c per share, compared to a loss of 19.5c per share for the same period last year.

Main Investments

CONSOLIDATED RESULTS

Payserv and Millichem jointly had an aggregated performance as follows

(US\$ THOUSANDS)	2015	2014	GROWTH
Revenues	10,306	9,405	10%
Gross profit	5,637	5,017	12%
Gross margin	55%	53%	4%
SG&A	(5,365)	(5,650)	(5%)
EBITDA	272	(633)	>(100%)
EBITDA margin	3%	(7%)	>(100%)

The following factors had a significant impact on financial performance:

- EBITDA for 2014 was impacted by once-off costs of \$0.7 million incurred on investigating the acquisition of CelPay Zambia which was not concluded following the discovery of a significant deterioration in the financial position of CelPay Zambia;
- EBITDA for 2015 continued to be effected by Payserv's investment in expanding its presence and offering in Zambia, the costs of which are expensed in full, and
- Challenges experienced by Millichem Zambia and Millichem Malawi in the ramp up of these subsidiaries to full trading capacity. Investment in these territories has been discontinued in the post balance sheet period to refocus operations and investment in Millichem's core Zimbabwe market.

Payserv Africa

Payserv provides EDI switching services (Paynet), 'payslip' processing (Autopay) and payroll based micro-finance loan processing (Tradonet)

(US\$ THOUSANDS)	2015	2014	GROWTH
Revenues	5,012	4,594	9%
Gross profit	4,745	4,196	13%
Gross margin	95%	91%	4%
SG&A	(3,519)	(3,871)	(9%)
EBITDA	1,226	325	>100%
EBITDA Margin	24%	7%	>100%

Paynet provides Electronic Data Interchange (EDI) services to all the banks and building societies in Zimbabwe, as well as to over 1,500 corporates. Paynet processed 17.3 million transactions (2014: 16.4 million) during the period under review, a 5.5% increase.

Autopay provides payroll services to more than 150 customers and processed over 345,000 pay slips (2014: 313,000) during the period under review, a 10% increase.

Tradonet processed approximately 134,000 (2014: 121,000) loans during the period, representing a value of \$176 million (2014: \$154 million), an 11% increase and a 14% increase respectively.

During the year under review, Payserv continued to invest into product upgrades, new offerings, entry into the Zambian market, as well as exploration of other geographic markets. These investments have not been capitalised and have therefore directly impacted the income statement during the year under review.

The previous reporting period included an exceptional item of \$0.7 million attributable to the write-off of transaction costs related to CelPay Zambia discussed above.

Chief Executive Officer's Statement

Millchem Holdings

Millchem is a value-added chemicals distributor with a leading market position in Zimbabwe

(US\$ THOUSANDS)	2015	2014	GROWTH
Revenues	5,294	4,811	10%
Gross profit	892	821	9%
Gross margin	17%	17%	-
SG&A	(1,846)	(1,779)	(4%)
EBITDA	(954)	(958)	-
EBITDA margin	(18%)	(20%)	(10%)

Despite the challenging and uncertain business environment during the year, Millchem grew revenues by 10%

Overheads were negatively impacted by the expansion and investment in establishing Millchem Zambia and Millchem Malawi under the Group's previous management. After the year-end, Millchem Malawi has been closed while Millchem Zambia has been disposed of

Establishing Millchem as a profitable unit continues to be an important priority. The key focus areas are

- Strengthening the executive leadership team following departure of senior executives,
- Rebuilding relationships with key customers,
- Re-establishing credit lines with key suppliers, and
- Streamlining overheads and trading efficiencies

Central costs

Cambria incurred \$2.0 million in central costs for the period under review, compared to \$3.1 million in the prior year, a reduction of 32%

Included in the above are salaries and benefits paid to the Company's previous CEO and Chairman, Messrs E Wisman and I Perkins of \$0.4 million and \$0.2 million, respectively. These amounts include once-off "change in control" payments amounting to \$0.2 million.

Central costs (continued)

Current total central costs have been reduced to an estimated normalised annual cost of \$0.3 million (excluding once-off costs legal costs), from US\$1 million before VAL's investment

As the new CEO of Cambria, I will continue not to collect compensation including benefits until such time as the cash flow from the Company's underlying operations supports it. Similarly, my fellow directors have not received any compensation or benefits since VAL's investment

Tradonet

The Company is defending a claim brought by the minority shareholder in Tradonet, Ottonby Trading (Private) Limited, relating to its right to acquire Payserv's 51% share in Tradonet, allegedly triggered by the change in control of Cambria as a result of VAL's subscription in April 2015. The Company's legal advisers, having considered the terms of the related shareholders agreement, are confident that the claim will be unsuccessful. The parties have agreed to follow an arbitration process to resolve this dispute, which is expected to be completed shortly

Events following the end of the period under review

SALE OF MILLCHEM ZAMBIA

Millchem Holdings has agreed to the sale of the Zambian operations for net asset value of US\$46 thousand, with effect from 1 September 2015. The rights to the name "Millchem Zambia" are not included in the sale

SETTLEMENT WITH LONRHO

On 3 September 2015, the Company concluded a settlement agreement with Lonrho with respect to the Jet claims and counterclaims between the parties, in terms of which the Company received US\$4.752 million in full and final settlement of the claims. After outstanding litigation and other associated costs, the net proceeds were US\$3.47 million

Strategy going forward and closing

The Company is now focused on creating value for shareholders through its investments in Millchem and Payserv. In addition, the Board is in the process of formulating its investment strategy to implement strategic value-creating acquisitions as appropriate opportunities arise. We will continue to focus on Zimbabwe, which we believe provides the best opportunity for successful investment and growth in the short to medium term.

SAMIR SHASHA
CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER
29 FEBRUARY 2016

Directors

Paul Turner, 69 NON-EXECUTIVE CHAIRMAN

Paul Turner is a Chartered Accountant and past President of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Zimbabwe. He is a highly respected and knowledgeable member of the Zimbabwean business community. He was a partner at Ernst & Young in Harare, Zimbabwe, for over thirty years and brings an unparalleled level of experience in the structure and operation of businesses in Zimbabwe. Initially appointed to the Cambria board on 1 July 2008, he was appointed as Chairman on 8 July 2015.

Samir Shasha, 55 CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Samir Shasha started his involvement in Southern Africa with supplying and leasing trucks for the operations of a transport company focused on relief aid. In 1995 he established S. Shasha & Associates in Zimbabwe and introduced Freightliner Trucks in Southern Africa for the first time. In 2002, S. Shasha & Associates purchased Zimbabwe Online, an Internet Service Provider in Zimbabwe, and took on the role of CEO until 2006. The company was sold to Liquid Telecom in 2012. Mr Shasha received his Bachelors from Vassar College with Honors in Economics in 1981. Following Ventures Africa Limited's investment in the Company in April 2015, Mr Shasha was appointed to the Cambria board on 5 June 2015 and as CEO on 3 August 2015.

Josephine Petra Watenphul, 35 CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Josephine Watenphul is a qualified Chartered Accountant (South Africa). She joined the UCS Group Limited ("UCS"), a Johannesburg-based investment holding company in technology and associated businesses listed on the Johannesburg Stock Exchange, in April 2004. In April 2009, Josie was appointed Group CFO, a position which she held until May 2015. During her tenure at UCS, which was later renamed Capitaleye Investments upon delisting in October 2011, Josie assisted in various corporate actions and restructurings. She was appointed to the Cambria board on 17 June 2015.

Dipak Champaklal Pandya, 57 NON-EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

Dipak Pandya is a Chartered Accountant and has since March 2009 been the financial controller at Strauss Logistics Limited, a fuel trading and distribution company active in central and southern Africa. Prior to this, Dipak was the financial controller at Playwize Plc, a computer software development company. Dipak was appointed to the Cambria board on 26 June 2015.

Changes to the board

Director resignations

Name	Ex-position/designation	Date
Paul Turner	<i>Non-executive</i>	6 May 2015
Edzo Wisman	<i>CEO</i>	13 July 2015
Ian Perkins	<i>Chairman</i>	14 July 2015

Director appointments

Name	Position/designation	Date
Samir Shasha	<i>CEO</i>	5 June 2015
Josephine Petra Watenphul	<i>CFO</i>	17 June 2015
Dipak Champaklal Pandya	<i>Non-executive director</i>	26 June 2015
Paul Turner	<i>Chairman</i>	8 July 2015

Directors' Responsibility Statement in Respect of the Directors' Report and the Financial Statements.

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations. The Directors have elected to prepare the Group and Parent Company financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union

The Group and Parent Company financial statements are required to give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Group and Parent Company and of the profit or loss of the Group for that period

In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether they have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union; and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Group and Parent Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping proper accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Group and Parent Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time its financial position. They have general responsibility for taking such steps as are reasonably open to them to safeguard the assets of the Group and to prevent and detect fraud and other irregularities

The Directors are responsible for the maintenance and integrity of the corporate and financial information included on the Company's website. Legislation governing the preparation and dissemination of financial statements may differ from one jurisdiction to another

Directors' Report

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2015

The Directors of Cambria Africa Plc (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") submit their report, together with the audited financial statements for the year ended 31 August 2015

Principal activities

During the year, the Group was an investment company with a portfolio of investments in Zimbabwe, countries surrounding Zimbabwe, as well as the remainder of Sub-Saharan Africa, with a bias towards Southern and Eastern Africa.

Investing policy

The Company's investment objective is to provide Shareholders with long term capital appreciation

While the Company does not have a particular sectoral focus, utilising the investment skills of the Directors and their advisors, the Company seeks to identify individual companies in sectors best positioned to benefit should there be radical improvements in Zimbabwe's economy. The Company may make investments in the tourism, accommodation, infrastructure, transport, commercial and residential property, technology, communications, manufacturing, retail, services, leisure, agricultural and natural resources sectors. The Company may also make investments in businesses outside Zimbabwe and the countries surrounding Zimbabwe as well as the remainder of Sub-Saharan Africa, that have a significant exposure to assets, businesses or operations within the defined region. The Company will only be able to achieve its investment objective in the event the Zimbabwean economy radically improves.

Whilst there will not be any limit on the number or size of investments the Company can make in any sector, the Directors seek to diversify the Company's investments across various sectors in order to mitigate risk and to avoid concentrating the portfolio in any single sector

The Company's interest in a proposed investment or acquisition may range from a minority position to full ownership. The Company intends to actively manage the operations of the companies it has invested in. Wherever possible the Company will seek to achieve Board control or financial control of its portfolio companies. Indigenisation legislation within Zimbabwe may, however, prevent the Company from acquiring or maintaining a majority control in a Zimbabwean business

The Directors believe that through their individual and collective experience of investing and managing acquisitions and disposals in Africa, they have the necessary skills to manage the Company

and to source deal flow. Prior to any investment decisions being taken by the Board of the Company, a due diligence process is undertaken by the Company's appointed specialist financial and legal advisors

The Company's investment strategy is dependent upon future radical improvement in the economy of Zimbabwe and expansion into the immediate region. It is therefore possible that a significant period of time may elapse before an investment by the Company will produce any returns and there is no guarantee that the economy in Zimbabwe will improve. Accordingly, the Company may not be able to make any profits and may incur losses

The Directors intend to seek the consent of the Shareholders for the investment policy on an annual basis. The Company Directors will comply as a matter of policy with the US Office of Foreign Assets Control and the European Union Council Regulation (EC) No 314/2004 regulations

Results

The Group made a consolidated profit after non-controlling interests of US\$164 thousand (2014 loss US\$16,138 thousand) during the year and this has been set against reserves.

Business review and development

The Chief Executive's review of operations contains information on developments during the year and key potential future developments

The requirements of the enhanced business review in relation to strategy and progress thereon are contained in the Chief Executive's review of operations

The principal risks and uncertainties relate to the revenue generation in the Group's businesses which, being located in Africa, are subject to respective government policies, political stability, general economic conditions in the relevant country and exposure to foreign currency movements

The Group monitors cash flow as one of its primary key performance indicators. Given current global financial conditions, as well as current developments in Zimbabwe, the Directors are carefully monitoring cash resources within the

Business review and development (continued)

Group and have instigated a number of initiatives to ensure funding will be available to meet obligations as they fall due and for planned projects and ongoing working capital support for its investments

If such funding cannot be secured, the projects will be delayed or cancelled to ensure that the Group can manage its cash resources for the foreseeable future

The Group also uses a number of other key performance indicators which are measured at different tiers in the operation. At the top level, the Group tracks revenues, gross profit, EBITDA and cash generation against budget of the underlying subsidiaries

The Directors mitigate risk by evaluation of every investment that is made and have therefore developed a risk analysis reporting procedure, which links into the Company's Corporate Governance procedures.

Further information regarding the Group's policies and exposure to financial risk can be found in note 31 to the financial statements

Share capital

Details of changes to the Company's share capital and share premium during the financial year are contained in note 23 to the financial statements

Post statement of financial position events

Details of significant events since the reporting date are contained in note 39 to the financial statements

Corporate Governance

COMPLIANCE WITH THE UK CORPORATE GOVERNANCE CODE

The Directors recognise the value of the UK Corporate Governance Code (formerly the Combined Code on Corporate Governance) and, whilst under AIM rules full compliance is not required, the Directors are considering the recommendations and applicability in respect of the Company insofar as is practicable and appropriate for a public company of its size and will continue to implement appropriate compliance measures

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

At the date of this report the Board of Directors comprises of two Executive Directors, and two Non-Executive Directors, one of whom is the Chairman

The Directors are of the opinion that the Board comprises a suitable balance to enable the recommendations of the Code to be implemented to an appropriate level. The Board, through the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer in particular, maintains regular contact with its advisors, and institutional investors in order to ensure that the Board develops an understanding of the views of the major shareholders of the Company

The Board is responsible for formulating, reviewing and approving the Company's strategy, financial activities and operating performance. Day-to-day management is devolved to the executive management who are charged with consulting the Board on all significant financial and operational matters. Consequently, decisions are made promptly following consultation amongst the Directors and managers concerned, where necessary and appropriate

All necessary information is supplied to the Directors on a timely basis to enable them to discharge their duties effectively and all Directors have access to independent professional advice at the Company's expense, as and when required

The Chairman is available to meet with institutional shareholders to discuss any issues and concerns regarding the Group's governance. The Non-Executive Directors can also attend meetings with major shareholders, if requested

The participation of both private and institutional investors at the Annual General Meeting is welcomed by the Board

Directors' Report

For the year ended 31 August 2015

Corporate Governance (continued)

INTERNAL CONTROLS

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the Company's and the Group's systems of internal control, which are designed to safeguard the assets of the Group and ensure the reliability of financial information for both internal use and external publication. Overall control is ensured by a regular detailed reporting system covering the state of the Group's financial affairs. The Board has implemented procedures for identifying, evaluating and managing the significant risks that face the Group.

Any system of internal control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance that material financial irregularities will be detected or that the risk of failure to achieve business objectives is eliminated.

COMMITTEES

The Board is in the process of establishing the following committees:

AUDIT COMMITTEE

The role of the Audit Committee will be to oversee the nature and scope of the annual audit, management's reporting on internal accounting standards and practices, financial information and accounting systems and procedures and the Company's financial reporting statements. The Audit Committee's primary objectives will include assisting the Directors in meeting their responsibilities in respect of the Company's continuous financial disclosure obligations and overseeing the work of the Company's external auditors. The Audit Committee will comprise Paul Turner (Chairman) and Dipak Pandya.

REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

The Remuneration Committee will make recommendations to the Board on the remuneration policy that applies to Executive Directors and senior employees.

The Remuneration Committee will comprise Dipak Pandya (Chairman) and Paul Turner.

NOMINATION COMMITTEE

The Nomination Committee will be responsible for identifying candidates to fill vacancies on the Board, as and when they arise, and nominate them for approval by the Board. The Nomination Committee will comprise Paul Turner (Chairman), Samir Shasha and Dipak Pandya.

Declared substantial shareholdings

The Directors have been advised of the following shareholdings at 31 January 2016 of 3 per cent or more of the Company's issued share capital:

	NUMBER OF SHARES	PERCENT- AGE OF THE ISSUED CAPITAL
Ventures Africa Ltd*	107,000,000	50.55%
Consilium Investment Management LLC	16,262,798	7.68%
Russell Investments Ltd	14,252,663	6.73%
Roald Sommersel	7,168,458	3.39%

* Ventures Africa Limited is beneficially owned by Samir Shasha, director and CEO of the Company.

Directors

Biographical details of all Directors as well as dates of appointment and resignation are set out on page 8.

Directors' share interests

The Directors' who were in office at the beginning and end of the financial year, had the following interests in the shares of the Company:

DIRECTORS	AT 31 08 15 NO OF SHARES	AT 31 08 14 NO OF SHARES
Samir Shasha*	107,000,000	n/a
Josephine Watenphul	Nil	n/a
Dipak Pandya	Nil	n/a
Paul Turner	Nil	Nil
Ian Perkins**	880,250	880,250
Edzo Wisman**	1,428,705	1,428,705
Total	109,308,955	2,308,955

* Indirectly through Ventures Africa Limited

**Edzo Wisman and Ian Perkins resigned on 13 July 2015 and 14 July 2015 respectively

Share options held by the Directors are detailed in note 24 of the financial statements

All of the above interests are recorded in the Company's Register of Directors' Share and Debenture Interests. No Director has a beneficial interest in the shares or debentures of any of the Company's subsidiary undertakings

Anti-Corruption and Bribery Policy

The Company has in place an Anti-Corruption and Bribery Policy which has been adopted by the Company across all divisions of the Group. The Board has overall responsibility for ensuring compliance by Directors, employees and other persons associated with the Group with applicable legal and ethical obligations. The Company's Chief Executive Officer has primary and day-to-day responsibility for implementation of the policy. Management at all levels of the Group are responsible for ensuring those reporting to them are made aware of, and understand, the policy. The policy gives guidance on risk identification and the procedures to follow where a risk is identified, together with clear guidelines on gifts, entertainment

and donations

Insurance

The Company has Directors' and Officers' liability insurance cover in place for Group Directors.

Share price performance

Between 1 September 2014 and 31 August 2015 the share price varied between a high of 5 38p and a low of 0 60p. At 31 August 2015 the closing market price of the shares at close of business was 0 825p (2014 5 38p). On 26 February 2016 the closing price of the shares was 0 40p.

Auditors

A resolution to re-appoint Baker Tilly Isle of Man LLC and to authorise the Directors to fix their remuneration will be proposed at the Annual General Meeting.

The Directors who held office at the date of approval of this Directors' Report confirm that, so far as they are each aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's Auditors are unaware, and each Director has taken all the steps that he/she ought to have taken as a Director to make himself/herself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's Auditors are aware of that information.

Annual General Meeting

The notice of meeting, together with a form of proxy, will be sent out separately at a later date.

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD
PAUL TURNER
CHAIRMAN
29 FEBRUARY 2016

Report of the Independent Auditors, Baker Tilly Isle of Man LLC, to the members of Cambria Africa Plc

We have audited the Group and Parent Company financial Statements (the “financial statements”) of Cambria Africa Plc for the year ended 31 August 2015 which comprise the Consolidated Income Statement, the Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income, the Consolidated Statement of Changes In Equity, the Consolidated and Company Statements of Financial Position, the Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows and the related notes. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union.

This report is made solely to the Company’s members, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company’s members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor’s report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company’s members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Respective responsibilities of Directors and Auditor

As explained more fully in the Directors’ Responsibilities Statement set out on page 9, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of financial statements that give a true and fair view. Our responsibility is to audit, and express an opinion on, the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland). Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board’s Ethical Standards for Auditors.

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the Group’s circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed; the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements. In addition, we read all the financial and non-financial information in the Directors Report to identify material inconsistencies with the audited financial statements. If we become aware of any apparent material misstatements or inconsistencies we consider implications for our report.

Report of the Independent Auditors, Baker Tilly Isle of Man LLC, to the members of Cambria Africa Plc (continued)

Opinion on the financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group and Parent Company's affairs as at 31 August 2015 and of the Group's profit for the year then ended, and
- have been properly prepared in accordance with IFRS as adopted by the European Union

Emphasis of matter

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not modified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 2 to the financial statements concerning the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The group, which at 31 August 2015 has net current liabilities of \$2.35 million, has significant external borrowings which mature during 2016. \$5.08m is due for repayment in April 2016 and a further \$2.00m is due for repayment in July 2016. Although the directors are taking steps to refinance these loans, these circumstances, along with other matters set out in note 2 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the Group was unable to continue as a going concern.

Baker Tilly Isle of Man LLC
Chartered Accountants
2a Lord Street
Douglas
Isle of Man
IM99 1HP
29 February 2016

Consolidated Income Statement

For the year ended 31 August 2015

		2015 TOTAL US\$'000	2014 TOTAL US\$'000
	NOTE		
Revenue	5	10,306	9,405
Cost of sales	6	(4,670)	(4,388)
Gross profit		5,636	5,017
Operating costs	6	(7,766)	(8,513)
Other income		7	17
Net proceeds on litigation settlement		3,474	-
Net profits/(losses) on disposal of investments and impairment of assets		199	(774)
Operating profit/(loss)		1,550	(4,253)
Finance income	8	10	21
Finance costs	8	(740)	(1,128)
Net finance costs		(730)	(1,107)
Profit/(loss) before tax		820	(5,360)
Income tax	9	(271)	(319)
Profit/(loss) for the period from continuing operations		549	(5,679)
Discontinued operations			
Loss for the year from discontinued operations, net of tax	5/10	(94)	(10,166)
Profit/(loss) for the year		455	(15,845)
Attributable to:			
Owners of the company		164	(16,138)
Non-controlling interests		291	293
Profit/(loss) for the year		455	(15,845)
Earnings per share - all operations			
Basic and diluted profit/(loss) per share (Cents)	11	0 1c	(19 5c)
Earnings per share-continuing operations			
Basic and diluted profit/(loss) per share (Cents)	11	0 2c	(7 2c)

The notes on pages 22 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income

For the year ended 31 August 2015

	2015	2014
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	455	(15,845)
Other comprehensive income		
<i>Items that will not be reclassified to income statement</i>		
Foreign currency translation differences for overseas operations	97	12
Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the year	552	(15,833)
Attributable to:		
Owners of the company	261	(16,126)
Non-controlling interest	291	293
Total comprehensive profit/(loss) for the year	552	(15,833)

The notes on pages 22 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 August 2015

	ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY									TOTAL EQUITY US\$'000
	SHARE CAPITAL	SHARE PREMIUM	RE VALUA TION RESERVE	FOREIGN EXCHANGE RESERVE	SHARE BASED PAYMENT RESERVE	RETAINED EARNINGS	NDR	TOTAL	NON CON- TROLLING INTERESTS	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Balance at 31 August 2014	18	82,487	438	(10,629)	86	(75,890)	2,241	(1,249)	9	(1,240)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	-	-	164	-	164	291	455
Foreign currency translation differences for overseas operations	-	-	-	97	-	-	-	97	-	97
Total comprehensive profit for the year	-	-	-	97	-	164	-	261	291	552
Contributions by and dis- tributions to owners of the Company recognised directly in equity										
Disposal of subsidiary	-	-	-	-	-	341	(341)	-	-	-
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(235)	(235)
Issue of ordinary shares	15	1,463	-	-	-	-	-	1,479	-	1,479
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company	15	1,463	-	-	-	341	(341)	1,479	(235)	1,244
Balance at 31 August 2015	34	83,950	438	(10,532)	86	(75,385)	1,900	491	65	556

The notes on pages 22 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

For the year ended 31 August 2015

	ATTRIBUTABLE TO OWNERS OF THE COMPANY									TOTAL EQUITY US\$'000
	SHARE CAPITAL	SHARE PREMIUM	RE VALUA TION RESERVE	FOREIGN EXCHANGE RESERVE	SHARE BASED PAYMENT RESERVE	RETAINED EARNINGS	NDR	TOTAL	NON-CON TROLLING INTERESTS	
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Balance at 31 August 2013	12	78,798	77	(10,641)	86	(59,752)	2,241	10,821	(80)	10,741
Loss for the year	-	-	-	-	-	(16,138)	-	(16,138)	293	(15,845)
Deferred tax adjustment	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Foreign currency translation differences for overseas operations	-	-	-	12	-	-	-	12	-	12
Total comprehensive loss for the year	-	-	-	12	-	(16,138)	-	(16,126)	293	(15,833)
Contributions by and dis- tributions to owners of the Company recognised directly in equity										
Deferred tax adjustment	-	-	361	-	-	-	-	361	-	361
Dividends paid	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(204)	(204)
Issue of ordinary shares	6	3,689	-	-	-	-	-	3,695	-	3,695
Share based payment release	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total contributions by and distributions to owners of the Company	6	3,689	361	-	-	-	-	4,056	(204)	3,852
Balance at 31 August 2014	18	82,487	438	(10,629)	86	(75,890)	2,241	(1,249)	9	(1,240)

The notes on pages 22 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Consolidated and Company Statement of Financial Position

As at 31 August 2015

	NOTES	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Assets					
Property, plant and equipment	12	2,594	-	2,705	18
Biological assets	13	-	-	-	-
Goodwill	14	717	-	717	-
Intangible assets	15	2	-	14	-
Investment in subsidiaries	17	-	-	-	-
Total non-current assets		3,313	-	3,436	18
Inventories	18	761	-	1,385	-
Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	19	50	-	66	-
Trade and other receivables	20	5,993	8,383	1,408	12,378
Cash and cash equivalents	21	645	50	405	38
Assets held for sale	5	-	-	6,469	-
Total current assets		7,449	8,433	9,733	12,416
Total assets		10,762	8,433	13,169	12,434
Equity					
Issued share capital	22,23	34	34	18	18
Share premium account	22,23	83,950	83,950	82,487	82,487
Revaluation reserve	22,23	438	-	438	-
Share based payment reserve	22,23,24	86	86	86	86
Foreign exchange reserve	22	(10,532)	(13,186)	(10,629)	(13,186)
Non distributable reserves	22	1,900	-	2,241	-
Retained losses		(75,385)	(70,270)	(75,890)	(65,055)
Equity attributable to owners of company		491	614	(1,249)	4,350
Non-controlling Interests		65	-	9	-
Total equity		556	614	(1,240)	4,350
Liabilities					
Loans and borrowing	25	45	-	6,745	4,685
Provisions	26	183	-	182	-
Deferred tax liabilities	27	177	-	178	-
Total non-current liabilities		405	-	7,105	4,685
Bank overdraft	21	-	-	-	-
Current tax liabilities	29	200	-	269	-
Loans and borrowings	25,28	6,877	4,812	348	249
Trade and other payables	29	2,724	3,007	2,865	3,150
Liabilities held for sale	5	-	-	3,822	-
Total current liabilities		9,801	7,819	7,304	3,399
Total liabilities		10,206	7,819	14,409	8,084
Total equity and liabilities		10,762	8,433	13,169	12,434

These financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 29 February 2016. They were signed on their behalf by

MR SAMIR SHASHA
EXECUTIVE DIRECTOR

The notes on pages 22 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended 31 August 2015

	NOTES	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000
Cash used in operations	30	(2,590)	(3,647)
Taxation paid		(342)	(287)
Cash used in operating activities		(2,932)	(3,934)
Cash flows from investing activities			
Proceeds on disposal of property, plant and equipment		126	673
Purchase of property, plant and equipment		(88)	(169)
Proceeds on disposal of subsidiary		2,445	-
Other investing activities		-	(349)
Interest received		10	21
Net cash from investing activities		2,493	176
Cash flows from financing activities			
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests		(235)	(204)
Interest paid		(363)	(1,174)
Proceeds from issue of share capital		1,479	3,694
Loans repaid	25/28	(595)	(187)
Proceeds from drawdown of loans	25/28	62	530
Net cash generated by financing activities		348	2,659
Net increase/(decrease) in cash and cash equivalents		(91)	(1,099)
Cash and cash equivalents at 1 September		639	1,738
Foreign exchange		97	-
Net cash and cash equivalents at 31 August	21	645	639
<i>Cash and cash equivalents as above comprise the following</i>			
Cash and cash equivalents		645	639
Bank overdraft		-	-
Net cash and cash equivalents at 31 August	21	645	639

The notes on pages 22 to 65 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

1. Reporting entity

Cambria Africa Plc (the "Company") is a public limited company listed on the Alternative Investment Market (AIM) and incorporated in the Isle of Man under the Companies Act 2006. The consolidated financial statements of the Group for the year ended 31 August 2015 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as the "Group" and individually as "Group entities").

The majority shareholder is Ventures Africa Limited and the ultimate controlling entity is S Shasha and Associates.

The financial statements were authorised for issue by the Directors on 29 February 2016.

2. Basis of preparation

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the E.U. On publishing the Company statement of financial position here together with the Group financial statements, the Company complies with the Isle of Man Companies Act 2006 under which there is no requirement to present a company statement of comprehensive income in consolidated financial statements.

STANDARDS ADOPTED IN THE CURRENT PERIOD

STANDARD/INTERPRETATION	EU EFFECTIVE DATE
IFRS 10 Consolidated Financial Statements*	1 January 2014
IFRS 11 Joint Arrangements*	1 January 2014
IFRS 12 Disclosure of Interests in Other Entities*	1 January 2014
IAS 27 Separate Financial Statements	1 January 2014
IAS 28 Inv. in Associates and Joint Ventures	1 January 2014
* Transition Guidance	1 January 2014
IAS 32 Offsetting Financial Assets and Liabilities	1 January 2014
IFRS 10,12 & IAS 27 Investment Entities	1 January 2014
IAS 36 Recoverable Amount Disclosures for Non-financial Assets	1 January 2014

IAS 39	Novation of Derivatives and Continuation of Hedge Accounting	1 January 2014
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NEW AND AMENDED STANDARDS EFFECTIVE FOR FUTURE PERIODS

The following standards and interpretations were in issue but not yet effective and were not applied in these financial statements.

STANDARD/INTERPRETATION	EU EFFECTIVE DATE
Duverse IFRS Annual Improvements IFRS 2010 - 2012	1 February 2015
Diverse IFRS Annual Improvements IFRS 2011 - 2013	1 January 2015
Diverse IFRS Annual Improvements IFRS 2012 - 2014	1 January 2016
IFRS 14 Regulatory Deferral Accounts	1 January 2016
IFRS 15 Revenue with Contracts from Customers	1 January 2018
IAS 19 Defined Benefit Plans Employee Contributions	1 February 2015
IFRS 11 Accounting for Acquisitions of Interests in Joint Operations (Amendments)	1 January 2016
IAS 16 & 38 Clarification of Acceptable Methods of Depreciation and Amortisation (Amendments)	1 January 2016
IAS 16 & 41 Agriculture Bearer Plants (Amendments)	1 January 2016
IAS 27 Equity Method in Separate Financial Statements (Amendments)	1 January 2016
IAS 1 Disclosure Initiative (Amendments)	1 January 2016

BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis except for the following:

- biological assets measured at fair value less cost to sell
- land and buildings measured at revalued amounts
- share-based payments measured at fair value

2. Basis of preparation (continued)

FUNCTIONAL AND PRESENTATION CURRENCY

The consolidated financial statements are presented in United States Dollars, which, with effect from 1 September 2011, is the Company's functional currency. The change in presentational currency made at 1 September 2011 was to better reflect the Group's business activities since cash flows and economic returns are principally denominated in United States Dollars

USE OF ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRSs requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, income and expenses. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and various other factors that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances, the results of which form the basis of making the judgements about carrying values of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised if the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods if the revision affects both current and future periods.

Information about critical judgements in applying accounting policies and assumptions and estimation uncertainties that have the most significant effect on the amounts recognised in the consolidated financial statements is included in the following notes:

- Note 13 – Biological assets
- Note 14 – Goodwill
- Note 12 – Property, plant and equipment
- Note 26 – Provisions

By their nature, these estimates and assumptions are subject to an inherent measurement of uncertainty and the effect on the Group's financial statements of changes in estimates in future periods could be significant.

GOING CONCERN

The Group's business activities and financial performance are set out in the Chief Executive's Review on pages 3 to 7. In addition, note 31 to the financial statements includes the Group's objectives, policies and processes for managing its capital; its financial risk management objectives, details of its financial instruments and its exposure to credit and liquidity risk.

The Board has considered the cash flow forecasts for the ensuing 12 months including the maturity profile of its contractual debt obligations. The Lonrho settlement has improved the Group's cash position and the Board is confident that it will have access to sufficient financial resources for its immediate needs and will be able to refinance its contractual debt obligations. Further relevant information is available in notes 25 and 28.

After making enquiries, the Directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company and the Group have adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Accordingly, they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the annual report and financial statements.

3. Significant accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently by the Group.

(A) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statements of the Company and Group entities controlled by the Company (its subsidiaries). Control is achieved where the Company is exposed, or has rights, to variable returns from its involvement with the investee and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the investee. The financial statements of subsidiaries are included in the consolidated financial statements from the date that control commenced until the date that control ceases.

The interest of non-controlling shareholders is stated at their proportion of the fair values of the assets and liabilities recognised. Subsequently, losses applicable to the non-controlling interests are allocated against their interests even if doing so causes the non-controlling interests to have a deficit balance.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(A) BASIS OF CONSOLIDATION (CONTINUED)

The results of entities acquired or disposed of during the year are included in the consolidated income statement from the effective date of acquisition or up to the effective date of disposal as appropriate. Where necessary, the financial statements of the subsidiaries are adjusted to conform to the Group's accounting policies. All intra-group transactions, balances, income and expenses are eliminated on consolidation.

BUSINESS COMBINATIONS

The acquisition of subsidiaries is accounted for using the acquisition method. The cost of the acquisition is measured at the aggregate of the fair values at the date of exchange of assets given, liabilities incurred or assumed, and equity instruments issued by the Group in exchange for control of the acquiree. Acquisition related costs are expensed as incurred unless they relate to the cost of issuing debt or equity securities. The acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities that meet the conditions for recognition under IFRS 3 are recognised at their fair values at the acquisition date, except for non-current assets that are classified as held for sale in accordance with IFRS 5, which are recognised and measured at fair value less costs to sell.

Goodwill arising on acquisition is recognised as an asset at the date that control is assumed (the acquisition date) and initially measured at cost, being the excess of the cost of the business combination over the Group's interest in the fair value of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised.

If, after reassessment, the Group's interest in the net fair value of the acquiree's identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities exceeds the cost of the business combination, the excess is recognised immediately in the income statement.

The interest of non-controlling shareholders in the acquiree is initially measured at the non-controlling interests' proportion of the net fair value of the assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities recognised.

(B) INTANGIBLE ASSETS

GOODWILL

Goodwill arising on consolidation is recognised as an asset. Following initial recognition, goodwill is subject to impairment reviews, at least annually, and measured at cost less accumulated impairment losses. The recoverable amount is estimated at each reporting date.

Any impairment loss is recognised immediately in the income statement and is not subsequently reversed when the carrying amount of the asset exceeds its recoverable amount.

Any impairment losses recognised in respect of cash generating units are allocated first to reduce the carrying amount of any goodwill allocated to cash-generating units (groups of units) and then to reduce the carrying amount of other assets in the unit (groups of units) on a pro rata basis.

On disposal of a subsidiary the attributable amount of goodwill is included in the determination of the gain or loss on disposal.

OTHER INTANGIBLE ASSETS

Other intangible assets are measured initially at cost and are amortised on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives. The carrying amount is reduced by any provision for impairment where necessary.

On a business combination, as well as recording separable intangible assets already recognised in the statement of financial position of the acquired entity at their fair value, identifiable intangible assets that are separable or arise from contractual or other legal rights are also included in the acquisition statement of financial position at fair value.

Amortisation of intangible assets, disclosed under operating costs and in note 6, is charged over their useful economic life, as follows -

Licences	5-6 years
Brand name	7 years

(C) FOREIGN CURRENCIES

The individual financial statements of each Group entity are presented in the currency of the primary economic environment in which it operates (its functional currency).

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(C) FOREIGN CURRENCIES (CONTINUED)

For the purpose of the consolidated financial statements, the results and financial position of each of the Group entities are expressed in United States Dollars, which is the functional currency of the Company, and the presentational currency for the consolidated financial statements

In preparing the financial statements of the individual Group entities, transactions denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the respective functional currency of the Group entities using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of transactions.

Non-monetary assets and liabilities are translated at the historic rate. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are translated into the functional currency at the rates of exchange ruling at the reporting date. Non-monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies that are measured at fair value are retranslated to the functional currency at the exchange rate at the date that the fair value was determined.

Exchange differences arising on the settlement of monetary items, and on the retranslation of monetary items, are included in the income statement for the year, as either finance income or finance costs depending on whether foreign currency movements are in a net gain or net loss position.

Exchange differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items earned at fair value are included within the income statement for the period except for differences arising on the retranslation of non-monetary items in respect of which gains and losses are recognised directly in equity. For such non-monetary items, any exchange component of that gain or loss is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

For the purpose of presenting consolidated financial statements, the assets and liabilities of the Group's foreign operations are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the reporting date. Income and expenses are translated at the average exchange rates for the period, unless exchange rates fluctuate so as to have a material impact on the financial statements during that period, in which case the exchange rates at the date of transactions are used.

Exchange differences arising, if any, are recognised in other

comprehensive income and are transferred to the Group's foreign currency translation reserve within equity.

(D) TAXATION

The tax expense represents the sum of current and deferred tax.

CURRENT TAXATION

Current tax is based on taxable profit for the period for the Group. Taxable profit differs from net profit in the income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The Group's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date.

DEFERRED TAXATION

Deferred tax is the tax expected to be payable or recoverable on differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit, and is accounted for using the balance sheet liability method. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which deductible temporary differences can be utilised. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the temporary difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition (other than in a business combination) of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit. Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for taxable temporary differences arising on the investments in subsidiaries and associates, except where the Group is able to control the reversal of the temporary difference and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the income statement, except when it relates to items charged or credited to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(D) TAXATION (CONTINUED)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are off set when there is a legally enforceable right to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities, when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority and the Group intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis

(E) OTHER INVESTMENTS

Other asset investments are stated at fair value, adjusted for impairment losses

(F) PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

Land and buildings are stated at their revalued amounts, being the fair value at the date of revaluation, less any impairment losses. Revaluations are performed with sufficient regularity such that the carrying amount does not differ materially from that which would be determined using fair values at the reporting date

Any revaluation increase arising on the revaluation of such assets is credited to the revaluation reserve, except to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease for the same asset previously recognised as an expense, in which case the increase is credited to the income statement to the extent of the decrease previously charged. A decrease in carrying amount arising on the revaluation of such asset is charged as an expense to the extent that it exceeds the balance, if any, held in the revaluation reserve relating to a previous revaluation of that asset. Depreciation on revalued assets is charged to the income statement. On subsequent sale or retirement of a revalued asset, the attributable revaluation surplus remaining is transferred directly to retained earnings

Depreciation is charged straight line so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets, other than land and buildings, over their estimated useful lives. The annual depreciation rates used for this purpose are

Freehold buildings	2%
Plant and machinery	10%
Motor vehicles	15%-25%

Fixtures and fittings	15%-25%
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The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sales proceeds and the carrying amount of the asset and is recognised in the income statement for the year

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated over their expected useful lives on the same basis as owned assets, or where shorter, over the relevant lease term. No depreciation is provided on land and buildings

Property, plant and equipment identified for disposal are reclassified as assets held for resale

(G) BIOLOGICAL ASSETS

Biological assets which consist of living animals (game) are measured on initial recognition and at subsequent reporting dates at fair value less estimated costs to sell, unless fair value cannot be reliably measured. All costs related to biological assets that are measured at fair value are recognised as expenses when incurred, other than costs to purchase biological assets

(H) IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS EXCLUDING GOODWILL

At each reporting date, the Group reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of any impairment loss. Where the asset does not generate cash flows that are independent from other assets, the Group estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. Recoverable amount is the higher of fair value less costs to sell and value in use. In assessing value in use, the estimated future cash flows are discounted to their present value using a pre-tax discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value and the risks specific to the asset for which the estimates of future cash flows have not been adjusted

If the recoverable amount of an asset (or cash-generating unit) is estimated to be less than its carrying amount, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is reduced to its recoverable amount. An impairment loss is recognised as an expense immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation decrease

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(H) IMPAIRMENT OF ASSETS EXCLUDING GOODWILL (CONTINUED)

Where an impairment loss subsequently reverses, the carrying amount of the asset (or cash-generating unit) is increased to the revised estimate of its recoverable amount, but so that the increased carrying amount does not exceed the carrying amount that would have been determined had no impairment loss been recognised for the asset (or cash-generating unit) in prior years. A reversal of an impairment loss is recognised as income immediately, unless the relevant asset is carried at a revalued amount, in which case the reversal of the impairment loss is treated as a revaluation increase.

(I) FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

Non-derivative financial instruments comprise investments in equity, trade and other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, loans and borrowings and trade and other payables. Financial assets and financial liabilities are recognised in the Group's statement of financial position when the Group becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash in hand and demand deposits and other short term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the statement of cash flows.

TRADE RECEIVABLES

Trade receivables are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Appropriate allowances for estimated recoverable amounts are recognised in profit or loss when there is objective evidence the asset is impaired.

TRADE PAYABLES

Trade payables are initially measured at fair value and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method.

FINANCIAL LIABILITIES

Financial liabilities are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into.

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The new Board's objective, following the poor results of the last few years, is to restore and rebuild the group's capital base to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business.

BANK BORROWINGS

Interest bearing bank loans and overdrafts are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs. Finance charges, including premiums payable on settlement or redemption and direct issue costs, are accounted for on an amortised cost basis to the income statement using the effective interest method and are added to the carrying amount of the instrument to the extent that they are not settled in the period in which they arise.

EQUITY INSTRUMENTS

Equity instruments issued by the Company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs.

(J) INVENTORIES

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost comprises direct materials and where applicable direct expenditure and attributable overheads that have been incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. Net realisable value represents the estimated selling price less all estimated costs of completion and costs to be incurred in marketing, selling and distribution.

(K) SHARE BASED PAYMENTS

The Group provides benefits to certain employees (including senior executives) of the Group in the form of share based payments, whereby employees render services in exchange for shares or rights over shares (equity-settled transactions). The cost of these equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted. The fair value is determined by using a Black-Scholes model. The dilutive effect, if any, of outstanding options is reflected as additional share dilution in the computation of earnings per share.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(K) SHARE BASED PAYMENTS (CONTINUED)

The grant date fair value of options granted to employees is recognised as an employee expense with a corresponding increase in equity over the period the employees become unconditionally entitled to the options

(L) INTEREST-BEARING BORROWINGS

Interest-bearing borrowings are recognised initially at fair value less attributable transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, interest-bearing borrowings are stated at amortised cost with any difference between cost and redemption value being recognised in the income statement over the period of the borrowings on an effective interest basis

(M) DIVIDENDS

Interim dividends are recognised as a liability in the period in which they are proposed and declared. Final dividends are recognised when approved by the shareholders

(N) PROVISIONS

A provision is recognised in the statement of financial position when the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of a past event and it is probable that an outflow of economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation. If the effect is material, provisions are determined by discounting the expected future cash flows at a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and, where appropriate, the risks specific to the liability

(O) REVENUE RECOGNITION

Revenue is derived from the sale of goods and services and is measured at the fair value of consideration received or receivable after deducting discounts, volume rebates, value-added tax and other sales taxes. A sale of goods and services is recognised when recovery of the consideration is probable, there is no continuing management involvement with the goods and services and the amount of revenue can be measured reliably

A sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have passed to the buyer, the associated costs and possible return of goods can be estimated reliably. This is when title and insurance risk have passed to the custom-

er and the goods have been delivered to a contractually agreed location. A sale of services is recognised when the service has been rendered

(P) LEASES

Leases are classified according to the substance of the transaction. A lease that transfers substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee is classified as a finance lease. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

FINANCE LEASES

Finance leases are capitalised at their fair value or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments, each determined at the inception of the lease. The corresponding liability is shown as a finance lease obligation to the lessor. Leasing repayments comprise both a capital and finance element. The finance element is written off to the income statement so as to produce an approximately constant periodic rate of charge on the outstanding obligations. Such assets are depreciated over the shorter of their estimated useful lives and the period of the lease

OPERATING LEASES

Operating lease rentals are charged to the income statement on a straight line basis over the period of the lease

(Q) BORROWING COST

Borrowing costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or production of a qualifying asset, which are assets that necessarily take a substantial period of time to get ready for their intended use or sale, are added to the cost of those assets, until such time as the assets are substantially ready for their intended use or sale. Investment income earned on the temporary investment of specific borrowings pending their expenditure on qualifying assets is deducted from the borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation. All other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement in the period in which they are incurred

(R) EARNINGS/(LOSS) PER SHARE

Basic earnings/(loss) per share is calculated based on the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year. Diluted loss per share is based upon the weighted average number of shares in issue throughout the year, adjusted for the dilutive effect of potential ordinary shares. The only potential ordinary shares in issue are employee share options.

3. Significant accounting policies (continued)

(S) SEGMENT REPORTING

A segment is a distinguishable component of the Group that is engaged either in providing products or services (business segment), or in providing products or services within a particular economic environment (geographical segment), which is subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other segments

(T) ASSETS HELD FOR SALE AND DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

ASSETS HELD FOR SALE

Non-current assets, or disposal groups comprising assets and liabilities, are classified as held-for-sale or held-for-distribution if it is highly probable that they will be recovered primarily through sale or distribution rather than through continuing use

Immediately before classification as held-for-sale or held-for-distribution, the assets, or components of a disposal group, are remeasured in accordance with the Group's other accounting policies

Thereafter, generally the assets, or disposal group, are measured at the lower of their carrying amount and fair value less costs to sell. Any impairment loss on a disposal group is allocated first to goodwill, and then to the remaining assets and liabilities on a pro rata basis, except that no loss is allocated to inventories, financial assets, deferred tax assets, employee benefit assets, investment property or biological assets, which continue to be measured in accordance with the Group's other accounting policies. Impairment losses on initial classification as held-for-sale or held-for-distribution and subsequent gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in profit or loss. Gains are not recognised in excess of any cumulative impairment loss.

Once classified as held-for-sale or held-for-distribution, intangible assets and property, plant and equipment are no longer amortised or depreciated, and any equity-accounted investee is no longer equity accounted.

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

A discontinued operation is a component of the Group's business, the operations and cash flows of which can be clearly distinguished from the rest of the Group and which

- represents a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations,
- is part of a single co-ordinated plan to dispose of a separate major line of business or geographical area of operations, or
- is a subsidiary acquired exclusively with a view to re-sale

Classification as a discontinued operation occurs on disposal or when the operation meets the criteria to be classified as held-for-sale, if earlier.

When an operation is classified as a discontinued operation, the comparative statement of comprehensive income is re-presented as if the operation had been discontinued from the start of the comparative year.

4. Determination of fair values

A number of the Group's accounting policies and disclosures require the determination of fair value, for both financial and non-financial assets and liabilities. Fair values have been determined for measurement and/or disclosure purposes based on the following methods. Where applicable, further information about the assumptions made in determining fair values is disclosed in the notes specific to that asset or liability.

INVENTORIES

The fair value of inventories acquired in a business combination is determined based on the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and sale, and a reasonable profit margin based on the effort required to complete and sell the inventories.

EQUITY AND DEBT SECURITIES

The fair values of investments for equity and debt securities are determined with reference to their quoted closing bid price at the measurement date. Subsequent to initial recognition, the fair values of held-to-maturity investments are determined for disclosure purposes only.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

4. Determination of fair values (continued)

TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

The fair values of trade and other receivables are estimated at the present value of future cash flows, discounted at the market rate of interest at the measurement date. Short-term receivables with no stated interest rate are measured at the original invoice amount if the effect of discounting is immaterial. Fair value is determined at initial recognition and, for disclosure purposes, at each annual reporting date.

PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT

The fair value of property, plant and equipment recognised as a result of a business combination is the estimated amount for which property could be exchanged on the acquisition date between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably. The fair value of items of plant, equipment, fixtures and fittings is based on the market approach and cost approaches using quoted market prices for similar items when available and depreciated replacement cost when appropriate. Depreciated replacement cost reflects adjustments for physical deterioration as well as functional and economic obsolescence.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY

An external independent valuation company having appropriate recognised professional qualifications and recent experience in the location and category of property being valued, values the Group's property portfolio. The fair values are based on market values, being the estimated amount for which a property could be exchanged on the date of the valuation between a willing buyer and a willing seller in an arm's length transaction after proper marketing wherein the parties had each acted knowledgeably.

In the absence of current prices in an active market, the valuations are prepared by considering the estimated rental value of the property. A market yield is applied to the estimated rental value to arrive at the gross property valuation. When actual rents differ materially from the estimated rental value, adjustments are made to reflect actual rents.

Due to the unique nature of a number of properties within the Group's portfolio, external valuations are obtained, however the Directors also review the valuations and may determine the need for impairment for the financial statements given their

own knowledge of the properties and in particular where there has been interest from third parties in purchasing the properties, the Directors may refer to amounts offered for purchase.

5. Segment reporting

Segment information is presented in respect of the Group's business segments based on the Group's management and internal reporting structure. The results of the business segments are reviewed regularly by the Group's CEO to make decisions about resources to be allocated to the segment and to assess its performance, and for which discrete financial information is available.

Inter-segment pricing is determined on an arm's length basis and inter-segment revenue is eliminated.

Segment results that are reported to the CEO include items directly attributable to a segment as well as those that can be allocated on a reasonable basis. Unallocated items mainly interest-bearing loans, borrowings and expenses, and corporate assets and expenses primarily relating to Company's head office.

Segment capital expenditure is the total cost incurred during the period to acquire segment assets that are expected to be used for more than one period.

GEOGRAPHICAL SEGMENTS

Support services and industrial chemicals operate primarily in Zimbabwe, with industrial chemicals start up operations commencing in the period under review in bordering countries in Sub-Saharan Africa. Separate geographical analysis is therefore not presented.

BUSINESS SEGMENTS

For management purposes, continuing operations are organised into three main business segments:

- Outsource and IT services - includes payments and business process outsourcing and payroll services
- Industrial chemicals - includes the manufacture and distribution of industrial solvents and mining chemicals
- Head office

In addition, the following segments are reported separately as discontinued operations: Hotels; Aviation, IT hardware and outsource service including pharmaceutical outsourcing, and commercial printing.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

5. Segment reporting (continued)

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2015	INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS	OUTSOURCE AND IT SERVICES	HEAD OFFICE	LITIGATION SETTLEMENT	TOTAL
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Revenue	5,294	5,021	-	-	10,315
Inter-segment revenue	-	(9)	-	-	(9)
Revenue from external customers	5,294	5,012	-	-	10,306
Cost of sales to external customers	(4,402)	(268)	-	-	(4,670)
Gross profit	892	4,744	-	-	5,636
Operating costs	(1,852)	(3,525)	(2,000)	(1,278)	(8,655)
Other operating income	-	7	-	4,752	4,759
Impairment of assets	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	(50)	(146)	18	-	(178)
Amortisation	(1)	(11)	-	-	(12)
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	(1,011)	1,069	(1,982)	3,474	1,550
Finance income	1	9	-	-	10
Finance expense	(9)	(306)	(425)	-	(740)
Income tax expense	-	(269)	(2)	-	(271)
Profit/(loss) for the year	(1,019)	503	(2,409)	3,474	549
EBITDA *	* (954)	1,226	(2,000)	3,474	1,746

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014	INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS	OUTSOURCE AND IT SERVICES	HEAD OFFICE	TOTAL
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Revenue	4,811	4,609	-	9,420
Inter-segment revenue	-	(15)	-	(15)
Revenue from external customers	4,811	4,594	-	9,405
Cost of sales to external customers	(3,990)	(398)	-	(4,388)
Gross profit	821	4,196	-	5,017
Operating costs	(1,786)	(3,176)	(3,115)	(8,077)
Other operating income	2	14	-	16
Impairment of assets	-	(709)	-	(709)
Depreciation	(45)	(175)	(77)	(297)
Amortisation	(1)	(25)	(178)	(204)
Operating profit/(loss) for the year	(1,009)	125	(3,370)	(4,254)
Finance income	9	13	(1)	21
Finance expense	(42)	(327)	(758)	(1,127)
Income tax expense	-	(317)	(2)	(319)
Loss for the year	(1,042)	(506)	(4,131)	(5,679)
EBITDA *	* (958)	325	(3,115)	(3,748)

* Earnings Before Interest, Taxation, Depreciation and Amortisation Adjusted for depreciation included in cost of sales

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

5. Segment reporting (continued)

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2015	HOTELS	AVIATION	PRINTING & PROPS	OUTSOURCE AND IT SERVICES	TOTAL
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Revenue	276	-	-	-	276
Inter segment revenue	-	-	-	-	-
Revenue from external customers	276	-	-	-	276
Cost of sales to external customers	(70)	-	-	-	(70)
Gross profit	206	-	-	-	206
Operating costs	(300)	-	-	-	(300)
Other operating income	-	-	-	-	-
(Impairment)/write-back of PPE and receivables	-	-	-	-	-
Loss on disposal of property	-	-	-	-	-
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Amortisation	-	-	-	-	-
Operating loss	(94)	-	-	-	(94)
Finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Finance expense	-	-	-	-	-
Income tax credit/(expense)	-	-	-	-	-
Loss for the year	(94)	-	-	-	(94)
EBITDA*	(94)	-	-	-	(94)

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014	HOTELS	AVIATION	PRINTING & PROPS	OUTSOURCE AND IT SERVICES	TOTAL
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Revenue	2,032	-	27	-	2,059
Inter segment revenue	4	-	-	-	4
Revenue from external customers	2,036	-	27	-	2,063
Cost of sales to external customers	(488)	-	-	-	(488)
Gross profit	1,548	-	27	-	1,575
Operating costs	(1,983)	(802)	(14)	-	(2,799)
Other operating income	64	-	29	-	93
(Impairment)/write-back of PPE and receivables	(8,818)	-	-	-	(8,818)
Loss on disposal of property	-	-	(357)	-	(357)
Depreciation	-	-	-	-	-
Amortisation	-	-	-	-	-
Operating loss	(9,189)	(802)	(315)	-	(10,306)
Finance income	-	-	-	-	-
Finance expense	(46)	-	-	-	(46)
Income tax credit/(expense)	223	-	(37)	-	186
Loss for the year	(9,012)	(802)	(352)	-	(10,166)
EBITDA*	(371)	(802)	(344)	-	(1,488)

* Earnings Before Interest, Taxation, Depreciation and Amortisation

5. Segment reporting (continued)

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2015	INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS US\$'000	OUTSOURCE AND IT SERVICES US\$'000	HEAD OFFICE US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
Segment assets	1,758	1,074	7,930	10,762
Segment liabilities	641	2,797	6,768	10,206
Capital expenditure	37	71	-	108

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2014	INDUSTRIAL CHEMICALS US\$'000	OUTSOURCE AND IT SERVICES US\$'000	HEAD OFFICE US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
Segment assets	2,528	930	3,242	6,700
Segment liabilities	1,037	2,916	6,635	10,588
Capital expenditure	99	40	9	148

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 AUGUST 2015	NOTE	HOTELS US\$'000	PRINTING US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
Property, plant and equipment		-	-	-
Biological assets	13	-	-	-
Inventories		-	-	-
Trade and other receivables		-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents		-	-	-
Total assets held for sale		-	-	-
Trade and other payables and ST loan		-	-	-
Provisions		-	-	-
Deferred tax liabilities		-	-	-
Total liabilities held for sale		-	-	-
Net assets of disposal groups held for sale		-	-	-

DISPOSAL OF HOTEL GROUP

On 21 October 2014 the Group disposed of its 100% shareholding in Lonzim Hotel Holdings Limited ("the Leopard Rock Hotel Group"), the owner of the Leopard Rock Hotel and related entities, for a total consideration of \$2.5 million, settled in cash. The net asset value of the Leopard Rock Hotel Group had been impaired in the prior year by \$8.9 million to reflect its net realisable value of \$2.5 million at that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

5. Segment reporting (continued)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES HELD FOR SALE (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 AUGUST 2014

	NOTE	HOTELS US\$'000	PRINTING US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
Property, plant and equipment		5,973	-	5,973
Biological assets	13	69	-	69
Inventories		125	-	125
Trade and other receivables		65	3	68
Cash and cash equivalents		55	179	234
Total assets held for sale		6,287	182	6,469
Trade and other payables and ST loan		582	35	617
Provisions		127	-	127
Deferred tax liabilities		3,078	-	3,078
Total liabilities held for sale		3,787	35	3,822
Net assets of disposal groups held for sale		2,500	147	2,647

At 31 August 2014, the Group considered its Hotel and the remaining assets of its printing and property division as being held for sale. They were therefore presented within discontinued operations. Income and expenses of discontinued operations were reported separately from those of continuing operations in 2014. Held for sale assets were stated at their expected net realisable value at that date.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

6. Group net operating costs

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Cost of sales	4,670	4,388
Administrative expenses	7,397	7,311
Net operating costs	12,067	11,699

Administrative expenses include management related overheads for operations and head office

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Operating costs include, inter alia		
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	177	297
Depreciation of property plant and equipment in cost of sales	6	5
Amortisation	12	204
Operating lease rentals		
Land and buildings	305	404
Personnel expenses	4,052	4,003
Gain on Investments and subsidiaries disposed of	94	66
Auditors remuneration		
<i>Fees Payable to the Company Auditors for</i>		
Current year audit of the Group's financial statements	75	121
Prior year audit of the Group's financial statements	4	(36)
Current year audit of the Company's subsidiaries pursuant to legislation	-	-
Prior year audit of the Company's subsidiaries pursuant to legislation		31
Total audit fees	79	116

7. Personnel expenses

The aggregate remuneration comprised (including Executive Directors)

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Wages and salaries	3,908	3,898
Compulsory social security contributions	144	105
Total personnel expenses	4,052	4,003

Of which Remuneration of Group Executive Directors and Key Personnel

Directors' and key personnels' emoluments (see note 38)	755	1,084
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The average number of employees (including Executive Directors) in continuing operations was

	2015 Number	2014 Number
Outsource and IT services	60	62
Industrial chemicals	25	30
Head Office	2	6
Total	87	98

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

8. Net finance (costs)/income

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Recognised in Income statement		
Bank interest receivable	9	13
Loan interest receivable	1	8
Finance income	10	21
Bank interest payable	-	(43)
Loan interest payable	(740)	(1,085)
Finance costs	(740)	(1,128)
Net finance costs	(730)	(1,107)

9. Taxation

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Income tax recognised in the Income statement		
Current tax expense		
Current period	273	333
Deferred tax credit		
Origination and reversal of temporary differences	(2)	(14)
Total income tax charge in Income statement	271	319

9. Taxation (continued)

RECONCILIATION OF EFFECTIVE TAX RATE

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Profit/(loss) before tax	820	(5,360)
Income tax using the Zimbabwean corporation tax rate 25.75% (2014: 25.75%)	211	(1,380)
Net losses where no group relief is available	60	1,699
Total income tax charge in income statement	271	319

DEFERRED TAX

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Relating to losses in subsidiaries	(2)	(14)
Total	(2)	(14)

Corporation tax is calculated as 25.75% (2014: 25.75%) of the estimated assessable profit for the year. Taxation for other jurisdictions is calculated at the rates prevailing in the respective jurisdictions.

Deferred tax assets are only recognised to the extent that there are available offsetting deferred tax liabilities, unless the entity is reasonably assured of earning sufficient future profits to offset against any future tax liabilities.

10. Disposals and discontinued operations

The following entities were classified as held for disposal in the 2015 financial year:

- LonZim Hotels Limited and its subsidiaries

The financial effect of these discontinued operations on the profit or loss and financial position is shown in the operating segment disclosures in note 5.

CASH FLOWS FROM/(USED IN) DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Net cash used in operating activities	(127)	(386)
Net cash (used in)/generated by investing activities	(55)	621
Net cash (used in)/generated by financing activities	(52)	(111)
Net cash flows for the year	(234)	124
Cash and cash equivalents held for sale	-	234

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

10. Disposals and discontinued operations(continued)

ASSETS AND LIABILITIES OF SUBSIDIARY DISPOSED OF DURING THE YEAR

	HOTELS US\$'000
Property, plant and equipment	5,973
Biological assets	69
Inventories	125
Trade and other receivables	65
Total assets of disposal subsidiary	6,232
Trade and other payables and ST loan	582
Provisions	127
Deferred tax liabilities	3,078
Total liabilities of disposal subsidiary	3,787
Cash and cash equivalents	55

11. Earnings/(loss) per share

The calculation of basic and diluted earnings/(loss) per share at 31 August 2015 has been based on the profit/(loss) attributable to ordinary shareholders for continuing and discontinued operations at a weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period as detailed in the table below

LOSS ATTRIBUTABLE TO ORDINARY SHAREHOLDERS

	2015 EARNINGS PER SHARE US\$'CENTS	2015 US\$'000	2014 EARNINGS PER SHARE US\$'CENTS	2014 US\$'000
Profit/(loss) for the purposes of basic earnings/(loss) and dilutive per share being net profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent*	0.1	164	(19.5)	(16,138)
Profit/(loss) for the purposes of basic earnings/(loss) and dilutive per share being net profit/(loss) attributable to equity holders of the parent				
- continuing operations	0.2	258	(7.2)	(5,972)
- discontinued operations	(0.1)	(94)	(12.3)	(10,166)

WEIGHTED AVERAGE NUMBER OF ORDINARY SHARES

	NOTE	2015 000'S	2014 000'S
Weighted average number of ordinary shares for the purposes of basic and dilutive loss per share for all calculations*		141,518	82,707
Actual number of shares outstanding at the end of the period	23	207,920	99,155

*In the current and prior year the effect of the share options (note 24) were anti-dilutive as the share options were, at all times, priced above the trading value of the shares

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

12. Property, plant and equipment

2015 GROUP	FREEHOLD LAND & BUILDINGS US\$'000	PLANT & MACHINERY US\$'000	MOTOR VEHICLES US\$'000	FURNITURE FIXTURES & FITTINGS US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 September 2014	2,317	71	782	987	4,157
Additions in year	-	6	48	34	88
Disposals in year	-	(1)	(250)	(33)	(284)
Balance at 31 August 2015	2,317	76	580	988	3,961
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 September 2014	(34)	(41)	(528)	(849)	(1,452)
Disposals in year	-	1	236	32	269
Depreciation charge for the year	-	(9)	(120)	(55)	(184)
Balance at 31 August 2015	(34)	(49)	(412)	(872)	(1,367)
Carrying amounts					
At 31 August 2015	2,283	27	168	116	2,594
At 31 August 2014	2,283	30	254	138	2,705

2014 GROUP	FREEHOLD LAND & BUILDINGS US\$'000	PLANT & MACHINERY US\$'000	MOTOR VEHICLES US\$'000	FURNITURE FIXTURES & FITTINGS US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 September 2013	2,304	71	801	944	4,120
Additions in year	13	-	80	55	148
Disposals in year	-	-	(88)	(12)	(100)
Revaluation	-	-	(4)	-	(4)
Other	-	-	(7)	-	(7)
Balance at 31 August 2014	2,317	71	782	987	4,157
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 September 2013	(3)	(36)	(449)	(751)	(1,239)
Additions in year	-	-	(13)	(2)	(15)
Disposals in year	-	-	80	9	89
Depreciation charge for the year	(31)	(5)	(146)	(105)	(287)
Balance at 31 August 2014	(34)	(41)	(528)	(849)	(1,452)
Carrying amounts					
At 31 August 2014	2,283	30	254	138	2,705
At 31 August 2013	2,301	35	352	193	2,881

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

2015 COMPANY	FREEHOLD LAND & BUILDINGS US\$'000	PLANT & MACHINERY US\$'000	MOTOR VEHICLES US\$'000	FURNITURE FIXTURES & FITTINGS US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 September 2014	-	-	212	43	255
Additions in year	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals in year	-	-	(212)	(33)	(245)
Balance at 31 August 2015	-	-	-	10	10
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 September 2014	-	-	(200)	(37)	(237)
Additions in year	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals in year	-	-	207	31	238
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	(7)	(4)	(12)
Balance at 31 August 2015	-	-	-	(10)	(10)
Carrying amounts					
At 31 August 2015	-	-	-	-	-
At 31 August 2014	-	-	12	6	18

2014 COMPANY	FREEHOLD LAND & BUILDINGS US\$'000	PLANT & MACHINERY US\$'000	MOTOR VEHICLES US\$'000	FURNITURE FIXTURES & FITTINGS US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
Cost or valuation					
At 1 September 2013	-	-	243	47	290
Additions in year	-	-	5	3	8
Disposals in year	-	-	(36)	(8)	(44)
Balance at 31 August 2014	-	-	212	42	254
Accumulated depreciation					
At 1 September 2013	-	-	(202)	(33)	(235)
Additions in year	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals in year	-	-	36	8	44
Depreciation charge for the year	-	-	(34)	(12)	(45)
Balance at 31 August 2014	-	-	(200)	(37)	(236)
Carrying amounts					
At 31 August 2014	-	-	12	6	18
At 31 August 2013	-	-	41	14	55

12. Property, plant and equipment (continued)

Valuations

LE HAR (PRIVATE) LIMITED VALUATION - PROPERTY

An external, professional and independent valuer with appropriate and recognised qualifications, TWRE Zimbabwe (Pvt) Limited ("TWRE") carried out a valuation of the freehold land and buildings as at 31 August 2013 with reference to observed market evidence. TWRE performed a desktop update of their valuation as at 31 August 2015. The directors having considered the TWRE updated report, consider this value to still be an accurate reflection of the fair value at 31 August 2015 being US\$2,300 thousand (2014: US\$2,300 thousand). The Directors consider the fair value at the reporting date to not be materially different from the carrying value.

13. Biological assets

Included in discontinued operations are biological assets as detailed below

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000
Balance at 1 September	-	67
Acquired during the year	-	-
Increase/(decrease) due to births/(deaths)	-	2
Loss on fair valuation during the year	-	-
Total*	-	69

*Included in Assets Held for Sale in the Statement of Financial Position

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

14. Goodwill

As at 31 August 2015, the consolidated statement of financial position included goodwill of US\$717 thousand (2014 US\$717 thousand). Goodwill is allocated to the Group's cash-generating units ("CGUs"), or groups of cash-generating units, that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the business combination that gave rise to the goodwill as follows

CASH GENERATING UNIT (CGU)	ORIGINAL COST US\$'000	COST AT 1 SEPTEMBER 2014 US\$'000	CARRYING VALUE AT 1 SEPTEMBER 2014 US\$'000	ACCELERATED WRITE-OFF US\$'000	CARRYING VALUE AT 31 AUGUST 2015 US\$'000
Paynet Limited	717	717	717	-	717
Total	717	717	717	-	717

ESTIMATES AND JUDGEMENTS

The following assumptions are held in the assessment on the impairment or otherwise of goodwill

- Growth rates are based on a range of growth rates that reflect the products, industries and countries in which the relevant CGU or group of CGUs operate. Growth rates have been calculated based on management's expected forecast volumes and market share increases on normalisation of the Zimbabwean economy.
- The key assumptions on which the cash flow projections for the most recent forecast are based relate to discount rates, growth rates, expected changes in selling prices and direct costs.
- The cash flow projections have been discounted using rates based on the Group's pre-tax weighted average cost of capital. The rate used was 15%.
- The growth rates applied in the value in use calculations for goodwill allocated to each of the CGUs or groups of CGUs that is significant to the total carrying amount of goodwill were in a range between 0% and 5%.
- Changes in selling price and direct costs are based on past results and expectations of future changes in the market.
- In respect of the value in use calculations, cash flows have been considered for both the conservative and the full forecast potential of future cash-flows with no impact to the valuation of goodwill.

IMPAIRMENT LOSS

The Group tests goodwill annually for impairment, or more frequently if there are indications that goodwill might be impaired.

The Directors believe that the value of the Group's investments are long term and will only be realised on the full recovery of the Zimbabwean economy. The Directors do not believe any further impairment to goodwill is necessary in the current period.

15. Intangible assets

	ORIGINAL COST US\$'000	NET BOOK VAL- UE AT 1 SEPTEMBER 2014 US\$'000	RECLASSIFIED FROM TANGIBLE ASSETS	AMORTISATION US\$'000	CLOSING BALANCE AT 31 AUGUST 2015 US\$'000
Payserv software licences	1,425	14	-	(12)	2
Total	1,425	14	-	(12)	2

AMORTISATION

The amortisation charge is recognised within administration expenses (note 6) in the income statement. The Group tests other intangible assets for impairment if there are indications that they might be impaired.

The amortisation periods for intangible assets are:

Software licences	3-6 years
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16. Long-term receivables

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Celpay International BV receivable	-	-	709	-
Impairment of Celpay International BV receivable	-	-	(709)	-
ForgetMeNot Africa (BVI) Limited sale proceeds	-	-	250	-
Provision against sale proceeds	-	-	(250)	-
Total	-	-	-	-

Celpay International BV

On 29 April 2013, the Group entered into a memorandum of understanding with Celpay International BV ("Celpay"), whereby Paynet Limited agreed inter alia to provide working capital funding, while carrying out due diligence on the company, which capital would be repayable to Paynet Limited, either on termination of the contract or through a change in shareholding of Celpay. The full amount was impaired in the 2014 financial year following a significant deterioration in the financial affairs of Celpay leading to the withdrawal by Payserv from the proposed acquisition of Celpay. The amount is now fully written-off.

ForgetMeNot Africa (BVI)

The proceeds on sale of shares of ForgetMeNot Africa (BVI) Limited on 14 February 2013, were receivable based on various defined milestones but by no later than the second anniversary of the agreement. Given that these milestones have not been achieved and the weak financial position of ForgetMeNot Africa (BVI) Limited, the Directors, in the previous reporting periods, determined that it would be appropriate to provide fully against the receivable. The amount is now fully written-off.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

17. Investments in subsidiaries and associates

The Company has investments in the following subsidiaries which principally affected the profits or net assets of the Company. The direct investments in subsidiaries held by the Company are stated at cost. This is subject to impairment testing.

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	OWNERSHIP INTEREST	
		2015	2014
African Solutions Limited	Mauritius	100%	100%
Autopay (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Gardoserve (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Le Har (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
LonZim Enterprises Limited	United Kingdom	100%	100%
LonZim Holdings Limited +	Isle of Man	100%	100%
Millchem Africa Limited	Isle of Man	100%	100%
Millchem Holdings Limited	Isle of Man	100%	100%
Millchem Zambia Limited	Zambia	100%	100%
MillChem (Lilongwe) Limited	Malawi	100%	100%
MSA Chemicals (Pty) Limited	South Africa	100%	100%
MSA Sourcing BV	Netherlands	100%	100%
Para Meter Computers (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Paynet Limited	Mauritius	100%	100%
Paynet Zimbabwe (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Payserve (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Payserve Africa Limited (previously Paynet Limited)	Mauritius	100%	100%
Payserve Zimbabwe (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Payserve Zambia Limited	Zambia	100%	100%
Tradanet (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	51%	51%
Yellowwood Projects (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%

+ Held directly by Cambria Africa Plc

NON-CONTROLLING INTERESTS ("NCI")

Ottonby Trading (Pvt) Ltd (address: CABSA Head Office, Northridge Park, Harare) holds a 49% interest in Tradanet (Pvt) Ltd. Tradanet salient financial information:

	2015	2014
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Profit attributable to NCI	291	293
Dividends paid to NCI	(235)	(204)
Accumulated NCI at year end	65	9
Non-current assets	54	11
Current assets	387	229
Non-current liabilities	16	-
Current liabilities	291	222
Cash flow from operations	701	551
Cash utilised in investing activities	(54)	(9)
Cash utilised in financing activities	(507)	(442)
Cash and cash equivalents	311	171

17. Investments in subsidiaries and associates (continued)

DISCONTINUED OPERATIONS

	COUNTRY OF INCORPORATION	OWNERSHIP INTEREST	
		2015	2014
Chenyakwaremba Farm (Pvt) Limited ++	Zimbabwe	-	100%
Eastinteg Investments (Pvt) Ltd ++	Zimbabwe	-	100%
Leopard Rock Hotel Company (Pvt) Limited ++	Zimbabwe	-	100%
Linus Business Options (Pvt) Limited ++	Zimbabwe	-	100%
LonZim Agribusiness (BVI) Limited ++	British Virgin Islands	100%	100%
LonZim Air (BVI) Limited	British Virgin Islands	100%	100%
LonZim Hotels Limited ++	Isle of Man	-	100%
Lyons Africa Holdings BV ++	Netherlands	-	100%
Lyons Africa Holdings Limited ++	United Kingdom	-	100%
Medalspot Enterprises (Pvt) Limited ++	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Morningdale Properties Limited ++	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Panafrmed (Pty) Limited	South Africa	100%	100%
Quickvest525 (Pty) Limited	South Africa	100%	100%
Quintech Investments (Pvt) Limited	Zimbabwe	100%	100%
Southern Africa Management Services Limited	Mauritius	100%	100%
W S Foods (Pty) Limited ++	South Africa	-	100%

++ Held for Sale in 2014

18. Inventory

	GROUP 2015	GROUP 2014
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Raw materials and consumables	222	213
Goods in transit	36	453
Finished goods	503	719
Total	761	1,385

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

19. Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss

CONTINUING OPERATIONS

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000
Quoted Investments portfolio	50	66
Total	50	66

QUOTED INVESTMENTS PORTFOLIO	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000
Balance at 1 September	66	58
Acquired during the year	-	-
Disposed during the year	-	-
(Loss)/gain on fair valuation during the year	(16)	8
At end of the year	50	66

The portfolio is managed by an asset management company who makes the decisions regarding the sale and purchase of listed shares. This investment is held at fair value. The portfolio, which was purchased in "payment" of a trade vendor liability which could not be settled due to Zimbabwe foreign currency constraints at the time, is callable at the option of the vendor. See note 25.

20. Trade and other receivables

NOTE	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	-	8,273	-	12,181
Trade receivables	933	-	902	-
Other receivables	4,921	110	213	110
Prepayments and accrued income	139	-	293	87
Total	5,993	8,383	1,408	12,378

No interest is charged on receivables.

The Directors consider the carrying amount of trade and other receivables approximates their fair value. In determining the recoverability of the trade receivable, the Group considers any change in the credit quality of trade receivables from the date credit was initially granted up to the reporting date. The concentration of credit risk is limited due to the customer base being large and unrelated. Accordingly, the Directors believe that there is no further credit provision required in excess of the allowance for doubtful debts.

CREDIT RISK

The Group's credit risk is primarily attributable to its trade receivables. The amounts presented in the statement of financial position are net of allowances for doubtful receivables. An allowance for impairment is made where there is an identified loss event which, based on previous experience, is evidence of a reduction in the recoverability of the cashflows.

21. Cash and cash equivalents

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Bank balances	645	50	405	38
Bank overdrafts	-	-	-	-
Net cash and cash equivalents	645	50	405	38
Net cash included in held for sale	-	-	234	-
Total cash and cash equivalents in statement of financial position	645	50	639	38

22. Capital and reserves

REVALUATION RESERVE

The revaluation reserve relates to property, plant and equipment which has been revalued in the Zimbabwean subsidiary Payserv Zimbabwe (Private) Limited ("Payserv") and Le Har (Private) Limited, which holds the property from which Payserv operates

FOREIGN EXCHANGE RESERVE

This reserve arises on translation of subsidiary entities where their functional currency is not United States Dollars, the presentational currency of the Group. The Company foreign exchange currency reserve relates to the translation of net assets due to a change in the functional currency of the Company from Pounds Sterling to United States Dollars as at 1 September 2011.

SHARE BASED PAYMENT RESERVE

The share based payment reserve comprises of the charges arising from the calculation of the share based payment posted to the income statement in 2008 and 2012, and partially released on expiration of options never exercised, in 2013, restated to US\$ at closing rates.

NON DISTRIBUTABLE RESERVE

The non distributable reserve arises on the restatement of the assets and liabilities on dollarisation in Zimbabwe. Amounts held within this reserve are ring fenced from retained earnings. Distributions can only be made from retained earnings and not from the non distributable reserve. Amounts transferred to the non distributable reserve are determined by the directors as necessary, unless specifically required to do so as part of any financing arrangements.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

23. Share capital & share premium

	ORDINARY SHARES 2015		ORDINARY SHARES 2014	
	NUMBER	US\$'000	NUMBER	US\$'000
Issued and fully paid				
At 1 September 2014	99 155 162	18	66,749,023	12
Issued in period	108 765 244	16	32,406,139	6
At 31 August 2015	207 920 406	34	99,155,162	18

The Group has also issued share options (see note 24) At 31 August 2015, 1,000,000 shares were held in reserve to issue in the event that these options are exercised

No warrants were granted during the current financial year The following warrants over the ordinary shares of the Company were granted in in previous financial reporting periods

HOLDER	DATE OF GRANT	NUMBER OF WARRANTS GRANTED	WARRANT PRICE	PERIOD DURING WHICH EXERCISABLE	MARKET PRICE PER SHARE AT DATE OF GRANT
Consilium Corporate Recovery Master Fund Limited	18 02 2013	3,000,000	13p	06 12 2012 - 06 12 2015	10 25p
Consilium Corporate Recovery Master Fund Limited	18 02 2013	5,000,000	13p	18 02 2013 - 18 02 2016	9 63p

The holders of ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as declared from time to time and are entitled to one vote per share at meetings of the Company All shares rank equally with regard to the Company's residual assets

The Directors are authorised in any period between consecutive annual general meetings, to allot any number of ordinary shares on such terms as they shall, in their discretion, determine up to such maximum number as represents 50 per cent of the issued share capital at the beginning of such period Further ordinary shares may be allotted on terms determined by the Directors but subject to the pre-emption rights prescribed by Section 36 of the Isle of Man Companies Act 2006.

23. Share capital & share premium (continued)

SHARE PREMIUM

The share premium represents the value of the premium arising on shares issued as follows

17 April 2015	107,000,000 ordinary shares at a price of 0.85p per share (US\$1,337 thousand)
6 March 2014	4,133,333 ordinary shares at a price of 7.5p per share (US\$ 508 thousand)
4 March 2014	28,272,806 ordinary shares at a price of 7.5p per share (US\$ 3,475 thousand of which US\$ 719 thousand related to settlement of expenses and liabilities)
1 Oct 2012	8,615,115 ordinary shares at a price of 10p per share (US\$1,400 thousand)
16 Sep 2011	3,988,439 ordinary shares at a price of 23p per share (US\$1,448 thousand)
10 Dec 2010	17,813,944 ordinary shares at a price of 28p per share net of issue costs of £143 thousand (US\$7,646 thousand)
9 Dec 2009	4,255,525 ordinary shares at a price of 27.5p per share net of issue costs of £58 thousand (US\$1,820 thousand)
14 Jul 2009	Cost of purchasing and cancelling 4,374,000 shares at 30.5p per share (US\$2,174 thousand)
11 Dec 2007	36,450,000 ordinary shares at a price of 100p per share net of issue costs of £2,753 thousand (US\$68,659 thousand)

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

24. Share options

The following share options over ordinary shares have been granted over the last 5 years under an Unapproved Share Option scheme

NAME	DATE OF GRANT	NUMBER OF SHARE OPTIONS GRANTED	EXERCISE PRICE	PERIOD DURING WHICH EXERCIS- ABLE	MARKET PRICE PER SHARE AT DATE OF GRANT
Edzo Wisman	10 03 2011	500,000	30p	01 07 2011 – 30 06 2016	21 75p
Edzo Wisman	10 03 2011	500,000	30p	01 07 2012 – 30 06 2017	21 75p
Total		1,000,000			

In accordance with IFRS 2 'Share-based payments' the equity settled share options granted have been measured (at the time of grant) at fair value and recognised as an expense in the income statement with a corresponding increase in equity (other reserves). The fair value of the options granted has been estimated at the date of grant using the Black-Scholes option pricing model. The estimated value of the options granted on 10 March 2011 was £53 thousand (US\$85 thousand).

Options may be exercised in whole or in part until the expiry of the exercise period. Holders of the options are entitled to receive notice of certain proposed transactions or events of the Company which may dilute or otherwise affect their options, and may exercise or be deemed to have exercised their options prior to the occurrence thereof. The Company shall keep available sufficient authorised but unissued share capital to satisfy the exercise of the options. Ordinary Shares issued pursuant to an exercise of the options shall rank pari passu in all respects with the Company's existing Ordinary Shares save as regards any rights attaching by reference to a record date prior to the receipt by the Company of the notice of exercise of options. The Company shall apply to admit to trading on AIM the Ordinary Shares issued pursuant to the exercise of options.

The following assumptions have been used at the date of grant

	DATE GRANT 10 MARCH 2011	DATE OF GRANT 10 MARCH 2011
Number of shares	500,000	500,000
Share price at vesting date (Date of Grant)	21 75p	21 75p
Exercise price	30p	30p
Expected volatility	30.2%	30.2%
Expected life	5.4 years	6.4 years
Expected dividends	0.00%	0.00%
Risk-free interest rate	5.00%	5.00%

Volatility has been calculated by reference to industry indices at vesting dates.

All share options vested at date of grant and the basis of settlement is in shares of the company.

24. Share options (continued)

The number and weighted average exercise price of share options are as follows

	WEIGHTED AVERAGE EXERCISE PRICE PENCE	NUMBER OF OPTIONS
Outstanding and exercisable at 31 August 2014	30	1,000,000
Outstanding and exercisable at 31 August 2015	30	1,000,000

The Directors are authorised to grant options over the Ordinary Shares on such terms as they shall in their discretion determine up to such maximum number as represents 10 per cent of the number of Ordinary Shares as was in issue at the date of the Company's most recent annual general meeting. 99,155,162 Ordinary Shares were in issue at the annual general meeting of 23 April 2014.

25. Loans and borrowings - long term

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Consilium facility*	-	-	4,685	4,685
Nurture convertible loan*	-	-	2,000	-
Other trade payables	45	-	60	-
Total	45	-	6,745	4,685

* These loans are payable in the next 12 months and have accordingly been classified under Loans and borrowings - short term (note 28) at the reporting date.

On 9 March 2012, the Company entered into a secured loan facility agreement with Consilium Corporate Recovery Master Fund Ltd for US\$2,000 thousand. On the same date, the Company entered into a short term secured loan facility agreement with Consilium Emerging Markets Absolute Return Master Fund Ltd for US\$1,000 thousand respectively ("Consilium"). Both these loans were secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the Group.

On 6 December 2012, the Company entered into an agreement with Consilium to extend the maturity of the short term facility to 8 March 2014. Consilium simultaneously agreed to lift the general charge over the assets of the Group for 3,000,000 warrants over the ordinary shares of the company as disclosed in note 23.

On 18 February 2013, the Company entered into a further secured loan agreement with Consilium for US\$1,500 thousand. Consilium was also granted 5,000,000 warrants, as disclosed in note 23. This facility was originally intended to expire in tandem with all the Consilium debt on 8 March 2014. On 1 May 2013, the Company and Consilium agreed to extend the maturity of the debt facility to 30 April 2016.

The debt facility was further amended to allow, with effect from 1 July 2014, for interest to be capitalized and, with effect from 1 August 2014, for a reduction in interest rate from 15% p a to 8% p a.

In the event of default, Consilium shall have the option to convert all, or any portion of the outstanding indebtedness at the time of default into shares in Cambria at a 15% discount to the share price at the date of the facility agreements. The option price is 14.50p.

The Consilium Corporate Recovery Master Fund Ltd and Consilium Emerging Markets Absolute Master Fund Ltd share the same investment manager as Consilium Emerging Markets Absolute Return Master Fund Ltd, a substantial shareholder of Cambria, and the transactions are therefore deemed a related party transaction for the purpose of the AIM Rules for Companies.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

25. Loans and Borrowings - long term (continued)

On 8 May 2013, the Company executed agreements with Cerulean (Mauritius) PCC, ("Nisela" or "the lender") a special purpose vehicle created by a subsidiary of Nisela Capital relating to the placement of US\$2,000 thousand secured, convertible debt into Payserv Africa Limited (previously named Paynet Limited). The conversion feature with the debt represents and embedded derivative for accounting purposes. Included within the loan balance above is an amount of \$91 thousand representing the value of the conversion feature.

The Nisela secured loan facility carries a 15% coupon, matures on 17 July 2016, and is convertible into 21.3% of Payserv Africa Limited's ordinary share capital at the option of the lender at any time between 17 July 2014 and 12 July 2016. The loan facility is convertible at the election of Nisela if there is a change in control in the shareholders or Board of Directors of the beneficial owners of Payserv Africa Limited or if there is an initial public offering of the ordinary shares in Payserv Africa Limited on a securities exchange.

The Nisela facility is secured over the shares in Le Har (Private) Ltd (which holds the property in Mount Pleasant, Harare) and by the cession of the entire portfolio of Payserv Africa Limited's trade debtors as existed at the date of the agreement and in the future.

Other non-current trade payables are in respect of historic Paywell software licence fees with the Payserv Group, which could not be remitted due to Zimbabwe foreign currency constraints at the time. The amounts due were invested in a listed portfolio (see note 19).

26. Provisions

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Provisions	183	-	182	-
Total	183	-	182	-

Provisions at 31 August 2015, are in respect of the maximum Leave Pay and Retirement Gratuity, which may become payable by individual companies on termination of employment.

27. Deferred tax liability

RECOGNISED DEFERRED LIABILITY

The following are the major deferred tax liabilities recognised by the Group and movements thereon during the current year.

GROUP	2015		2014	
	ACCELERATED TAX DEPRECIATION US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000	ACCELERATED TAX DEPRECIATION US\$'000	TOTAL US\$'000
At 1 September	178	178	553	553
Recognised directly in reserves	-	-	(360)	(360)
Other movements	(1)	(1)	(15)	(15)
At 31 August	177	177	178	178

Deferred tax assets off set against deferred tax liabilities in the period were US\$ nil (2014 US\$ nil)

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

28. Loans and borrowings - short term

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Consilium facility*	4,812	4,812	-	-
Nurture convertible loan*	2,000	-	-	-
Ventures Africa Limited	60	-	-	-
ValuChem BV	-	-	96	-
Loan from related parties Edzo Wisman and Ian Perkins (directors)	-	-	249	249
Finance Leases	5	-	3	-
Total	6,877	4,812	348	249

* The related summarised terms and conditions are included under note 25 above

On 28 August 2015, Ventures Africa Limited advanced \$60 thousand to Millchem Zimbabwe. This loan is interest free and has mostly been repaid after year end.

On 27 May 2014, MillChem Holdings Limited entered into a Bridge Financing Agreement with ValuChem BV for a short term loan facility of up to \$100 thousand. The balance at 31 August 2014 was \$96 thousand, carried interest at 9% per annum and was repayable within 180 days of drawdown. The ValueChem loan was unsecured.

On 19 August 2014, Mr Ian Perkins and Mr Edzo Wisman advanced a US\$ equivalent amount of US\$ 249 thousand under a short term loan facility to the Company. The loan bore a flat cost of GBP 1.3 thousand (US\$ 2.2 thousand) and was repayable on 30 September 2014. The loan was unsecured.

29. Trade and other payables

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Trade payables	1,659	1,230	1,964	2,720
Non trade payables and accrued expenses	1,065	1,777	901	432
Total	2,724	3,007	2,865	3,152
Current tax liability	200	-	269	-
Total	2,924	3,007	3,134	3,152

Trade payables and accruals principally comprise amounts outstanding for trade purchases and on-going costs.

The Directors consider that the carrying amount of trade payables approximates to their fair value.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

30. Notes to the statement of cash flows

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000
Profit/(loss) for the year	455	(15,845)
<i>Adjusted for *</i>		
Amortisation of Intangible assets	12	204
Impairment of held for sale assets	-	8,818
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	183	302
(Profit)/loss on sale of property, plant and equipment	(109)	339
Impairment of long term receivables	-	709
Valuation adjustments to Inventories, receivables and other assets	2	84
Finance Income	(10)	(21)
Finance costs	740	1,174
Increase in provisions	1	46
Income tax charge	271	133
Operating cash flows before movements in working capital	1,545	(4,057)
Increase/(decrease) in inventories	624	(450)
Increase in trade and other receivables	(4,581)	(574)
(Decrease)/increase in trade and other payables	(178)	1,434
Cash used in operations	(2,590)	(3,647)

* All amounts include both continuing and discontinued operations. Cash flows for discontinued operations are given in note 10

31. Financial instruments

The Group has exposure to the following risks from its use of financial instruments

- credit risk
- liquidity risk
- market risk (comprises foreign currency risk and interest rate risk)

This note presents information about the Group's exposure to each of the above risks, the Group's objectives, policies and processes for measuring and managing risk, and the Group's management of capital. Further quantitative disclosures are included throughout these consolidated financial statements. The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of the Group's risk management framework.

RISK MANAGEMENT FRAMEWORK

The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits. The Group's risk management policies are established to identify and analyse the risks faced by the Group, to set appropriate risk limits and controls, and to monitor risks and adherence to limits.

31. Financial instruments (continued)

CREDIT RISK MANAGEMENT

Credit risk refers to the risk that a counterparty will default on its contractual obligations resulting in financial loss to the Group. The Group has adopted a policy of only dealing with creditworthy counterparties and obtaining sufficient collateral where appropriate, as a means of mitigating the risk of financial loss from defaults. The Group's exposure and the credit ratings of its counterparties are regularly monitored and the aggregate value of transactions concluded is spread amongst approved counterparties.

Trade receivables consist of a large number of customers, spread across diverse industries and geographical areas. Ongoing credit evaluation is performed on the financial condition of accounts receivable and, where appropriate, credit guarantee insurance cover is purchased. The Group does not have any significant credit risk exposure to any single counterparty or any group of counterparties having similar characteristics. The credit risk on liquid funds and derivative financial instruments is limited because the counterparties are banks with high credit ratings assigned by international credit rating agencies.

The carrying amount of financial assets recorded in the financial statements, net of any allowances for losses, represents the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk without taking account of the value of any collateral obtained. At the reporting date, there were no significant credit risks.

EXPOSURE TO CREDIT RISK

The carrying amount of financial assets represents the maximum credit exposure. Therefore, the Group and Company's maximum exposure to credit risk at the reporting date, being the total of the carrying amount of financial assets, excluding equity investments is shown in the table below.

	NOTE	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	21	645	50	639	38
Trade and other receivables	20	5,993	110	1,476	197
Amounts owed by group undertakings	20	-	8,273	-	12,181
Other investments	19	50	-	66	-
Total		6,688	8,433	2,181	12,416

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade and other receivables at the reporting date by geographic region was

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
United Kingdom	4,912	160	235	235
Southern Africa	1,673	8,170	1,946	12,073
Mauritius	60	60	-	65
Europe	43	43	-	43
Total	6,688	8,433	2,181	12,416

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

31. Financial instruments (continued)

The maximum exposure to credit risk for trade and other receivables (excluding trade creditors which are linked to listed investments per contract with the supplier - see note 19 US\$50 thousand (2014 US\$66 thousand)) at the reporting date by type of counterparty was

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	COMPANY 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000	COMPANY 2014 US\$'000
Trade customers and other receivables	1,241	110	1,408	197
Litigation settlement proceeds	4,752	-	-	-
Amounts owed by Group undertakings	-	8,273	-	12,181
Total	5,993	8,383	1,408	12,378

The ageing of trade and other receivables at the reporting date was

	GROUP		
	GROSS 2015 US\$'000	IMPAIRMENT 2015 US\$'000	TOTAL 2015 US\$'000
Neither past nor impaired	734	-	734
Past due 1-30 days	135	(3)	132
Past due 31-60 days	125	(11)	114
Past due 61-90 days	43	(37)	6
Past due 91-days +	118	(100)	18
Other receivables	237	-	237
Total	1,392	(151)	1,241

Based on the Group's monitoring of customer credit risk, the Group believes that no further impairment allowance is necessary in respect of trade receivables not past due

LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Group will encounter difficulty in meeting the obligations associated with its financial liabilities that are settled by delivering cash and another financial asset

Ultimate responsibility for liquidity risk management rests with the Board of Directors, which has built an appropriate liquidity risk management framework for the management of the Group's short, medium and long term funding and liquidity management requirements

The new board plans to manage liquidity risk by raising adequate reserves, banking facilities and reserve borrowing facilities and by regularly monitoring forecast and actual cash flows and matching the maturity profiles of financial assets and liabilities

31. Financial instruments (continued)

LIQUIDITY RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The following are the contractual, undiscounted maturities of financial liabilities, including estimated interest payments and excluding the effect of netting arrangements.

GROUP	CONTRACTUAL CASH FLOWS 2015			CONTRACTUAL CASH FLOWS 2014		
	CARRYING AMOUNT US\$'000	1 YEAR OR LESS US\$'000	2 TO < 5 YEARS US\$'000	CARRYING AMOUNT US\$'000	1 YEAR OR LESS US\$'000	2 TO < 5 YEARS US\$'000
Trade and other payables	2,724	2,724	-	3,482	3,482	-
Loans and borrowings	6,872	7,490	-	7,093	735	7,454
Total	9,596	10,214	-	10,575	4,217	7,454

COMPANY	CONTRACTUAL CASH FLOWS 2015			CONTRACTUAL CASH FLOWS 2014		
	CARRYING AMOUNT US\$'000	1 YEAR OR LESS US\$'000	2 TO < 5 YEARS US\$'000	CARRYING AMOUNT US\$'000	1 YEAR OR LESS US\$'000	2 TO < 5 YEARS US\$'000
Trade and other payables	3,007	3,007	-	1,615	1,615	-
Loans and borrowings (note 28)	4,812	5,167	-	4,934	435	5,167
Total	7,819	8,174	-	6,549	2,050	5,167

As disclosed in note 25 the loans and borrowings amounts due to Consilium are secured by a fixed and floating charge over the assets of the Group. In the event of default, Consilium shall have the option to convert all, or any portion of the outstanding indebtedness at the time of default into shares in Cambria at a 15% discount to the share price at the date of the facility agreements. The effective option price is 14.50p.

It is not expected that the cash flows included in the maturity analysis will occur significantly earlier, or at significantly different amounts.

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK MANAGEMENT

The Group is exposed to foreign currency risk on sales, purchases and borrowings that are denominated in a currency other than United States Dollars. The currencies giving rise to this risk are primarily the Pound Sterling, Euro, Zambian Kwacha, Malawian Kwacha and the South African Rand. In respect of other monetary assets and liabilities held in currencies other than United States Dollars, the Group ensures that the net exposure is kept to an acceptable level, by buying or selling foreign currencies at spot rates where necessary to address short-term imbalances. The following significant exchange rates applied during the year:

	AVERAGE RATE 2015	REPORTING DATE SPOT RATE 2015	AVERAGE RATE 2014	REPORTING DATE SPOT RATE 2014
Pounds Sterling (GBP)	0.64	0.65	0.61	0.60
Euro (EUR)	0.86	0.89	0.73	0.76
Zambian Kwacha (ZMW)	11.77	13.31	5.87	6.02
South African Rand (ZAR)	7.01	8.64	10.49	10.66
Malawian Kwacha (MWK)	454.29	556.19	396.50	394.10

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

31. Financial instruments (continued)

FOREIGN CURRENCY RISK MANAGEMENT (CONTINUED)

The Company does not have any exposure to currency forward exchange contracts at the reporting date (2014 US\$nil)

SENSITIVITY ANALYSIS

In managing foreign currency risks the Group aims to reduce the impact of short and long-term fluctuations on the Group's earnings. A 10 percent strengthening/weakening of the listed currencies against the USD at 31 August 2015 would have increased (decreased) equity and profit or loss by the amounts shown below. This analysis assumes that all other variables, in particular interest rates, remain constant and ignores any impact of forecast sales and purchases. This analysis is performed on the same basis for 2014 and assumes that all other variables remain the same.

The carrying amount of the Group's foreign currency denominated monetary assets and monetary liabilities at the reporting date and their sensitivity is as follows:

	EXPOSURE IN FINANCIAL STATE- MENT POSITION US\$'000	STRENGTHENING PROFIT OR LOSS US\$'000	WEAKENING PROFIT OR LOSS US\$'000
31 AUGUST 2015			
Pounds Sterling (GBP)	(1,064)	63	(63)
Euro (EUR)	(7)	1	-
South African Rand (ZAR)	(51)	-	-
Zambian Kwacha (ZMW)	(23)	-	-
Malawian Kwacha (MWA)	12	-	-
31 AUGUST 2014			
Pounds Sterling (GBP)	(1,769)	96	(96)
Euro (EUR)	(11)	1	1
South African Rand (ZAR)	(55)	1	1
Zambian Kwacha (ZMW)	110	1	1
Malawian Kwacha (MWA)	12	-	-

INTEREST RATE RISK MANAGEMENT

Due to the liquidity constraints in the Zimbabwean economy, the consequential interest rate risk the Group would be subject to if it relied solely on short term Zimbabwean sourced borrowings, would be marked. The Group has, where possible, secured one year fixed interest rate overdraft and loan agreements with its bankers in Zimbabwe. Additionally, the Company has, mitigated its interest rate risk, by entering into a number of long term, offshore facility agreements with fixed rates of interest.

31. Financial instruments (continued)

The Group does not account for any fixed rate financial assets or liabilities at fair value through profit or loss. At the reporting date the interest rate profile of the Group's interest bearing financial instruments was as follows:

CARRYING VALUE	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
FIXED RATE INSTRUMENTS		
Financial assets	-	-
Financial liabilities	(6,877)	(7,033)
Total	(6,877)	(7,033)
VARIABLE RATE INSTRUMENTS		
Financial assets	645	639
Financial liabilities	-	-
Total	645	639

CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

The Board's policy is to maintain a strong capital base so as to maintain investor, creditor and market confidence and to sustain future development of the business. Capital consists of ordinary shares, retained earnings and non-controlling interests of the Group. The Board of Directors monitors the return on capital, which the Group defines as net operating income divided by total shareholders' equity, excluding non-redeemable preference shares and non-controlling interests. The Board of Directors also monitors the level of dividends to ordinary shareholders.

Currently management is discussing alternatives for extending the Group's share option programme beyond key management and other senior employees. No decisions have been made.

The Board seeks to maintain a balance between higher returns that might be possible with high levels of borrowings and the advantages and security afforded by a sound capital position. The Group's target is to achieve a long term return on capital above 20%. In 2015 the return was 33.7%, (2014 >100%). In comparison the weighted average interest expense on interest bearing borrowings (excluding liabilities with imputed interest) was 10.6% (2014 16.4%).

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

31. Financial instruments (continued)

FAIR VALUES

The fair values of financial assets and liabilities, together with the carrying amounts shown in the statement of financial position are as follows

GROUP	HIERARCHY	CARRYING AMOUNT 2015 US\$'000	FAIR VALUE 2015 US\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 3	645	645
Trade and other receivables	Level 3	5,993	5,993
Quoted investment portfolio	Level 1	50	50
Trade and other payables	Level 3	(2,724)	(2,724)
Loans and borrowings	Level 3	(6,877)	(6,877)
Total		(2,913)	(2,913)

GROUP		CARRYING AMOUNT 2014 US\$'000	FAIR VALUE 2014 US\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 3	639	639
Trade and other receivables	Level 3	1,476	1,476
Quoted investment portfolio	Level 1	66	66
Trade and other payables	Level 3	(3,542)	(3,542)
Loans and borrowings	Level 3	(7,033)	(7,033)
Total		(8,394)	(8,394)

COMPANY		CARRYING AMOUNT 2015 US\$'000	FAIR VALUE 2015 US\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 3	50	50
Trade and other receivables	Level 3	8,383	8,383
Trade and other payables	Level 3	(3,007)	(3,007)
Loans and borrowings	Level 3	(4,812)	(4,812)
Total		614	614

COMPANY		CARRYING AMOUNT 2014 US\$'000	FAIR VALUE 2014 US\$'000
Cash and cash equivalents	Level 3	38	38
Trade and other receivables	Level 3	12,378	12,378
Trade and other payables	Level 3	(3,152)	(3,152)
Loans and borrowings	Level 3	(4,934)	(4,934)
Total		4,330	4,330

31. Financial instruments (continued)

THE FAIR VALUE OF ASSETS AND LIABILITIES CAN BE CLASSED IN THREE LEVELS

Level 1	Fair values measured using quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
Level 2	Fair values measured using inputs other than quoted prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (i.e. as prices) or indirectly (i.e. derived from prices)
Level 3	Fair values measured using inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (i.e. unobservable inputs)

ESTIMATION OF FAIR VALUES

The following summarises the major methods and assumptions used in estimating the fair values of financial instruments reflected in the above table

CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

Fair value approximates its carrying amount largely due to the short-term maturities of this instrument

LOANS AND BORROWINGS

Fair value has been derived from discounting future cash flows at the cost of debt

TRADE RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

For receivables and payables with a remaining life of less than one year, the notional amount is deemed to reflect the fair value

QUOTED INVESTMENT PORTFOLIO

Fair value has been derived from quoted prices

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

32. Operating leases

LEASES AS LESSEE

At the reporting date, the Group had the following outstanding annual commitments for future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases

Operating lease commitments	US\$'000
Payable in next 12 months	35
Payable in 1 to 5 years	125
Payable thereafter (> 5 years)	-
Total	160

During the year ended 31 August 2015, US\$305 thousand (2014 US\$405 thousand, as restated) was recognised as an expense in the income statement in respect of operating leases. Operating lease payments represents rentals payable by the Group for certain of its properties. Leases are negotiated for a minimum term of 1 year and rentals are fixed for the period.

33. Finance leases

	GROUP 2015 US\$'000	GROUP 2014 US\$'000
CREDIT FIN LOAN		
Minimum lease payments	6	4
Finance cost	(1)	(1)
Present value	5	3

The above current financial liability, measured at amortised cost, is secured by a finance lease agreement in respect of motor vehicles. Ownership will transfer to Paynet Zimbabwe (Pvt) Ltd, after payment of the nominal amount. Interest is charged at 28.27% per annum for one agreement and 25.7% for the other.

34. Income statement of Cambria Africa Plc

There is no requirement under the Isle of Man Companies Act 2006 to present a company income statement. The loss for the year to 31 August 2015 was US\$5,215 thousand (2014 US\$19,525 thousand).

35. Capital commitments

The capital commitments at 31 August 2015 totalled US\$nil (2014 US\$nil).

36. Guarantees

Chemicals & Marketing Company Limited ("C&M")

It was announced on 26 August 2013 that the Company had concluded the acquisition of the entire issued share capital of Malawi chemical distributor Chemicals & Marketing Company Limited ("C&M") and that the related 5.5 million consideration shares ("consideration shares") have been admitted to listing on AIM.

Subsequent to that announcement, and following a more in-depth understanding of the financial affairs of C&M, the Company and the C&M vendors entered into a Disengagement Agreement (dated 29 June 2015) in terms of which the parties agreed that the C&M acquisition will be reversed and the parties be restored to their initial positions.

The consideration shares, net of shares sold to satisfy obligations to C&M, will be cancelled.

The Company's subsidiary MillChem Holdings Limited ("MHL"), has provided guarantees to creditors of C&M to the value of \$592 thousand. C&M has undertaken to release MHL from these guarantees and indemnified MHL against any related loss.

37. Contingent liabilities and assets

CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

On 30 July 2013, the Group, pursuant to its disposal of Blueberry International Limited, ("Blueberry"), provided warranties to the Purchaser, relating to the disclosure of assets and liabilities and certain representations made during the sale process. These warranties remain in force and effect until 30 September 2014 in respect of a General Warranty Claim and 30 September 2015, for a Fundamental Warranty Claim. The liability of the Group in respect of the aggregate of all warranty claims shall not be less than US\$25 thousand for a single claim and US\$50 thousand in aggregate and all claims shall not in total exceed US\$1,000 thousand. To the date of the report, no formal warranty claim has been lodged by the Purchaser.

On 26 August 2011, the Group, pursuant to its disposal of Sol Aviation (Pvt) Ltd, ("Sol Aviation") entered into a Memorandum of Understanding with the purchaser, whereby the purchaser would be fully indemnified in respect of any claim, made either by Royal Khmer Airlines International (Pte) Limited ("Royal Khmer") or Fly540 Aviation Limited ("Fly540") pursuant to the Memorandum of Understanding entered into by Sol Aviation and Royal Khmer and a licence agreement entered into between Sol Aviation and Fly540. To the date of this report no claims have been lodged under this indemnity against the Group.

On 16 August 2012, the Group, pursuant to its disposal of the scrap remains of the aircraft owned by LonZim Air (BVI) Limited, indemnified the purchaser, against any claims or costs arising in connection with any claim made by 540 (Uganda) Limited against LonZim Air (BVI) Limited to a maximum value of US\$50 thousand. To the date of this report no claims have been lodged under this indemnity against the Group.

On 21 October 2014, the Group, pursuant to its disposal of LonZim Hotels Limited, provided warranties relating to matters fairly disclosed to the Purchaser in terms of the relevant sale and purchase agreement and the related disclosure letter and/or due diligence data room. General warranties remain in force and effect until 31 August 2015 and Title warranties remain in force and effect until 21 October 2016. The liability of the Group in respect of the aggregate of all Title warranties shall not exceed \$2 000 thousand, and in respect of the aggregate of all General warranties, shall not exceed \$350 thousand. The Group will have no liability in respect of General warranty claims in aggregate less than \$100 thousand and General warranty claims shall not be less than US\$25 thousand for a single claim. To the date of the report, no formal warranty claim has been lodged.

38. Related parties

IDENTITY OF RELATED PARTIES

The Group has a related party relationship with its subsidiaries (see note 17), and with its Directors and executive officers.

Transactions between the Company and its subsidiaries, which are related parties, have been eliminated on consolidation and are not disclosed in this note.

GROUP AND COMPANY

At 31 August 2015, no amounts were due to Directors in respect of Directors fees.

Consilium through the Consilium Corporate Recovery Master Fund Ltd and the Consilium Emerging Markets Absolute Return Master Fund Ltd (jointly "Consilium"), is a substantial shareholder of Cambria. Consilium has provided loan funding to the Group (see note 25). Interest and Fees accrued during the period amounted to US\$425 thousand (2014: US\$758 thousand). An amount of \$250 thousand was repaid in October 2014.

TRANSACTIONS WITH SUBSIDIARY ENTITIES WITHIN THE GROUP

Leopard Rock Hotel Company (Private) Limited ("LRH")

LRH, a former 100% subsidiary of the Group, provided hospitality services to the Group amounting to US\$4thousand during the previous financial year. All charges were at market value, arms length rates.

Notes to the Financial Statements

For the year ended 31 August 2015

38. Related parties (continued)

TRANSACTIONS WITH SUBSIDIARY ENTITIES WITHIN THE GROUP (CONTINUED)

Paynet Zimbabwe (Private) Limited ("Paynet Zimbabwe")

Paynet Zimbabwe, a 100% subsidiary of the Group provides services including payroll processing, software licensing, training and utility and property sublets to fellow subsidiaries which amounted to US\$9 thousand (2014 US\$15 thousand) All charges were at market value, arms length rates

Paynet Zimbabwe holds a licence to use, sell and develop software owned by Paynet Limited and uses the Paywell software through a licence with fellow subsidiary African Solutions Limited Total licence fees paid in the period were US\$354 thousand (2014 US\$824thousand).

MSA Sourcing BV

MSA Sourcing BV acts as the sourcing agent for the MillChem Group in respect of certain chemical supplies Chemicals to the value of \$217 thousand were so supplied to Millchem subsidiaries

TRANSACTIONS WITH KEY MANAGEMENT PERSONNEL

Key management personnel are the holding Company Directors and executive officers Edzo Wisman a former Executive Director, participated in the share option scheme Other Directors and key personnel are eligible to participate in the share option scheme (see note 24)

Total remuneration is included in "personnel expenses" (see note 7)

	TOTAL 2015 US\$000	TOTAL 2014 US\$000
E Wisman	438	495
T Sanders	-	89
I Perkins	177	133
P Turner	34	50
I Mazalwana	32	63
F Jones	13	20
R Wells	61	235
Total	755	1,084

Included in the above is US\$189 1 thousand in change of control payments made to Messrs Wisman and Perkins

On 19 August 2014, Messrs Wisman and Perkins advanced a US\$ equivalent amount of US\$249 thousand under a short term loan facility to the Company The loan bore a flat cost of GBP of 1 3 thousand (US\$ 2 2 thousand) and was repayable on 30 September 2014 The loan was unsecured

39. Events after the reporting date

Disposal of Millchem Zambia

Millchem has agreed to the sale of the Zambian operations for net asset value of \$46 thousand with effect from 1 September 2015. The rights to the name "Millchem Zambia" are not included in the sale.

Litigation settlement

On 3 September 2015, in the post balance sheet period, the Company entered into a Settlement Agreement with Lonrho Limited relating to the Company's Jet Claims in terms of which Cambria received gross proceeds of \$4,752,000 in full and final settlement of the Jet Claims.

Consilium dispute

The Consilium dispute arose over loans ("the loans") provided to the Company by Consilium Corporate Recovery Master Fund ("CCRMF" or "Consilium") and the validity of CCRMF's attempt to accelerate the repayment of the loans as a result of an alleged change of control on 13 April 2015. On 13 April 2015, Cambria shareholders approved the subscription by Ventures Africa Limited ("VAL") of 107,000,000 ordinary shares in the Company which resulted in VAL owning 50.55% of Cambria. CCRMF and related parties hold 14.9% of Cambria Africa's shares.

Cambria announced on 26 October 2015 that it received a statutory demand in the Isle of Man in which CCRMF has formally demanded repayment of the loans. In response to the statutory demand, the Company submitted that there was a genuine and substantial dispute as to whether the debt was then payable and that any future presentation of a winding up petition would constitute an abuse of the Court's process.

CCRMF withdrew their statutory demand in response to Cambria's application for an injunction. In addition, CCRMF was ordered by the High Court of Justice of the Isle of Man to pay the Company's costs of and incidentals to the Statutory Demand claim on a standard basis.

Cambria continues to strongly dispute CCRMF's claim that there has been an event of default that entitles Consilium to accelerate repayment of the loans and maintains that the due date of the loans as disclosed in its audited financial statements and as defined in the loan agreements, as amended, is 30 April 2016.

39. Events after the reporting date (continued)

Consilium dispute (continued)

On 9 June 2015, Cambria announced the provision of a standby facility of \$1.12m made available by VAL to the Company which was to be used as security for costs in relation to the now settled litigation against Lonrho. Pending the resolution of the dispute with CCRMF, as a consequence of which CCRMF has converted their floating charge on Cambria's assets, particularly the Company's primary bank accounts, the Lonrho settlement as well as the shares of Lonzim Holdings Limited, the Company is relying on this standby facility to fund its day-to-day operations.

CCRMF and Cambria have agreed to the litigation arising from the dispute being stayed until 30 April 2016. Cambria however continues to diligently investigate all the claims it may have against CCRMF and the former CEO and Chairman of Cambria, both also directors of Consilium.

Corporate Information

For the year ended 31 August 2015

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Analysis of ordinary shareholdings as at 31 January 2016

Note the shareholding analysis has been performed on 31 January 2016 incorporating changes since the year end of 31 August 2015

	NUMBER OF HOLDERS	% OF TOTAL HOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHARES	% OF TOTAL SHARES
Category of shareholder				
Private shareholder	91	40.8%	20 706 232	9.8%
Banks, nominees and other corporate bodies	132	59.2%	190 948 930	90.2%
Total	223	100.0%	211 655 162	100.0%
Shareholding range				
1 – 5,000	76	34.1%	181 002	0.1%
5,001 – 50,000	53	23.8%	1 085 866	0.5%
50,001 – 500,000	53	23.8%	9 704 725	4.6%
500,001 – 5,000,000	36	16.1%	56 065 948	26.5%
5,000,001 – 50,000,000	4	1.8%	37 617 621	17.8%
50,000,001 – 150,000,000	1	0.4%	107 000 000	50.6%
Total	223	100.0%	211 655 162	100.0%

REGISTRARS

All administrative enquiries relating to shareholdings, such as queries concerning dividend payments, notification of change of address or the loss of a share certificate, should be addressed to the Company's registrars.

UNSOLICITED MAIL

As the Company's share register is, by law, open to public inspection, shareholders may receive unsolicited mail from organisations that use it as a mailing list. Shareholders wishing to limit the amount of such mail should write to the Mailing Preference Society, Freepost 29 Lon20771, London W1E 0ZT

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