

In accordance with Regulation 32 of the Overseas Companies Regulations 2009

OS AA01

Statement of details of parent law and other information for an overseas company



Companies House

What this form is for You may use this form to accompany your accounts disclosed under parent law

What this form is N You cannot use this form an alteration of mann of X What this form is N with accounting requi



18/02/2017 **COMPANIES HOUSE**

Part 1	Corporate company name	→ Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in		
Corporate name of overseas company •	IPM INTERNATIONAL B V	bold black capitals. All fields are mandatory unless		
		specified or indicated by *		
UK establishment number	B R O 1 O 1 7 7	This is the name of the company in its home state		
Part 2	Statement of details of parent law and other	•		
	information for an overseas company			
A1	Legislation			
	Please give the legislation under which the accounts have been prepared and, if applicable, the legislation under which the accounts have been audited	This means the relevant rules or legislation which regulates the preparation and, if applicable, the		
Legislation 2	Article 396 7 of the Netherlands Civil Code	audit of accounts.		
A2	Accounting principles			
Accounts	Have the accounts been prepared in accordance with a set of generally accepted accounting principles? Please tick the appropriate box No. Go to Section A3 Yes Please enter the name of the organisation or other	Please insert the name of the appropriate accounting organisation or body		
Name of organisation or body •	body which issued those principles below, and then go to Section A3 Title 9, Book 2 of the Netherlands Civil Code			
A3	Accounts			
Accounts	Have the accounts been audited? Please tick the appropriate box No. Go to Section A5 Yes Go to Section A4			
		CHERODO		

OS AA01

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A4	Audited accounts	
Audited accounts	Have the accounts been audited in accordance with a set of generally accepted auditing standards? Please tick the appropriate box No. Go to Part 3 'Signature' Yes Please enter the name of the organisation or other body which issued those standards below, and then go to Part 3 'Signature'	Please insert the name of the appropriate accounting organisation or body
Name of organisation or body		
A5	Unaudited accounts	
Unaudited accounts	Is the company required to have its accounts audited? Please tick the appropriate box No. Yes	
Part 3	Signature I am signing this form on behalf of the overseas company	
Signature	This form may be signed by Director, Secretary, Permanent representative	

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Statement of details of parent law and other information for an overseas company

Presenter information You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name	Compa	ny S	Зесге	etarı	at			
Company name	Interna	tion	al Po	wer	Ltd			
Address Lev	el 20			_				
25 Canad	da Squa	are						
Post town Lo	ndon							-
County/Region								
Postcode	E	1	4		5	L	Q	
Country								
DX		_		-				
Telephone								

✓ Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing

Please make sure you have remembered the following

- The company name and, if appropriate, the registered number, match the information held on the public Register
- You have completed all sections of the form, if appropriate
- You have signed the form

Important information

Please note that all this information will appear on the public record

☑ Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address

England and Wales

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ DX 33050 Cardiff

Scotland

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF DX ED235 Edinburgh 1 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post)

Northern Ireland

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG DX 481 N R Belfast 1

Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.companieshouse.gov.uk

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IPM International B.V.

Annual Report 2015

Dutch Registration No 30125513 UK Company Registration No FC028587 UK Branch Registration No BR010177

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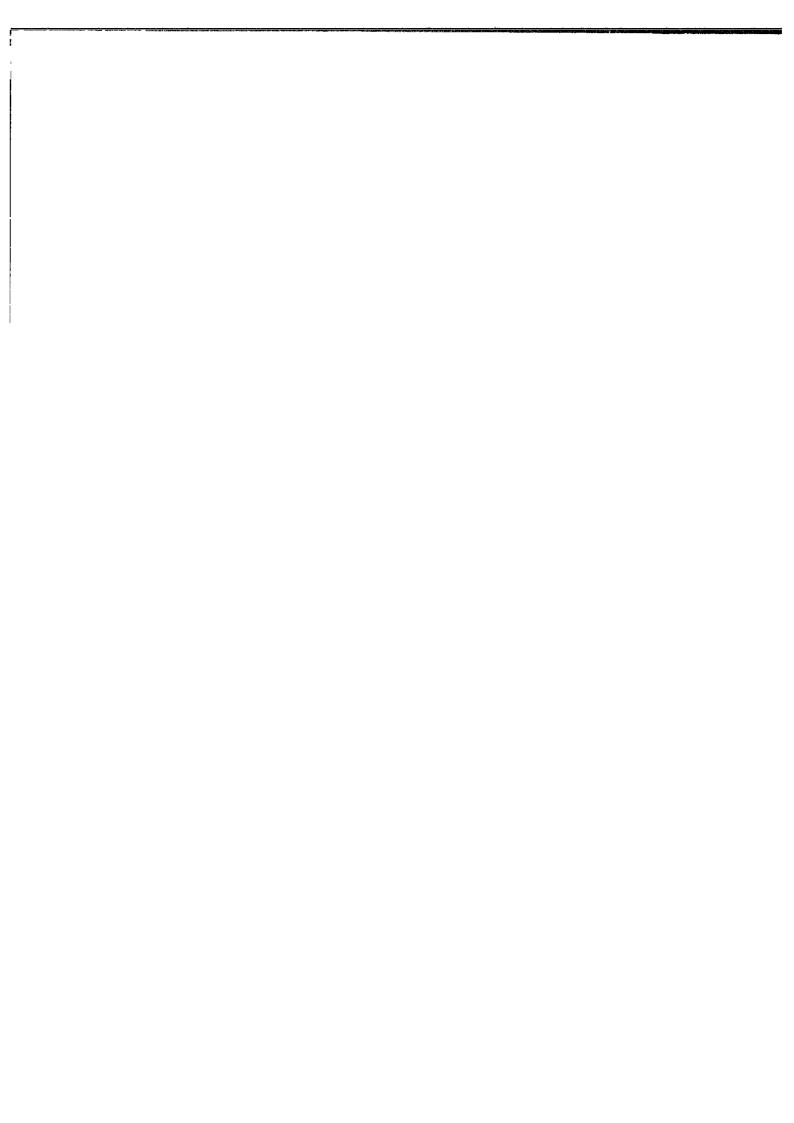
Contents

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2015	2
Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2015	3
Notes to the 2015 annual accounts	4
Other information	1.5

Balance sheet as at 31 December 2015

(After appropriation of net profit)

		2	015	20	2014	
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	
Fixed assets						
	_		****		506 107	
Financial fixed assets	3		207,178		586,197	
Current assets						
Amounts due from group companies	4	23,482		222,091		
Tax receivable	5	317		664		
Cash		-		28		
			23,799		222,783	
TOTAL ASSETS			230,977		808,980	
Shareholder's equity						
Share capital paid up and called up	7	97,830		109,098		
Translation reserve	7	16,441		5,173		
Retained earnings	7	52,184		141,568		
			166,455		255,839	
Short-term liabilities						
Amounts due to group companies	8		64,522		553,141	
TOTAL EQUITY AND						
LIABILITIES			230,977		808,980	



Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2015

		20	15	201	14
	Note	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
General and administrative expenses					(4)
Operating result			•		(4)
Income from investments Profit on disposal of subsidiary		222,493		247,033	
undertakings		155,144		-	
Fixed asset investment impairment	3	(47,130)		(125,549)	
Interest receivable and similar income		4,482		4,899	
Interest expenses and similar charges		(3,682)		(4,038)	
Foreign exchange gain/(loss)		736		(3,022)	
Other income		-		206	
Financial result			332,043		119,529
Result of ordinary activities before taxation					
DEIDLE (TXMIIOI)			332,043		119,525
Taxation on result of ordinary activities	9		(345)		(672)
Net result for the year			331,698		118,853

Notes to the 2015 annual accounts

1 General

Relationship with parent company and principal activities

IPM International B V (the Company), incorporated on 28 April 1992, has its legal seat in Amsterdam, The Netherlands and its main place of business at Level 20, 25 Canada Square, London, E14 5LQ, United Kingdom The Company is an investment holding company On 9 November 2007, the management and control of the Company and all activities were transferred to the United Kingdom

The Company's immediate parent undertaking is IPM Peacock Limited, the registered address of which is Level 20, 25 Canada Square, London, E14 5LQ, United Kingdom

The Directors consider the Company's ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party to be ENGIE S A (formerly GDF SUEZ S A) which was incorporated in France and is headquartered in Paris, France and which is the parent undertaking of the largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated for the year ended 31 December 2015 and the year ended 31 December 2014 The consolidated financial statements of ENGIE S A may be obtained from its registered office at 1 Place Samuel de Champlain, 92400 Courbevoie, Paris, France

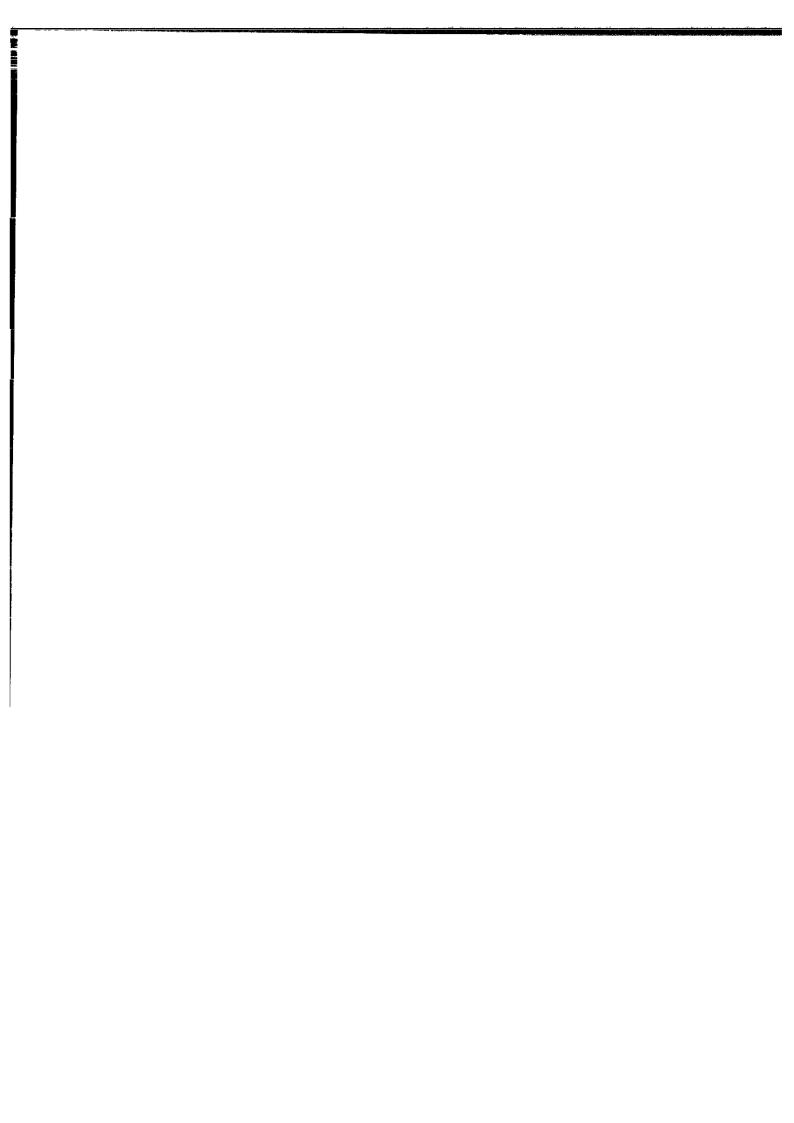
The Company has net current liabilities of \$40,723,000 as at 31 December 2015 (2014 \$330,358,000) The ability of the Company to fulfil its financial obligations is therefore dependent on future profitability and cash flow The Directors have considered the application of the going concern basis of accounting In making this assessment, the Directors have considered the intention of International Power (Impala) and Mitsui Power Ventures Limited, to provide financial support to the Company in the conduct of its ordinary business for a period of twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements The Directors, having assessed the responses of the Directors of International Power (Impala) and Mitsui Power Ventures Limited to their enquiries, have no reason to believe that a material uncertainty exists that may cast significant doubt about the ability of the Company to continue as a going concern or its ability to fulfil its financial obligations. Thus, they continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the accepted accounting principles in the Netherlands. The financial statements of the Company are included in the consolidated financial statements of ENGIE S A ENGIE S A prepares its consolidated financial statements in accordance with the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) published by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as adopted by the European Union (EU)

Basis of preparation

As permitted under Article 396 7 of the Netherlands Civil Code, the Company has not prepared a Directors' report

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Title 9, Book 2 of the Netherlands Civil Code and accepted accounting principles in the Netherlands

The Company avails itself of the consolidation exemption for the intermediate holding companies (ex Articles 408 I Book 2 of the Netherlands Civil Code)



2 Accounting policies

General

An asset is recognised in the balance sheet when it is probable that the expected future economic benefits that are attributable to the asset will flow to the entity and the cost of the asset can be measured reliably A liability is recognised in the balance sheet when it is expected to result in an outflow from the entity of resources embodying economic benefits and the amount of the obligation can be measured with sufficient reliability

Income is recognised in the profit and loss account when an increase in future economic potential related to an increase in an asset or a decrease of a liability has arisen, the size of which can be measured reliably Expenses are recognised when a decrease in future economic potential related to a decrease in an asset or an increase of a liability has arisen, the size of which can be measured reliably

If a transaction results in a transfer of future economic benefits and/or when all risks relating to assets or habilities transfer to a third party, the asset or liability is derecognised

The revenue and expenses are allocated to the period to which they relate

The financial statements are presented in US dollars, the Company's functional currency, in accordance with article 362 sub 7 of the Dutch Civil Code. All financial information in US dollars has been rounded to the nearest thousand.

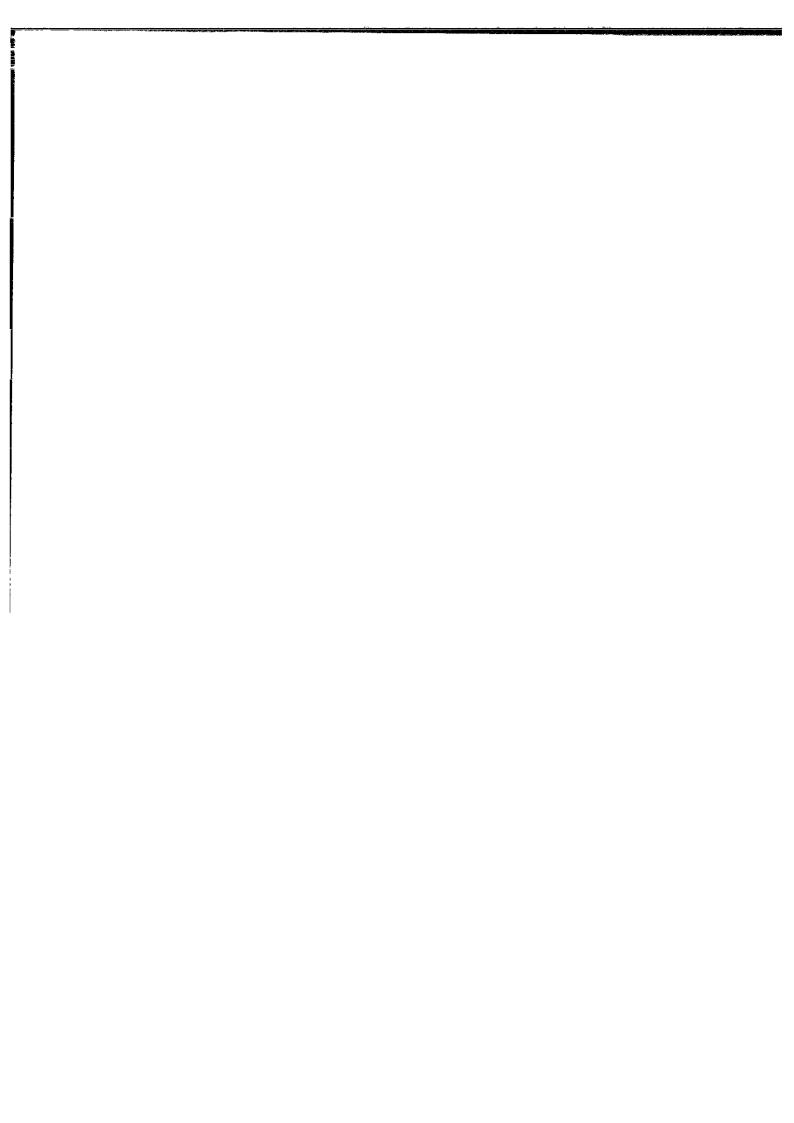
Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to form opinions and to make estimates and assumptions that influence the application of principles and the reported values of assets and liabilities and of income and expenditure. Actual results may differ from these estimates. The estimates and the underlying assumptions are constantly assessed. Revisions of estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in future periods for which the revision has consequences.

Principles for the translation of foreign currency

Transactions in foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies arising in the normal course of business are translated into US dollars at the exchange rates ruling on the dates the transactions take place. Monetary assets and liabilities expressed in foreign currencies are translated into US dollars at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Exchange differences arising in the normal course of business and on the translation of monetary assets and liabilities are dealt with in the profit and loss account.



Financial instruments

Financial instruments include investments in shares, trade and other receivables, cash items, loans and other financing commitments, and trade and other payables

Financial instruments are initially recognised at fair value. If instruments are not classified as fair value through profit or loss, then any directly attributable transaction costs are included in the initial measurement. After initial recognition, financial instruments are valued in the manner described below

Financial derivatives

Financial derivatives are accounted for at cost. When the fair value is lower than the cost or negative, the carrying value of the derivative will be impaired to market value.

Loans granted and other receivables

Loans granted and other receivables are carried at amortised cost on the basis of the effective interest method, less impairment losses

Investments in equity instruments

The Company's investments in unlisted shares are carried at cost

Other financial commitments

Financial commitments that are not held for trading are carried at amortised cost on the basis of the effective interest method

Financial fixed assets

The Company does not prepare consolidated financial statements pursuant to Section 408, Book 2 of the Netherlands Civil Code Majority participations are valued at the lower of cost and market value

Dividends on shares presented within shareholder's equity

Dividends payable are recognised as a liability when the Company formally acts to make a distribution and becomes legally obligated to do so either on or before the balance sheet date, or after the balance sheet date but prior to the signing of the financial statements, following the appropriation of profits by shareholders

Interest income

Interest income is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash receipts through the expected life of the financial asset to that asset's net carrying amount

Interest expense

Interest expense is accrued on a time basis, by reference to the principal outstanding and at the effective interest rate applicable, which is the rate that exactly discounts estimated future cash payments through the expected life of the financial liability to that liability's net carrying amount

Impairment

Assets with a long life are tested for impairment in the case of changes or circumstances arising that lead to an indication that the carrying amount of the asset will not be recovered in full. The recoverability of assets in use is determined by comparing the carrying amount of an asset with the estimated present value of the future net cash flows which the asset is expected to generate

If the carrying amount of an asset exceeds the estimated present value of the future cash flows, an impairment loss is recognised for the difference between the carrying amount and the recoverable amount, in the profit and loss account.

Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax comprises the current and deferred tax for the reporting period. Corporate income tax is recognised in the profit and loss account except to the extent that it relates to items recognised directly in equity, in which case it is recognised in equity.

Current tax comprises the expected tax payable or receivable on the taxable profit or loss for the financial year, using tax rates enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date, and any adjustment to the tax payable in respect of previous years

Deferred tax is provided for temporary differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities for financial reporting purposes and the amounts used for taxation purposes

A deferred tax asset is recognised only to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are reviewed at each reporting date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that the related tax benefit will be realised.

3 Financial fixed assets

Movements in financial fixed assets were as follows

	Total US\$'000
Cost	
At 1 January 2015	1,627,135
Additions	2,078
Disposal	(1,422,035)
At 31 December 2015	207,178
Impairment	
At 1 January 2015	(1,040,938)
Impairment loss	(47,130)
Disposal	1,088,068
At 31 December 2015	
Net book value	
At 31 December 2015	207,178
At 31 December 2014	586,197

On 18 February 2015, IPM Advantage B V was dissolved

On 11 March 2015, the Company increased its investment in IPM Eagle Victoria B V by US\$2,078,000

An impairment loss of 4,000 was recognised by the Company in respect of its investment in IPM Precision B V

On 20 March 2015, IPM Precision B V was liquidated

Impairment losses of 9,776,000 and 37,350,000 were recognised by the Company in respect of its investments in IPM Sumatra B V and IPM Victoria B V, respectively

On 23 October 2015, the Company disposed of its investments in IPM Sumatra BV, IPM Energy Italia s r l , Majestic Energy, IPM Energy Services B V , IPM Energy Company (UK) Limited, IPM Victoria B V and IPM Wind Power Italy B V

The Company has the following capital interests

	Legal seat	2015 Ownership percentage	2015 Investment cost US\$'000	2014 Ownership percentage	2014 Investment cost US\$'000
IPM Perth B V	Australia	100%	23	100%	23
IPM Sumatra B V	² Netherlands	0%	-	100%	29
IPM Eagle Victoria B V	² Netherlands	100%	207,155	100%	205,077
IPM Energy Services B V	² Netherlands	0%	· -	100%	19
IPM Wind Power Italy B V	² Netherlands	0%	-	100%	31,832
IPM Advantage B V 3	² Netherlands	0%	-	100%	17
IPM Energy Company (UK) Limited	⁴UK	0%	-	100%	21,738
IPM Energy Italia s r l	⁵ [taly	0%	-	100%	12
IPM Precision B V 6	² Netherlands	0%	-	70%	201,901
Loy Yang Holdings Pty Limited	Australia	100%	-	100%	-
Latrobe Power Pty Limited	^I Australia	99%	-	99%	-
Traralgon Power Pty Limited	^l Australıa	99%	-	99%	-
IPM Ausone Pty Limited	^l Australia	100%	-	100%	•
IPM Victoria B V	² Netherlands	0%	-	100%	125,549
Majestic Energy	⁴UK	0%_		100%	
		_	207,178		586,197

Registered address

IPM Perth B V is incorporated in the Netherlands and has its registered office in Australia as noted above

As at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014, the Directors are of the opinion that the recoverable amounts of the Company's investments are not less than their book value

1

¹Level 33, Rialto South Tower, 525 Collins Street, Melboune, VIC 3000, Australia

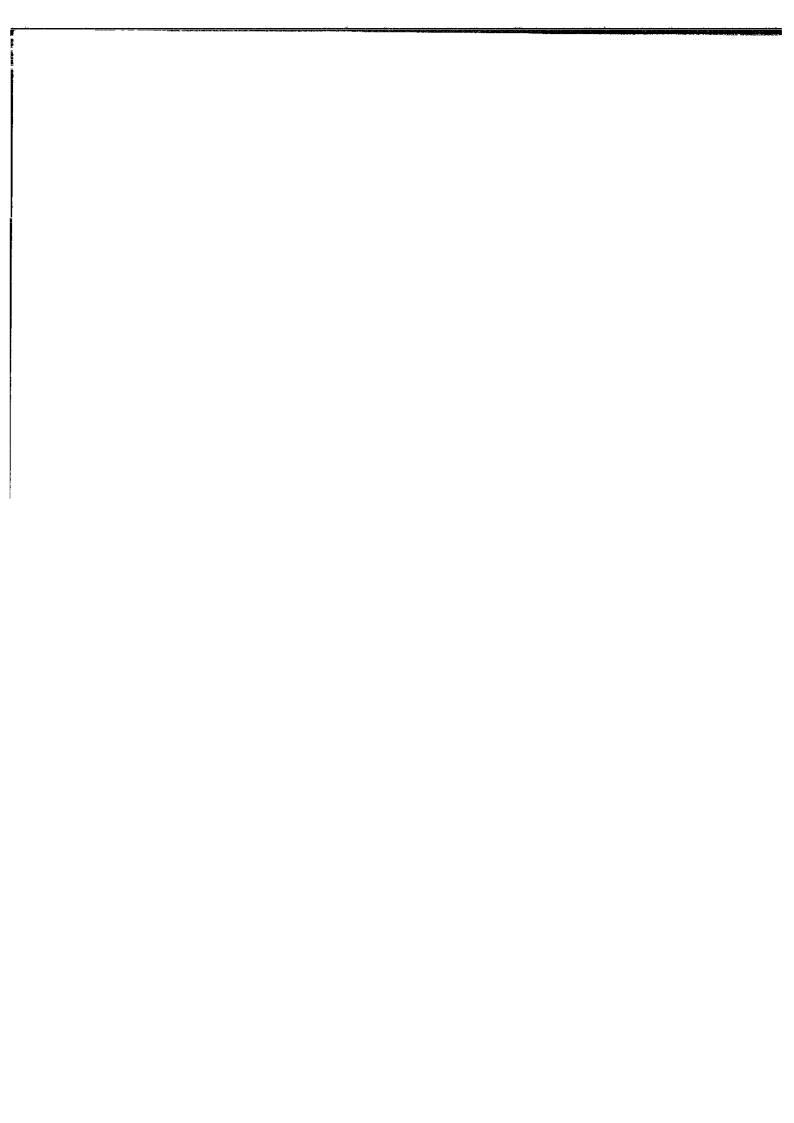
²Grote Voort 291, Zwolle 8041BL, Netherlands

³IPM Advantage B V was dissolved on 18 February 2015

⁴Level 20, 25 Canada Square, London, E14 5LQ, United Kingdom

⁵Sede Legale, Via Nicolo' Porpora 16, 00198, Roma, Italy

⁶IPM Precision B V was dissolved on 20 March 2015



4 Amounts due from group companies

•	Amounts due from group companies		
		2015	2014
		US\$'000	US\$'000
Amo	unts receivable from group companies due within one year	23,482	222,091

Amounts due from group companies include interest bearing amounts of US\$23,426,000 (2014 US\$219,866,000) which are unsecured, subject to floating rates of interest plus a margin, and repayable on demand Amounts due from group companies also include interest free amounts of US\$56,000 (2014 US\$2,225,000)

The receivables from group companies are as follows

Receivables from group companies	2015	2014
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Ponama Holdings Limited	•	34,335
IPM Royale Limited	•	5
IPM Energy Services B V	56	56
IPM Del Cambe	-	55
Normanglade 4 LLP	-	156,843
IPM Descaribe Holding GmbH	-	447
Iberica de Energias S L	•	19,021
IPM Eagle Victoria B V	56	•
GDF SUEZ Treasury Management S a.r 1	3	11,329
IPM Generation Holdings	23,367	-
	23,482	222,091

5 Tax receivable

The Company has tax receivables of US\$317,000 at 31 December 2014 (2014 US\$664,000) This balance arises from the surrender of tax losses to fellow UK group companies by way of group relief. The Company recognises a tax receivable on the losses surrendered based on the prevailing UK tax rate for the relevant period.

6 Financial derivatives

At 31 December 2015 the fair value of derivatives held by the Company represented an unrealised profit of US\$1,248,000 (2014 US\$2,247,000)

7 Shareholder's equity

	Share capital paid and called up	Translation reserve	Retained earnings	Total 2015	Total 2014
	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000	US\$'000
Balance as at I January Changes Translation	109,098	5,173	141,568	255,839	136,986
adjustment Dividends Profit for the year	(11,268)	11,268	(421,082) 331,698	(421,082) 331,698	118,853
Balance as at 31 December	97,830	16,441	52,184	166,455	255,839

Issued capital

The authorised share capital comprises 10,000,000,000 common A shares and 1,000,000 of each common class B-Q shares 8,985,877,114 common class A shares, 18,176 common class B shares, 15,907 common class C shares and 116 common class D shares are issued and allotted at 31 December 2015 and 31 December 2014 The shares have a par value of EUR 0.01 each

The share capital is retranslated to US dollars by applying the prevailing USD to euro exchange at the reporting date of the annual accounts. As the end of 2015 the rate was 1 0887 and at the end of 2014 the rate was 1 2141

Retained earnings

At the General Meeting, the shareholders will be asked to approve the following appropriation of the 2015 profit after taxation an amount of US\$331,698,000 to be added to retained earnings. Interim dividends of US\$5,393,000 and US\$385,431,000 were paid on 23 October 2015 and an interim of dividend of US\$30,258,000 was paid on 23 November 2015 (2014 US\$nil). The result after taxes for 2015 is included under the retained earnings item in the shareholder's equity. In anticipation of such decision, this proposal has been reflected in the financial statements.

8 Amounts due to group companies

o Amounts due to group companies		
	2015	2014
	US\$'000	US\$'000
Amounts payable to group companies due within one year	64,522	553,141

Amounts due to group companies include interest bearing amounts of US\$64,522,000 (2014 US\$341,942,000) which are unsecured, subject to floating rates of interest plus a margin and repayable on demand Amounts due to group companies also include interest free amounts of US\$nil (2014 US\$211,199,000)

The payables to group companies are as follows

Payables to group companies	2015	2014
	US\$'000	US\$'000
IPM Energy Company (UK) Limited	-	13,973
IPM Energy Limited	-	532
IPM Sumatra B V	-	7,752
IPM Delcaribe Holding GmbH	-	1,610
IPM Precision B V	-	201,897
Impala Kookaburra Limited	-	327,376
IPM Wind Power Italy B V	_	1
International Power Ltd	43	-
IPM Raven Limited	3	_
Loy Yang Holdings Pty Ltd	1,456	-
IPM Energy Holdings	63,020	-
	64,522	553,141
		4

9 Taxation on result of ordinary activities

The Company was the head of a Fiscal Unity until 8 November 2007 when the Company migrated to the United Kingdom

On 9 November 2007 the Company became a United Kingdom tax resident for corporate income tax purposes and therefore no Dutch corporate income taxes should be payable from that date. The taxation charge for the year ended 31 December 2015 is US\$345,000 (2014 US\$672,000)

	2015 US\$'000	2014 US\$'000
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	332,043	119,525
•		
Current tax charge at 20 25% (2014 21 5%)	(67,239)	(25,698)
Income not taxable	76,471	53,112
Expenses not deductible	(9,543)	(27,165)
Prior year tax adjustment	(13)	(858)
Foreign exchange loss on tax balances	(21)	(63)
Current tax charge	(345)	(672)

The current year applicable statutory tax rate of 20 25% represents a weighted average rate based on 21% applicable for the three months to 31 March 2015, and 20% applicable from 1 April 2015.

The prior year applicable statutory tax rate of 21 5% represents a weighted average rate based on 23% applicable for the three months to 31 March 2014, and 21% applicable from 1 April 2014

10 Personnel

The Company had no employees during the year (2014 none)

11 Directors' remuneration

The Company has four Directors (2014 three) The Directors did not receive any fees or emoluments from the Company during the year (2014 US\$nil) directly attributable to their position within the Company All Directors' fees or emoluments were paid by International Power Ltd or Mitsui Power Ventures Limited and the amount attributable to the qualifying services provided by the Directors to the Company cannot be reliably estimated

12 Events after the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events since the balance sheet date which should be considered for a proper understanding of these financial statements

13 Transactions with related parties

Transactions with related parties occur when a relationship exists between the Company, its group undertakings and their Directors and key management personnel Details of related party balances as at 31 December 2015 are disclosed under notes 4 and 8

There were no transactions with related parties that were not on a commercial basis

London, 12 January 2017

Signed on behalf of the Board by

R Okaniwa

J S Sandhu

Other information

The annual accounts of IPM International BV are not audited as the Company is exempt from this obligation pursuant to Article 2 396 7 of the Netherlands Civil Code Consequently, no auditor's report is included

Provisions in the Articles of Association governing the appropriation of profit

According to article 28 of the Company's Articles of Association, the profit is at the disposal of the General Meeting of Shareholders, which can allocate the profit wholly or partly to the general or specific reserve funds

The Company can only make payments to the shareholders and other parties entitled to the distributable profit for the amount the shareholder's equity is greater than the paid-up and called-up part of the capital plus the legally required reserves

Appropriation of result

In accordance with article 28 of the Articles of Association, distribution of profits shall take place after confirmation and adoption of the annual accounts showing that the distribution of profits is allowed

Proposed appropriation of result

See note 7 to the financial statements for details of the proposed appropriation of result

Events after the balance sheet date

See note 12 to the financial statements for details of events after the balance sheet date