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Priory Eastwood Grange (Property) Limited

Directors' report and financial statements

Year ended 31 December 2013

Incorporated in the Cayman Islands with registered number MC-187002

UK Registered number FC027629

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Priory Eastwood Grange (Property) Limited Directors' report and financial statements Year ended 31 December 2013

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Strategic report for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their strategic report on Priory Eastwood Grange (Property) Limited for the year ended 31 December 2013

Principal activities

The principal activity of the company is to act as a property development company

Business review

The results for the year are set out in the profit and loss account on page 4 and the position of the company as at the year end is set out in the balance sheet on page 5

Given the straightforward nature of the business, the company's directors are of the opinion that analysis using key performance indicators is not necessary for an understanding of the development, performance or position of the business. The development, performance and position of Priory Group No 1 Limited, which includes the company, are discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

The company's operations mean that is exposed it to a variety of financial risks that include the effects of changes in credit risk, liquidity risk and interest rate risk. The directors monitor the risks in order to limit the adverse effects on the financial performance by reviewing levels of debt finance and the related finance costs, however these are integrated with the risks of group and not managed separately Accordingly, the financial risk management policies of Priory Group No 1 Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report

Principal risks and uncertainties

From the perspective of the company, the principal risks and uncertainties are integrated with the principal risks of the group and are not managed separately. Accordingly, the principal risks and uncertainties of Priory Group No 1 Limited, which include those of the company, are discussed in the group's annual report which does not form part of this report.

Future developments

The future developments of the company are aligned to the strategy of the Priory Group, headed by Priory Group No 1 Limited The group's strategy for the future development of the business is included in the group's annual report, which does not form part of this report

By order of the board

D Hall

Company secretary 19 September 2014

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2013

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

Going concern

The ultimate parent company, Priory Group No 1 Limited, has confirmed that it will continue to provide financial support to the company for the foreseeable future and for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Dividends

The directors do not recommend the payment of a dividend (2012 £nil)

Directors

The directors who held office during the year were as follows

Professor C Thompson

(resigned 20 June 2013)

J Lock

In accordance with the articles of association, no directors retire by rotation

Statement of directors' responsibilities

The directors are responsible for preparing the strategic report, the directors' report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent,
- state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Directors' report for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Auditors

The company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands and registered in both the Cayman Islands and the UK. The company is not required to publish audited financial statements. The purpose of these financial statements is to meet the obligations for filing in both the UK and the Cayman Islands. The filing requirements for the Cayman Islands are significantly less in scope than those for the UK. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards and UK companies' legislation as applied to overseas companies and under the historical cost convention References in these financial statements to the Companies Act and other legislation are therefore references to UK legislation. These financial statements comply the Companies Act 2006 as applied to overseas companies.

By order of the board

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D Hall

Company secretary

PO Box 309GT Ugland House South Church Street George Town Grand Cayman Cayman Islands

19 September 2014

Profit and loss account for the year ended 31 December 2013

	Note	2013 £000	2012 £000
Interest payable and similar charges	3	(10)	(11)
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Tax credit on loss on ordinary activities	2 4	(10) 3	(11)
Loss for the financial year	10	(7)	(7)

The results for the current and prior year derive from continuing activities

The company had no other recognised gains or losses for the year other than the loss above, therefore no statement of total recognised gains and losses is presented

There is no difference between the loss on ordinary activities before taxation and the loss for the year stated above and their historical cost equivalents

Balance sheet

As at 31 December 2013	Note	£000	2013 £000	0003	2012 £000
Fixed assets Tangible assets	5	2000	300	£000	300
Current assets Debtors	6	3		4	
Creditors amounts falling due within one year	7	(60)		(54)	
Net current liabilities			(57)		(50)
Total assets less current liabilities			243		250
Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year	8		(300)		(300)
Net liabilities			(57)		(50)
Capital and reserves Called up share capital	9				-
Share premium Profit and loss account	10 10		10 (67)		10 (60)
Total shareholders' deficit	11		(57)		(50)

The financial statements on pages 4 to 9 were approved by the board of directors on 19 September 2014 and were signed on its behalf by

J Lock Director

UK registered number FC027629

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013

1 Accounting policies

The following accounting policies have been applied consistently in the company's financial statements

Basis of preparation

The company is incorporated in the Cayman Islands and registered in both the Cayman Islands and the UK. The company is not required to publish audited financial statements. The purpose of these financial statements is to meet the obligations for filing in both the UK and the Cayman Islands. The filing requirements for the Cayman Islands are significantly less in scope than those for the UK. These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with applicable UK accounting standards and UK companies' legislation as applied to overseas companies and under the historical cost convention References in these financial statements to the Companies Act and other legislation are therefore references to UK legislation. These financial statements comply the Companies Act 2006 as applied to overseas companies.

The ultimate parent company, Priory Group No 1 Limited, has confirmed that it will continue to provide financial support to the company for the foreseeable future and for at least 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements. Accordingly the financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

Under Financial Reporting Standard 1 (revised) the company is exempt from the requirement to prepare a cash flow statement on the grounds that a parent undertaking includes the company in its own published consolidated financial statements

As the company is a wholly owned subsidiary of Priory Group No 1 Limited, the company has taken advantage of the exemption contained in Financial Reporting Standard 8 and has therefore not disclosed transactions or balances with entities which form part of the group

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost, net of depreciation and any provision for impairment

Land is not depreciated on the basis that land has an unlimited life

Deferred taxation

The charge for taxation is based on the profit for the period and takes into account taxation deferred

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date, where transactions or events that result in an obligation to pay more tax in the future or a right to pay less tax in the future have occurred at the balance sheet date

A deferred tax asset is recognised as recoverable and therefore recognised only when, on the basis of all available evidence, it can be regarded as more likely than not that there will be suitable taxable profits against which to recover carried forward tax losses and from which the future reversal of underlying timing differences can be deducted

Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is measured in a non-discounted basis

Group relief

Payment is generally made for group relief at the current tax rate at the time of first estimating the tax provision. To the extent that amendments are subsequently made to the group relief plan, there is generally no payment or receipt in respect of the change.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

2 Loss on ordinary activities before taxation

The directors received no emoluments for services to the company during the year (2012 nil). The company had no employees during the current or prior year.

3 Interest payable and similar charges	2013 £000	2012 £000
Interest payable to group undertakings	10	11
		
4 Tax on loss on ordinary activities	2013	2012
	000£	£000
UK corporation tax Current tax credit on loss for the year	(3)	(4)

The tax credit of £3,000 (2012 £4,000) in the year is to be surrendered to other group companies in exchange for payment of the same amount

The standard rate of tax for the year, based on the UK standard rate of corporation tax is 23 25% (2012 24 49%) The actual tax credit for the year is higher than (2012 higher than) the standard rate of corporation tax for the reasons set out in the following reconciliation

	2013 £000	2012 £000
Loss on ordinary activities before tax	(10)	(11)
Tax on loss on ordinary activities at standard rate	(2)	(3)
Factors affecting charge for the year Transfer pricing adjustment	(1)	(1)
Total actual amount of current tax	(3)	(4)

The standard rate of corporation tax in the UK changed from 24% to 23% with effect from 1 April 2013 Accordingly, the company's profits for this accounting year are taxed at an effective rate of 23 25% (2012 24 49%)

In his budget speech on 20 March 2013, the Chancellor announced that the main rate of corporation tax would change from 23% to 21% from 1 April 2014 and from 21% to 20% from 1 April 2015. The change was substantively enacted in July 2013, as such the company's deferred tax balances have been restated to reflect their expected unwind at 20% rather than the main rate of 23%.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

Cost	5 Tangible assets		
At beginning and end of the year 300 Depreciation At beginning and end of the year - Net book value At 31 December 2013 300 At 31 December 2012 300 6 Debtors 2013 2012 6000 6000 Group relief recoverable 3 4 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2013 2012 6000 6000 Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 6000 60000	<u> </u>		land
At beginning and end of the year Net book value At 31 December 2013 300 At 31 December 2012 300 6 Debtors 2013 2012 £000 £0000 Group relief recoverable 3 4 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2013 2012 £000 £0000 Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 £000 £0000			300
At 31 December 2012 300 At 31 December 2012 300 6 Debtors 2013 2012 2000 Group relief recoverable 3 4 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2013 2012 2000 Amounts due to group undertakings 400 within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 2013 2012 2000 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 2000 2000			
6 Debtors 2013 2012 £000 £000 Group relief recoverable 3 4 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2013 2012 £000 £000 Amounts due to group undertakings 60 54 Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 £000 £0000			300
Group relief recoverable Group relief recoverable 3 4 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2013 2012 £0000 £0000 Amounts due to group undertakings 60 54 Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 £0000 £0000	At 31 December 2012		300
Group relief recoverable 7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2013 2012 £0000 £0000 Amounts due to group undertakings 60 54 Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 £0000 £0000	6 Debtors		
7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2013 2012 £0000 £0000 Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 £0000 £0000			
7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year 2013 2012 £0000 £0000 Amounts due to group undertakings 60 54 Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 £0000 £0000	Group relief recoverable	3	4
Amounts due to group undertakings Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 2013 2012 2010 £0000		3	4
Amounts due to group undertakings Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 2013 2012 2010 £0000	7 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year		
Amounts due to group undertakings due within one year are non-interest bearing and repayable on demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 £000 £0000	, ordators, amounts raining due within one year		
demand 8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year 2013 2012 £000 £000	Amounts due to group undertakings	60	54
2013 2012 £000 £000		earing and i	repayable on
£000 £0000	8 Creditors amounts falling due after more than one year		
Amounts due to group undertakings 300 300			
	Amounts due to group undertakings	300	300

Amounts due to group undertakings are unsecured, bear interest at LIBOR plus 2 25% per annum and are repayable on demand. It is not expected that the demand would be made or that these amounts will be paid within one year and accordingly these amounts have been shown as amounts falling due after more than one year.

Notes to the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2013 (continued)

9	Called up share capital		
		2013	2012
A !! - 44 -	المدم والمائية المدم والمائية المدم والمائية المدم والمائية المدم والمائية المدم	£	£
	ed, called up and fully paid ary shares of £1 each	2	2
		-	=
10	Reserves		.
		Ch	Profit and loss
		Share	
		Premium	account
		£000	£000
At beg	inning of the year	10	(60)
	or the year	-	(7)
	·		
At end	of the year	10	(67)
11	Reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit		
••	1/COOMOMATION OF INTO CONTROL OF CONTROL CONTR	2013	2012
		£000	0003
Loss fo	or the financial year	(7)	(7)
			
	dition to shareholders' deficit	(7)	(7)
Openir	ng shareholders' deficit	(50)	(43)
			(50)
Closin	g shareholders' deficit	(57)	(50)

12 Contingent liabilities

At 31 December 2013, borrowings of a fellow group undertaking were secured by fixed and floating charges over all the assets of the company

13 Ultimate parent company

The company is a subsidiary undertaking of Priory Holdings Company No 2 Limited, which is incorporated in the Cayman Islands

The ultimate parent undertaking and controlling party is Priory Group No. 1 Limited, a company incorporated in England Priory Group No. 1 Limited is beneficially owned by funds managed by Advent International Corporation which is considered by the directors to be the ultimate controlling party of the company

Priory Group No. 1 Limited is the parent undertaking of the largest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2013. Priory Group No. 3 PLC is the parent undertaking of the smallest group of undertakings to consolidate these financial statements at 31 December 2013. The consolidated financial statements of Priory Group No. 1 Limited and Priory Group No. 3 PLC can be obtained from the Company Secretary at 80 Hammersmith Road, London, W14 8UD.