100793/240

LIBRA NO 2 LIMITED

Report and Financial Statements 30 September 2010

A39

17/06/2011 COMPANIES HOUSE

LIBRA NO 2 LIMITED

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2010

CONTENTS	Page
Officers and professional advisers	1
Directors' Report	2
Statement of directors' responsibilities	6
Independent auditors' report	7
Consolidated profit and loss account	9
Balance sheets	10
Consolidated cash flow statement	11
Consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses	12
Consolidated reconciliation of movements in shareholders' deficit	12
Consolidated note of historical cost profits and losses	12
Notes to the accounts	13

REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS 2010

OFFICERS AND PROFESSIONAL ADVISERS

DIRECTORS

J M J M Jensen

Executive Director

P H Thompson

Non-executive Director

SECRETARY

Dominion Corporate Services Limited

REGISTERED OFFICE

Maples Corporate Services Limited PO Box 309 Ugland House Grand Cayman KY1-1104 Cayman Islands

SOLICITORS

Eversheds LLP Kett House Station Road Cambridge CB1 2JY

BANKERS

Barclays Bank PLC South East Corporate Banking Centre PO Box 112 Horsham West Sussex RH12 1YQ

AUDITORS

Deloitte LLP Chartered Accountants London

1

DIRECTORS' REPORT

The Directors present their annual report and the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2010

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom accounting standards and applicable law which would apply if the Company was incorporated in Great Britain)

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The principal activity of the Group is the purchase and retention of freehold and long leasehold interests, in modern, purpose-built care homes

The principal activity of the Company is to act as a holding company, which conducts corporate activities on behalf of the Group. The Directors intend to continue these activities in the forthcoming year.

BUSINESS REVIEW

At 30 September 2010 the Group owned the freehold and long leasehold interests in 294 care homes, three residential properties and two sites valued at £795,893,000 (2009 £817,545,000) The Market Valuation was £827,149,000 (2009 £849,645,000) if the individual properties had been valued as separate businesses

RESULTS

The results of the Group for the years ended 30 September 2010 and 30 September 2009 are set out in the consolidated profit and loss account on page 9

The principal Key Performance Indicators (KPIs) used by the Group to measure its own performance are shown below

	2010	2009	(decrease)
Turnover	£73 1m	£71 7m	£1 4m
Adjusted operating profit*	£71 4m	£69 2m	£2 2m
Operating cash flow after interest	£(2 5)m	£(6 9)m	£4 4m
Shareholders' deficit	£678 7m	£579 9m	£98 8m

Group turnover for the year ended 30 September 2010 was £73 1m as compared to £71 7m for the preceding year This increase in the Group turnover of £1 4m was principally due to a 2 5% rent uplift on the operators' leases

Adjusted operating profit for the year ended 30 September 2010 is calculated as operating profit of £68 3m plus exceptional costs of £nil plus provision for permanent diminution in value of investment properties of £3 1m (2009 £68 4m plus £0 8m plus £nil)

The effective improvement in operating profit before exceptional costs of £2 2m was primarily due to the favourable group turnover variance in the current year

Operating cash flow after interest for the year ended 30 September 2010 is calculated as net cash inflow from operating activities of £71 2m less net cash outflow from returns on investment and servicing of finance of £73 7m (2009 £66 7m less £73 6m)

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

RESULTS (Continued)

Shareholders' deficit has increased from £579 9m at 30 September 2009 to £678 7m at 30 September 2010 The decreased amount of £98 8m in shareholders' deficit was due to the following

- (a) the loss for the year of £80 3m due to the continuing net interest payable on bank debts (see note 7 of the financial statements), and
- (b) the decline in the property valuation of the Group portfolio has continued in the year ended 30 September 2010 to £795 9m from £817 5 at 30 September 2009. The fall in the Group property valuation was primarily due to the continued impact of the current financial crisis.

DIVIDENDS

The Company has declared and paid a dividend of £nil for the year (2009 £nil)

DIRECTORS

The following Directors served during the year

Directors	Date appointed	Date Resigned
P H Thompson	6 November 2009	•
M J Grant	2 July 2009	6 November 2009
J M J M Jensen	19 December 2008	-

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES

FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Directors have the overall responsibilities for the Group in assessing risk and taking appropriate action

Cash flow risk

The Group used derivative financial instruments to reduce the exposure to interest rate movements in line with the Group's risk management policies as approved by the Board of Directors. The interest rate swap agreement was signed with Credit Suisse on 15 January 2007 as disclosed in note 13 of the financial statements. The Group does not use derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes.

Credit risk

Credit risk is attributable to receivables in relation to rents receivable from third party tenants. Due to austerity measures, some tenants are facing difficult operating conditions resulting in an increased risk that they may be unable to pay their rents. However, a large number of our homes are geographically diverse and our occupational leases are long-term contracts, thus making the income relatively secure.

The Group has a concentration of credit risk as the principal tenant is Southern Cross Healthcare Group Plc ("Southern Cross") At 30 September 2010, there is no outstanding rent due from Southern Cross. The Directors have been in on-going discussions with Southern Cross in respect of a potential restructuring of its obligations under the lease documents. Such discussions are at a preliminary stage. See note 1 to the financial statements for further details.

Liquidity risk

In order to maintain liquidity and to ensure that sufficient funds are available for ongoing operations and future developments, the Group has reserved £4 3m in an interest bearing cash reserve account and £0 3m in capital expenditure reserve account at 30 September 2010

Price risk

The Group has entered into a number of medium-term rental agreements with its tenants which are subject to fixed annual price increases

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PRINCIPAL RISKS AND UNCERTAINTIES (Continued)

PROPERTY VALUATIONS

The Group's property portfolio is the largest component of the Group's net asset value. The value of The Group's property portfolio is affected by the conditions prevailing in the property investment market, the general economic environment, and the growing pressure on the overall public sector spending consequently reducing admissions from local authorities. Accordingly, the Group's net asset value can rise and fall due to external factors beyond management's control.

The Group's property portfolio is valued in compliance with international standards by external professionally qualified valuers. The primary source of evidence for valuations should be recent, comparable open market transactions at arms length terms. The current economic climate means that there have been few transactions for the types of property owned by the Group. The Company's valuers commented in their valuation report as at 30 September 2010 that the recent announcements in relation to Southern Cross, a continuing lack of liquidity in the financial sector together with austerity measures were detrimentally affecting market sentiment and were likely to affect market values going forward. They further commented that as these events with particular reference to Southern Cross were so recent and circumstances continue to change, they were not able to accurately assess the effect there will be on the market with the evidence available to them and they had therefore applied their professional judgement.

GOING CONCERN

As set out in note 13 to the financial statements, as at 30 September 2010, the Company (the "Mezzanine Borrower") had a term loan of £70 million (the "Mezzanine Loan") and LIBRA No 3 Limited (a subsidiary of the Company) (the "Senior Borrower") had a term loan of £1,172 million (the "Senior Loan") secured on the Group's investment properties and freehold land and buildings. Nevertheless, the Group has been in technical breach of its loan covenants since 15 December 2008 due to the fall in property values and the Directors of the Company have been in restructuring negotiations with its lenders since 28 November 2008 and have entered into a series of standstill agreements which suspend the rights of creditors with respect to the Senior Loan and the Mezzanine Loan to enforce their rights under the loan documents and related security. On 13 December 2010, a further standstill agreement was put in place, expiring 14 February 2011.

Since January 2009, the Directors have been relying on a confirmation from Capita (the special servicer to the Senior Loan under the securitisation structure) that for so long as discussions with respect to a potential reorganisation of the affairs of the Group and a restructuring of its debt obligations are continuing, and on the understanding that such funds shall not be applied in contravention of the terms relating to the Senior Loan, it is the intention of the creditors with respect to the Senior Loan to provide the Group with the funds it requires to make payments falling due as a consequence of the group carrying on its business from the Senior Borrowers' cash reserve account within a reasonable time upon request

Given these circumstances along with other matters disclosed in note 1, the Directors do not currently expect the Company and the Group to go into insolvent liquidation but there is a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt as to the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. Nonetheless, at the present time, the Directors consider it appropriate to prepare the Group and the Company financial statements on a going concern basis. See further details in note 1 to the financial statements.

PAYMENT TO CREDITORS

The Group's policy is to fix payment terms when agreeing the terms of each transaction. It is the Group's general policy to pay suppliers in accordance with the agreed terms and conditions, provided that the supplier has complied with those terms. The average creditors' days for the Group at 30 September 2010 were equivalent to 25, (2009-15). Creditor days for the Company at 30 September 2010 were nil (2009-nil).

DIRECTORS' REPORT (continued)

PAYMENT TO CREDITORS

The Group's policy is to fix payment terms when agreeing the terms of each transaction. It is the Group's general policy to pay suppliers in accordance with the agreed terms and conditions, provided that the supplier has complied with those terms. The average creditors' days for the Group at 30 September 2010 were equivalent to 25, (2009. 15) Creditor days for the Company at 30 September 2010 were nil (2009. nil)

EMPLOYMENT POLICY

The Group supports the principle of Equal Opportunities in employment and opposes all forms of unfair and unlawful discrimination. The Group's employment policies are designed to attract, retain and motivate the very best people, recognising that this can be achieved only through offering equal opportunities regardless of gender, race, religion or disability.

THIRD PARTY INDEMNITY PROVISIONS

The Group has made qualifying third party indemnity provisions for the benefit of its Directors, which were made during the year and remain in force to the date of this report

AUDITORS

Each of the persons who is a Director at the date of approval of this report confirms that

- 1) so far as the Director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the Company's auditors are unaware, and
- 2) the Director has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a Director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the Company's auditors are aware of that information

This confirmation is given and should be interpreted in accordance with the provisions of s418 of the Companies Act 2006

Deloitte LLP have expressed their willingness to continue in office as auditors and a resolution to re-appoint them will be proposed at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting

Approved by the Board of Directors And signed on behalf of the Board

J M J M Jensen Director

Date 8 February 2011

STATEMENT OF DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES

The Directors are responsible for preparing the Annual Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations

Company Law requires the Directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the Directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under Company Law the Directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group and of the profit and loss of the Group for that period. In preparing these financial statements, the Directors are required to

- (a) select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently,
- (b) make judgements and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent, and
- (c) state whether applicable UK Accounting Standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the financial statements, and
- (d) prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business

The Directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the Company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the Company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to overseas companies. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and of the Group and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LIBRA NO 2 LIMITED

We have audited the Group and Parent Company financial statements of LIBRA No 2 Limited (the 'Company') for the year ended 30 September 2010, which comprise the consolidated profit and loss account, the consolidated and company balance sheets, the consolidated cash flow statement, the consolidated statement of total recognised gains and losses, the consolidated reconciliation of movements in shareholders' funds, the consolidated note of historical cost profits and losses and the related notes 1 to 25 The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice)

This report is made solely to the Company's members, as a body. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the Company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditors' report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the Company and the Company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed

Respective responsibilities of directors and auditors

As explained more fully in the Directors' Responsibilities Statement, the Directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view Our responsibility is to audit and express an opinion on the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland) Those standards require us to comply with the Auditing Practices Board's (APB's) Ethical Standards for Auditors

Scope of the audit of the financial statements

An audit involves obtaining evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements sufficient to give reasonable assurance that the financial statements are free from material misstatement, whether caused by fraud or error. This includes an assessment of whether the accounting policies are appropriate to the company's circumstances and have been consistently applied and adequately disclosed, the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by the Directors, and the overall presentation of the financial statements.

Opinion on financial statements

In our opinion the financial statements

- give a true and fair view of the state of the Group's and the Company's affairs as at 30 September 2010 and of the Group's loss for the year then ended,
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice, and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to overseas companies

Emphasis of matter - Going concern

In forming our opinion on the financial statements, which is not qualified, we have considered the adequacy of the disclosure made in note 1 to the financial statements concerning the Group's and the Company's ability to continue as a going concern

The Group is in breach of the financial covenants in its loan agreement (as described in note 1) The Directors are in discussion with Capita Asset Services (UK) Limited regarding a resolution of the breach. However, the outcome of these discussions and the timing of their conclusion are uncertain

These conditions, along with other matters explained in note 1 to the financial statements, indicate the existence of a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt about the Group's ability to continue as a going concern. The financial statements do not include the adjustments that would result if the Group was unable to continue as a going concern.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF LIBRA NO 2 LIMITED (Continued)

Opinion on other matter prescribed by the provision of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to overseas companies.

In our opinion the information given in the Directors' Report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters where the provisions of the Companies Act 2006 applicable to overseas companies require us to report to you, if in our opinion

- adequate accounting records have not been kept by the Company, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us, or
- the Company financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns, or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made, or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit

Deloitte LLP

Chartered Accountants and Registered Auditors

the LLP

London, United Kingdom Date 8 February 2011

CONSOLIDATED PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT Year ended 30 September 2010

	Year ended 30 September 2010	Year ended 30 September 2009
Notes	£000	£000
3	73,138	71,726
	(3,098)	-
	(1,702)	(2,521)
5	(63)	(814)
	(4,863)	(3,335)
6	68,275	68,391
	25	-
7	(148,606)	(132,444)
	(80,306)	(64,053)
8		
16	(80,306)	(64,053)
	3 5 6 7	30 September 2010 2010 2010 2010 3 73,138 (3,098) (1,702) (63) (4,863) (4,863) 6 68,275 7 25 (148,606) (80,306) 8 -

Results are derived wholly from continuing operations

BALANCE SHEETS at 30 September 2010

		Group 2010	Group 2009	Company 2010	Company 2009
	Notes	£000	(Reclassified*) £000	£000	£000
TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS					
Investment properties	10	795,308	816,962	-	-
Other fixed assets	10	607	583		
		795,915	817,545	_	-
INVESTMENTS	11	-	-		-
TOTAL FIXED ASSETS		795,915	817,545		
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	12	1,042	2,707	124	124
Short-term deposits		17,284	17,892	-	-
Cash at bank and in hand		174	40	-	
		18,500	20,639	124	124
CREDITORS: amounts falling due					
within one year	13	(1,493,127)	(1,418,045)	(263,523)	(211,947)
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES		(1,474,627)	(1,397,406)	(263,399)	(211,823)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT					
LIABILITIES AND NET LIABILITIE	S	(678,712)	(579,861)	(263,399)	(211,823)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	15	200	200	200	200
Revaluation reserve	16	(241,653)	(235,673)	-	-
Profit and loss account	16	(437,259)	(344,388)	(263,599)	(212,023)
SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT		(678,712)	(579,861)	(263,399)	(211,823)

^{*}See notes 12 and 13 for details on the reclassification

These financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the Board of Directors on 8 February 2011 The Company Registration number is FC026602

Signed an behalf of the Board of Directors

J M J M Jensen Director P H Thompson Director

CONSOLIDATED CASH FLOW STATEMENT Year ended 30 September 2010

		Year ended 30 September 2010	Year ended 30 September 2009
	Note	£000	£000
Net cash inflow from operating activities	18	71,210	66,743
Return on investments and servicing finance Interest paid		(73,995)	(73,999)
Other similar charges paid Interest received		(1) 279	(2) 404
Net cash outflow from returns on investments and servicing of finance		(73,717)	(73,597)
Taxation Corporation tax received		2,038	1,257
Capital expenditure and financial investment Purchase of tangible fixed assets Proceeds on disposal of other fixed assets	10	(30) 25	
Net cash outflow from investing activities		(5)	
Net cash outflow before use of liquid resources and financing		(474)	(5,597)
Management of liquid resources Short-term deposit withdrawal		608	5,548
Increase / (decrease) in cash in the year	19	134	(49)

CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF TOTAL RECOGNISED GAINS AND LOSSES Year ended 30 September 2010

•	Notes	Year ended 30 September 2010 £000	Year ended 30 September 2009 £000
Loss for the year	16	(80,306)	(64,053)
Net deficit on revaluation of properties	16	(18,545)	(77,072)
Total recognised loss for the year		(98,851)	(141,125)

CONSOLIDATED RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' DEFICIT Year ended 30 September 2010

	Notes	Year ended 30 September 2010 £000	Year ended 30 September 2009 £000
Loss for the year Net deficit on revaluation of properties	16	(80,306)	(64,053)
	16	(18,545)	(77,072)
Net decrease in shareholders' funds		(98,851)	(141,125)
Shareholders' deficit at the beginning of year		(579,861)	(438,736)
Shareholders' deficit at end of year		(678,712)	(579,861)

CONSOLIDATED NOTE OF HISTORICAL COST PROFITS AND LOSSES Year ended 30 September 2010

	Year ended 30 September 2010 £000	Year ended 30 September 2009 £000
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation Realisation of property revaluation losses of previous years	(80,306) (12,565)	(64,053)
Historical cost loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(92,871)	(64,053)
Historical cost loss retained for the year	(92,871)	(64,053)

1 GOING CONCERN

As at 30 September 2010, the Company (the "Mezzanine Borrower") had a term loan of £70 million (the "Mezzanine Loan") and LIBRA No 3 Limited (a subsidiary of the Company) (the "Senior Borrower") had a term loan of £1,172 million (the "Senior Loan") secured on the investment properties and freehold land and buildings (the "Portfolio") of the Company and its subsidiaries (the "Group") As at 8 February 2011, the loan amounts remain outstanding The original final maturity date of the Senior Loan was 15 January 2009 and of the Mezzanine Loan was 15 February 2009 (each, the "original final maturity date"), with an option to extend these loans to 15 January 2010 and 15 February 2010 respectively (each, the "final maturity date"), in each case provided (among other things) that no default was outstanding at the original final maturity date

However, a fall in property values in the period to 30 September 2008 and a further fall in the period to 15 December 2008 resulted in the breach of, among other things, the loan to value ('LTV') financial covenant with respect to the Senior Loan (resulting in an automatic cross-default with respect to the Mezzanine Loan) As a result, the Group was not in a position to extend the loans to the final maturity date. Other breaches of the terms of the loan documents, chiefly concerning information covenants, also resulted in defaults with respect to the Senior Loan and the Mezzanine Loan

Under the terms of the respective loan documents, the Senior Borrower was required to make repayment of the Senior Loan on 15 January 2009 and the Mezzanine Borrower was required to make repayment of the Mezzanine Loan on 15 February 2009. These repayments were not made. As a result, the respective borrowers have become liable for an additional 2% default interest with respect to the overdue amounts. The default interest amounts have contributed to a breach of the interest cover ratio ('ICR') financial covenant in relation to the Senior Loan (resulting in an automatic cross-default with respect to the Mezzanine Loan)

Since November 2008, the Directors of the Group and the Company have been in ongoing discussions with Capita Asset Services (UK) Limited ("Capita"), the special servicer to the Senior Loan under the securitisation structure (which operates on a back-to-back basis with the Senior Loan) and have entered into a series of standstill agreements which suspend the rights of the creditors with respect to the Senior Loan and the Mezzanine Loan to enforce their rights under the loan documents and related security. On 13 December 2010 a further standstill agreement was put in place, expiring 14 February 2011. On 17 January 2011 the Senior Borrower was unable to satisfy its interest payment in full on the interest payment date. The non full interest payment has been acknowledged in the Amendment to Standstill Agreement dated. 19 January 2011

The Directors of the Group and of the Company and Capita continue to explore alternative options to maximise the recoveries of the Senior Loan, including the sale of the whole or part of the Group and/or the properties (the "Disposal Options")

On 7 December 2010 the Group's principal tenant, Southern Cross Healthcare plc ("Southern Cross"), announced as part of its preliminary full year results that it had engaged Morgan Stanley to review its lease arrangements with landlords Since then, the Directors of the Company and Capita have been in on-going discussions with Southern Cross and its advisors in respect of a potential restructuring of the Southern Cross' obligations to the Group under the lease documents (the "Southern Cross Discussions") Such discussions are at a preliminary stage. The Senior Borrower and Capita have jointly appointed Ernst & Young LLP as an advisor to assist in the discussions with Southern Cross and to provide on-going advice as to the various options relating to the Group's properties that are leased to Southern Cross

In order to be able to improve flexibility with regard to the Disposal Options and the potential restructuring under the Southern Cross Discussions, the Directors of the Company signed an agreement on 17 January 2011 with the lenders of the Mezzanine Loan enabling the restatement and amendment of the original Mezzanine Loan, which had the effect of waiving certain "hold-out"-rights under the transaction documents held by the Mezzanine Loan lenders, which would otherwise have restricted the Group's ability ultimately to optimise the Disposal Options and the Southern Cross Discussions

1. GOING CONCERN (Continued)

While the Disposal Options and the Southern Cross Discussions are being progressed, the discussions with respect to restructuring the Senior Loan and the Mezzanine Loan are on hold pending the outcome of the Southern Cross Discussions but may be restarted in due course

As at 30 September 2010, the Directors were advised by their valuers, King Sturge LLP, that the appropriate yield for the Portfolio was 8 77%, and the value of the Portfolio was £827 15 million after allowing for purchaser's costs of 1 75%, valued on the basis of the individual properties being sold as separate businesses. The LTV ratio (the total of the carrying value of the loans and the fair value of the interest rate swaps attached to them as a percentage of market value of the total property portfolio) at that time was 165 23%. Due to a continued fall in property values and the default interest charges, the Group was in a net liability position of £678 71 million as at 30 September 2010.

King Sturge LLP have drawn attention in their valuation certificate as of 30 September 2010 to the fact that recent announcements in relation to Southern Cross, a continuing lack of liquidity in the financial sector together with austerity measures are detrimentally affecting market sentiment and, in the opinion of King Sturge, are likely to affect market values going forward

In late 2010 Capita engaged King Sturge LLP to provide an updated property valuation. According to this valuation, as at 30 December 2010 the appropriate yield for the Group's portfolio remained at 8.77%. Notwithstanding the recent announcements in relation to Southern Cross, the lack of property transactions in the market, government measures, fees pressures and the lack of debt finance, King Sturge LLP has considered that the value of the portfolio has remained at the same level as at 30 September 2010 valuation. As at 17 January 2011 the LTV ratio is 156.65%, calculated based on the latest valuation.

In order for the Group to continue to trade as a going concern, the Directors of each of the entities in the Group need to be satisfied that they will continue to be able to meet their operating costs and expenses as they fall due. The Directors have prepared cash flow forecasts covering the period to 30 April 2012 which indicate that there is a shortfall in the operational cash flow of the Group during that period. The cash flow forecasts also indicate that the ICR test will continue not to be met throughout the testing period.

Since January 2009, the Directors have been relying on a confirmation from Capita, subsequently amended on 20 January 2011, that for so long as the Southern Cross Discussions continue and/or the Disposal Options are continuing and discussions in respect of the a potential reorganisation of the affairs of the Group and a restructuring of its debt obligations (the "Potential Restructuring") may be restarted, and provided such funds shall not be applied in contravention of the terms relating to the Senior Loan, it is the intention of the creditors with respect to the Senior Loan to provide the Group with the funds it requires to make payments falling due as a consequence of the Group carrying on its business (including, without limitation, (a) day to day operating costs and expenses, (b) restructuring and/or disposal costs, and (c) other exceptional costs incurred in relation to the Southern Cross Discussions, the Disposal Options and/or the Potential Restructuring) from the Senior Borrower's cash reserve account within a reasonable time upon request

Given these circumstances, the Directors do not currently expect the Company to go into insolvent liquidation, although this position could change if either the negotiations for which the current standstill agreement allows were to fail or the financial stability of Southern Cross were to deteriorate in the foreseeable future. Given the above, there is a material uncertainty which may cast significant doubt as to the Group's ability to continue as a going concern and therefore indicate that the Group may be unable to realise its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business.

Nonetheless, at the present time, the Directors consider it appropriate to prepare the Group and Company financial statements on a going concern basis. In the event that a going concern basis should become inappropriate, the assets of the Group and the Company would be written down to their recoverable value and provision made for any further liabilities that may arise. At this time it is not practicable to quantify such adjustments

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies are summarised below. They have all been applied consistently throughout the year and the preceding year, except that certain comparative figures have been reclassified to provide clearer comparability (see notes 12 and 13).

Basis of accounting

The consolidated financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties and land and buildings, and in accordance with Section 406 of the Overseas Companies Regulations 2009 The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (as issued by ASB) The financial statements have been audited in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK and Ireland)

The consolidated financial statements incorporate the financial statement of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings for the year ended 30 September 2010

Basis of consolidation

The Group financial statements consolidate the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary undertakings drawn up to 30 September each year. The results of subsidiaries acquired or sold are consolidated for the periods from or to the date on which control passed.

Acquisitions are accounted for under the acquisition method

Turnover

Turnover represents amount receivable for goods and services provided and are attributable to the principal activity of the Group Rental income includes a base pavement rent plus an additional turnover rent element calculated and recognised at the end of each individual lease anniversary year. The Company recognises turnover when the amount can be reliably measured.

Valuation of land and building

Investment properties

Investment properties are revalued annually Surpluses or deficits on individual properties are transferred to the investment revaluation reserve, except that a deficit which is expected to be permanent and which is in excess of any previously recognised surplus over cost relating to the same property, or the reversal of such a deficit, is charged (or credited) to the profit and loss account

Depreciation is not provided in respect of freehold investment properties, or in respect of leasehold investment properties where the unexpired term of the lease is more than 20 years. The Directors consider that this accounting policy, which represents a departure from the statutory accounting rules, is necessary to provide a true and fair view as required under SSAP 19 'Accounting for Investment Properties'. Depreciation is one of the factors reflected in the annual revaluation, and amounts, which might otherwise have been charged, cannot be separately identified or quantified. Under the terms of the Group's leases, freehold and long leasehold investment properties are required to be maintained to a high standard by its tenants.

Other fixed assets - land and buildings

Freehold land and buildings (other than investment properties) are revalued every year with the surplus or deficit on book value being transferred to the revaluation reserve, except that a deficit which is in excess of any previously recognised surplus over depreciated cost relating to the same property, or the reversal of such a deficit, is charged (or credited) to the profit and loss account A deficit which represents a clear consumption of economic benefits is charged to the profit and loss account regardless of any such previous surplus

Where depreciation charges are increased following a revaluation, an amount equal to the increase is transferred annually from the revaluation reserve to the profit and loss account as a movement on reserves. On the disposal or recognition of a provision for impairment of a revalued fixed asset, any related balance remaining in the revaluation reserve is also transferred to the profit and loss account as a movement on reserves. The estimated useful lives are as follows

Freehold land

no deprectation

Freehold building

50 years

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Capital expenditure on the investment properties portfolio assets

Capital expenditure incurred on a leased care home, which improves the physical condition above the level required in the lease and which enhances the property's value, is capitalised. Otherwise such capital expenditure is charged to the profit and loss account

Investments

Investments held by the Company as fixed assets are revalued to the amounts of the underlying net assets of the individual subsidiaries. Any surplus or deficit arising on revaluation is transferred to the revaluation reserve whilst any provision for impairment is charged to the profit and loss account

Taxation

Current tax, including UK corporation tax and foreign tax, is provided at amounts expected to be paid (or recovered) using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date

Deferred tax is provided in full on timing differences which have originated at the balance sheet date and which could give rise to an obligation to pay more or less tax in the future. Deferred tax is measured at the average tax rates that are expected to apply in the periods in which the timing differences are expected to reverse, based on tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date. Deferred tax is not recognised in respect of gains and losses on revalued assets unless the company has entered into a binding agreement to sell the assets and the gains or losses have been recognised in the profit and loss account. Deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is regarded as more likely than not that they will be recovered. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Finance costs

Costs which are incurred directly in connection with the raising of bank loans are amortised at a constant rate over the lives of the loan facility in accordance with FRS 4 'Capital Instruments'

Interest

Interest receivable and interest payable are recognised in the financial statements on an accruals basis

Foreign currencies

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded at the rates of exchange for sterling ruling at the dates of the transactions. All monetary assets and habilities in foreign currencies are expressed in sterling at the year-end rates. Gains and losses arising from the movements in exchange rates during the period are dealt with in the profit and loss account.

Leased assets

Rental paid under operating leases are charged to the profit and loss account on an accrual basis over the life of the lease

Pension

The Group contributes to the defined contribution pension schemes of their staff, which is charged to the profit and loss account as incurred

Financial instruments

The Group uses derivative financial instruments to reduce exposure to interest rate movements in line with the Group's risk management policies. The Group does not enter into derivative financial instruments for speculative purposes. Amounts payable or receivable in respect of the interest rate swaps are recognised as adjustments to interest expense over the period of the contracts.

Redeemable Preference Shares

Redeemable preference shares are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into

2 ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Bank loans

Interest-bearing bank loans are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct issue costs

3. TURNOVER AND GROSS PROFIT

Turnover, which is stated net of value added tax, comprises the following from the Group's ordinary activities, which take place wholly within the United Kingdom

	Year ended	Year ended
	30 September	30 September
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Pavement rent	72,255	70,800
Turnover rent	735	749
Commissions and fees receivable	148	177
	73,138	71,726

4. STAFF COSTS

The aggregate payroll costs (excluding executive Director) were as follows

Group	Year ended 30 September 2010 £000	Year ended 30 September 2009 £000
Wages and salaries	413	223
Social security costs	51	26
Pension – defined contribution	22	22
	486	271
Average number of employees (excluding executive Director):	Year ended 30 September 2010	Year ended 30 September 2009
Group		
	No.	No.
Administrative	3	3

J M J M Jensen is an executive director of the Company and the Group On 19 December 2008, the Company and LIBRA No 3 Limited, its subsidiary undertaking, have entered into an engagement letter with Aaronite Partners Limited ('Aaronite'), where J M J M Jensen is an employee Aaronite has agreed to make available J M J M Jensen's services to the Company and LIBRA No 3 Limited and their subsidiary undertakings Total fees of £295,000 (for the period from 19 December 2008 to 30 September 2009 £285,000) were incurred for year ended 30 September 2010 This amount is not disclosed within the staff costs but it is included in the total administrative expenses

P H Thompson is a non-executive director of the Company and of the Group On 6 November 2009, LIBRA No 2 Limited and LIBRA No 3 Limited have entered into an engagement with The Aaronite Partnership LLP, where P H Thompson is a partner Total fees of £32,200 were incurred for the period from 6 November 2009 to 30 September 2010

Company

There are no staff costs incurred by the Company during the current or the preceding year. All employees are employed by NHP Management Limited, a group undertaking

5. EXCEPTIONAL COSTS

The following exceptional costs have been incurred or provided for and are included in total administrative expenses

•	Year ended 30 September	Year ended 30 September
	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Restructuring expenses	63	354
Office lease assignment costs	-	291
Tenant receivership support costs		169
	63	814

6. OPERATING PROFIT

Group operating profit is arrived after charging

	Year ended 30 September 2010	Year ended 30 September 2009
	£000	£000
Depreciation of other fixed assets	17	8
Operating lease rentals - buildings	36	15
Provision for bad and doubtful debts	-	1,044
Auditors' remuneration		
- Group audit - current year	143	160
- Company audit	12	12
- Auditing accounts of subsidiaries pursuant to regulations	5	5
- Corporate finance services	68	94
- Tax services*	116	382
	344	653

^{*} The tax fees include amounts of £6,000 (2009 £218,000) payable to the Group's auditors in respect of the tax services provided on the 2004 and 2005 tax returns enquiry made by the HM Revenue and Custom

7. NET INTEREST PAYABLE AND SIMILAR CHARGES

Group	Year ended 30 September 2010 £000	Year ended 30 September 2009 £000
Interest receivable	4 000	2000
Interest receivable on deposits	17	192
Other interest receivable	262	28
	279	220
Interest payable:		
Interest payable on bank loans**	(140,812)	(122,999)
Interest payable – shareholders loans	(275)	(275)
Interest payable on accrued dividend of preference shares	(2,564)	(1,936)
Dividends – redeemable preference shares	(5,232)	(5,232)
Other interest payable	-	•
Finance costs	(2)	(2,222)
	(148,885)	(132,664)
Net interest payable and similar charges	(148,606)	(132,444)

^{**} On 15 January 2009 the Group failed to repay the £1,172 million term loan of the Senior Facility Agreement and on 15 February 2009 the Company also failed to repay the £70 million term loan Default interest amounts of £26,549,000 were charged on the overdue amounts and have been included within the interest payable on bank loans for the year ended 30 September 2010 (2009 £18,192,000)

8. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES

	Year ended 30 September 2010	Year ended 30 September 2009
Group	£000	£000
Corporation tax	-	-
Income tax	-	-
		
Current tax charge	-	-
Deferred tax charge	-	-
Total tax charge on loss on ordinary activities	-	-
Effective tax rate	-	-
Reconciliation of current tax charge		
Loss on ordinary activities before taxation	(80,306)	(64,053)
Tax on loss at standard rate of 28% (2009 28%)	(22,485)	(17,935)
Factors affecting the change	, , ,	, , ,
Non deductible expenses	2,298	1,476
Decrease in value of property interests	867	-
Capital allowances for period in excess of depreciation	5	2
Utilisation of brought forward losses	(141)	(1,087)
Increase in losses carried forward	19,456	17,544
Group tax charge for the current year		-
	-	

8. TAX ON LOSS ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES (Continued)

The tax charge for the current year is higher than that resulting from applying the standard rate of corporation tax due to an increase in losses carried forward

The main rate of corporation tax will be reduced from 28% to 27% from 1 April 2011. There will be further 1% reductions in the main corporation tax rate in each of the next three years to bring the rate down to 24% by 1 April 2014 as such the main rate of corporation tax will fall to 27% for 2011-12, with further 1% cuts in the following three years to 26% in 2012-13, 25% in 2013-14, and 24% in 2014-15

9. PARENT COMPANY PROFIT AND LOSS ACCOUNT

	Year ended 30 September	Year ended 30 September
	2010 £000	2009 £000
Loss for the financial year, including after taxation	(51,576)	(40,027)

The Company has taken the advantage of section 408 of the Companies Act 2006 and consequently a profit and loss account for the Company alone is not presented

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Investment properties	Freehold investment properties	Long leasehold investment properties	Total
Group	£000	£000	£000
Cost or valuation			
At 30 September 2009	795,662	21,300	816,962
Net deficit on revaluation	(17,614)	(942)	(18,556)
Provision for permanent diminution in value of investment			
properties	(3,098)	-	(3,098)
At 30 September 2010	774,950	20,358	795,308

Investment properties are stated at market value as at 30 September 2010 as valued by professionally qualified external valuers. The Group's properties were valued by King Sturge LLP, Chartered Surveyors. The valuations have been prepared in accordance with the Appraisal and Valuation Standards of the Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors. In their valuation report, King Sturge have confirmed that the opinions and values stated therein represent their objective view as at 30 September 2010.

The King Sturge valuation report as at 30 September 2010 commented that recent announcements in relation to Southern Cross and a continuing lack of liquidity in the financial sector together with austerity measures are detrimentally affecting market sentiment and, in the opinion of King Sturge, are likely to affect market values going forward. They further commented that as these events, with particular reference to Southern Cross, are so recent and circumstances continue to change, they were not able to accurately assess the effect there will be on the market with the evidence available to them and they had therefore applied their professional judgement.

The Directors have reviewed King Sturge LLP's valuation at 30 September 2010 and are of the opinion that there is a deficit of £3,098,000 on investment properties which represents a permanent fall in value, which has consequently been charged in the profit and loss account

The Market Valuation of the investment properties valued by King Sturge LLP was £816,960,000 if the individual properties were valued as separate businesses at 30 September 2010 (2009 £849,062,000)

10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (Continued)

Other fixed assets

Group	Freehold land and building £000	Office equipment £000	Computer equipment £000	Total £000
Cost or valuation				
At 30 September 2009	583	-	-	583
Additions	•	6	24	30
Net surplus on revaluation of land and				
buildings	2		-	2
At 30 September 2010	585	6	24	615
	Freehold land and building	Office equipment	Computer equipment	Total
Accumulated depreciation	£000	£000	£000	£000
At 30 September 2009	-	-	-	-
Charge for the year	9	2	6	17
Net surplus on revaluation of land and				
buildings	(9)	-	+	(9)
At 30 September 2010	_	2	6	8
Net book value:				
At 30 September 2010	585	4	18	607
At 30 September 2009				
•	583			583

The Market Valuation of the freehold land and buildings valued by King Sturge LLP was £585,000 if the other fixed assets were sold as separate businesses at 30 September 2010 (2009 £583,000)

11. INVESTMENTS

Snares Libra No. 3 Limited £'000
77,339
(77,339)
-

LIBRA NO 2 LIMITED

NOTES TO THE ACCOUNTS Year ended 30 September 2010

11. INVESTMENTS (continued)

At 30 September 2010, the Company held investments either directly or indirectly in the following principal subsidiary undertakings

Name LIBRA No 3 Limited*	Country of incorporation Cayman Islands	% Holdings 100%	Principal activity Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo Superholdco Limited	Cayman Islands	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo TopCo Limited	Cayman Islands	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with Investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo Equity Co Limited	Cayman Islands	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo CH2 PropCo Holdco Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo CH2 PropCo Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo CH3 PropCo Holdco Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo CH3 PropCo Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo Holdings Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo Investments 1 Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo Investments 2 Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra GuaranteeCo Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment company in group undertaking with investment in care home properties
Libra CareCo Limited	Great Britain	100%	Parent company of subsidiary undertakings with investment in care home properties
NHP Limited	Great Britain	100%	Parent company of subsidiary undertakings with investment in care home properties
NHP Securities No 1 Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment in care home properties
NHP Securities No 2 Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment in care home properties
NHP Securities No 3 Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment in care home properties
NHP Securities No 4 Limited	Great Britain	100%	Partner in LLNHP Partnership
NHP Securities No 5 Limited	Jersey	100%	Investment in care home properties
NHP Securities No 6 Limited	Great Britain	100%	Investment in care home properties
NHP Securities No 8 Limited	Jersey	100%	Investment in care home properties
NHP Securities No 9 Limited	Jersey	100%	Investment in overriding leases of care home properties
NHP Securities No 10 Limited	Jersey	100%	Investment in care home properties
NHP Securities No 11 Limited	Jersey	100%	Parent company of NHP Securities No 9 Limited
NHP Securities No 12 Limited	Jersey	100%	Investment in care home properties
NHP Management Limited	Great Britain	100%	Management of care home property portfolios
NHP Operations (York) Limited	Great Britain	100%	Care home property development
Care Homes No 1 Limited	Cayman Islands	100%	Investment in care home properties
Care Homes No 2 (Cayman) Limited	Cayman Islands	100%	Investment in care home properties
Care Homes No 3 Limited	Cayman Islands	100%	Investment in care home properties
LLNH Limited	Great Britain	100%	Partner in LLHNP Partnership

11. INVESTMENTS (continued)

	Country of	%	
Name	incorporation	Holdings	Principal activity
Ultima Healthcare Limited	Great Britain	100%	Care home operator
Eton Hall Homes Limited	Great Britain	100%	Care home operator
Ultıma Care Lımıted	Great Britain	100%	Care home operator
Platinum Healthcare Limited	Great Britain	100%	Care home operator

* 100% held directly by Libra No 2 Limited All others are held indirectly by the subsidiaries of LIBRA No 3 Limited

Shares held are ordinary shares except Libra No 2 Limited further held 100% issued 12% cumulative redeemable preference share capital of LIBRA No 3 Limited

12. DEBTORS

	2010	2009
Group		(Reclassified*)
·	£000	£000
Other debtors*	901	469
Corporation tax	-	2,038
Prepayments and accrued income	141	
	1,042	2,707

^{*}Amounts due by Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited of £123,000 had previously reported net of creditors' amount under note 13 'Creditors' amounts falling due within one year'

Company	2010 £000	2009 £000
Amounts due by Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited Prepayment	123	123 1
	124	124

13. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

Group	2010	2009 (Reclassified*)
Bank loan	£000 1,172,000	£000 1,172,000
Bank loan Cumulative interest capitalised	70,000 106,717	70,000 61,382
	176,717	131,382
12% Cumulative redeemable 43,600,557 preference shares at £0 01 each Premium arising from the issue of 43,600,557 preference shares	436 43,164	436 43,164
	43,600	43,600
Interest payable on bank loan ** Interest payable on accrued dividend of preference shares Dividend payable on preference shares Loan from Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited Other amounts due to Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited* Loan interest payable to Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited Other creditors	62,694 6,593 23,971 4,590 1,149 1,047	41,211 4,030 18,739 4,590 1,149 772 167
Taxation and social security Accruals and deferred income	8 669	8 397
	1,493,127	1,418,045

^{*}Other amounts due to Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited had previously reported net of debtors amount of £123,000, now have been reclassified to show under 'Debtors' in note 12

Bank Loans

On 15 January 2007 a £1,172 million loan was fully drawn on a Senior Facility Agreement dated 15 January 2007 entered into by LIBRA No 3 Limited, a group undertaking with CS Funding 1 Limited, a group undertaking of Credit Suisse, London Branch The original maturity date of the loan was on 15 January 2009 with an option to extend the loan to 15 January 2010 provided no default was outstanding at the original final maturity date. The loan bears interest at LIBOR plus margin plus mandatory cost. The facility was secured by a fixed and floating charge on group assets and unlimited guarantee from its group undertakings.

On 4 April 2007 CS Funding 1 Limited's rights and obligations under the £1,172 million term loan agreement were assigned to Libra NHP (2007) Limited, who in turn assigned £638 million to Titan Europe 2007-1 (NHP) Limited on 24 May 2007

At 30 September 2010 the £1,172 million term loan remains outstanding. Further details are disclosed in note 1 of the financial statements

^{**} On 15 January 2009 the Group has failed to repay the £1,172 million term loan of the Senior Facility Agreement and on 15 February 2009 the Company has also failed to repay the £70 million term loan As at 30 September 2010, default interest amounts of £44,741,000 (2009 £18,192,000) were charged on the overdue amounts and have been included within the interest payable on bank loans

13. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR (Continued)

Bank Loans (Continued)

LIBRA No 3 Limited has entered into a 10 year interest rate swap agreement with Credit Suisse for a notional amount of £1,172 million, split into a 3 year from 15 January 2007 to 15 January 2010, and a forward 7 year from 15 January 2010 to 15 January 2017. It fixes the interest rate at 4 813% per annum. The 3-year interest rate swap agreement matured on 15 January 2010. Mark to market valuation on the 7-year interest rate swap agreement at 30 September 2010 was of £194.67 million out-of-money (2009.£107.15 million). This valuation does not reflect any adjustments in respect of the credit risk of the Company and the Group as, due to the circumstances set out in note 1, it is neither practicable nor meaningful to quantify the effect of any such adjustments.

On 15 January 2007 a further £70 million loan was fully drawn on a term loan facility agreement dated 15 January 2007 entered into by the Company and Credit Suisse. The original maturity date of the loan was on 15 February 2009 with an option to extend the loan to 15 February 2010 provided no default was outstanding at the original final maturity date. The loan bears interest at fixed rate of 26% per annum plus the applicable mandatory cost. Interest payable on each interest payment date 15 January, 15 April, 15 July and 15 October is capitalised and added to the principal loan amount. At 30 September 2010 the £70 million term loan remains outstanding and the capitalised interest amount was £106,717,000 (2009. 61,382,000). Further details are disclosed in note 1 of the financial statements.

12% cumulative redeemable preference shares

Preference shares are 12% cumulative redeemable preference shares with a nominal value of £0 01 each but issued at a premium of £0 99 per share on 2 March 2006. The preference shareholders shall not be entitled to vote at a general meeting of the Company unless the business of the meeting includes the consideration of a resolution for winding up the Company or for a reduction in the capital of the Company, or the purchase of any shares other than preference shares or any resolution directly or indirectly modifying or varying any of the special rights, privileges or restrictions attached to the preference shares, in which case the preference shareholders shall be entitled to vote in respect of such resolution. The preference dividend is accrued on daily basis at a rate of £0 12 per annum on each preference share and it is payable on redemption of the preference shares by its shareholders or the date falling 20 years from the date on which the preference shares are issued on 2 March 2006, whichever is the earlier. The preference dividend interest is accrued based on the accrued daily but unpaid preference dividend at a rate of 12% per annum. Preference dividend interest is payable on the preference dividend payment date above.

Loan notes due to Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited

On 13 December 2006 loan notes of £249,000 and £4,341,000 were issued by Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited, the joint shareholders of the Company to finance part of the group restructuring costs in December 2006 The loans have no fixed repayment dates and carry interest at fixed rate of 6% per annum

13. CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR (Continued)

2010	2009
Company £000	£000
Bank loan 70,000	70,000
Cumulative interest capitalised 106,717	61,382
Less Unamortised finance costs	
176,717	131,382
12% Cumulative redeemable 43,600,557 preference shares at	
£0 01 each 436	436
Premium arising from the issue of 43,600,557 preference shares 43,164	43,164
Interest payable on bank loan 6,809	8,766
Interest payable on accrued dividend of preference shares 6,593	4,030
Dividend payable on preference shares 23,971	18,739
Loan from Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited 4,590	4,590
Amounts due to group undertakings 178	36
Loan interest payable to Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited 1,047	772
Other creditors -	15
Accruals 18	17
263,523	211,947

14. DEFERRED TAXATION

Provided		Unprovided	
2010	2009	2010	2009
£000	£000	£000	£000
-	-	2,319	2,394
-	-	76,468	60,091
-	-	(24,537)	(58,342)
-	-	54,250	4,143
	2010 £000	2010 2009 £000 £000	2010 2009 2010 £000 £000 £000 2,319 - 76,468 (24,537)

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the losses carried forward or accelerated capital allowances as it is uncertain whether the group will have sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise the losses

The deferred tax liability on the potential capital gain arising in relation to the revalued freeholds of £24,537,000 (2009 £58,342,000) is not recognised as the Group has no intention to sell these properties at this time and there is no binding agreement to dispose of them

Company	Provided		Unprovided	
. ,	2010 £000	2009 £000	2010 £000	2009 £000
Losses carried forward	-	-	(29,691)	13,167
	-	-	(29,691)	13,167

No deferred tax asset has been recognised in respect of the losses carried forward as it is considered that it is uncertain whether there will be sufficient taxable profits in the future to utilise the losses

15. CALLED-UP SHARE CAPITAL

Сотралу	£000
Called, allotted and fully paid: 200,000 ordinary shares at £1 each	200
At 30 September 2009 and 2010	200

The redeemable preference shares are presented as a liability (see note 13) and accordingly are excluded from

1

	called up share capital in the balance sheet	,	
16.	RESERVES		
	Group	Revaluation reserve £000	Profit and loss account £000
	At 30 September 2009	(235,673)	(344,388)
	Net deficit on revaluation of properties (note 10)	(18,545)	-
	Realisation of property revaluation losses of previous years Loss for the year	12,565	(12,565) (80,306)
	At 30 September 2010	(241,653)	(437,259)
	Company At 30 September 2009		Profit and loss account £000 (212,023)
	Loss for the year		(51,576)
	At 30 September 2010		(263,599)
17.	RECONCILIATION OF MOVEMENTS IN SHAREHOLDERS' D	EFICIT	
	Company		£000
	At 30 September 2009		(211,823)
	Loss for the year		(51,576)
	At 30 September 2010		(263,399)
18.	RECONCILIATION OF OPERATING PROFIT TO OPERATING		
		2010	2009
	Omoratino aura fa	£000	£000
	Operating profit Depreciation of other fixed assets	68,275 17	68,391 9
	Provision for permanent diminution in value of investment	17	9
	properties	3,098	_
	Increase / (Decrease) in debtors	(373)	7
	Increase / (Decrease) in creditors	`193 ´	(872)
	Decrease in provision	<u> </u>	(792)
	Net cash inflow from operating activities	71,210	66,743

19 ANALYSIS OF CHANGES IN NET DEBT

Group	At 30 September 2009 £000	Cash flow £000	Non-cash changes* £000	At 30 September 2010 £000
Cash at bank and in hand	40	134	<u>.</u>	174
Net cash at bank and in hand Short term deposit investments Bank loans due within one year Loan from Delta G-Co Limited and	40 17,892 (1,303,382)	134 (608)	(45,335)	174 17,284 (1,348,717)
Starsign Limited Preference shares	(4,590) (43,600)	- - (474)	(45,335)	(4,590) (43,600) (1,379,449)
	(1,333,640)	(474)	(43,333)	(1,379,449)

^{*} Non-cash changes relate to the rolling of regular interest on a £70m term loan

20. RECONCILIATION OF NET CASH FLOW TO MOVEMENT IN NET DEBT

	£000	£000
Increase / (Decrease) in cash during the year	134	(49)
Net cash inflow from management of liquid resources	(608)	(5,548)
Changes in net debt resulting from cash flows	(474)	(5,597)
Non-cash changes in net debt*	(45,335)	(31,496)
Net debt at the beginning of year	(1,333,640)	(1,296,547)
Net debt at the end of the year	(1,379,449)	(1,333,640)

^{*}Non-cash changes in net debt relate to the rolling of regular interest on a £70m term loan

21. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Group had the following annual commitments under non-cancellable operating leases

	2010	2009
	£000	£000
Office lease – expiring within one year	53	-

22 CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND GUARANTEES

LIBRA No 3 Limited and all its subsidiary undertakings are guarantors to a £1,172 million term loan facility agreement entered into by LIBRA No 3 Limited with CS Funding 1 Limited, a group undertaking of Credit Suisse on 15 January 2007 as disclosed in note 13 The facility is secured by a fixed and floating charge on group assets and unlimited guarantee from its group undertakings On 4 April 2007 CS Funding 1 Limited's rights and obligations under the £1,172 million term loan agreement were assigned to Libra NHP (2007) Limited, who in turn assigned £638 million to Titan Europe 2007-1 (NHP) Limited on 24 May 2007

23 RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

- (a) J M J M Jensen is an executive director of the Company and the Group On 19 December 2008, the Company and LIBRA No 3 Limited, its subsidiary undertaking, have entered into an engagement letter with Aaronite Partners Limited ('Aaronite'), where J M J M Jensen is an employee Aaronite has agreed to make available J M J M Jensen's services to the Company and LIBRA No 3 Limited and their subsidiary undertakings Total fees amount of £295,000 was incurred for the year ended 30 September 2010 (for the period from 19 December 2008 to 30 September 2009 £285,000) As at 30 September 2010 the amount £93,000 remained outstanding (2009 £78,000) £30,000 was settled by NHP Management Limited, the Company's subsidiary undertaking on 15 October 2010
- (b) P H Thompson has been appointed as a non-executive director of the Company and Libra No 3 Limited on 6 November 2009 The Company and LIBRA No 3 Limited have entered into an engagement letter with The Aaronite Partners LLP ('Aaronite Partners') whereby Aaronite Partners would make available P H Thompson's services to the Company and LIBRA No 3 Limited and their subsidiary undertakings J M J M Jensen and P H Thompson are partners of Aaronite Partners Total fees amount of £32,000 was incurred for the year ended 30 September 2010 (2009 £nil) As at 30 September 2010 the amount £4,900 remained outstanding but the full amount was settled by NHP Management Limited on 15 October 2010 (2009 £nil)
- (c) At 30 September 2010 the Company and the Group have total loans due to Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited, the Company's shareholders Interest payable on the loans was £275,000 for the year ended 30 September 2010 (2009 £275,000) Further details on the loans can be found in note 13 to the financial statements

24. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

On 13 December 2010 a standstill agreement was put in place until 14 February 2011 which suspends the ability of Capita Asset Services (UK) Limited, the loan servicer to exercise its rights in relation to certain specified events of default. Also, it allows the Group and the Company time to negotiate a solution to the problem of the breached covenants without threat of foreclosure. See further details in note 1 to the financial statements.

25. ULTIMATE PARENT COMPANY AND THE CONTROLLING PARTY

LIBRA No 2 Limited is jointly owned by Delta G-Co Limited and Starsign Limited in equal shares. The two corporate shareholders were incorporated and registered in the Isle of Man. The ultimate parent undertaking is Delta Commercial Property LP, a limited partnership incorporated and registered in the Isle of Man. LIBRA No 2 Limited is the smallest and largest group the consolidated financial statements are drawn up

Copies of LIBRA No 2 Limited consolidated financial statements to 30 September 2010 are available from the Companies House at Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales CF14 3US