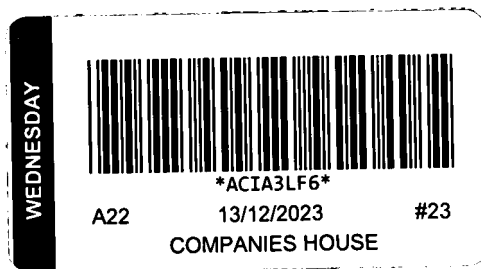


**BC HOLLIS CROFT CAPITAL LIMITED
DIRECTOR'S REPORT AND
FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE PERIOD 18 JANUARY 2022 TO 31 DECEMBER 2022**



BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited
Director's Report and Financial Statements
For the Period 18 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

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BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited
Company Information
For the Period 18 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

Director	Mr P G Prickett
Secretary	Ms Dannielle Codling
Company Number	13856100
Registered Office	Ground Floor 8-9 Bulstrode Place London W1U 2HY
Auditors	Haysmacintyre LLP 10 Queen Street Place London EC4R 1AG

BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited
Company No. 13856100
Director's Report For the Period 18 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

The director presents his report and the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2022.

Directors

The director who held office during the period was as follows:

Mr P G Prickett - appointed 18 January 2022

Statement of Director's Responsibilities

The director is responsible for preparing the Director's Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the director to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the director has elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice (United Kingdom Accounting Standards and applicable law). Under company law the director must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period. In preparing the financial statements the director is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The director is responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. He is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Statement of Disclosure of Information to Auditors

In the case of each director in office at the date the Director's Report is approved:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware; and
- he has taken all the steps that he ought to have taken as a director in order to make himself aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

Auditors

The auditors, Haysmacintyre LLP, will be proposed for reappointment in accordance with section 485 of the Companies Act 2006.

Small Company Rules

This report has been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

On behalf of the board



Mr P G Prickett
Director

Date 5 December 2023

Independent Auditor's Report to the Members of BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited for the period ended 31 December 2022 which comprise the Statement of Comprehensive Income, Balance Sheet and the related notes, including a summary of significant accounting policies. The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and United Kingdom Accounting Standards (United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice), including FRS 102 - Section 1A for Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland".

In our opinion the financial statements:

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2022;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with United Kingdom Generally Accepted Accounting Practice applicable to smaller entities; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs (UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report. We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the FRC's Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Conclusions Relating to Going Concern

In auditing the financial statements, we have concluded that the director's use of the going concern basis of accounting in the preparation of the financial statements is appropriate.

Based on the work we have performed, we have not identified any material uncertainties relating to events or conditions that, individually or collectively, may cast significant doubt on the entity's ability to continue as a going concern for a period of at least 12 months from when the financial statements are authorised for issue.

Our responsibilities and the responsibilities of the directors with respect to going concern are described in the relevant sections of this report.

Other Information

The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. The director is responsible for the other information contained within the annual report. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon. In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether this gives rise to a material misstatement in the financial statements themselves. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in this regard.

Opinions on Other Matters Prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the Director's Report for the financial period for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the Director's Report have been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)
to the Members of
BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited

Matters on Which We Are Required to Report by Exception

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified material misstatements in the Director's Report.

We have nothing to report in respect of the following matters in relation to which the Companies Act 2006 requires us to report to you if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records or returns; or
- certain disclosures of director's remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit, or
- the director was not entitled to prepare the financial statements in accordance with the small companies regime and take advantage of the small companies' exemptions in preparing the Director's Report and from the requirement to prepare a Strategic Report.

Responsibilities of Directors

As explained more fully in the Director's Responsibilities Statement set out on page 2, the director is responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the director determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the director is responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the director either intends to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists.

Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

Explanation as to what extent the audit was considered capable of detecting irregularities, including fraud

Based on our understanding of the company and industry, we identified that the principal risks of non-compliance with laws and regulations related to regulatory requirements for the real estate industry, and we considered the extent to which non-compliance might have a material effect on the financial statements. We also considered those laws and regulations that have a direct impact on the preparation of the financial statements such as the Companies Act 2006, income tax and sales tax.

We evaluated management's incentives and opportunities for fraudulent manipulation of the financial statements (including the risk of override of controls), and determined that the principal risks were related to posting inappropriate journal entries and management bias in accounting estimates. Audit procedures performed by the engagement team included:

- Discussions with management including consideration of known or suspected instances of non-compliance with laws and regulation and fraud;
- Evaluating management's controls designed to prevent and detect irregularities;
- Identifying and testing journals, in particular journals posted around the year end; and
- Challenging assumptions and judgements made by management in their critical accounting estimates.

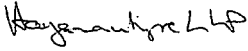
Because of the inherent limitations of an audit, there is a risk that we will not detect all irregularities, including those leading to a material misstatement in the financial statements or non-compliance with regulation. This risk increases the more that compliance with a law or regulation is removed from the events and transactions reflected in the financial statements, as we will be less likely to become aware of instances of non-compliance. The risk is also greater regarding irregularities occurring due to fraud rather than error, as fraud involves intentional concealment, forgery, collusion, omission or misrepresentation.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the Financial Reporting Council's website www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

Independent Auditor's Report (continued)
to the Members of
BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited

Use Of Our Report

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters that we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.



Ian Daniels (Senior Statutory Auditor)
for and on behalf of Haysmacintyre LLP, Statutory Auditor

Date 5 December 2023

Haysmacintyre LLP
10 Queen Street Place
London
EC4R 1AG

BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited
Statement of Comprehensive Income
For the Period 18 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

**31
December
2022**

£

OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD

-

The Company did not trade in the period and accordingly no statement of comprehensive income has been presented.

The notes on pages 8 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 31 December 2022

		31 December 2022	
	Notes	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Investments	4		100
			<u>100</u>
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	5	100	
		<u>100</u>	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(100)	
		<u>(100)</u>	
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			<u>100</u>
NET ASSETS			<u>100</u>
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital			100
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			<u>100</u>

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1a - small entities.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and signed on their behalf by:



Mr P G Prickett

Director

Date 5 December 2023

The notes on pages 8 to 9 form part of these financial statements.

BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements
For the Period 18 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

1. General Information

BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 13856100. The registered office is Ground Floor, 8-9 Bulstrode Place, London, W1U 2HY.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2. Going Concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis as the Director is satisfied that the company has the resources to continue in business for the foreseeable future which has been taken as being at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements. In forming this assessment, the Director has considered cashflow projections covering a period of at least twelve months from the date of approval of the financial statements.

2.3. Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

2.4. Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price, less any impairment. Loans receivable are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment.

2.5. Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the period was as follows: 1

4. Investments

**Investment in
subsidiaries
£**

Cost

As at 18 January 2022

-

Additions

100

As at 31 December 2022

100

Provision

As at 18 January 2022

-

As at 31 December 2022

-

Net Book Value

As at 31 December 2022

100

As at 18 January 2022

-

BC Hollis Croft Capital Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For the Period 18 January 2022 to 31 December 2022

5. Debtors

**31
December
2022**
£

Due within one year

Amounts owed by group undertakings

100

100

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

**31
December
2022**
£

Amounts owed to group undertakings

100

100

7. Contingent Liabilities

The company has cross-guaranteed group borrowings, meeting the definition of a contingent liability as set out in FRS 102, totalling £38.516m as at 31 December 2022.

8. Related Party Transactions

As permitted by FRS 102, the company has taken advantage of the exemption from disclosing the transactions entered into between wholly owned group companies and those group company transactions that have been performed on an arm's length basis.

9. Ultimate Controlling Party

The immediate parent undertaking is Bricks Capital Holdings 2 Limited, a company registered in the United Kingdom. The largest and smallest group in which the results of the Company are consolidated is that of Bricks Group Holdings Limited. The consolidated financial statements may be obtained from 8-9 Bulstrode Place, London, W1U 2HY. The ultimate controlling party is Peter Prickett.