Registration number: 13750114

Banbury Plant & Skip Hire Limited

Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

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Company Information

Director Mr Nathan Matthews

Registered office Ferris Hill Farm Sibford Road

Hook Norton Banbury OX15 5JY

Accountants Periscope Group Limited

Faveo House, 2 Somerville Court

Banbury Business Park

Adderbury Oxfordshire OX17 3SN

(Registration number: 13750114) Balance Sheet as at 31 December 2022

	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	476,680	-
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	287,794	100
Cash at bank and in hand		33,970	_
		321,764	100
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(267,579)	
Net current assets		54,185	100
Total assets less current liabilities		530,865	100
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(305,372)	-
Provisions for liabilities		(90,569)	
Net assets		134,924	100
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	100	100
Retained earnings		134,824	
Shareholders' funds		134,924	100

For the financial year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

For the financial year ending 31 December 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 480 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to dormant companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. As permitted by section 444 (5A) of the Companies Act 2006, the director has not delivered to the registrar a copy of the Profit and Loss Account.

Approved and authorised by the director on 13 September 2023

Mr Nathan Matthews
Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: Ferris Hill Farm Sibford Road Hook Norton Banbury OX15 5JY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 13 September 2023.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A smaller entities - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the United Kingdom and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006 (as applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime).

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts. The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class Plant & machinery Office equipment

Depreciation method and rate 20% Straight line 25% Straight line

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the profit and loss account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the profit and loss account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

Defined contribution pension obligation

A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which fixed contributions are paid into a pension fund and the company has no legal or constructive obligation to pay further contributions even if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. If contribution payments exceed the contribution due for service, the excess is recognised as a prepayment.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 2 (2021 - 1).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment £	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation Additions	1,657	576,875	E70 E20
Additions	1,037	370,073	578,532
At 31 December 2022	1,657	576,875	578,532
Depreciation Charge for the year	<u>-</u> _	101,852	101,852
At 31 December 2022		101,852	101,852
Carrying amount			
At 31 December 2022	1,657	475,023	476,680
5 Debtors			
Current		2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors		287,794	_
Other debtors	_	-	100
	=	287,794	100
6 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	2022 £	2021 £
Due within one year			
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	106,688	-
Trade creditors		40,717	-
Taxation and social security		60,454	-
Accruals and deferred income		1,100	-
Other creditors	_	58,620	
	_	267,579	
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year			
		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Due after one year			
Loans and borrowings	8 _	305,372	_

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Share capital

2022		2021	
No.	£	No.	£
100	100	100	100
		2022	2021
		£	£
		305,372	-
	=		
		2022	2021
		£	£
	=	106,688	
		2022	2021
		£	£
inary share		-	-
er ordinary share		25,000	-
		25,000	-
	No.	No. £ 100 100	No. £ No. 100 100 100 2022 £ 305,372 2022 £ 106,688 2022 £ inary share - 25,000

10 Related party transactions

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

Dividends paid to the director

	2022 £	2021 £
Mr Nathan Matthews		
Dividend	25,000	-

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.