

COMPANY REGISTRATION NUMBER: 13499506

**Lime Innovations Limited**

**Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements**

**31 July 2023**

# Lime Innovations Limited

## Statement of Financial Position

**31 July 2023**

		2023	2022
	Note	£	£
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	6	848	1,263
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	7	8,526	4,320
Cash at bank and in hand		18,486	12,878
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		27,012	17,198
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	8	10,346	17,514
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<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>		16,666	( 316)
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<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		17,514	947
<b>Provisions</b>			
Taxation including deferred tax		161	240
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<b>Net assets</b>		17,353	707
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<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		12	12
Profit and loss account		17,341	695
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<b>Shareholders funds</b>		17,353	707
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These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 July 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 ;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements .

# **Lime Innovations Limited**

## **Statement of Financial Position** *(continued)*

**31 July 2023**

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 10 April 2024 , and are signed on behalf of the board by:

D Foster

Director

Company registration number: 13499506

# **Lime Innovations Limited**

## **Notes to the Financial Statements**

### **Year ended 31 July 2023**

#### **1. General information**

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Ash House, Breckenwood Road, Fulbourn, Cambridge, CB21 5DQ.

#### **2. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

#### **3. Accounting policies**

##### **Basis of preparation**

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

##### **Revenue recognition**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax. Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

##### **Income tax**

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively. Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

##### **Tangible assets**

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses. An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

## **Depreciation**

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Equipment - 25% straight line

## **Impairment of fixed assets**

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date. For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets. For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

## **Provisions**

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense. Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

## **4. Employee numbers**

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2022: 1 ).

## 5. Dividends

	2023	2022
	£	£
Dividends paid during the year (excluding those for which a liability existed at the end of the prior year )	4,000	1,000

A dividend of £4,000.00 was declared and paid 05.04.23 (£1,000 was declared and paid on 5 April 2022).

## 6. Tangible assets

	Equipment
	£
<b>Cost</b>	
<b>At 1 August 2022 and 31 July 2023</b>	<b>1,663</b>
<b>Depreciation</b>	
At 1 August 2022	400
Charge for the year	415
<b>At 31 July 2023</b>	<b>815</b>
<b>Carrying amount</b>	
<b>At 31 July 2023</b>	<b>848</b>
At 31 July 2022	1,263

## 7. Debtors

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade debtors	4,920	4,320
Other debtors	3,606	—
	8,526	4,320

## 8. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	769	1,086
Corporation tax	4,927	40
Other creditors	4,650	16,388
	10,346	17,514

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.