

**Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

**for**

**Jemo Homes Ltd**

**Jemo Homes Ltd (Registered number: 13347463)**

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for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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**Jemo Homes Ltd (Registered number: 13347463)**

**Balance Sheet**

**31 March 2023**

	Notes	31.3.23 £	31.3.22 £
<b>Current assets</b>			
Stocks		807,481	540,256
Debtors	4	14,138	8,181
Cash at bank		74,675	82,565
		<u>896,294</u>	<u>631,002</u>
<b>Creditors</b>			
Amounts falling due within one year	5	<u>(767,601)</u>	<u>(633,832)</u>
<b>Net current assets/(liabilities)</b>		<u>128,693</u>	<u>(2,830)</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>128,693</u>	<u>(2,830)</u>
<b>Creditors</b>			
Amounts falling due after more than one year	6	<u>(150,000)</u>	<u>-</u>
<b>Net liabilities</b>		<u>(21,307)</u>	<u>(2,830)</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		1,200	1,200
Retained earnings		<u>(22,507)</u>	<u>(4,030)</u>
		<u>(21,307)</u>	<u>(2,830)</u>

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 31 March 2023.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 31 March 2023 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The notes form part of these financial statements

**Balance Sheet - continued**

**31 March 2023**

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The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Directors and authorised for issue on 29 June 2023 and were signed on its behalf by:

Mr K T Durrant - Director

**Notes to the Financial Statements**  
**for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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**1. Statement of compliance**

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006.

**2. Accounting policies**

**Basis of preparing the financial statements**

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

**Critical accounting judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty**

The preparation of the financial statements requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported. These estimates and judgements are continually reviewed and are based on experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances.

**Stocks**

Stocks are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value, after making due allowance for obsolete and slow moving items.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued**  
**for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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**2. Accounting policies - continued**

**Financial instruments**

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised. Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its financial liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument, those financial instruments are classed as financial liabilities. Financial liabilities are presented as such in the balance sheet. Finance costs and gains or losses relating to financial liabilities are included in the profit and loss account. Finance costs are calculated so as to produce a constant rate of return on the outstanding liability.

Where the contractual terms of share capital do not have any terms meeting the definition of a financial liability then this is classed as an equity instrument. Dividends and distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

**Taxation**

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Statement of Income and Retained Earnings, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

**Notes to the Financial Statements - continued**  
**for the Year Ended 31 March 2023**

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**2. Accounting policies - continued**

**Deferred tax**

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

**Going concern**

As at the 31st of March 2023, the companies liabilities exceeded its assets by £21,307 (2022: £2,830) . As at the 31st of March 2023, the company owed its directors £727,965 (2022: £577,158), it is based on this continued support that the company will continue to trade.

**3. Employees and directors**

The average number of employees during the year was 4 (2022 - 4) .

**4. Debtors: amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>31.3.23</b>	<b>31.3.22</b>
	£	£
Other debtors	<u>14,138</u>	<u>8,181</u>

**5. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year**

	<b>31.3.23</b>	<b>31.3.22</b>
	£	£
Trade creditors	21,603	49,282
Taxation and social security	2,096	2,892
Other creditors	<u>743,902</u>	<u>581,658</u>
	<u>767,601</u>	<u>633,832</u>

**6. Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year**

	<b>31.3.23</b>	<b>31.3.22</b>
	£	£
Bank loans	<u>150,000</u>	<u>-</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.