Registered number: 12508600

CHARCO 1527 LIMITED

UNAUDITED

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

CHARCO 1527 LIMITED REGISTERED NUMBER: 12508600

BALANCE SHEET AS AT 31 MARCH 2022

	Note		2022 £		2021 £
Fixed assets					
Investments	4		7,168,592		521,647
Current assets					
Debtors: amounts falling due within one year	5	251,369		2	
Cash at bank and in hand		416,192		1,607	
		667,561	-	1,609	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(5,392,868)		(507,401)	
Net current liabilities			(4,725,307)		(505,792)
Net assets			2,443,285	-	15,855
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2,167,735		2
Profit and loss account	7		275,550		15,853
			2,443,285	_	15,855

The directors consider that the Company is entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 and members have not required the Company to obtain an audit for the year in question in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and in accordance with the provisions of FRS 102 Section 1A - small entities.

The financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The Company has opted not to file the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 9 September 2022.

A C Lavery

Director

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

	Called up share capital £	Profit and loss account £	Total equity £
At 1 April 2020	2	-	2
Profit for the year	-	15,853	15,853
At 1 April 2021	2	15,853	15,855
Profit for the year	-	259,697	259,697
Shares issued during the year	2,167,733	-	2,167,733
At 31 March 2022	2,167,735	275,550	2,443,285

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

1. General information

Charco 1527 Limited is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales (registered number: 12508600). Its' registered office is the Estate Office, Edensor, Bakewell, Derbyshire, DE45 1PJ. The principal activity of the Company throughout the year continued to be that of an investment company.

2. Accounting policies

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention unless otherwise specified within these accounting policies and in accordance with Section 1A of Financial Reporting Standard 102, the Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with FRS 102 requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the Company's accounting policies.

The following principal accounting policies have been applied:

2.2 Going concern

At year end date the Company's current liabilities exceeded its current assets by £4,708,642 (2021: £505,792). The ability of the Company to meet its liabilities as they fall due is dependent on the future profitability and cash generation of the Company. The directors are confident that the Company will be able to pay its debts as they fall due and accordingly these accounts are prepared on a going concern basis.

2.3 Foreign currency translation

Functional and presentation currency

The Company's functional and presentational currency is pounds sterling.

Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the spot exchange rates at the dates of the transactions.

At each period end foreign currency monetary items are translated using the closing rate. Non-monetary items measured at historical cost are translated using the exchange rate at the date of the transaction and non-monetary items measured at fair value are measured using the exchange rate when fair value was determined.

Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of transactions and from the translation at period-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in profit or loss except when deferred in other comprehensive income as qualifying cash flow hedges.

Foreign exchange gains and losses that relate to borrowings and cash and cash equivalents are presented in the Statement of Comprehensive Income within 'finance income or costs'. All other foreign exchange gains and losses are presented in profit or loss within 'other operating income'.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.4 Valuation of investments

Investments in subsidiaries are measured at cost less accumulated impairment.

Investments in unlisted private partnerships, whose market value can be reliably determined, are remeasured to market value at each balance sheet date. Gains and losses on remeasurement are recognised in the Statement of Comprehensive Income for the period. Where market value cannot be reliably determined, such investments are stated at historic cost less impairment.

2.5 Financial instruments

The company only enters into basic financial instrument transactions that result in the recognition offinancial assets and liabilities such as bank and cash balances, trade and other accounts receivable and payable, loans from banks and other third parties and loans to and from related parties.

Debt instruments (other than those wholly repayable or receivable within one year), including loans and other accounts receivable and payable, are initially measured at the transaction price and subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method. Debt instruments that are payable or receivable within one year, typically trade payables or receivables, are measured, initially and subsequently, at the undiscounted amount of the cash or other consideration expected to be paid or received. However, if the arrangements of a short-term instrument constitute a financing transaction, the financial asset or liability is measured, initially, at the present value of the future cash flow discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument and subsequently at amortised cost.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset and the net amount reported in the Balance Sheet when there is an enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

2. Accounting policies (continued)

2.6 Taxation

Tax is recognised in profit or loss except that a charge attributable to an item of income and expense recognised as other comprehensive income or to an item recognised directly in equity is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date in the countries where the Company operates and generates income.

Deferred tax balances are recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed by the balance sheet date, except that:

- The recognition of deferred tax assets is limited to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits; and
- Any deferred tax balances are reversed if and when all conditions for retaining associated tax allowances have been met.

Deferred tax balances are not recognised in respect of permanent differences except in respect of business combinations, when deferred tax is recognised on the differences between the fair values of assets acquired and the future tax deductions available for them and the differences between the fair values of liabilities acquired and the amount that will be assessed for tax. Deferred tax is determined using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

3. Employees

The average monthly number of employees during the year was 0 (2021 - 0). The directors do not have employment contracts with the company and are not paid for their role.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

4. Fixed asset investments

	Investments in subsidiary companies	Unlisted investments	Total
	£	£	£
Cost or valuation			
At 1 April 2021	-	521,647	521,647
Additions	2,483,855	5,576,655	8,060,510
Revaluations	-	240,185	240,185
At 31 March 2022	2,483,855	6,338,487	8,822,342
Impairment			
Charge for the period	1,653,750	-	1,653,750
At 31 March 2022	1,653,750		1,653,750
Net book value			
At 31 March 2022	830,105	6,338,487	7,168,592
At 31 March 2021		521,647	521,647

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2022

5. Debtors

6.

Debtors		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Amounts owed by group undertakings	69,001	_
Amounts owed by other related parties	182,368	_
	102,000	-
Other debtors		2
	251,369	2
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year		
	2022 £	2021 £
	2-	~
Amounts owed to group undertakings	-	357,400
Amounts owed to other related parties	836,433	-
Corporation tax	86,566	-
Other creditors	4,469,869	150,001

7. Reserves

Profit and loss account

Included within the profit and loss account are amounts totalling £261,832 (2021: £21,647) which are non-distributable.

5,392,868

507,401

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.