

Company number 12253354

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

WRITTEN RESOLUTION

of

PULLMANN GROUP LTD (the "Company")

Circulation Date... 14/11/19

Under Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006, the directors of the Company propose that the following resolution be passed as a special resolution (the "**Resolution**").

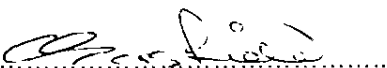
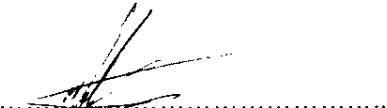
SPECIAL RESOLUTION

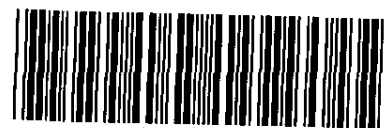
THAT, the regulations contained in the document attached be and are hereby adopted as the new articles of association of the Company in substitution for and to the exclusion of all other articles of association with effect from the date on which the Resolution is passed.

AGREEMENT

Please read the notes at the end of this document before signifying your agreement to any of the resolutions.

The undersigned, being persons entitled to vote on the above resolutions on the circulation date hereby irrevocably agrees to those resolutions as indicated above.

Name of member	Signature of member	Date of signature
Callum Sarsfield		14.11.2019
Martin Smith		14.11.2019



NOTES:

1. You may agree to the Resolution but not some only. If you agree to the Resolution, please indicate your agreement by signing and dating this document where indicated above and returning it to the Company using one of the following methods:

By hand: delivering the signed copy to the Directors at Pullmann Global Ltd of Laurel House, 173 Chorley New Road, Bolton, Lancashire, United Kingdom, BL1 4QZ; or

Post: returning the signed copy by post to FAO the Directors at Pullmann Global Ltd of Laurel House, 173 Chorley New Road, Bolton, Lancashire, United Kingdom, BL1 4QZ.

2. If you do not agree to the Resolution, you do not need to do anything and you will not be deemed to agree if you fail to reply.
3. Once you have indicated your agreement to the Resolution, you may not revoke your agreement.
4. Unless by 28 days from the Circulation Date sufficient agreement has been received for the Resolution to be passed, it will lapse. However, the Resolution will be ineffective (even if it has not formally lapsed) unless it is passed by no later than 15 days from the date of the solvency statement. If you agree to the Resolution, please ensure that your agreement reaches the Company before or during this date.
5. If you are signing this document on behalf of a person under a power of attorney or other authority, please send a copy of the relevant power of attorney or authority when returning this document.



Company Number: 12253354

A Private Company Limited by Shares

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

PULLMANN GROUP LTD

(Adopted by Special Resolution on 14th November 2019)

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COMPANY NO. 12253354
THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION
OF
PULLMANN GROUP LTD
(Adopted by special resolution passed on 12th November 2019)

Introduction

1. Interpretation

1.1 In these Articles, the following words have the following meanings:

Appointor: has the meaning given in article 12.1;

Articles: the Company's articles of association for the time being in force;

Business Day: a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in England when banks in London are open for business;

CA 2006: the Companies Act 2006;

Civil Partner: in relation to a shareholder, a civil partner as defined in the Civil Partnership Act 2004;

Conflict: a situation in which a director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company;

Deemed Transfer Notice: a Transfer Notice that is deemed to have been served under any provisions of these Articles;

Departing Shareholder: a holder of shares in the Company who ceases to be a director or employee of the Company (other than by reason of death);

Eligible Director: any director of the Company entitled to vote on a matter;

Fair Value: in relation to shares, as determined in accordance with article 18;

Family Trust: in relation to a shareholder, a trust set up for the benefit of that shareholder and/or that shareholder's Privileged Relations;

First Offer Shareholders: means any holder of Shares (other than the Seller);

Interested Director: has the meaning given in article 9.1;

Model Articles: the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles and reference to a numbered Model Article is a reference to that article of the Model Articles;

Original Shareholder: a holder of shares in the Company on the date of adoption of these Articles;

Permitted Transfer: a transfer of shares made in accordance with article 16;

Permitted Transferee: in relation to a shareholder, any of his Privileged Relations or the trustees of his Family Trust(s);

Privileged Relation: the spouse or Civil Partner of a shareholder and the shareholder's children and grandchildren (including step and adopted children and grandchildren);

Proposed Sale Price: has the meaning given in article 15.1;

Sale Shares: has the meaning given in article 15.1;

Seller: has the meaning given in article 15.1;

Termination Date:

(a) where employment ceases by virtue of notice given by the employer to the employee, the date on which such notice expires;

(b) where a contract of employment is terminated by the employer and a payment is made in lieu of notice, the date on which notice of termination was served;

(c) where the Shareholder concerned is a director but not an employee, the date on which his service agreement (or other terms of appointment) with the Company is terminated; or

(d) in any other case, the date on which the employment or holding of office is terminated;

Transfer Notice: has the meaning given in article 15.1;

Transfer Price: has the meaning given in article 15.4;

Valuers: an independent firm of accountants jointly appointed by the Company and the Seller or, in the absence of agreement between the Company and the Seller on the identity of the expert within 15 Business Days of the expiry of the 20 Business Day period referred to in article 15.4, an

independent firm of accountants appointed by the President, for the time being, of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (in each case acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator);

Writing or written: the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise;

Share: an ordinary share of £1 in the capital of the Company designated as an X Share;

- 1.2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the CA 2006 shall have those meanings in these Articles.
- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an article is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute or statutory provision is a reference to it as amended, extended or re-enacted from time to time.
- 1.6 A reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include all subordinate legislation made from time to time under that statute or statutory provision.
- 1.7 Any words following the terms **including, include, in particular, for example** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words, description, definition, phrase or term preceding those terms.

2. Adoption of the Model Articles

- 2.1 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the Company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2 Model Articles 6(2), 7, 8, 9(1), 11 to 14 (inclusive), 16, 17, 22(2), 26(5), 36, 38, 39, 43, 44(2), 49 and 50 to 53 (inclusive) shall not apply to the Company.

- 2.3 Model Articles 27(2)(a) and (b) shall be amended by the insertion, in each case, of the words "and to any other agreement to which the holder was party at the time of his death" after the words "subject to the articles".
- 2.4 Model Article 28(2) shall be amended by the deletion of the word "If" and the insertion of the words "Subject to the articles and to any other agreement to which the holder was party at the time of his death, if" in its place.
- 2.5 Model Articles 31(1)(a) to (c) (inclusive) shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide". Model Article 31(d) shall be amended by the deletion of the words "either" and "or by such other means as the directors decide".

Directors

3. Directors' meetings

- 3.1 Any decision of the directors must be taken at a meeting of directors in accordance with these Articles or must be a decision taken in accordance with article 4.
- 3.2 Subject as provided in these Articles, the directors may participate in directors' meetings for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. The directors will try to meet at least quarterly.
- 3.3 All decisions made at any meeting of the directors shall be made only by resolution, and no such resolution shall be passed unless more votes are cast for it than against it.
- 3.4 Each director has one vote at a meeting of directors.
- 3.5 If at any time before or at any meeting of the directors, any director participating should request that the meeting be adjourned or reconvened to another time or date (whether to enable further consideration to be given to any matter or for other directors to participate or for any other reason, which need not be stated) then such meeting shall be adjourned or reconvened accordingly, and no business shall be conducted at that meeting after such a request has been made. No meeting of directors may be adjourned pursuant to this article more than once.

4. Unanimous decisions of directors

- 4.1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.

4.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.

4.3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at a directors' meeting to vote on the matter.

5. Number of directors

The number of directors shall not be subject to any minimum or maximum. No shareholding qualification for directors shall be required.

6. Calling a directors' meeting

6.1 Any director may call a meeting of directors by giving not less than five Business Days' notice of the meeting (or such shorter period of notice as agreed in writing by the directors unanimously) to each director.

6.2 Notice of any directors' meeting must be accompanied by:

- (a) an agenda specifying in reasonable detail the matters to be raised at the meeting; and
- (b) copies of any papers to be discussed at the meeting.

6.3 Matters not on the agenda, or business conducted in relation to those matters, may not be raised at a meeting of directors unless all the directors agree in writing.

7. Quorum for directors' meetings

7.1 The quorum at any meeting of the directors (including adjourned meetings) shall be two directors, unless there is only one director, in which case, the quorum shall be one.

7.2 No business shall be conducted at any meeting of directors unless a quorum is present at the beginning of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

7.3 If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes of the time specified for the relevant meeting in the notice of the meeting then the meeting shall be adjourned for 5 Business Days at the same time and place.

8. Chairing of directors' meetings

The chairperson shall not have a casting vote.

9. Directors' interests

- 9.1 For the purposes of section 175 of the CA 2006, the shareholders (and not the directors) shall have the power to authorise, by resolution and in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, any Conflict proposed to them by any director which would, if not so authorised, involve a director (the **Interested Director**) breaching their duty under section 175 of the CA 2006 to avoid conflicts of interest.
- 9.2 The Interested Director must provide the shareholders with such details as are necessary for the shareholders to decide whether or not to authorise the Conflict, together with such additional information as may be requested by the shareholders.
- 9.3 Any authorisation by the shareholders of a Conflict under this article may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
- (a) extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;
 - (b) provide that the Interested Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
 - (c) provide that the Interested Director will or will not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict;
 - (d) impose upon the Interested Director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the shareholders think fit;
 - (e) provide that, where the Interested Director obtains, or has obtained (through his involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through his position as a director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose that information to the Company, or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and
 - (f) permit the Interested Director to absent himself from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the directors to the extent they relate to such matters.
- 9.4 Where the shareholders authorise a Conflict:
- (a) the Interested Director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the shareholders in relation to the Conflict; and

- (b) the Interested Director will not infringe any duty he owes to the Company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the CA 2006, provided he acts in accordance with such terms and conditions (if any) as the shareholders impose in respect of their authorisation.
- 9.5 The shareholders may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time but this will not affect anything done by the Interested Director prior to such revocation or variation in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.
- 9.6 A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the shareholders in accordance with these Articles (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.
- 9.7 Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature and extent of his interest to the other directors before the Company enters into the transaction or arrangement in accordance with the CA 2006.
- 9.8 Subject to sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction or arrangement that has been entered into by the Company shall declare the nature and extent of his interest to the other directors as soon as is reasonably practicable in accordance with the CA 2006, unless the interest has already been declared under article 9.7.
- 9.9 Subject, where applicable, to any terms, limits or conditions imposed by the shareholders in accordance with article 9.3, and provided a director has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:
 - (a) may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any such transaction or arrangement with the Company, or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
 - (b) shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors in respect of such transaction or arrangement or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;

- (c) shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors or participate in any unanimous decision in respect of such transaction or arrangement or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
- (d) may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director;
- (e) may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and
- (f) shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 of the CA 2006)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the CA 2006.

10. Records of decisions to be kept

Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in a form that enables the Company to retain a copy of such decisions.

11. Appointment and removal of directors

- 11.1 Any person who is willing to act as a director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a director by the Board or in accordance with Articles. Model Article 17(1) does not apply.
- 11.2 No Director shall be appointed or removed otherwise than pursuant to these Articles, save as provided by law.
- 11.3 In addition to the matters specified in Model Article 18, a person ceases to be a director as soon as:
 - (a) he is convicted of a criminal offence (other than a minor motoring offence) and the directors resolve that he should cease to be a director; or
 - (b) the directors resolve to remove him from office on the grounds that they reasonably believe he has become mentally or physically incapable of acting as a director and may remain so for more than three months.

11.4 Model Article 18(d) does not apply.

12. Alternate directors

12.1 Any director (other than an alternate director) (the **Appointor**) may appoint any person (whether or not a director) other than an existing director, to be an alternate director to exercise the Appointor's powers, and carry out the Appointor's responsibilities, in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the Appointor.

12.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate director must be effected by notice in writing to the Company (and to the alternate, on removal) signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.

12.3 The notice must:

- (a) identify the proposed alternate; and
- (b) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that he is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice.

12.4 An alternate director has the same rights, in relation to any decision of the directors, as the alternate's Appointor.

12.5 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:

- (a) are deemed for all purposes to be directors;
- (b) are liable for their own acts and omissions;
- (c) are subject to the same restrictions as their Appointors; and
- (d) are not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors.

12.6 A person who is an alternate director but not a director may, subject to him being an Eligible Director:

- (a) Be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at a meeting of directors (but only if that person's Appointor is an Eligible Director and is not participating); and

- (b) Participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision, and does not himself participate).
- 12.7 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of his Appointor(s), to a separate vote on behalf of each Appointor (provided that an Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision), in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors.
- 12.8 An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if he were a director but shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any remuneration in his capacity as an alternate director except such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to the alternate's Appointor as the Appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.
- 12.9 An alternate director's appointment as an alternate (in respect of a particular Appointor) terminates:
 - (a) when the alternate's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company and the alternate in writing specifying when it is to terminate; or
 - (b) on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's Appointor, would result in the termination of the Appointor's appointment as a director; or
 - (c) when the alternate director's Appointor ceases to be a director for whatever reason.

Shares

13. Share capital

- 13.1 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, all shares in the Company shall rank *pari passu* in all respects.
- 13.2 The Company shall immediately cancel any shares acquired under Chapter 4 of Part 18 of the CA 2006.

14. Share transfers: general

- 14.1 In these Articles, reference to the transfer of a share includes the transfer, assignment or other disposal of a beneficial or other interest in that share, or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that share, and reference to a share includes a beneficial or other interest in a share.
- 14.2 No shareholder shall transfer any share except:

- (a) a shareholder may transfer all (or some) of his shares in the Company for cash in accordance with the procedure set out in article 15; or
 - (b) in accordance with article 16; or
 - (c) in accordance with article 17; or
 - (d) in accordance with article 19.
- 14.3 Subject to article 14.4, the directors must register any duly stamped or certified exempt transfer made in accordance with these Articles and shall not have any discretion to register any transfer of shares which has not been made in compliance with these Articles.
- 14.4 The directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of shares in the Company (whether to a Permitted Transferee or otherwise) require the transferee to execute and deliver to the Company a deed under which the transferee agrees to be bound by the terms of any shareholders' agreement (or similar document) in force between the shareholders in such form as the directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document). If any such condition is imposed in accordance with this article 14.4, the transfer may not be registered unless that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee].
- 14.5 Any transfer of shares by way of a sale under these Articles shall be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells the shares with full title guarantee.
- 14.6 Any Transfer Notice served in respect of the transfer of any shares (and any related Transfer Notice deemed to have been served by a Permitted Transferee under article 15.3) which has not completed before the date of service of a Deemed Transfer Notice shall automatically be revoked by the service of the Deemed Transfer Notice.
- 15. Pre-emption rights on the transfer of shares**
- 15.1 Except where the provisions of article 15.14, 16 or article 17 or article 19 apply, a shareholder (**Seller**) wishing to transfer his shares (**Sale Shares**) must give notice in writing (a **Transfer Notice**) to the Company giving details of the proposed transfer including:
 - (a) if he wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed buyer; and
 - (b) the price (in cash) at which he wishes to sell the Sale Shares (**Proposed Sale Price**).

- 15.2 A Transfer Notice (or Deemed Transfer Notice) constitutes the Company the agent of the Seller for the sale of the Sale Shares in accordance with the provisions of these Articles.
- 15.3 If an Original Shareholder serves a Transfer Notice under article 15.1, or is deemed to have served a Transfer Notice under article 17, any Permitted Transferee of that Original Shareholder to whom shares have been transferred in accordance with article 16.1 is also deemed to have served a Transfer Notice in respect of all of his shares on the same date as the Original Shareholder's Transfer Notice is served or is deemed to have been served (in the case of a Deemed Transfer Notice).
- 15.4 The Transfer Price for each Sale Share the subject of a Transfer Notice shall, save where expressly provided otherwise in these Articles, be the price per Sale Share (in cash) agreed between the Seller and the Original Shareholder(s) or, in default of agreement within 20 Business Days of the date of service of the Transfer Notice, the Fair Value of each Sale Share determined in accordance with article 18. The Transfer Price for each Sale Share of a Permitted Transferee the subject of a Deemed Transfer Notice under article 15.3 shall be the same as the Transfer Price for each Sale Share of the Original Shareholder.
- 15.5 As soon as practicable following the determination of the Transfer Price, the directors shall offer the Sale Shares for sale in the manner set out in the remaining provisions of this article 15 at the Transfer Price. Each offer shall be in writing and give details of the number and Transfer Price of the Sale Shares offered.
- 15.6 The directors shall, subject to article 15.9 and 15.14, offer the Sale Shares to the First Offer Shareholders (if any) excluding any shareholder whose shares are, at the date of the Transfer Notice, the subject of a Deemed Transfer Notice.
- 15.7 The directors shall offer the Sale Shares first to the First Offer Shareholders (other than the Seller), inviting them to apply in writing within the period from the date of the offer to the date 20 Business Days after the offer (both dates inclusive) (the **Offer Period**) for the maximum number of Sale Shares they wish to buy.
- 15.8 If:
- (a) at the end of the Offer Period, the total number of Sale Shares applied for is equal to or exceeds the number of Sale Shares, the directors shall allocate the Sale Shares to each First Offer Shareholder who has applied for Sale Shares in the proportion which his existing holding of shares of the class being offered bears to the total number of shares of that class (excluding those held by the Seller). Fractional entitlements shall be

rounded down to the nearest whole number (save where such rounding would result in not all Sale Shares being allocated, in which case, the allocation of any such fractional entitlements among the First Offer Shareholders shall be determined by the directors). No allocation shall be made to a shareholder of more than the maximum number of Sale Shares which he has stated he is willing to buy;

- (b) not all Sale Shares are allocated following allocations in accordance with article 15.8(a), but there are applications for Sale Shares that have not been satisfied, the directors shall allocate the remaining Sale Shares to such applicants in accordance with the procedure set out in article 15.8(a). The procedure set out in this article 15.8(b) shall apply on any number of consecutive occasions until either all Sale Shares have been allocated or all applications for Sale Shares have been satisfied; and
- (c) at the end of the Offer Period, the total number of Sale Shares applied for is less than the number of Sale Shares, the directors shall allocate the Sale Shares to the First Offer Shareholders in accordance with their applications. The balance (the **Initial Surplus Shares**) may, with the prior written consent of the Original Shareholders, be transferred to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice (if any) in accordance with article 15.13.

15.9 If there are any Initial Surplus Shares under article 15.9(c), the holder(s) of a majority of shares held by the Offer Shareholders shall, within 10 Business Days of the date of the Allocation Notice(s), either give notice in writing to the Seller and the Company that, subject to article 14.2(a), they consent to the transfer of the Initial Surplus Shares to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice (if any) in accordance with article 15.16.

15.10 The directors shall, when no further offers or allocations are required to be made under article 15.6, give notice in writing of the allocations of Sale Shares (an **Allocation Notice**) to the Seller and each shareholder to whom Sale Shares have been allocated (each an **Applicant**). The Allocation Notice shall specify the number of Sale Shares allocated to each Applicant and the place and time for completion of the transfer of the Sale Shares (which shall be at least 10 Business Days, but not more than 60 Business Days, after the date of the Allocation Notice).

15.11 On the date specified for completion in the Allocation Notice, the Seller shall, against payment from an Applicant, execute and deliver a transfer of the Sale Shares allocated to such Applicant, in accordance with any requirements specified in the Allocation Notice, together with the relevant share certificate(s) (or an indemnity in lieu thereof).

15.12 If the Seller fails to comply with article 15.11:

- (a) the chairperson (or, failing the chairperson, any other director or some other person nominated by a resolution of the directors) may, as agent on behalf of the Seller:
 - (i) complete, execute and deliver in his name all documents necessary to give effect to the transfer of the relevant Sale Shares to the Applicants;
 - (ii) receive the Transfer Price and give a good discharge for it (and no Applicant shall be obliged to see to the distribution of the Transfer Price); and
 - (iii) (subject to the transfers being duly stamped) enter the Applicants in the register of shareholders as the holders of the Sale Shares purchased by them; and
 - (b) the Company shall pay the Transfer Price into a separate bank account in the Company's name on trust (but without interest) for the Seller until he has delivered his certificate(s) for the relevant Sale Shares or an indemnity, in a form reasonably satisfactory to the directors, in respect of any lost certificate, together, in either case, with such other evidence (if any) as the board may reasonably require to prove good title to those Sale Shares, to the Company.
- 15.13 Where an Allocation Notice does not relate to all the Sale Shares, then the Seller may, at any time during the 20 Business Days following the date of service of the Allocation Notice, transfer the Initial Surplus Shares (subject to article 15.9) to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice (if any) at a price at least equal to the Transfer Price. The Seller shall not be permitted to transfer any such Initial Surplus Shares to a third party buyer if that buyer was not identified in the Transfer Notice.
- 15.14 Notwithstanding the provisions of this article 15, the Company shall be permitted to buy back the Shares of a Seller for Fair Value in priority to any offer being made to the First Offer Shareholders subject to compliance with CA 2016 and on such terms as may be agreed between the parties taking into account, inter alia, the distributable reserves of the Company and any forecasts or projections prepared on a fair and reasonable basis in respect of working capital.
- 16. Permitted Transfers**
- 16.1 Subject to article 16.2 and the written approval of the other Original Shareholder, an Original Shareholder may transfer the issued shares held by that Original Shareholder on the date of adoption of these Articles to any of his Permitted Transferees without being required to follow the steps set out in article 15.
- 16.2 An Original Shareholder may only transfer shares to the trustees of a Family Trust if the other Original Shareholder is satisfied:

- (a) with the terms of the Family Trust and, in particular, with the powers of the trustees;
 - (b) with the identity of the trustees; and
 - (c) that no costs (including any liability to tax) incurred in connection with the setting up or administration of that Family Trust are to be paid by the Company.
- 16.3 Subject to article 16.2, any shareholder holding shares as a result of a Permitted Transfer made by an Original Shareholder in accordance with this article 16 may, at any time, transfer his shares back to that Original Shareholder or to another Permitted Transferee of such Original Shareholder, without being required to follow the steps set out in article 15.
- 16.4 If a Permitted Transfer has been made to a Privileged Relation of the Original Shareholder, that Privileged Relation shall within 20 Business Days of ceasing to be a Privileged Relation of the Original Shareholder (whether by reason of divorce, dissolution of a civil partnership or otherwise but not by reason of death) execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of the shares held by him to the Original Shareholder (or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to a Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder) for such consideration as may be agreed between them, failing which he shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of the shares in accordance with article 15 and article 17.2.
- 16.5 On the death or bankruptcy of a Privileged Relation (other than a joint holder), his personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be) shall offer the shares held by the Privileged Relation for transfer to the Original Shareholder or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to a Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder, within 20 Business Days after the grant of probate or the making of the bankruptcy order (as the case may be), for such consideration as may be agreed between the Original Shareholder and the personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be). If:
 - (a) a transfer of the shares has not been executed and delivered within 20 Business Days of the grant of probate or the making of the bankruptcy order (as the case may be); or
 - (b) the Original Shareholder is himself the subject of a bankruptcy order,the personal representatives or trustee in bankruptcy (as the case may be) shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of the shares in accordance with article 15 and article 17.2.
- 16.6 If a Permitted Transfer has been made to the trustees of a Family Trust, the trustees of that Family Trust shall within 20 Business Days of that Family Trust ceasing to be for the benefit of the Settlor and/or the Settlor's Privileged Relations execute and deliver to the Company a transfer of

the shares held by them or the Family Trust to the Original Shareholder or, if so directed by the Original Shareholder, to a Permitted Transferee of the Original Shareholder, for such consideration as may be agreed between them, failing which the trustees shall be deemed to have given a Transfer Notice in respect of the shares in accordance with article 15 and article 17.2.

17. Compulsory transfers

17.1 Subject to article 16.5, a shareholder is deemed to have served a Transfer Notice under article 15.1 immediately before any of the following events:

- (a) the shareholder dies; or
- (b) a bankruptcy order being made for the shareholder's bankruptcy; or
- (c) an arrangement or composition with any of the shareholder's creditors being made; or
- (d) the shareholder convening a meeting of his creditors, or taking any other steps with a view to making an arrangement or composition in satisfaction of his creditors generally; or
- (e) the shareholder being unable to pay his debts as they fall due within the meaning of section 268 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
- (f) the happening in relation to a shareholder of any event analogous to any of the above in any jurisdiction in which he is resident, carries on business or has assets; or
- (g) the shareholder lacking capacity (under section 2 of the Mental Capacity Act 2005) to make decisions in relation to the Company or his shareholding; or
- (h) the shareholder becoming a Departing Shareholder (a **Compulsory Employee Transfer**) (unless the directors otherwise direct in writing within 60 Business Days of the relevant Termination Date that a Transfer Notice shall not be deemed to have been served). For the purpose of this article 17.1(h), the Transfer Notice is deemed to have been served on the relevant Termination Date; or
- (i) the shareholder committing a material or persistent breach of any shareholders' agreement to which he is a party in relation to the shares in the Company which if capable of remedy has not been so remedied within 20 Business Days of the holder(s) of a majority of the shares of the other class requiring such remedy.

17.2 The Deemed Transfer Notice has the same effect as a Transfer Notice, except that the Deemed Transfer Notice takes effect on the basis that it does not identify a proposed buyer or state a price

for the Sale Shares and the Transfer Price for the Sale Shares shall be the aggregate Fair Value of those shares, determined by the Valuers in accordance with article 18;

17.3 A Deemed Transfer Notice under article 17.1(h) or article 17.1(i) shall immediately and automatically revoke:

- (a) a Transfer Notice served by the relevant shareholder or any of his Permitted Transferees (and any Transfer Notices deemed to have been served by any of his Permitted Transferees under article 15.3, where the relevant shareholder is an Original Shareholder) before the occurrence of the relevant event giving rise to the Deemed Transfer Notice under article 17.1(h) or article 17.1(i) (as the case may be); and
- (b) a Deemed Transfer Notice deemed to be served by the relevant shareholder under any of the events set out in article 17.1(a) to article 17.1(g) (inclusive) (and any Transfer Notices deemed to have been served by any of his Permitted Transferees) before the occurrence of the relevant event giving rise to the Deemed Transfer Notice under article 17.1(h) or article 17.1(i) (as the case may be).

18. Valuation

18.1 The Valuers shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within 60 Business Days of their appointment and to notify the Company and the Seller in writing of their determination.

18.2 The Fair Value for any Sale Share shall be the price per share determined in writing by the Valuers on the following bases and assumptions:

- (a) valuing each of the Sale Shares as a proportion of the total value of all the issued shares in the capital of the Company without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent or for the rights or restrictions applying to the Sale Shares;
- (b) if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;
- (c) the sale is to be on arms' length terms between a willing seller and a willing buyer;
- (d) the Sale Shares are sold free of all encumbrances; and
- (e) the sale is taking place on the date the Valuers were requested to determine the Fair Value.

18.3 The shareholders are entitled to make submissions to the Valuers and will provide (or procure that the Company provides) the Valuers with such assistance and documents as the Valuers

reasonably require for the purpose of reaching a decision, subject to the Valuers agreeing to give such confidentiality undertakings as the shareholders may reasonably require.

- 18.4 To the extent not provided for by this article 18, the Valuers may, in their reasonable discretion, determine such other procedures to assist with the valuation as they consider just or appropriate, including (to the extent they consider necessary) instructing professional advisers to assist them in reaching their valuation.
- 18.5 The Valuers shall act as expert and not as arbitrator and their written determination shall be final and binding on the shareholders in the absence of fraud.
- 18.6 The cost of obtaining the Valuers' valuation shall be borne by the Company and the Seller equally or in such other proportions as the Valuers direct.

19. Drag along

- 19.1 Subject to 19.6, if both of the Original Shareholders wish to transfer all (but not some only) of their respective shares to a bona fide purchaser on arm's length terms (**Proposed Buyer**), the Original Shareholders may require all other holders of shares in the Company to sell and transfer their shares (**Called Shares**) to the Proposed Buyer (or as the Proposed Buyer directs) in accordance with the provisions of this article (**Drag Along Option**).
- 19.2 The Original Shareholders may exercise the Drag Along Option by giving written notice to that effect to the Called Shareholders (**Drag Along Notice**) at any time before the transfer of the Original Shareholders' shares to the Proposed Buyer. The Drag Along Notice shall specify:
- (a) that the relevant Called Shareholder is required to transfer all of his Called Shares pursuant to this article 19;
 - (b) the person to whom the Called Shares are to be transferred;
 - (c) the purchase price payable for the Called Shares which shall, for each Called Share, be an amount at least equal to the price per share offered by the Proposed Buyer for the Original Shareholders' shares; and
 - (d) the proposed date of the transfer.
- 19.3 Once issued, a Drag Along Notice shall be irrevocable. However, a Drag Along Notice shall lapse if, for any reason, the Original Shareholders have not sold their respective shares to the Proposed Buyer within 20 Business Days of serving the Drag Along Notice. The Original

Shareholders may serve further Drag Along Notices following the lapse of any particular Drag Along Notice.

- 19.4 No Drag Along Notice shall require the Called Shareholder to agree to any terms except those specifically set out in this article 19.
- 19.5 Completion of the sale of the Called Shares shall take place on the Completion Date. Completion Date means the date proposed for completion of the sale of the Original Shareholders' shares unless:
- (a) the Original Shareholders and the Called Shareholder agree otherwise in which case the Completion Date shall be the date agreed in writing by them; or
 - (b) that date is less than 10 Business Days after the date on which the Drag Along Notice is served, in which case the Completion Date shall be the 10th Business Day after service of the Drag Along Notice.
- 19.6 The proposed sale of the Original Shareholders' shares to the Proposed Buyer and the sale of the Called Shares by the Called Shareholders shall be subject to the rights of pre-emption set out in article 15.
- 19.7 On or before the Completion Date, the Called Shareholders shall execute and deliver a stock transfer form(s) for the Called Shares, together with the relevant share certificate(s) (or a suitable indemnity for any lost share certificate(s)) to the Company. On the Completion Date, the Company shall pay the Called Shareholders, on behalf of the Proposed Buyer, the amounts due pursuant to article 19.2 to the extent that the Proposed Buyer has put the Company in the requisite funds. The Company's receipt for the price shall be a good discharge to the Proposed Buyer. The Company shall hold the amounts due to the Called Shareholders in trust for the Called Shareholders without any obligation to pay interest.
- 19.8 To the extent that the Proposed Buyer has not, on the Completion Date, put the Company in funds to pay the purchase price due in respect of the Called Shares, the Called Shareholders shall be entitled to the return of the stock transfer form(s) and share certificate(s) (or suitable indemnity) for the relevant Called Shares and the Called Shareholders shall have no further rights or obligations under this article 19 in respect of their shares.
- 19.9 If any Called Shareholder does not, on or before the Completion Date, execute and deliver (in accordance with article 19.6) transfer(s) in respect of all of the Called Shares held by him, that Called Shareholder shall be deemed to have irrevocably appointed any person nominated for the purpose by the Original Shareholders to be his agent to execute all necessary transfer(s) on his

behalf, against receipt by the Company (on trust for such holder) of the purchase price payable for the Called Shares, and to deliver such transfer(s) to the Proposed Buyer (or as he may direct) as the holder thereof. After the Proposed Buyer (or its nominee) has been registered as the holder of the Called Shares, the validity of such proceedings shall not be questioned by any such person. Failure to produce a share certificate shall not impede the registration of shares under this article 19.9.

Decision making by shareholders

20. Quorum for general meetings

- 20.1 The quorum at any general meeting of the Company, or adjourned general meeting, shall be two persons present in person or by proxy, each of whom shall be an Original Shareholder or his proxy.
- 20.2 No business shall be transacted by any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

21. Chairing general meetings

The chairperson of the board of directors shall chair general meetings. If the chairperson is unable to attend any general meeting, the shareholder who appointed him may himself act as chair of the general meeting (where the chair of the board of directors and the shareholder are not one and the same) or shall be entitled to appoint his proxy present at the meeting to act as chair at the meeting, and the appointment of the chair of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

22. Voting

At a general meeting, on a show of hands every shareholder who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, unless the proxy is himself a shareholder entitled to vote; on a poll every shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder; and on a vote on a written resolution every shareholder has one vote for each share of which he is the holder, except that in the case of any resolution proposed, any Original Shareholder voting against such resolution (whether on a show of hands, a poll or on a written resolution) shall be entitled to cast such number of votes as is necessary to defeat the resolution.

23. Poll votes

- 23.1 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by a qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the CA 2006) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 23.2 Model Article 44(3) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

24. Proxies

- 24.1 Model Article 45(1)(d) shall be deleted and replaced with the words "is delivered to the Company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate".
- 24.2 Model Article 45(1) shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

Administrative arrangements

25. Means of communication to be used

- 25.1 Subject to article 25.2, any notice, document or other information shall be deemed received by the intended recipient:
- (a) if delivered by hand, on signature of a delivery receipt;
 - (b) if sent by pre-paid first class post or other next working day delivery service, providing proof of postage, at 9.00 am on the Business Day after posting;
 - (c) if sent by pre-paid airmail providing proof of postage, at 9.00 am on the fifth Business Day after posting; or
 - (d) if sent by email, at the time of transmission.
- 25.2 If deemed receipt under article 25.1 would occur outside Usual Business Hours, the notice, document or other information shall be deemed to have been received when Usual Business Hours next recommence. For the purposes of this article, **Usual Business Hours** means 9.00 am to 5.30 pm local time on any day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the place of receipt of the notice, document or other information (which, in the case of service by

email shall be deemed to be the same place as is specified for service of notices, documents or other information on the relevant recipient by hand or post).

25.3 To prove service, it is sufficient to prove that:

- (a) if delivered by hand, the notice was delivered to the correct address;
- (b) if sent by post or by airmail, the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, paid for and posted;
- (c) if sent by email, the notice was properly addressed and sent to the email address of the recipient.

25.4 In proving that any notice, document or information was properly addressed, it will suffice to show that the notice, document or information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by the CA 2006.

26. Indemnity and insurance

26.1 Subject to article 26.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:

- (a) each relevant officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's affairs; and
- (b) the Company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 26.1(a) and otherwise may take any action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.

26.2 This article does not authorise any indemnity to the extent that such indemnity would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the CA 2006 or by any other provision of law and any such indemnity is limited accordingly.

26.3 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.

26.4 In this article:

- (a) a "relevant officer" means any director or other officer [or former director or other officer] of the Company [(including any company which is a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined by section 235(6) of the CA 2006)], but excluding in each case any person engaged by the Company as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor; and
- (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company or any pension fund [or employees' share scheme] of the Company.