Registered number: 11948764

EVERGLAZE WINDOW SOLUTIONS LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 APRIL 2023

Everglaze Window Solutions Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

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Everglaze Window Solutions Limited Balance Sheet As At 30 April 2023

Registered number: 11948764

		2023	3	2022	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	4	_	2,089	_	2,985
			2 000		2 22-
CURRENT ACCETS			2,089		2,985
CURRENT ASSETS Debtors	5	864		4,900	
Cash at bank and in hand	5	72,767		4,900 61,995	
cash at bank and in hand			_	01,555	
		73,631		66,895	
		,		,	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(21,337)		(17,814)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			52,294		49,081
,		_	<u>, </u>	_	·
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			54,383		52,066
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES		_		_	
Deferred Taxation			(522)		(567)
		_		_	
NET ASSETS		_	53,861	_	51,499
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				_	
Called up share capital	7		1		1
Profit and Loss Account		_	53,860	_	51,498
			53.064		5 4 405
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		=	53,861	=	51,499

Everglaze Window Solutions Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As At 30 April 2023

For the year ending 30 April 2023 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr K Fryer

Director

03/12/2023

The notes on pages 3 to 5 form part of these financial statements.

Everglaze Window Solutions Limited Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

1. General Information

Everglaze Window Solutions Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11948764. The registered office is C/O Smooth Accounting Limited, Building 1000 Lakeside North Harbour, Western Road, Portsmouth, PO6 3EN.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

2.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery 25% reducing balance Motor Vehicles 25% reducing balance Computer Equipment 3 years straight line

2.4. Taxation

The tax expense for the period comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

2.5. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Everglaze Window Solutions Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

2.6. Trade debtors and trade creditors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

2.7. Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: 1 (2022: 1)

4. Tangible Assets

		Plant & Machinery etc.
		£
Cost		
As at 1 May 2022		7,199
As at 30 April 2023		7,199
Depreciation		
As at 1 May 2022		4,214
Provided during the period		896
As at 30 April 2023		5,110
Net Book Value		
As at 30 April 2023		2,089
As at 1 May 2022		2,985
5. Debtors		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	299	2,566
Other debtors	565	2,334
	864	4,900

Everglaze Window Solutions Limited Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 April 2023

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2023	2022
	£	£
Trade creditors	5,935	44
Other creditors	2,084	100
Taxation and social security	13,318	17,670
	21,337	17,814
7. Share Capital		
	2023	2022
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	1	1

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.