

**JEWELL ADVANTAGE LTD
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2024**

Accounting Freedom
Westhill House
2b Devonshire Road
Bexleyheath
DA6 8DS

Jewell Advantage Ltd

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Jewell Advantage Ltd
Balance Sheet
As At 31 March 2024

Registered number: 11886153

		2024		2023	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
CURRENT ASSETS					
Cash at bank and in hand		21,828		23,621	
		21,828		23,621	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	4	(1,199)		(2,219)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			20,629		21,402
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			20,629		21,402
NET ASSETS			20,629		21,402
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	5		1		1
Profit and Loss Account			20,628		21,401
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			20,629		21,402

For the year ending 31 March 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Miss Susannah Jewell

Director

25/04/2024

The notes on page 2 form part of these financial statements.

Jewell Advantage Ltd
Notes to the Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 31 March 2024

1. General Information

Jewell Advantage Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11886153 . The registered office is 7 Lynfield Park, Bath, Somerset, BA1 4ER.

2. Accounting Policies

2.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 section 1A Small Entities "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" and the Companies Act 2006.

2.2. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

3. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was: NIL (2023: NIL)

4. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	2024	2023
	£	£
Corporation tax	-	20
Accruals and deferred income	300	300
Director's loan account	899	1,899
	<u>1,199</u>	<u>2,219</u>

5. Share Capital

	2024	2023
	£	£
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	<u>1</u>	<u>1</u>

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.