Company Number: 11863805

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

# ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF BEAUMONT BAILEY EXECUTIVE SEARCH LIMITED

#### THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

# PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

#### ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

#### BEAUMONT BAILEY EXECUTIVE SEARCH LIMITED

(Adopted by special resolution passed on 10 April 2024)

# 1. **INTERPRETATION**

1.1 In these Articles, the following words have the following meanings:

**Act** means the Companies Act 2006;

**Appointor** has the meaning given in article 11.1;

Articles means the Company's articles of association for the

time being in force;

Asset Sale means the disposal by the Company of all, or a

substantial part of, its business and assets;

Bad Leaver means a person who becomes a Leaver in any

circumstance other than where he is a Good Leaver;

**Board** means the board of directors of the Company;

Business Day means any day (other than a Saturday, Sunday or

public holiday in the United Kingdom) on which clearing banks in the City of London are generally

open for business;

**Company** means Beaumont Bailey Executive Search Limited, a

company incorporated and registered in England and Wales with company number 11863805 whose registered office is at 27 Clements Lane, London

EC4N 7AE;

**Control** has the meaning given in section 1124 Corporation

Tax Act 2010 and "Controlled" shall be construed

accordingly;

**Deferred Shares** means the deferred shares of £0.001 each in the

capital of the Company;

Employee means an individual (other than an Investor or

Investor Director) who is employed by or who provides consultancy services to, the Company or any

member of the Group;

# **Equity Securities**

has the meaning given in sections 560(1) to (3) inclusive of the Act and, for the avoidance of doubt, an allotment of Equity Securities includes a transfer of shares which immediately before such transfer were held by the Company as Treasury Shares;

**Equity Shares** 

means the Shares other than the Deferred Shares;

**Expert** 

means an independent accountant appointed by the Company;

Fair Value

means the price of the relevant Shares as agreed between the buyer and the seller or, failing agreement between them within five Business Days, the price determined by an Expert (who will act as expert not as an arbitrator and whose decision (save in the case of manifest error) will be final and binding on the buyer and seller who will determine the price on the following basis:

- (a) the sale is between a willing buyer and a willing seller; and
- (b) the negative impact of the seller selling the relevant Shares and ceasing to be involved in or employed by the Company;

**Family Trust** 

means, in relation to a Founder, their trusts (whether arising under a settlement, declaration of trust or other instrument by whomsoever or wheresoever made or under a testamentary disposition or on an intestacy) under which no immediate beneficial interest in any of the shares in question is for the time being vested in any person other than that Founder and/or Privileged Relations of that Founder, and so that for this purpose a person shall be considered to be beneficially interested in a share if such share or the income thereof is liable to be transferred or paid or applied or appointed to or for the benefit of such person or any voting or other rights attaching thereto are exercisable by or as directed by such person pursuant to the terms of the relevant trusts or in consequence of an exercise of a power of discretion conferred thereby on any person or persons;

Financial Year

means an accounting reference period (as defined in section 391 of the Act) of the Company;

**Founders** 

means George Dobbins and James Pope;

**Founder Director** 

has the meaning given in article 10.1;

#### Good Leaver

means a person who becomes a Leaver as a result of:

- (a) dismissal by the Company which is determined by an employment tribunal or a court of competent jurisdiction (from which there is no right to appeal) to be wrongful, constructive or, except for procedural reasons, unfair;
- (b) redundancy;
- (c) permanent incapacity (as certified by a medical practitioner appointed or approved by the Company) or death;
- (d) reaching the Company's age of retirement; or
- (e) the Lead Investors agreeing that he is a Good Leaver;

Group

means the Company, its Subsidiaries or Holding Companies from time to time and any Subsidiary of any Holding Company from time to time and **Group Company** means any of them;

holding company and subsidiary

mean a "holding company" and "subsidiary" as defined in section 1159 of the Act and a company shall be treated, for the purposes only of the membership requirement contained in subsections 1159(1)(b) and (c) of the Act, as a member of another company even if its shares in that other company are registered in the name of (a) another person (or its nominee), whether by way of security or in connection with the taking of security, or (b) its nominee;

**Investor Director** 

means a director appointed by the Lead Investors pursuant to article 10.2;

**Investors** 

means (i) Faisal Butt of 25 Star & Garter House, Richmond Hill, Richmond, Surrey, TW10 6BF, (ii) James Caan of c/- Hamilton Bradshaw Limited, 60 Grosvenor Street, London W1K 3HZ, (iii) Amrita Jalan of c/- Hamilton Bradshaw Limited, 60 Grosvenor Street, London W1K 3HZ and (iv) Veer Mehta of c/- Spire Ventures Ltd, 60 Grosvenor Street, London W1K 3HZ;

**Lead Investors** 

means (i) Faisal Butt of 25 Star & Garter House, Richmond Hill, Richmond, Surrey, TW10 6BF and (ii) James Caan of c/- Hamilton Bradshaw Limited, 60 Grosvenor Street, London W1K 3HZ;

Leaver

means any Shareholder (other than the Investors or Investor Director) who for any reason ceases to be an individual who is employed by or who provides consultancy services (pursuant to a consultancy agreement with them personally, via a services company or otherwise) to, or ceases to be a director of (by reason of termination of their director service contract or otherwise), the Company or any member of the Group;

Loan Agreement

means any loan agreement entered into between the Company and a Founder;

**Model Articles** 

means the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles;

**Permitted Transferees** 

means, in relation to a Founder, (i) to any entity or vehicle beneficially owned and Controlled by them or (ii) their respective Privileged Relations or Trustees;

**Privileged Relations** 

means, in relation to a Founder, his respective spouses, civil partners, children or grandchildren (including step or adopted or illegitimate child and their issue);

Shareholder

means a holder of Shares;

Shareholders' Agreement

means the shareholders' agreement relating to the Company dated on or around the date of the adoption of these Articles;

**Shares** 

means the Ordinary Shares and Deferred Shares;

**Transfer Notice** 

means an irrevocable notice in writing given by any Shareholder to the other Shareholder where the first Shareholder desires, or is required by these Articles, to transfer or offer for transfer (or enter into an agreement to transfer) any Shares. Where such notice is deemed to have been served it shall be referred to as a "**Deemed Transfer Notice**":

**Transfer Price** 

has the meaning given in article 15.6;

**Treasury Shares** 

means shares in the capital of the Company held by the Company as treasury shares from time to time within the meaning set out in section 724(5) of the Act: and

**Trustees** 

means, in relation to a Founder, their respective trustee or trustees of any Family Trust.

1.2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Act shall have the same meanings in these Articles but excluding

- any statutory modification of them not in force on the date when these Articles become binding on the Company.
- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an "article" is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 Words in the singular shall include the plural and vice versa.
- 1.6 A reference to one gender shall include a reference to the other genders.
- 1.7 Any phrase introduced by the terms **"including"**, **"include"**, **"in particular"** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words preceding those terms.
- 1.8 Save as expressly provided otherwise in these Articles, any reference to any statutory provision shall be deemed to include a reference to each and every statutory amendment, modification, re-enactment and extension thereof for the time being in force.

#### 2. ADOPTION OF THE MODEL ARTICLES

- 2.1 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the Company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2 Articles 6(2), 7, 8, 9(1), 11 to 14 (inclusive), 16, 17, 22, 26(5), 27 to 29 (inclusive), 36, 38, 39, 43, 44(2), 49 and 50 to 53 (inclusive) of the Model Articles shall not apply to the Company.
- 2.3 Article 20 of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "(including alternate directors and the secretary (if any)" before the words "properly incur".
- 2.4 In article 25(2)(c) of the Model Articles, the words "evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee" shall be deleted and replaced with the words "evidence and indemnity".
- 2.5 Articles 31(1)(a) to (c) (inclusive) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words "either" and "or as the directors may otherwise decide". Article 31(d) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the deletion of the words "either" and "or by such other means as the directors decide".

# **DIRECTORS**

# 3. **DIRECTORS' MEETINGS**

- 3.1 Any decision of the directors must be taken at a meeting of directors in accordance with these Articles.
- 3.2 Subject as provided in these Articles, the directors may participate in directors' meetings for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. Board meetings will be held at least once per calendar month and at least 12 meetings will be held in each calendar year.

3.3 All decisions made at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors shall be made only by resolution, and no such resolution shall be passed unless more votes are cast for it than against it and unless at least one Investor Director votes for it. Each director shall have one vote at a meeting of directors save that if fewer than two Investor Directors are appointed or present at such meeting those appointed or present shall collectively have two votes.

#### 4. **NUMBER OF DIRECTORS**

The number of directors shall not be less than two and no more than four. No shareholding qualification for directors shall be required.

# 5. CALLING A DIRECTORS' MEETING

- 5.1 Any director may call a meeting of directors by giving not less than seven Business Days' notice of the meeting (or such shorter period of notice as is agreed in writing by an Investor Director) to each director or by authorising the Company secretary (if any) to give such notice.
- 5.2 Notice of any directors' meeting must be accompanied by:
  - 5.2.1 an agenda specifying in reasonable detail the matters to be raised at the meeting; and
  - 5.2.2 copies of any papers to be discussed at the meeting.
- 5.3 Matters not on the agenda, or business conducted in relation to those matters, may not be raised at a meeting of directors unless all the directors agree in writing.

# 6. QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 6.1 The quorum at any meeting of the directors (including, subject to article 6.3, adjourned meetings) shall be two directors, of whom one at least shall be an Investor Director (or his alternate) and of whom one at least shall be a Founder.
- 6.2 No business shall be conducted at any meeting of the directors unless a quorum is participating at the beginning of the meeting and also when that business is voted on. If a quorum is not participating within 30 minutes of the time specified for the relevant meeting in the notice of the meeting then the meeting shall be adjourned for three Business Days at the same time and place.
- 6.3 If any meeting is adjourned pursuant to article 6.2 due to the non-attendance of a Founder or an Investor Director, then the quorum at such adjourned meeting shall be any two directors.

# 7. CHAIRING OF DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 7.1 The post of chairman of the directors will be held by an Investor Director. The chairman shall have a casting vote in the event of any deadlock at Board level.
- 7.2 If the chairman for the time being is unable to attend any meeting of the board of directors, the Lead Investors (in the case of an Investor Director) shall be entitled to appoint another of its nominated directors to act as chairman at the meeting.

#### 8. **DIRECTORS' INTERESTS**

The directors may authorise any matter or situation proposed to them by any director which would if not authorised, involve a director breaching his duty under section 175 of the Act to avoid conflict of interests.

# 9. RECORDS OF DECISIONS TO BE KEPT

Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in permanent form, so that they may be read with the naked eye.

# 10. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 10.1 For so long as each Founder holds Shares and is an employee of or consultant to the Company, he shall have the right to be and appoint himself as a director of the Company and a director of each Group Company (each a "Founder Director").
- 10.2 For so long as any of the Investors and/or their respective permitted transferees hold Shares, the Lead Investors will have the right to appoint and maintain in office two natural persons as Investor Directors from time to time and also as directors of the board of each Group Company (and as a member of each and any committee of the Board or the board of any Group Company) (each an "Investor Director") and to remove any director so appointed and, upon his removal whether by the Lead Investors or otherwise, to appoint another person to act as an Investor Director in his place.
- 10.3 Any appointment or removal of a director pursuant to this article shall be in writing and signed by or on behalf of the Founder or Lead Investors (as the case may be) and served on each of the other Shareholders and the Company at its registered office, or delivered to a duly constituted meeting of the directors of the Company. Any such appointment or removal shall take effect when received by the Company or at such later time as shall be specified in such notice. The Founder and Investors (as the case may be) will indemnify the Company for any claim or loss arising from the removal of any director appointed by each of them respectively.
- The right to appoint and to remove a Founder Director or an Investor Director under this article 10 shall not be a class right attaching to the Shares.

# 11. **ALTERNATE DIRECTORS**

- 11.1 Any Investor Director (other than an alternate director) (in this article, the "Appointor") may appoint any person (whether or not a director) to be an alternate director to exercise that director's powers, and carry out that director's responsibilities, in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the alternate's Appointor. In these Articles, where the context so permits, the term "Investor Director" shall include an alternate director appointed by an Investor Director (as the case may be). A person may be appointed an alternate director by more than one director.
- Any appointment or removal of an alternate director must be effected by notice in writing to the Company signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.

#### 11.3 The notice must:

- 11.3.1 identify the proposed alternate; and
- in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that he is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice.

- 11.4 An alternate director has the same rights, in relation to any decision of the directors, as the alternate's Appointor.
- 11.5 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:
  - 11.5.1 are deemed for all purposes to be directors;
  - are liable for their own acts and omissions;
  - are subject to the same restrictions as their Appointors; and
  - are not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his Appointor is a member.

- 11.6 A person who is an alternate director but not a director:
  - may be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present (but only if that person's Appointor is not participating); and
  - may participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his Appointor does not himself participate).
- 11.7 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of his Appointor, to a separate vote on behalf of his Appointor, in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors.
- 11.8 An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if he were a director but shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any remuneration in his capacity as an alternate director except such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to the alternate's Appointor as the Appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.
- 11.9 An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates:
  - when the alternate's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company in writing specifying when it is to terminate;
  - on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's Appointor, would result in the termination of the Appointor's appointment as a director; or
  - when the alternate director's Appointor ceases to be a director for whatever reason.

# 12. SHARE CAPITAL

12.1 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, the Ordinary Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects.

- Subject to the Act but without prejudice to any other provision of these Articles, the Company may purchase its own shares in accordance with Chapter 4 of Part 18 of the Act, including (without limitation) out of capital up to any amount in a financial year not exceeding the lower of:
  - 12.2.1 £15,000; and
  - the nominal value of 5% of the Company's fully paid share capital at the beginning of each Financial Year.
- 12.3 Subject to any special rights or restrictions as to voting attached to any Shares by or in accordance with these Articles:
  - on a show of hands, every Shareholder holding one or more Ordinary Shares who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a representative or by proxy, shall have one vote;
  - on a poll, every Shareholder who (being an individual) is present in person or by proxy or (being a corporation) is present by a representative or by proxy shall have one vote for every Ordinary Share of which he is the holder; and
  - 12.3.3 on a written resolution, every Shareholder holding one or more Ordinary Share as at the time on which the first copy of the resolution is sent or submitted to such Shareholder in accordance with Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Act, shall have one vote for every Ordinary Share of which he is the holder.
- 12.4 The Ordinary Shares shall entitle the holders (in that capacity) to participate in any profits, capital or assets of the Company save as expressly provided otherwise in these Articles (including, without limitation, article 18.2).
- 12.5 The Deferred Shares will not (save as provided otherwise in these Articles):
  - entitle the holder to repayment of capital on a return of assets (except for the sum of £0.01 payable after the sum of £1,000,000 has been paid in respect of each Ordinary Share);
  - entitle the holders thereof (in that capacity) to receive notice of or to attend or vote at any general meeting of the Company other than in respect of a class meeting of the holders of Deferred Shares; or
  - 12.5.3 confer any rights of the holders thereof to share in any profit or dividend of the Company.
- 12.6 Subject to the Act, any Deferred Shares may be redeemed by the Company at any time at its option for £0.01 for all the Deferred Shares registered in the name of any holder(s) without obtaining the sanction of the holder(s).
- 12.7 The allotment or issue of Deferred Shares or the conversion or re-designation of shares into Deferred Shares shall be deemed to confer irrevocable authority on the Company at any time after their allotment, issue, conversion or re-designation, without obtaining the sanction of such holder(s), to:
  - appoint any person to execute any transfer (or any agreement to transfer) such Deferred Shares to such person(s) as the Company may determine (as nominee or custodian thereof or otherwise); and/or

- give, on behalf of such holder, consent to the cancellation of such Deferred Shares; and/or
- 12.7.3 purchase such Deferred Shares in accordance with the Act,

in any such case (i) for a price being not more than an aggregate sum of one penny for all the Deferred Shares registered in the name of such holder(s) and (ii) with the Company having authority pending such transfer, cancellation and/or purchase to retain the certificates (if any) in respect thereof.

# 13. ALLOTMENT OF NEW SHARES OR OTHER SECURITIES: PRE-EMPTION

- 13.1 Sections 561(1) and 562(1) to (5) (inclusive) of the Act do not apply to an allotment of Equity Securities made by the Company.
- 13.2 Unless otherwise agreed by special resolution, if the Company proposes to allot any New Securities those New Securities shall not be allotted to any person unless the Company has in the first instance offered them to all holders of Equity Shares (**Subscribers**) on the same terms and at the same price as those New Securities are being offered to other persons on a pari passu and pro rata basis to the number of Equity Shares (as if the Equity Shares constituted one and the same class) held by those holders (as nearly as may be without involving fractions). The offer:
  - shall be in writing, be open for acceptance from the date of the offer to the date 10 Business Days after the date of the offer (inclusive) (**Subscription Period**) and give details of the number and subscription price of the New Securities; and
  - may stipulate that any Subscriber who wishes to subscribe for a number of New Securities in excess of the proportion to which each is entitled shall in their acceptance state the number of excess New Securities for which they wish to subscribe.
- 13.3 If, at the end of the Subscription Period, the number of New Securities applied for is equal to or exceeds the number of New Securities, the New Securities shall be allotted to the Subscribers who have applied for New Securities on a pro rata basis to the number of Equity Shares held by such Subscribers which procedure shall be repeated until all New Securities have been allotted (as nearly as may be without involving fractions or increasing the number allotted to any Subscriber beyond that applied for by him).
- 13.4 If, at the end of the Subscription Period, the number of New Securities applied for is less than the number of New Securities, the New Securities shall be allotted to the Subscribers in accordance with their applications and any remaining New Securities shall be offered to any other person as the Directors may determine at the same price and on the same terms as the offer to the Subscribers.
- 13.5 Subject to the requirements of Articles 13.2 to 13.4 (inclusive) and to the provisions of section 551 of the Act, any New Securities shall be at the disposal of the Board who may allot, grant options over or otherwise dispose of them to any persons at those times and generally on the terms and conditions they think proper, provided that the allotment or grant to that person must be approved in writing by the Lead Investors.
- 13.6 The provisions of Articles 13.2 to 13.4 (inclusive) shall not apply to:
  - New Securities issued or granted in order for the Company to comply with its obligations under these Articles; and/or

- New Securities which the Investors have agreed in writing should be issued without complying with the procedure set out in this Article 13.
- 13.7 No Shares shall be allotted (nor any Treasury Shares be transferred) to any Employee, Director, prospective Employee or prospective director of the Company, who in the opinion of the Board is subject to taxation in the United Kingdom, unless such person has entered into a joint section 431 ITEPA election with the Company if so required by the Company.

#### 14. SHARE TRANSFERS

- 14.1 In these Articles, reference to the transfer of a Share includes the transfer, assignment or other disposal of a beneficial or other interest in that share, or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that Share, and reference to a share includes a beneficial or other interest in a Share.
- 14.2 No Shareholder shall transfer any Share except:
  - 14.2.1 with the prior written consent of the Lead Investors for the time being;
  - to a Permitted Transferee (and if a Permitted Transferee ceases to be a Permitted Transferee the Founder shall procure that the relevant Shares are immediately transferred to him); or
  - 14.2.3 where required by these Articles or the Shareholders' Agreement.
- 14.3 Any transfer of Shares by way of a sale that is required to be made under article 14, article 15, article 16 or article 17 shall be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells the Shares with full title guarantee.
- 14.4 Subject to article 14.5, the directors shall forthwith register any duly stamped transfer made in accordance with these Articles and shall not have any discretion to register any transfer of Shares which has not been made in compliance with these Articles.
- 14.5 The directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of Shares require the transferee to execute and deliver to the Company a deed agreeing to be bound by the terms of any the Shareholders' Agreement or any other shareholders' agreement (or similar document) in force between the Shareholders in such form as the directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document). If any such condition is imposed in accordance with this article 14.5, the transfer may not be registered unless that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee.
- 14.6 To enable the directors to determine whether or not there has been a disposal of Shares (or any interest in Shares) in breach of these Articles, the directors of any class may from time to time require any Shareholder to provide the Company with such information and evidence as they may reasonably require relevant to that purpose. If a Shareholder fails to provide information or evidence in respect of any Shares registered in its name to the reasonable satisfaction of such directors within 14 days of their request, such directors may serve a notice on the Shareholder stating that the Shareholder shall not in relation to those Shares be entitled to be present or to vote in person or by proxy at any general meeting of the Company or any meeting of the holders of Shares of that class, or to vote on a written resolution of the Shareholders or to receive dividends on the Shares until such evidence or information has been provided to the directors' satisfaction.

#### 15. **COMPULSORY TRANSFERS**

- 15.1 If any of the following events ("**Obligatory Transfer Events**") happen to a Shareholder (other than the Investors), he shall serve a Transfer Notice at the Transfer Price on the Investors as soon as possible, which shall include details of the Obligatory Transfer Event:
  - the passing of a resolution for the liquidation (or bankruptcy) of the party other than (in the case a body corporate) a solvent liquidation for the purpose of the reconstruction or amalgamation of all or part of the party's group (the structure of which has been previously approved by the other parties in writing) in which a new company assumes (and is capable of assuming) all the obligations of such party; or
  - the presentation at court by any competent person of a petition for the winding up of the party and which has not been withdrawn or dismissed within fourteen days of such presentation; or
  - a change in Control of the party; or
  - the issue at court by any competent person of a notice of intention to appoint an administrator to the party, a notice of appointment of an administrator to the party or an application for an administration order in respect of the party; or
  - a receiver, administrative receiver or manager is appointed in respect of the whole or a substantial part of the assets or undertaking of the party; or
  - the party being unable to pay its debts as they fall due for the purposes of section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
  - the party entering into a composition or arrangement with its creditors generally; or
  - any chargee taking any step to enforcing any charge created over any Shares held by the party in the Company (other than by the appointment of a receiver, administrative receiver or manager); or
  - if a process has been instituted that could lead to the party being dissolved and its assets being distributed among the party's creditors, Shareholders or other contributors; or
  - the party ceasing to carry on its business or substantially all of its business; or
  - the party commits a material or persistent breach of the Shareholders' Agreement or commits a material breach which if capable of remedy has not been so remedied within 10 Business Days of the other party requiring such remedy; or
  - in the case of the Obligatory Transfer Events set out in articles 15.1.1 and 15.1.2 and 15.1.4 to 15.1.9 (inclusive), any competent person takes any analogous step in any jurisdiction in which the relevant party carries on business; or
  - 15.1.13 the party becomes a Leaver.

If the Shareholder that has suffered the Obligatory Transfer Event fails to serve a Transfer Notice, he shall be regarded as giving a Deemed Transfer Notice in relation to its Shares on the date on which the other Shareholder becomes aware of the Obligatory Transfer Event.

- 15.2 The Shares comprised in a Transfer Notice shall be offered to the Investors (or such party nominated by them) at the Transfer Price.
- 15.3 In the event that none or not all of the Leaver's Shares are accepted pursuant to such offer, the Leaver shall be entitled to retain all or the balance (as the case may be), save that, with effect from the date that he became a Leaver, all voting rights attached to the Leaver's Shares shall, at the time he becomes a Leaver, be suspended unless the Investor Directors notify him otherwise.
- 15.4 If the Investors (or their nominee(s)) accepts the offer of some or all of the Shares pursuant to article 15.2, the Leaver shall on or before the date notified by an Investor Director execute and deliver to the Company transfers in respect of such Leaver's Shares that are to be purchased and the certificate(s) in respect of those Shares (or an indemnity in lieu of those certificate(s) in a form satisfactory to the Investor Directors) against payment for such Shares. If the Leaver fails to give any notice or take any action or to sign any document (including, without limitation, a stock transfer form) or otherwise fails to comply with the transfer provisions in this article 15.4, he shall be deemed to have appointed any Investor Director as his attorney with full power to take such actions and sign any documents or deliver any notice required in order to transfer the relevant shares as contemplated by article 15.4.
- On becoming a Leaver, such Shareholder will be deemed to have automatically and unconditionally resigned from any office held in any Group Company.
- 15.6 The Transfer Price shall be determined as follows:
  - 15.6.1 if the Leaver is a Bad Leaver, the Transfer Price will be £1.00 (one pound) for all of the Leaver's Shares and, if the Leaver is a Founder, the Leaver will write off the outstanding balance of any loan advanced under his Loan Agreement; or
  - if the Leaver is a Good Leaver, the Transfer Price will be the Fair Value and, if the Leaver is a Founder, the balance of the Leaver's loan advanced under the relevant Loan Agreement shall be repaid in accordance with its terms,

and, in either case and notwithstanding the foregoing, the Transfer Price for any Deferred Shares shall be £0.01 for all of the Leaver's Deferred Shares.

# 16. **DRAG ALONG**

- 16.1 If the Lead Investors wish to transfer all of their Shares to a bona fide third-party buyer (**Proposed Buyer**), the Lead Investors may at any time issue a notice to the other shareholders of the Company (**Other Shareholders**) requiring them to sell all of their Shares to the Proposed Buyer (**Drag Along Notice**).
- 16.2 The Drag Along Notice must specify:
  - the name and address of the Proposed Buyer; and
  - the price per share, the terms of payment and all other material terms of the Proposed Buyer's offer.
- 16.3 Upon receipt of a Drag Along Notice, each Shareholder will sell the whole of its interest in the Shares to the Proposed Buyer (at the same time as the Lead Investors sell their Shares) on the terms set out in the Drag Along Notice (which must be at the same price per share (other than in relation to Deferred Shares) as the Lead Investors sell their Shares but not necessarily on the same terms).

If, for any reason, any Other Shareholder(s) do(es) not, on completion of the sale of the Shares specified in the Drag Along Notice, execute a transfer or transfers in respect of all of the Shares held by it, the defaulting Other Shareholder will be deemed to have irrevocably appointed any person nominated by the Lead Investors to be the defaulting Other Shareholder's agent and attorney, to execute a transfer or transfers on its behalf against receipt by the Company of the consideration payable for its Shares (on trust for the defaulting Other Shareholder) and to deliver such transfer or transfers to the Proposed Buyer (or as it may direct) as holder. After the Proposed Buyer (or its nominee) has been registered as the holder, the validity of such proceedings may not be questioned by any person. A failure to produce a share certificate will not impede the registration of Shares under article 16.4.

#### 17. TAG ALONG

- 17.1 Subject to article 17.3, the Lead Investors may accept an offer (Investor Shares Offer) from a bona fide independent third-party for the purchase (in one transaction or a series of related transactions) of all of the Shares owned by them and their permitted transferees (Investor Shares Buyer) so long as the acceptance is conditional upon the terms of article 17.2 being complied with in all respects and that the condition is not waived by all of the Shareholders to whom it applies.
- 17.2 The Lead Investors may complete a sale pursuant to an Investor Shares Offer if:
  - the Lead Investors dispatch a notice in writing within five Business Days of accepting the Investor Shares Offer notifying the other Shareholders of all the material terms of the Investor Shares Offer and that they have contracted to accept the Investor Shares Offer subject to the terms of this article 17.2; and
  - the Investor Shares Buyer has made an irrevocable, binding written offer to the other Shareholders to purchase all of the Shares held by them and their permitted transferees (at the same price per Share (other than in relation to Deferred Shares) but not necessarily on the same terms) that is kept open for at least 15 Business Days from delivery of the notice pursuant to article 17.2.1; and
  - the five Business Day period referred to in article 17.2.1 has elapsed or the other Shareholders have accepted, rejected or completed the offer made to them.
- 17.3 The provisions of article 17.1 shall not apply (i) to a Leaver where article 15 applies or (ii) where a Drag Along Notice has been served.
- 17.4 If the offer made pursuant to article 17.2.2 is accepted by any Shareholder, the proposed transfer in accordance with that offer shall be conditional upon completion of the sale pursuant to the Investor Shares Offer

# 18. **DIVIDENDS**

- 18.1 Every dividend shall be distributed to the appropriate Shareholders pro rata according to the numbers of Shares held by them respectively and shall accrue on a daily basis assuming a 365 day year. All dividends are expressed net and shall be paid in cash and take into account any sums already paid to a Shareholder on account of any dividend.
- 18.2 Notwithstanding any other provision of these Articles, no dividend may be declared or paid by the Company in respect of any Deferred Shares.

- 18.3 Article 31(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by:
  - the replacement of the words "either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide" at the end of paragraphs (a), (b) and (c) of that article 31(1) with the words "in writing"; and
  - 18.3.2 the replacement of the words "either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide" from the end of paragraph (d) of that article 31(1) with the words "in writing".

# 19. QUORUM FOR GENERAL MEETINGS

- 19.1 The quorum at any general meeting of the Company, or adjourned general meeting, shall be two persons present in person or by proxy, of whom one shall be a Lead Investor or a duly authorised representative of such person.
- 19.2 No business shall be transacted by any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

#### 20. CHAIRING GENERAL MEETINGS

The chairman of the board of directors shall chair general meetings. If the chairman is unable to attend any general meeting, the Shareholder who appointed him shall be entitled to appoint another of its nominated directors present at the meeting to act as chairman at the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

#### 21. VOTING

At a general meeting, on a show of hands every Shareholder who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, unless the proxy is himself a Shareholder entitled to vote; on a poll every Shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each Share of which he is the holder; and on a vote on a written resolution every Shareholder has one vote for each Share of which he is the holder.

# 22. POLL VOTES

- A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by a qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the Act) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.
- 22.2 Article 44(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

# 23. PROXIES

- 23.1 Article 45(1)(d) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced with the words "is delivered to the Company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate".
- Article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words "and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid" as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

#### ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

#### 24. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED

- 24.1 Subject to article 24.2, any notice, document or other information shall be deemed served on, or delivered to, the intended recipient:
  - 24.1.1 if properly addressed and sent by prepaid United Kingdom first class post to an address in the United Kingdom, 48 hours after it was posted or five Business Days after posting either to an address outside the United Kingdom or from outside the United Kingdom to an address within the United Kingdom, if (in each case) sent by reputable international overnight courier addressed to the intended recipient, provided that delivery in at least five Business Days was guaranteed at the time of sending and the sending party receives a confirmation of delivery from the courier service provider;
  - 24.1.2 if properly addressed and delivered by hand, when it was given or left at the appropriate address;
  - 24.1.3 if properly addressed and sent or supplied by electronic means, one hour after the document or information was sent or supplied; and
  - 24.1.4 if sent or supplied by means of a website, when the material is first made available on the website or (if later) when the recipient receives (or is deemed to have received) notice of the fact that the material is available on the website.

For the purposes of this article, no account shall be taken of any part of a day that is not a working day.

- Any notice, document or other information served on, or delivered to, an intended recipient under article 14 or article 15 (as the case may be) may not be served or delivered in electronic form (other than by fax), or by means of a website.
- 24.3 In proving that any notice, document or information was properly addressed, it shall suffice to show that the notice, document or information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by the Act.

# 25. INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

- 25.1 Subject to article 25.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:
  - 25.1.1 each relevant officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer:
    - (a) in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them:
    - (b) including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence,

default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's affairs; and

- 25.1.2 the Company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in article 25.1.1 and otherwise may take action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.
- 25.2 This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Act or by any other provision of law.
- 25.3 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.

#### 25.4 In this article:

- a "relevant officer" means any director or other officer of the Company but excluding in each case any person engaged by the Company as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor; and
- a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company.