

FILE COPY

OF A COMMUNITY INTEREST COMPANY

Company Number **11811306**

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that:

Q COMMIT CIC

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a Community Interest Company; is a private company, that the company is limited by shares; and the situation of the registered office is in England and Wales



N118113068

Given at Companies House on 6th February 2019.





In accordance with **IN01** Section 9 of the Companies Act 2006. Application to register a company 24/01/2019 **COMPANIES HOUSE** *A7WOAMEØ* A09 08/01/2019 #100 A fee is payable with this form. COMPANIES HOUSE Please see 'How to pay' on the last page. *A7LR6G2L* A05 28/12/2018 #52 What this form is for X What this form is NOT f **COMPANIES HOUSE** You may use this form to register a You cannot use this form a limited liability partners private or public company. *A7KLZPQA* 12/12/2018 #41 this, please use form LL IN A04 **COMPANIES HOUSE** use this form if any indivi with significant control is _A\10\R**00*** or has applied for protect 14/11/2018 #7 having their details disclo COMPANIES HOUSE public register. Contact en companieshouse.gov.uk to get a separate form. **Company details** Part 1 Α1 Company name → Filling in this form Please complete in typescript or in Check if a company name is available by using our name availability search: bold black capitals. All fields are mandatory unless www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info specified or indicated by O Duplicate names Duplicate names are not permitted. Please show the proposed company name below. A list of registered names can Proposed company be found on our website. There Q Commit CIC are various rules that may affect name in full 0 your choice of name. More information on this is available in For official use our guidance at: www.gov.uk/companieshouse **A2** Company name restrictions 9 Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive Company name restrictions A list of sensitive or restricted or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a words or expressions that require government department or other specified body. consent can be found in our quidance at: I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted www.gov.uk/companieshouse words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response. **A3** Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig'® Name ending exemption Only private companies that are Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to limited by guarantee and meet other have the name ending with 'Limited', Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative. specific requirements or private companies that are charities are I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for eligible to apply for this. For more exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited'. details, please go to our website: 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative. www.gov.uk/companieshouse

IN01 Application to register a company **A4** Company type® Company type Please tick the box that describes the proposed company type and members' If you are unsure of your company's liability (only one box must be ticked): type, please go to our website: Public limited by shares www.gov.uk/companieshouse ~ Private limited by shares Private limited by quarantee Private unlimited with share capital Private unlimited without share capital Α5 Principal business activity Principal business activity Please show the trade classification code number(s) for the principal You must provide a trade activity or activities. 2 classification code (SIC code 2007) Classification code 1 or a description of your company's 9 6 0 9 0 main business in this section. Classification code 2 A full list of the trade classification codes is available on our website: Classification code 3 www.gov.uk/companieshouse Classification code 4 If you cannot determine a code, please give a brief description of the company's business activity below: Principal activity description **A6** Situation of registered office 9 Registered office Please tick the appropriate box below that describes the situation of the Every company must have a proposed registered office (only one box must be ticked): registered office and this is the **England and Wales** 1 address to which the Registrar will Wales send correspondence. Scotland For England and Wales companies, Northern Ireland the address must be in England or Wales. For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively.

Application to register a company

A7	Registered office address •					
	Please give the registered office address of your company.	• Registered office address You must ensure that the address				
Building name/number	Rumwell Hall	shown in this section is consistent				
Street	Rumwell	with the situation indicated in section A6.				
		You must provide an address in England or Wales for companies to				
Post town	Taunton	be registered in England and Wales.				
County/Region	Somerset	You must provide an address in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland				
Postcode	T A 4 1 E L	for companies to be registered in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively.				
A8	Articles of association o					
	Please choose one option only and tick one box only.	② For details of which company type				
Option 1	I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety. Please tick only one box.	can adopt which model articles, please go to our website: www.gov.uk/companieshouse				
	Private limited by shares	A Community Interest Company				
	Private limited by guarantee Public company	(CIC) cannot adopt model articles. If you are incorporating a CIC you must tick option 3 and attach a copy of the bespoke articles.				
Option 2	I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions. I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s). Please tick only one box. Private limited by shares Private limited by guarantee Public company					
Option 3	I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles. I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application.					
A9	Restricted company articles o					
	Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted.	Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment. For more details, please go to our website: www.gov.uk/companieshouse				

Part 2 Proposed officers

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary.

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1; For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1; For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1; For a corporate director, go to Section E1.

Secretary

B1	Secretary appointments •	
	Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation. For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C4.	● Corporate appointments For corporate secretary appointments, please complete
Title*		section C1-C4 instead of section B.
Full forename(s)		Additional appointments
Surname Former name(s) •		If you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use the 'Secretary appointments'
		continuation page.
		Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.
B2	Secretary's service address ®	
Building name/number		Service address
Street		This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.
Post town		Please state 'The Company's
County/Region		Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the
Postcode		proposed company's register of secretaries as the company's
Country		registered office. If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments •				
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation. For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4.	● Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an			
Title*	Mr	individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of			
Full forename(s)	Neil Andrew	which must be an individual.			
Surname	Smith	Please provide any previous names			
Former name(s) 9		(including maiden or married name which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.			
Country/State of residence •	United Kingdom	Ocuntry/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in			
Nationality	British	section D4.			
Month/year of birth 4	X X	Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only.			
Business occupation	Director	⑤ Business occupation			
(if any) ⊙		If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.			
		Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page.			

D2	Director's service address [©]		
	Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4 .	3 Service address This is the address that will appear	
Building name/number	Rumwell Hall	 on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address. Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's 	
Street	Rumwell		
Post town	Taunton		
County/Region	Somerset	registered office.	
Postcode	T A 4 1 E L	If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the	
Country	England	public record.	

INO1
Application to register a company

Corporate secretary

on formation. Name of corporate body/firm Building name/number Street Post town County/Region Postcode Country C2 Location of the registry of Is the corporate secretary regist Yes Complete Section No Complete Section Please give details of the registrate Where the company/	er where the company file is kept (including the
Building name/number Street Post town County/Region Postcode Country Location of the registry of the corporate secretary regist Yes Complete Section No Complete Section Please give details of the registrate Where the company/	Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page. Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number. The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)? The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)? The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)? The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)? The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)? The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)? The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)? The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)? The corporate body or firm the terropean Economic Area (EEA)?
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Please give details of the registrat relevant state) and the registrat Where the company/	er where the company me is kept (including the
relevant state) and the registrat Where the company/	er where the company me is kept (including the
	be found in our guidance:
firm is registered 9	www.gov.uk/companieshouse This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law
Registration number	Directive (68/151/EEC).
C4 Non-EEA companies	
which it is governed. If applicabl	le, please also give details of the register in which and its registration number in that register. ONON-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered,
Legal form of the corporate body or firm	you must also provide its number in that register.
Governing law	
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered •	
Registration number	

Application to register a company

Part 3	Statement of capital						
	Does your company have share capital?						
	→ Yes Complete the sections below.						
	→ No Go to Part 4 (Statement of g	guarantee).					
F1	Statement of capital						
	Complete the table(s) below to show the sha	are capital.		Continuat			
	Complete a separate table for each curr example, add pound sterling in 'Currency tab's.'				Please use a continuation page if necessary.		
Currency	Class of shares	Number of shares	Aggregate no	minal value	Total aggregate amount		
Complete a separate	E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc.	To and the same of	(£, €, \$, etc) Number of shar	ras issued	to be unpaid, if any (£, €, \$, etc)		
table for each currency			multiplied by n	1 1	Including both the nominal		
					value and any share premiun		
Currency table A							
GBP	Ordinary	100	100				
	Totals	100	100		0		
	.513.5	100					
Currency table B		ſ					
<u> </u>	Totals						
Currency table C							
<u>L</u>	Totals						
		Total number of shares	Total aggr nominal v		Total aggregate amount unpaid •		
	Totals (including continuation	100	100		0		

• Please list total aggregate values in different currencies separately. For example: £100 + £100 + \$10 etc.

INO1
Application to register a company

F2	Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)	
	Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in Section F1 .	• Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares
lass of share	Ordinary	The particulars are: a. particulars of any voting rights,
Prescribed particulars	All shares issued are non-redeemable and rank equally in terms of voting rights - one vote for each share.	including rights that arise only increase certain circumstances; b. particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participat
	All shares issued rank equally in respect of all dividend payments.	in a distribution; c. particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate i distribution (including on windi
	All shares issued rank equally in respect of all capital distributions (including on winding up.	up); and d. whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder.
		A separate table must be used for each class of share.
		Continuation pages Please use the next page or a 'Statement of Capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary.

INO1 Application to register a company

attached to shares The particulars are: a. particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only certain circumstances; b. particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participa in a distribution; c. particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in distribution (including on winding); and d. whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to he redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder.	ass of share	• Prescribed particulars of rights
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including rights that arise only certain circumstances; b. particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participal in a distribution; c. particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in distribution (including on wind up); and d. whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to he redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder. A separate table must be used for each class of share. Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation)	The particulars are:
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A separate table must be used for each class of share. Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation		redeemed at the option of the
each class of share. Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation		company or the shareholder.
Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation		A separate table must be used for each class of share.
Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation		
(Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation		Please use a 'Statement of capital
		(Prescribed particulars of rights
page if necessary.		
		page if necessary.

Application to register a company

13	Initial shareh	holdings						
		-	d by companies inc		ith share capital.	Initial sharehole	dings mpany's subscribers	
	Please complete	the details below f	or each subscriber			in alphabetical or		
	The addresses wi subscribers' usua	II appear on the pu I residential addre	ublic record. These ss.	do not need	to be the	Please use an 'Initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary.		
Subscriber's details		Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) to be unpaid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)	Amount to be paid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)	
Mr Neil Ar	ndrew Smith	Ordinary	100	GBP	1	0	1	
Taunton, So	Hall, Rumwell, omerset, TA4							
1EL, Englan	d							
Name								
Address								
Nam.e								
Acdress								
Paami								
Address								
			A CONTRACTOR OF A CONTRACTOR O					

Application to register a company

Part 4 Statement of guarantee

Is your company limited by guarantee?

- → Yes Complete the sections below.
- → No Go to Part 5 People with significant control (PSC).

G1 Subscribers

Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below.

I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for:

- payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I cease to be a member;
- payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and;
- adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below.

O Name

Please use capital letters.

Address

The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

Amount guaranteed

Any valid currency is permitted.

O Class of members

Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the public register.

Continuation pages

Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary.

	Subscriber's details
Forename(s) •	
Surname •	
Address 2	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed 9	
Class of member (if applicable) •	
	Subscriber's details
Forename(s) •	
Surname •	
Address 9	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed 9	
Class of member (if applicable) •	

INO1 Application to register a company

	Subscriber's details	1 Name
Forename(s) •		Please use capital letters.
Surname ①		The addresses in this section will
Address 9		appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.
Postcode		● Amount guaranteed Any valid currency is permitted.
Amount guaranteed 9		• Class of members • Only complete this if there will be
Class of member (if applicable) ●		more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the public register.
Forename(s) •	Subscriber's details	Continuation pages Please use a 'Subscribers'
Surname ①		continuation page if necessary.
Address 2		
		-
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		-
Class of member (if applicable)		-
	Subscriber's details	-
Forename(s) •		
Surname ①		
Address 9		_
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		_
Class of member (if applicable)		
,	Subscriber's details	_
Forename(s) •		
Surname •		_
Address 2		-
Postcode		
Amount guaranteed 9		_
Class of member (if applicable)		

	INO1 Application to register a company	
Part 5	People with significant control (PSC)	
	Use this Part to tell us about people with significant control or registrable relevant legal entities in respect of the company. Do not use this Part to tell us about any individual people with significant control whose particulars must not be disclosed on the public record. You must use a separate form, which you can get by contacting us enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk	
	If on incorporation there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable relevant legal entity (RLE)) in relation to the company, tick the box in H1 and complete any relevant sections. If there will be no registrable person or RLE tick the box in H2 and go to Part 6 Election to keep information on the public register.	
H1	Statement of initial significant control $^{f 0}$	
	On incorporation, there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable RLE) in relation to the company.	● Statement of initial significant control If there will be a registrable person (which includes 'other registrable persons') or RLE, please complete the appropriate details in sections H, I & J Please use the PSC continuation pages if necessary
H2	Statement of no PSC	
	(Please tick the statement below if appropriate)	
	The company knows or has reason to believe that there will be no person with significant control (either a registrable person or RLE) in relation to the company	

Application to register a company

Individual PSC

НЗ	Individual's details	
	Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company	• Country/State of residence This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6.
Title*	MR	Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only
Full forename(s)	NEIL ANDREW	
Surname	SMITH	
Country/State of residence ●	UNITED KINGDOM	
Nationality	BRITISH	
Month/year of birth 2	XX 10 7 1 9 6 7	
H4	Individual's service address •	
	Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6 .	• Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not
Building name/number	RUMWELL HALL	have to be the individual's usual
Street	ROMWELL	residential address. If you provide the individual's residential address here it will
Post town	TAUNTON	appear on the public record.
County/Region	SOMERSET	
Postcode	TAI HEL	
1 Osteode		

Nat	ure of control for an individual •	
	ase indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the apany	● Tick each that apply.
Ow	nership of shares	
	individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares he company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	
\square	75% or more	
Ow	nership of voting rights	
	individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting ots in the company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75%	
	75% or more	
Ow	mership of right to appoint/remove directors	
	The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
Sig	nificant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)	
	The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant	
	influence or control over the company	
sig i The infl	influence or control over the company cure of control by a firm over which the individual has	• Tick each that apply.
sigi The infl its the	influence or control over the company cure of control by a firm over which the individual has inficant control • individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant uence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under governing law, and: members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one):	● Tick each that apply.
sigi The infl its the	influence or control over the company cure of control by a firm over which the individual has inficant control over the exercise or actually exercises significant uence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under governing law, and: members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	Tick each that apply.
sigi The infl its the	influence or control over the company sure of control by a firm over which the individual has nificant control • sindividual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant uence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under governing law, and: members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%	⊕ Tick each that apply.
sign The infl its the the the	influence or control over the company sure of control by a firm over which the individual has inficant control individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant uence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under governing law, and: members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	● Tick each that apply.
sign The infl its the the	influence or control over the company sure of control by a firm over which the individual has inficant control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under governing law, and: members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%	Tick each that apply.
sign The infl its the the	influence or control over the company sure of control by a firm over which the individual has inficant control individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant uence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under governing law, and: members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	⊕ Tick each that apply.
sign The infl its the the	influence or control over the company Sure of control by a firm over which the individual has inificant control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under governing law, and: members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% more than 50% but less than 75%	● Tick each that apply.

Application to register a company

Nature of control by a trust over which the individual has significant control •

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and:	1 Tick each that apply.
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

IN01 Application to register a company

Individual PSC

Н3	Individual's details				
	Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company	• Country/State of residence This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6.			
Title*		② Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only.			
Full forename(s)					
Surname					
Country/State of residence •					
Nationality					
Month/year of birth 2	X X				
H4	Individual's service address •				
	Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6 .	◆ Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not			
Building name/number		have to be the individual's usual residential address.			
Street		If you provide the individual's residential address here it will			
Post town		appear on the public record.			
County/Region					
Postcode					
Country					
	'				

Н9

Nature of control by a trust over which the individual has significant control •

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and:	⊙ Tick each that apply.
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one):	
more than 25% but not more than 50%	
more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	
more than 25% but not more than 50%	
more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

INO1 Application to register a company

Relevant legal entity (RLE)

11	RLE details ¹⁰	
Corporate or firm name		• Registered or principal office address This is the address that will appear
Building name/number		on the public record.
Street		
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
12	Legal form and governing law	1
	Please give details of the legal form of the RLE and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register of companies in which it is entered (including the country/state) and its registration number in that register.	• Registration number Where you have provided details of the register (including country/ state) where the RLE is registered,
Legal form		you must also provide its number in
Governing law		that register.
If applicable, register in which RLE is entered •		
Country/State •		
Registration number •		
	I	

Application to register a company

	ture of control for the RLE $^{f 0}$	
Ple	ase indicate how the RLE has significant control over the company	Tick each that apply.
The	vnership of shares e RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the npany (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75%	
	75% or more	
The	vnership of voting rights RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights the company (tick only one):	
111	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
Ov	vnership of right to appoint/remove directors	
	The RLE holds the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
Sig	nificant influence or control (only tick if none of the above apply) The RLE has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant	
	influence or control over the company	
	ture of control by a firm over which the RLE has nificant control [©]	
or	RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and:	⊙ Tick each that apply.
the	members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
	following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
the	more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	
the	more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	
the	more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	
the	more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%	
the	more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	

Application to register a company

Nature of control by a trust over which the RLE has significant control •

3	
The RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and:	⊙ Tick each that apply.
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

Application to register a company

Other registrable person (ORP)

J1	ORP details	
	 An 'other registrable person' is: a corporation sole a government or government department of a country or territory or a part of a country or territory an international organisation whose members include two or more countries or territories (or their governments) a local authority or local government body in the UK or elsewhere 	
Name of ORP		
J2	Principal office address •	I
Building name/number		• Principal office address This is the address that will appear
Street		on the public record
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		
J3	Legal form and governing law	
Legal form		
Governing law		

INO1
Application to register a company

	ture of control [©]	
Ple	ase show how the ORP has significant control over the company	OTick each that apply.
Ow	vnership of shares	
	The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in	
	the company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more	
Ow	vnership of voting rights	
	The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	
	more than 25% but not more than 50%	
	more than 50% but less than 75%	
	75% or more	
Ow	vnership of right to appoint/remove directors	
	The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a	
	majority of the board of directors of the company	
Sig	gnificant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)	
	The ORP has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence	
	or control over the company.	
	of control over the company.	
	of Control over the Company.	
	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control •	
sign The or o	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has	① Tick each that apply
sigi The or o gov the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control • e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its	⊙ Tick each that apply
sigi The or o gov the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control • e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly,	⊙ Tick each that apply
sigi The or o gov the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control of e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	⊙ Tick each that apply
sigi The or o gov the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control • e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%	⊙ Tick each that apply
sign The or o gov the the — — the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control of the ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: The members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): The more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more The members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, and the original firm (in the original firm).	⊕ Tick each that apply
sign The or o gov the the — — the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control • e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, e following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one):	⊕ Tick each that apply
sign The or o gov the the — — the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control • e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%	⊕ Tick each that apply
sign The or o gov the the — — the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control of e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	⊕ Tick each that apply
sign The or o gov the the — — the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control • e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50%	① Tick each that apply
sign The or o gov the the — — the	ture of control by a firm over which the ORP has nificant control of e ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its verning law, and: e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75% 75% or more e members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, a following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	① Tick each that apply

Application to register a company

Nature of control by a trust over which the ORP has significant control •

The ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and:	⊕ Tick each that apply
he trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
he trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, he following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one): more than 25% but not more than 50% more than 50% but less than 75%	
75% or more	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company	
the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company	

	INO1 Application to register a company	
Part 6	Election to keep information on the public reg	ister (if applicable)
	The subscribers of a private company can agree to elect to keep certain information on the public register at Companies House, rather than keeping their own registers. Tick the appropriate box to show which information the subscribers are electing to keep on the public register. If the subscribers have not agreed to keep any of this information on the public register, go to Part 7 Consent to Act	
K1	Election to keep secretaries' register information on the public register	
	All subscribers elect to keep secretaries' register information on the public register	• only applies if the proposed company will have a secretary.
K2	Election to keep directors' register information on the public register	
	IMPORTANT: If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual director while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record	② If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record.
	All subscribers elect to keep directors' register information on the public register	
K3	Election to keep directors' usual residential address (URA) register information on the public register	
	If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, the URA will not be publicly available	
	All subscribers elect to keep directors' URA register information on the public register.	
K4	Election to keep members' register information on the public register	
	IMPORTANT: If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is a member while the election is in place will have their name and address available on the public record All subscribers elect to keep members' register information on the public register All company will be a single member company (Tick if applicable).	
K5	Election to keep PSC register information on the public	
	register IMPORTANT: If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual PSC while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record ● All subscribers elect to keep PSC register information on the public register No objection was received by the subscribers from any eligible person ● within the notice period before making the election.	If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record. Eligible person An eligible person is a person whose details would have to be entered in the company's PSC register

	Application to register a company					
Part 7	Consent to act					
1	Consent statement	State (1944)				
	Please tick the box to confirm consent. The subscribers confirm that each of the persons named as a director or secretary has consented to act in that capacity.					
Part 8	Statement about individual PSC particulars	<u>'</u>				
M1	Particulars of an individual PSC ⁰					
	Please tick the box to confirm. The subscribers confirm that each person named in this application as an individual PSC knows that their particulars are being supplied as part of this application.	● Only tick this if you have completed details of one or more individual PSCs in sections H3-H9				
Part 9	Statement of compliance					
	This section must be completed by all companies.					
	Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers?	-				
	 → No Go to Section N1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers). → Yes Go to Section N2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agent).				
N1	Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers ®					
	Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent for the subscribers of the memorandum of association. I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with.	Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers Every subscriber to the memorandum of association must sign the statement of compliance.				
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	Continuation pages Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign.				
Subscriber's signature	Signature X					
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	(
Subscriber's signature	Signature X	(

IN01 Application to register a company

N2	Statement of compliance delivered by an agent
	Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association.
Agent's name	MHA MONAHANS
Building name/number	RUMWELL HALL
Street	
Post town	RUMWELL TAUNTON
County/Region	RUMWELL, TAUNTON SOMERSET
Postcode	TAH 1EL
Country	
	I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with.
Agent's signature	Signature

Presenter information You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record. Contact name Company name MHA Monahans Rumwell Hall Rumwell Post town Taunton County/Region Somerset Postcod Т 4 1 Ε L **United Kingdom** DX Telephone 01823 462400 Certificate We will send your certificate to the presenters address (shown above) or if indicated to another address shown below: ☐ At the registered office address (Given in Section A7). ☐ At the agents address (Given in Section N2). Checklist We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing. Please make sure you have remembered the following: ☐ You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information can be found in guidance on our website. ☐ If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company LLP and Business (Names and Trading Disclosures)

Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses. Day of birth will only be shown on the public record if the subscribers have elected to keep PSC and/or directors' information on the public register.

£ How to pay

A fee is payable on this form.

Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House'. For information on fees, go to: www.gov.uk/companieshouse

Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below:

For companies registered in England and Wales:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ. DX 33050 Cardiff.

For companies registered in Scotland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF. DX ED235 Edinburgh 1 or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post).

For companies registered in Northern Ireland:

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG. DX 481 N.R. Belfast 1.

Section 243 or 790ZF exemption

If you are applying for, or have been granted a section 243 or 790ZF exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below:
The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, Cardiff, CF14 3WE.

T Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

You have enclosed the correct fee.

The document has been signed, where indicated.All relevant attachments have been included.

Regulations 2015, please attach consent.

number.

☐ You have used the correct appointment sections.

Any addresses given must be a physical location. They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a

full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland)

You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association.

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

COMPANY HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION

- of -

Q COMMIT CIC

COMPANY NO.

THE	E COMPANIES ACT 2006
COMPAN	Y HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL
MEMOF	RANDUM OF ASSOCIATION
	Q COMMIT CIC
Each subscriber to this memorandum of associa agrees to become a member of the company and	ation wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and to take at least one share each.
Name of each subscriber	Authentication by each subscriber

Dated this 28th September 2018

1. Mr Neil Andrew Smith

771	\sim	•		2000
The	('Am	panies	Act	2006
1 110	Com	pames	Lici	2000

Community	Interest	Company	Limited	by	Shares

Articles of Association¹

of

Q Commit C.I.C.

(CIC Limited by Shares, Schedule 2, Small Membership)

The Companies Act 2006

Community Interest Company Limited by Shares

INDEX TO THE ARTICLES

INT	ERPRETATION	1
1.	Defined terms	
COM	MUNITY INTERST COMPANY AND ASSET LOCK	1
2.	Community Interest Company	1
3.	Asset Lock	1
4.	Not for profit	2
OBJ	ECTS, POWERS AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY	2
5.	Objects	2
6.	Powers	
7.	Liability of shareholders	2
	ECTORS	
DIR	ECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES	2
8.	Directors' general authority	
9.	Shareholders' reserve power	
10.	Chair	
11.	Directors may delegate	
DEC	ISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS	
12.	Directors to take decisions collectively	
13.	Calling a Directors' meeting	
14.	Participation in Directors' meetings	
15.	Quorum for Directors' meetings	
16.	Chairing of Directors' meetings	
17.	Voting	
18.	Decisions without a meeting	
19.	Conflicts of interest	
20.	Directors' power to authorise a conflict of interest	6
21.	Register of Directors' interests	7
APP	OINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS	
22.	Methods of appointing Directors	
23.	Termination of Director's appointment	
24.	Directors' remuneration	
25.	Directors' expenses	8
OIII.	RES	8
26.	All shares to be fully paid up and issued at nominal value to a Director	
27.	Powers to issue different classes of share	
28.	Company not bound by less than absolute interests	
29.	Share certificates	
30.	Replacement share certificates	
31.	Share transfers	
32.	Purchase of own shares	
33.	Transmission of shares	
34.	Exercise of transmittees' rights	1

35.	Transmittees bound by prior notices	. 11
	IDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS	
36.	Procedure for declaring dividends	
37.	Payment of dividends and other distributions	
38.	No interest on distributions	. 13
39.	Unclaimed distributions	. 13
40.	Non-cash distributions	. 13
41.	Waiver of distributions	. 14
CAP	PITALISATION OF PROFITS	. 14
42.	Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums	. 14
DEC	CISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS	. 15
43.	Meetings	. 15
44.	Written resolutions	. 15
ADN	MINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS	. 16
45.	Means of communication to be used	. 16
46.	Irregularities	. 16
47.	Minutes	. 16
48.	Records and accounts	. 17
49.	Indemnity	. 17
50.	Insurance	. 18
51.	Exclusion of model articles	. 18
SCH	IEDULE	. 19

The Companies Act 2006

Articles of Association

of

[INSERT NAME | [Community Interest Company/C.I.C. delete as applicable]

INTERPRETATION

1. Defined terms

The interpretation of these Articles is governed by the provisions set out in the Schedule to the Articles.

COMMUNITY INTERST COMPANY AND ASSET LOCK

2. Community Interest Company

The Company shall be a community interest company.

3. Asset Lock²

- 3.1 The Company shall not transfer any of its assets other than for full consideration.
- 3.2 Provided the conditions in Article 3.3 are satisfied. Article 3.1 shall not apply to:
 - (a) the transfer of assets to any specified asset-locked body, or (with the consent of the Regulator) to any other asset-locked body; and
 - (b) the transfer of assets made for the benefit of the community other than by way of a transfer of assets into an asset-locked body.
- 3.3 The conditions are that the transfer of assets must comply with any restrictions on the transfer of assets for less than full consideration which may be set out elsewhere in the Memorandum and Articles of the Company.

3.4 If:

- 3.4.1 the Company is wound up under the Insolvency Act 1986; and
- 3.4.2 all its liabilities have been satisfied

any residual assets shall be given or transferred to the asset-locked body specified in Article 3.5 below. ³

3.5 For the purposes of this Article 3, the following asset-locked body is specified as a potential recipient of the Company's assets under Articles 3.2 and 3.4:

Name: Missing People Limited-registered charity on England and Wales (1020419) and Unseen UK-registered Charity Number 1127620

(Please note that a community interest company cannot nominate itself as the asset locked body. It also cannot nominate a non-asset locked body. An asset locked body is defined as a CIC or charity, a permitted industrial and provident society or non-UK based equivalent.)

Charity Registration Number (if applicable): 1020419 and 1127620

Registered Office: Missing People: Roebuck House, 284-6 Upper Richmond Road West, East Sheen, London, SW14 7JE

Unseen UK: 103 First Floor, Deben House, 1-5 Lawrence Hill, Bristol, BS5 0BY.4

4. Not for profit

The Company is not established or conducted for private gain: any surplus or assets are used principally for the benefit of the community.

OBJECTS, POWERS AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

5. Objects⁵

The objects of the Company are to carry on activities which benefit the community and in particular (without limitation) to a number of groups and individuals who are seeking assistance with a variety of legal issues in the UK and Europe, where the state is unwilling or unable to help further, by creating a community based group of individuals who are able to use specialist Lawful Open Source Online research to assist them.

6. Powers

To further its objects the Company may do all such lawful things as may further the Company's objects and, in particular, but, without limitation, may borrow or raise and secure the payment of money for any purpose including for the purposes of investment or of raising funds.

7. Liability of shareholders⁶

The liability of the shareholders is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them.

DIRECTORS

DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES⁷

8. Directors' general authority

Subject to the Articles, the Directors are responsible for the management of the Company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the Company.

9. Shareholders' reserve power

- 9.1 The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the Directors to take, or refrain from taking, specific action.
- 9.2 No such special resolution invalidates anything which the Directors have done before the passing of the resolution.

10. Chair

The Directors may appoint one of their number to be the chair of the Directors for such term of office as they may determine and may at any time remove him or her from office.

11. Directors may delegate⁸

- 11.1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the Articles or the implementation of their decisions or day to day management of the affairs of the Company:
 - (a) to such person or committee;
 - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney);
 - (c) to such an extent;
 - (d) in relation to such matters or territories; and
 - (e) on such terms and conditions;

as they think fit.

- 11.2 If the Directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the Directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated.
- 11.3 The Directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions.

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

12. Directors to take decisions collectively⁹

Any decision of the Directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with Article 18. In the event of the Company being a

single director company, a majority decision is made when that single Director makes a decision.

13. Calling a Directors' meeting

- 13.1 Two Directors may (and the Secretary, if any, must at the request of two Directors) call a Directors' meeting.
- 13.2 A Directors' meeting must be called by at least seven Clear Days' notice unless either:
 - 13.2.1 all the Directors agree; or
 - 13.2.2 urgent circumstances require shorter notice.
- 13.3 Notice of Directors' meetings must be given to each Director.
- 13.4 Every notice calling a Directors' meeting must specify:
 - 13.4.1 the place, day and time of the meeting; and
 - 13.4.2 if it is anticipated that Directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting.
- 13.5 Notice of Directors' meetings need not be in Writing.
- 13.6 Notice of Directors' meetings may be sent by Electronic Means to an Address provided by the Director for the purpose.

14. Participation in Directors' meetings

- 14.1 Subject to the Articles, Directors participate in a Directors' meeting, or part of a Directors' meeting, when:
 - 14.1.1 the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the Articles; and
 - 14.1.2 they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting.
- 14.2 In determining whether Directors are participating in a Directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any Director is or how they communicate with each other. 10
- 14.3 If all the Directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is.
- 15. Quorum for Directors' meetings¹¹
- 15.1 At a Directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting.

- 15.2 The quorum for Directors' meetings may be fixed from time to time by a decision of the Directors, but it must never be less than two, and unless otherwise fixed it is [two].
- 15.3 If the total number of Directors for the time being is less than the quorum required, the Directors must not take any decision other than a decision:
 - 15.3.1 to appoint further Directors; or
 - 15.3.2 to call a general meeting so as to enable the shareholders to appoint further Directors.

16. Chairing of Directors' meetings

The Chair, if any, or in his or her absence another Director nominated by the Directors present shall preside as chair of each Directors' meeting.

17. Voting¹²

- 17.1 Questions arising at a Directors' meeting shall be decided by a majority of votes.
- 17.2 In all proceedings of Directors each Director must not have more than one vote. 13
- 17.3 In case of an equality of votes, the Chair shall have a second or casting vote.

18. Decisions without a meeting¹⁴

- 18.1 The Directors may take a unanimous decision without a Directors' meeting by indicating to each other by any means, including without limitation by Electronic Means, that they share a common view on a matter. Such a decision may, but need not, take the form of a resolution in Writing, copies of which have been signed by each Director or to which each Director has otherwise indicated agreement in Writing.
- 18.2 A decision which is made in accordance with Article 18.1 shall be as valid and effectual as if it had been passed at a meeting duly convened and held, provided the following conditions are complied with:
 - 18.2.1 approval from each Director must be received by one person being either such person as all the Directors have nominated in advance for that purpose or such other person as volunteers if necessary ("the Recipient"), which person may, for the avoidance of doubt, be one of the Directors;
 - 18.2.2 following receipt of responses from all of the Directors, the Recipient must communicate to all of the Directors by any means whether the resolution has been formally approved by the Directors in accordance with this Article 18.2;
 - 18.2.3 the date of the decision shall be the date of the communication from the Recipient confirming formal approval;

18.2.4 the Recipient must prepare a minute of the decision in accordance with Article 47.

19. Conflicts of interest¹⁵

- 19.1 Whenever a Director finds himself or herself in a situation that is reasonably likely to give rise to a Conflict of Interest, he or she must declare his or her interest to the Directors unless, or except to the extent that, the other Directors are or ought reasonably to be aware of it already.
- 19.2 If any question arises as to whether a Director has a Conflict of Interest, the question shall be decided by a majority decision of the other Directors.
- 19.3 Whenever a matter is to be discussed at a meeting or decided in accordance with Article 18 and a Director has a Conflict of Interest in respect of that matter then, subject to Article 20, he or she must:
 - 19.3.1 remain only for such part of the meeting as in the view of the other Directors is necessary to inform the debate;
 - 19.3.2 not be counted in the quorum for that part of the meeting; and
 - 19.3.3 withdraw during the vote and have no vote on the matter.
- 19.4 When a Director has a Conflict of Interest which he or she has declared to the Directors, he or she shall not be in breach of his or her duties to the Company by withholding confidential information from the Company if to disclose it would result in a breach of any other duty or obligation of confidence owed by him or her.

20. Directors' power to authorise a conflict of interest

- 20.1 The Directors have power to authorise a Director to be in a position of Conflict of Interest provided:
 - 20.1.1 in relation to the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest, the conflicted Director must comply with Article 19;
 - 20.1.2 in authorising a Conflict of Interest, the Directors can decide the manner in which the Conflict of Interest may be dealt with and, for the avoidance of doubt, they can decide that the Director with a Conflict of Interest can participate in a vote on the matter and can be counted in the quorum;
 - 20.1.3 the decision to authorise a Conflict of Interest can impose such terms as the Directors think fit and is subject always to their right to vary or terminate the authorisation.
- 20.2 If a matter, or office, employment or position, has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 20.1 then, even if he or she has been authorised to remain at the meeting by the other Directors, the Director may absent himself or herself from meetings of the Directors at which anything relating to that matter, or that office, employment or position, will or may be discussed.

20.3 A Director shall not be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he or she derives from any matter, or from any office, employment or position, which has been authorised by the Directors in accordance with Article 20.1 (subject to any limits or conditions to which such approval was subject).

21. Register of Directors' interests

The Directors shall cause a register of Directors' interests to be kept. A Director must declare the nature and extent of any interest, direct or indirect, which he or she has in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company or in any transaction or arrangement entered into by the Company which has not previously been declared.

APPOINTMENT AND RETIREMENT OF DIRECTORS¹⁶

22. Methods of appointing Directors¹⁷

- 22.1 Those persons notified to the Registrar of Companies as the first Directors of the Company shall be the first Directors.
- Any person who is willing to act as a Director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a Director by a decision of the Directors.
- 22.3 Each member of the company shall be a Director.

23. Termination of Director's appointment¹⁸

A person ceases to be a Director as soon as:

- (a) that person ceases to be a Director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006, or is prohibited from being a Director by law;
- (b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person, or an order is made against that person in individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy;
- (c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts;
- (d) notification is received by the Company from the Director that the Director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms (but only if at least two Directors will remain in office when such resignation has taken effect); or
- (e) the Director fails to attend three consecutive meetings of the Directors and the Directors resolve that the Director be removed for this reason.
- (f) the Director ceases to be a member.

24. Directors' remuneration¹⁹

24.1 Directors may undertake any services for the Company that the Directors decide.

7

- 24.2 Subject to the Articles and in particular Article 3 Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the Directors determine:
 - (a) for their services to the Company as Directors; and
 - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the Company.
- 24.3 Subject to the Articles and in particular Article 3, a Director's remuneration may:
 - (a) take any form; and
 - (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that Director.
- 24.4 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors' remuneration accrues from day to day.
- 24.5 Unless the Directors decide otherwise, Directors are not accountable to the Company for any remuneration which they receive as Directors or other officers or employees of the Company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the Company is interested.

25. Directors' expenses

The Company may pay any reasonable expenses which the Directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at:

- (a) meetings of Directors or committees of Directors;
- (b) general meetings; or
- (c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the Company,

or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the Company.

SHARES

26. All shares to be fully paid up and issued at nominal value to a Director

- No share is to be issued for less than the aggregate of its nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in consideration for its issue.
- 26.2 This does not apply to shares taken on the formation of the Company by the subscribers to the Company's Memorandum.
- 26.3 No share shall be issued to a person except a Director.
- 27. Powers to issue different classes of share²⁰

- 27.1 Subject to the Articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the Company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution.
- 27.2 The Company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the Company or the holder, and the Directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares.

28. Company not bound by less than absolute interests

Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the Company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the Articles, the Company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it.

29. Share certificates

- 29.1 The Company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds.
- 29.2 Every certificate must specify:
 - (a) in respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued;
 - (b) the nominal value of those shares;
 - (c) that the shares are fully paid; and
 - (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to them.
- 29.3 No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class.
- 29.4 If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of
- 29.5 Certificates must:
 - (a) have affixed to them the Company's common seal;²¹ or
 - (b) be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts.

30. Replacement share certificates

- 30.1 If a certificate issued in respect of a shareholder's shares is:
 - (a) damaged or defaced; or
 - (b) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed,

that shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares.

30.2 A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate:

- (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates;
- (b) must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the Company if it is damaged or defaced; and
- (c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the Directors decide.

31. Share transfers²²

- 31.1 Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the Directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor.
- 31.2 No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other Document relating to or affecting the title to any share.
- 31.3 The Company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered.
- 31.4 The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of shareholders as holder of it.
- 31.5 The Directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share to a person of whom they do not approve.
- 31.6 They may also refuse to register the transfer unless it is lodged at the registered office of the Company or at such other place as the Directors may appoint and is accompanied by such evidence as the Directors may reasonably require to show the right of the transferor to make the transfer, and by such other information, as they may reasonably require.
- 31.7 If the Directors refuse to register such a transfer, they shall, within two months after the date on which the transfer was lodged with the Company send to the transferce notice of the refusal.
- 31.8 The provisions of this Article apply in addition to any restrictions on the transfer of a share which maybe set out elsewhere in the Memorandum or Articles of the Company.

32. Purchase of own shares²³

Subject to the articles, the Company may purchase its own shares (including any redeemable shares) and may make a payment in respect of the redemption or purchase of its own shares otherwise than out of the distributable profits of the Company or the proceeds of a fresh issue of shares. Any share so purchased shall be purchased at its nominal value.

33. Transmission of shares²⁴

33.1 If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the Company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share.

- 33.2 A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the Directors may properly require:
 - (a) may, subject to the Articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person; and
 - (b) subject to the Articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had.
- 33.3 But transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares.

34. Exercise of transmittees' rights

- 34.1 Transmittees who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the Company in Writing of that wish.
- 34.2 If the transmittee wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it.
- 34.3 Any transfer made or executed under this Article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred.

35. Transmittees bound by prior notices

35.1 If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of shareholders.

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS²⁵

36. Procedure for declaring dividends

- 36.1 Subject to the Companies Acts, the Regulations and the Articles, the Company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the Directors may, provided that such decision is authorised by an ordinary resolution of the shareholders, decide to pay interim dividends.
- 36.2 For the avoidance of doubt the payment of dividends shall be considered to be a transfer of assets other than for full consideration and shall not be permitted other than in the circumstances prescribed in Article 3.
- 36.3 A dividend must not be declared unless the Directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the Directors.
- 36.4 No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights.

11

- 36.5 Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or Directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it.
- 36.6 If the Company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear.
- 36.7 The Directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment.
- 36.8 If the Directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights.

37. Payment of dividends and other distributions

- Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means:
 - (a) transfer to a bank or building society account indicated by the distribution recipient either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide;
 - (b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered Address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an Address indicated by the distribution recipient either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide;
 - sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such Address as the distribution recipient has indicated either in Writing or as the Directors may otherwise decide; or
 - (d) any other means of payment as the Directors agree with the distribution recipient either in Writing or by such other means as the Directors decide.
- 37.2 In the Articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable:
 - (a) the holder of the share; or
 - (b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members; or
 - (c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee.

38. No interest on distributions

The Company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by:

- (a) the terms on which the share was issued; or
- (b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the Company.

39. Unclaimed distributions

- 39.1 All dividends or other sums which are:
 - (a) payable in respect of shares; and
 - (b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable,

may be invested or otherwise made use of by the Directors for the benefit of the Company until claimed.

- 39.2 The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the Company a trustee in respect of it.
- 39.3 If:
 - (a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment; and
 - (b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it,

the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the Company.

40. Non-cash distributions

- 40.1 Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the Company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the Directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company).
- 40.2 For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the Directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution:
 - (a) fixing the value of any assets;
 - (b) paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients; and
 - (c) vesting any assets in trustees.

41. Waiver of distributions

Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the Company notice in Writing to that effect, but if:

- (a) the share has more than one holder; or
- (b) more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,

the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share.

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

42. Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

- 42.1 Subject to the Articles, the Directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution:
 - (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the Company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the Company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve; and
 - (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions.
- 42.2 Capitalised sums must be applied:
 - (a) on behalf of the persons entitled; and
 - (b) in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them.
- 42.3 Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct.
- 42.4 A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied in paying up new debentures of the Company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct.
- 42.5 Subject to the Articles the Directors may:
 - (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with Articles 42.3 and 42.4 partly in one way and partly in another;
 - (b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this Article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments); and

(c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the Company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this Article.

DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

43. Meetings 26

- 43.1 The Directors may call a general meeting at any time.
- 43.2 General meetings must be held in accordance with the provisions regarding such meetings in the Companies Act. ²⁷
- 43.3 A person who is not a shareholder of the Company shall not have any right to vote at a general meeting of the Company; but this is without prejudice to any right to vote on a resolution affecting the rights attached to a class of the Company's debentures.²⁸
- 43.4 Article 43.3 shall not prevent a person who is a proxy for a member or a duly authorised representative of a member from voting at a general meeting of the Company.

44. Written resolutions

- 44.1 Subject to Article 44.3, a written resolution of the Company passed in accordance with this Article 44 shall have effect as if passed by the Company in general meeting:
 - 44.1.1 A written resolution is passed as an ordinary resolution if it is passed by a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible shareholders.
 - 44.1.2 A written resolution is passed as a special resolution if it is passed by shareholders representing not less than 75% of the total voting rights of eligible shareholders. A written resolution is not a special resolution unless it states that it was proposed as a special resolution.
- 44.2 In relation to a resolution proposed as a written resolution of the Company the eligible shareholders are the shareholders who would have been entitled to vote on the resolution on the Circulation Date of the resolution.
- 44.3 A shareholders' resolution under the Companies Acts removing a Director or an auditor before the expiration of his or her term of office may not be passed as a written resolution.
- 44.4 A copy of the written resolution must be sent to every shareholder together with a statement informing the shareholder how to signify their agreement to the resolution and the date by which the resolution must be passed if it is not to lapse. Communications in relation to written notices shall be sent to the Company's auditors in accordance with the Companies Acts.
- 44.5 A shareholder signifies their agreement to a proposed written resolution when the Company receives from him or her an authenticated Document identifying the resolution to which it relates and indicating his or her agreement to the resolution.

- 44.5.1 If the Document is sent to the Company in Hard Copy Form, it is authenticated if it bears the shareholder's signature.
- 44.5.2 If the Document is sent to the Company by Electronic Means, it is authenticated [if it bears the shareholder's signature] or [if the identity of the shareholder is confirmed in a manner agreed by the Directors] or [if it is accompanied by a statement of the identity of the shareholder and the Company has no reason to doubt the truth of that statement] or [if it is from an email Address notified by the shareholder to the Company for the purposes of receiving Documents or information by Electronic Means].
- 44.6 A written resolution is passed when the required majority of eligible shareholders have signified their agreement to it.
- 44.7 A proposed written resolution lapses if it is not passed within 28 days beginning with the Circulation Date.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS AND MISCELLANEOUS

45. Means of communication to be used

- 45.1 Subject to the Articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the Company under the Articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for Documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the Company.
- 45.2 Subject to the Articles, any notice or Document to be sent or supplied to a Director in connection with the taking of decisions by Directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that Director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or Documents for the time being.
- 45.3 A Director may agree with the Company that notices or Documents sent to that Director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within an agreed time of their being sent, and for the agreed time to be less than 48 hours.

46. Irregularities

The proceedings at any meeting or on the taking of any poll or the passing of a written resolution or the making of any decision shall not be invalidated by reason of any accidental informality or irregularity (including any accidental omission to give or any non-receipt of notice) or any want of qualification in any of the persons present or voting or by reason of any business being considered which is not referred to in the notice unless a provision of the Companies Acts specifies that such informality, irregularity or want of qualification shall invalidate it.

47. Minutes

47.1 The Directors must cause minutes to be made in books kept for the purpose:

- 47.1.1 of all appointments of officers made by the Directors;
- 47.1.2 of all resolutions of the Company and of the Directors (including, without limitation, decisions of the Directors made without a meeting); and
- 47.1.3 of all proceedings at meetings of the Company and of the Directors, and of committees of Directors, including the names of the Directors present at each such meeting;

and any such minute, if purported to be signed (or in the case of minutes of Directors' meetings signed or authenticated) by the chair of the meeting at which the proceedings were had, or by the chair of the next succeeding meeting, shall, as against any shareholder or Director of the Company, be sufficient evidence of the proceedings.

47.2 The minutes must be kept for at least ten years from the date of the meeting, resolution or decision.

48. Records and accounts²⁹

The Directors shall comply with the requirements of the Companies Acts as to maintaining a shareholders' register, keeping financial records, the audit or examination of accounts and the preparation and transmission to the Registrar of Companies and the Regulator of:

- 48.1 annual reports;
- 48.2 annual returns; and
- 48.3 annual statements of account.
- 48.4 Except as provided by law or authorised by the Directors or an ordinary resolution of the Company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the Company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder.

49. Indemnity

- 49.1 Subject to Article 49.2, a relevant Director of the Company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the Company's assets against:
 - (a) any liability incurred by that Director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company or an associated company;
 - (b) any liability incurred by that Director in connection with the activities of the Company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006); and

17

- (c) any other liability incurred by that Director as an officer of the Company or an associated company.
- 49.2 This Article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law.

49.3 In this Article:

- (a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate; and
- (b) a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company.

50. Insurance

The Directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant Director in respect of any relevant loss.

50.2 In this Article:

- (a) a "relevant Director" means any Director or former Director of the Company or an associated company;
- (b) a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant Director in connection with that Director's duties or powers in relation to the Company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company or associated company; and
- (c) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate.

51. Exclusion of model articles

The relevant model articles for a company limited by shares are hereby expressly excluded.

SCHEDULE

INTERPRETATION

1. In the Articles, unless the context requires otherwise, the following terms shall have the following meanings:

Term	Meaning
"Address"	includes a number or address used for the purposes of sending or receiving Documents by Electronic Means;
"Articles"	means the Company's articles of association;
"asset-locked body"	means (i) a community interest company or a charity ³⁰ or a Permitted Industrial and Provident Society; or (ii) a body established outside the United Kingdom that is equivalent to any of those;
"bankruptcy"	includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy;
"Chair"	has the meaning given in Article 10;
"Circulation Date"	in relation to a written resolution, has the meaning given to it in the Companies Acts;
"Clear Days"	in relation to the period of a notice, that period excluding the day when the notice is given or deemed to be given and the day for which it is given or on which it is to take effect;
"community"	is to be construed in accordance with the section 35(5) of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004;
"Companies Acts"	means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the Company;
"Company"	[] [Community Interest Company/C.I.C.];
"Conflict of Interest"	any direct or indirect interest of a Director (whether personal, by virtue of a duty of loyalty

to another organisation or otherwise) that conflicts or might conflict with the interests of the Company;

"Director"

means a director of the Company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called;

"distribution recipient"

has the meaning given in Article 37;

"Document"

includes, unless otherwise indicated, any document sent or supplied in Electronic Form;

"Electronic Form and Electronic Means"

have the meanings respectively given to them in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006;

"fully paid"

in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the Company in respect of that share have been paid to the Company;

"Hard Copy Form"

has the meaning given in section 1168 of the

Companies Act 2006;

"holder"

in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of shareholders as the holder of the shares;

"instrument"

means a Document in Hard Copy Form;

"Memorandum"

the Company's memorandum of association;

"paid"

means paid or credited as paid;

"participate"

in relation to a Directors' meeting, has the meaning given in Article 14;

"Permitted Industrial and Provident Society"

means an industrial and provident society which has a restriction on the use of its assets in accordance with regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations 2006 or regulation 4 of the Community Benefit Societies (Restriction on Use of Assets) Regulations (Northern Ireland) 2006;

"the Regulator"

means the Regulator of Community Interest

Companies;

"the Regulations"

means the Community Interest Company Regulations 2005 (as amended);

"Secretary"

the secretary of the Company (if any);

"shareholder"

means a person who is the holder of a share;

"shares"

means shares in the Company;

"specified"

means specified in the memorandum or articles of association of the Company for the purposes of

this paragraph;

"subsidiary"

has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006;

"transfer"

includes every description of disposition, payment, release or distribution, and the creation or extinction of an estate or interest in, or right

over, any property;

"transmittee"

means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law; and

means the representation or reproduction of

"Writing"

words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in Electronic Form or

otherwise.

- 2. Subject to clause 3 of this Schedule, any reference in the Articles to an enactment includes a reference to that enactment as re-enacted or amended from time to time and to any subordinate legislation made under it.
- 3. Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these Articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Acts as in force on the date when these Articles become binding on the Company.

Explanatory Notes: CIC Limited by Shares, Schedule 2, Small Membership

- ⁷ Note that although this model constitution assumes that all directors are issued shares and the directors are given wide powers, under the Articles (and company law more generally) there are still some decisions which shareholders must make as shareholders (either in general meeting under the Companies Act 2006 (article 43), or by written resolution in accordance with article 44). [See in general the Companies House guidance booklet, "Resolutions" (available online at http://www.companieshouse.gov.uk/about/gbhtml/gba7.shtml).]
- ⁸ Article 11 permits the directors to delegate any of their functions. Delegation may take the form of, for instance, the directors giving a managing director general authority to run the company's day to day business, or responsibility for specific matters being delegated to particular directors (e.g. financial matters to a finance director). Or, it may be equally appropriate to delegate matters to persons other than directors. In all cases, it is important to remember that delegation does not absolve directors of their general duties towards the company and their overall responsibility for its management. This means that, amongst other things, directors must be satisfied that those to whom responsibilities are delegated are competent to carry them out.
- ⁹ Article 12 states that the directors must make decisions by majority at a meeting subject to article 14; or unanimously if taken in accordance with article 18.
- ¹⁰ Article 14.2 is designed to facilitate the taking of decisions by the directors via telephone or video conference calls. Note the requirement to keep a written record of meetings and decisions (article 47).
- ¹¹ The quorum may be fixed in absolute terms (e.g. "two directors") or as a proportion of the total number of directors (e.g. "one third of the total number of directors"). You may even wish to stipulate that particular named directors, or directors representing particular stakeholder interests, must be present to constitute a quorum.
- ¹² Article 17 reflects paragraph 4 of Schedule 2 to the Regulations, which is required to be included in the articles of all community interest companies limited by shares.
- ¹³ You may wish to include a provision which gives the Chair of the board a casting vote. This will enable the directors to resolve any deadlock at board level.
- ¹⁴ Article 18 is designed to facilitate the taking of decisions by directors following discussions in the form of, for example, email exchanges copied to all the directors. Note the requirements as to recording the decision in articles 18.2 and 47.
- ¹⁵ The provisions in articles 19 and 20 reflect the position under the Companies Act 2006. However, it is recommended that, as a matter of good practice, all actual and potential conflicts of interest are disclosed in writing or at a meeting, as the case may be.
- ¹⁶ Private companies are obliged to have at least one director. Provisions can be inserted into the articles providing for a minimum number of directors. Where the company has just one director, that director must be a natural person. Article 12 notes that, where there is only one director, a majority decision is reached when that director makes a decision. In the case of a single director, the quorum provisions (article 15) will need to be amended accordingly.
- ¹⁷ In this set of model articles, there is no requirement for all directors to be members (shareholders) of the company, since it is likely that the only member will be Asset Locked Bodies.
- ¹⁸ The board of directors cannot remove a director other than in accordance with the provisions in article 23 and the Companies Act 2006.
- ¹⁹ See the guidance on directors' remuneration in [Part 9] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes.

22 1.1 3/7/2012

¹ On articles of association generally, see [Part 5] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes. If you are an existing company wishing to become a community interest company, there is no need to adopt completely new articles, but you must comply with the requirements of the Regulations by including the provisions set out in Schedule 2 to the Regulations in the articles of your company.

² See [Part 6] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes. Inclusion of the provisions contained in articles 3.1 to 3.3 (reflecting paragraph 1(1) to (3) of Schedule 2 to the Regulations) is mandatory.

³ When a CIC is wound up, its "residual assets" are any property remaining after satisfaction of the company's liabilities under the Insolvency Act 1986. The Regulations permit shareholders to be paid back, out of the residual assets, the nominal value of their shares. Anything left over after this process is classed as "remaining residual assets" and must be paid to a specified Asset Locked Body (or, if no such body is specified, to an Asset Locked Body chosen by the Regulator in consultation with the company).

⁴ See regulation 23 of the Regulations and Parts [6 and 10.3] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes. If the company does not specify that the remaining residual assets are to be transferred to a particular Asset Locked Body, an appropriate recipient will be chosen by the Regulator, in consultation with the company's directors and members.

⁵ On the specification of the company's objects, see [Part 5] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes.

⁶ On limited liability and share capital generally, see [Part 3] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes.

²⁰ Note that unless specific wording is added to the contrary, the directors of a company with only one class of shares will be able to issue new shares without needing the consent of the existing shareholders. If appropriate, limitations (such as a cap on the number of shares) can be added but bespoke drafting will be required.

²¹ If the company does not have a common seal, share certificates can be executed by two directors, by one director and the secretary (if there is one), or by one director in the presence of an independent witness.

- 22 Articles 31.5 31.8 are mandatory, reflecting paragraph 2 of Schedule 2 to the Regulations. The model constitution does not contain any other additional restrictions on the transfer of shares, but note that the Directors may refuse to register a transfer of shares to a person of whom they do not approve.
- ²³ A company which adopts the provisions of Schedule 2 to the Regulations rather than Schedule 3 to the Regulations (i.e. a company which only intends to pay dividends to asset-locked bodies) must not make use of this provision to buy back any share which is not held by an asset-locked body, as the repurchase of such shares will amount to a breach of the asset lock provisions set out in paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 and article 3. This article in itself does not provide sufficient authority for the company to purchase its own shares. The company must also comply with the relevant statutory requirements, in particular sections 693 700 of the Companies Act 2006. We recommended that you take legal advice before taking any steps towards the company purchasing its own shares. It is important that any purchase of shares made in accordance with this article is also made in accordance with article 3 (asset lock).
- ²⁴ In the event of the death of a shareholder, the share will pass according to the will of the deceased shareholder, or the intestacy rules.
- ²⁵ A company which does not intend to pay dividends or make other distributions to private investors (i.e. a company which adopts the provisions of Schedule 2 to the Regulations rather than those of Schedule 3) should not make use of this provision to pay dividends on any share held by a private investor, as the payment of any such dividends will amount to a breach of the asset lock provisions set out in paragraph 1 of Schedule 2 and article 3.
- ²⁶ The Companies Act 2006 has removed the need for private companies to hold annual general meetings and therefore these Articles follow suit; however, if you wish, you can insert an additional provision which obliges the company to hold annual general meetings.
- ²⁷ Article 43.2 provides that general meetings must be held in accordance with the provisions of the Companies Act 2006. You may insert additional provisions that specify how many shareholders are required to be present to hold a valid general meeting. The quorum may be fixed in absolute terms (e.g. "four shareholders") or as a proportion of the total number of shareholders (e.g. "three quarters of the shareholders from time to time"). You may even wish to stipulate that particular named shareholders, or shareholders representing particular stakeholder interests, must be present to constitute a quorum. In any event, it is recommended that the quorum should never be less than half of the total number of shareholders.
- ²⁸ Article 43.3 reflects paragraph 3(1) of Schedule 2 to the Regulations and is mandatory.
- ²⁹ See the Companies House guidance booklet, "Accounts and Accounting Reference Dates" (available online at http://www.companies-house.gov.uk/about/gbhtml/gba3.shtml).] On the annual community interest company report, see [Part 8] of the Regulator's information and guidance notes.
- ³⁰ Section 1(1) of the Charities Act 2006 defines "charity" as an institution which "is established for charitable purposes only, and falls to be subject to the control of the High Court in the exercise of its jurisdiction with respect to charities.

23 1.1 3/7/2012

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CIC 36

Declarations on Formation of a Community Interest Company¹

Company Name in full	Q Commit CIC
	Community Interest Company
 We/I, the undersignerativities for the bencommunity². [Inserted] 	ry Interest Statement – beneficiaries ed, declare that the company will carry on its efit of the community, or a section of the t a short description of the community, or section of the it is intended that the company will benefit below
The company's activities	s will provide benefit to
egal issues in the UK & Eur urther, by creating a comr	dividuals who are seeking assistance with a variety of rope, where the state is unwilling or unable to help nunity based group of individuals who are able to use rce Online Research to assist them.

COMPANY NAME

SECTION B: Community Interest Statement – Activities & Related Benefit

Please indicate how it is proposed that the company's activities will benefit the community, or a section of the community. Please provide as much detail as possible to enable the CIC Regulator to make an informed decision about whether your proposed company is eligible to become a community interest company. It would be useful if you were to explain how you think your company will be different from a commercial company providing similar services or products for individual or personal gain.

Activities (Tell us here what the company is being set up to do)	How will the activity benefit the community? (The community will benefit by)
Develop, implement and apply specialist intelligence and investigation capabilities to support families and services in search for missing people.	Services tasked with investigating missing people face rising demand with reduced budgets. Families and communities need support in tackling a problem closely linked to a range of harms, particularly child sexual exploitation and human trafficking. Seven in ten young people who go missing have been sexually exploited.
Support existing third sector organisations. Apply the capabilities to prevent people going missing.	The company will bring together specialist intelligence and investigation practitioners to support local communities by improving investigations and applying learning to prevention projects.
Develop, implement and apply specialist intelligence and investigation capabilities to investigating modern slavery.	Modern slavery takes place in local communities. There are a range of third sector organisations operating specifically to identify and root out human trafficking. We will help existing third sector organisations and public bodies through specialist intelligence support.
Support existing third sector organisations. Apply the capabilities to prevent modern slavery.	We will seek to develop new and innovative intelligence approaches in collaboration with other organisations. The crime of human trafficking is often linked with missing people and focus on both areas will enable learning to be applied in prevention activity.

Develop, implement and apply specialist intelligence and investigation capabilities to support people seeking justice.

Support existing third sector organisations.

We will help people and communities achieve justice in a climate where access to it is harder and the power of institutions is higher. As Rawls stated "Justice is the first virtue of social institutions" and if they are unjust they should be held to account.

Third sector organisations range from the Innocence Project, Criminal Justice Clinic through to groups focused on environmental justice or those using crowd funding platforms, such as Crowd Justice. Specialist intelligence gathering can support these groups in their fight to hold social institutions to account when there is an apparent absence of justice.

If the company makes any surplus it will be used ...

To build capacity to support more people, organisations and services tackling missing people, modern slavery and seeking justice. Develop new and innovative intelligence approaches.

(Please continue on separate sheet if necessary.)

COMPANY NAME	CO	MP	ANY	ΝΔ	MF
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Q Commit CIC

SECTION C:

- 1. We/I, the undersigned, declare that the company in respect of which this application is made will not be:
 - (a) a political party;
 - (b) a political campaigning organisation; or
 - (c) a subsidiary of a political party or of a political campaigning organisation.⁴

SECTION D:

Each person who will be a first director of the company must sign the declarations.

Signed	
Signed	

Date	31/10/2018
Date	
Date	
Date	
- .	
Date	

You do not have to give any contact information in the box opposite but if you do, it will help the Registrar of Companies to contact you if there is a query on the form. The contact information that you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Rumwell Hall, Rumwell,	Taunton, UK, TA4 1EL
P.O. Box 683, Taunton, Somerset, UK, TA1 4ZX	
-	
	Tel 01823 462400
DX Number	DX Exchange

NOTES

¹ This form will be placed on the public record. Any information relevant to the application that you do not wish to appear on the public record, should be described in a separate letter addressed to the CIC Regulator and delivered to the Registrar of Companies with the other documents.

² The community interest test is referred to in section 35 of the Companies (Audit, Investigations and Community Enterprise) Act 2004 and is expanded upon in regulations 3, 4 & 5 of the Regulations.

³ E.g. "the residents of Oldtown" or "those suffering from XYZ disease".

⁴ A company is not eligible to be formed as a community interest company if it will be an "excluded company". If you are not sure whether the company which you wish to form falls into any of these categories, you should refer to the definitions of the terms "political party", "political campaigning organisation" and "subsidiary" (and of the related terms "election", "governmental authority", "public authority" and "referendum") in Regulation 2 of the Regulations before completing this form.