Registration number: 11797870

# **Usnoop Limited**

**Annual Report and Financial Statements** 

**Pages For Filing With The Registrar** 

31 December 2022



# **Usnoop Limited**

**Directors** 

Dame Jayne-Anne Gadhia

Lord David Brownlow

Jake Irwin Andrew Hoine John Natalizia

Registered office

10 Norwich Street

London

United Kingdom EC4A 1BD

**Auditor** 

Cooper Parry Group Limited

Chartered Accountants & Statutory Auditors

Mindspace 9 Appold Street London EC2A 2AP

## **Statement of Financial Position**

as at 31 December 2022

		2022	2021
	Note	£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4	25,386	32,740
Current assets			
Debtors	5	866,105	859,656
Cash and cash equivalents		4,058,327	14,821,990
		4,924,432	15,681,646
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	6	(962,128)	(1,209,012)
Net current assets		3,962,304	14,472,634
Net assets		3,987,690	14,505,374
Capital and reserves			
Share capital	8	74,698	74,697
Share premium		33,949,207	33,948,638
Profit and loss account		(30,036,215)	(19,517,961)
Total equity		3,987,690	14,505,374

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file a Statement of Profit and Loss has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the Board on 26 July 2023. and signed on its behalf by:

John Natalizia Director

Usnoop Ltd

Registered number: 11797870

The notes on pages 3 to 12 form an integral part of these financial statements.

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

## 1 General information

The company is a private company limited by shares, incorporated in England and Wales.

The address of its registered office is: 10 Norwich Street

London

United Kingdom

EC4A 1BD

The principal place of business is: 15 Stratton Street

London

United Kingdom

W1J8LQ

## 2 Accounting policies

### Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied, unless otherwise stated.

### Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

### Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

The financial statements are presented in GBP and all values are rounded to the nearest pound (£), except when otherwise indicated.

## Going concern

The Company's financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis on the grounds that current sources of funding will be more than adequate for the Company's ongoing cash requirements. The directors have a reasonable expectation that the Company will be able to meet its minimum capital requirements and all its obligations as they fall due for a minimum of 12 months from the date of approval of these financial statements.

### Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the provision of services in the ordinary course of the Company's activities. Turnover is shown net of value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The Company recognises revenue when:

- The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;
- it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity; and
- specific criteria have been met for each of the Company's activities.

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

For switching and partnerships commission received revenue is recognised at the point that the referral has been made and the company's duties have been performed under the agreement of the commission contract.

For subscription fees revenue is recognised at the point that the customer signs up to the service and recognised evenly over the period in which they have signed up.

For other service contract sales revenue is recognised from the point of initial service delivery and spread evenly over the period in which the services are provided.

### Foreign currency transactions and balances

Transactions in foreign currencies are translated to the company's functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the statement of financial position date are retranslated to the functional currency at the foreign exchange rate ruling at that date. Foreign exchange differences arising on translation are recognised in the statement of comprehensive income. There are no material foreign exchange transactions in the financial statements.

#### Tax

Tax is recognised in statement of comprehensive income, except that a charge attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income

The current corporation tax charge is calculated on the basis of tax rates and laws that, have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date in the countries where the company operates and generates taxable income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

### Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the statement of financial position at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

### Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Depreciation method and rate

IT equipment

3 years Straight Line

### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits.

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

### Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for services performed in the ordinary course of business.

Trade debtors are recognised at the transaction price. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the Company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

### Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the Company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised at the transaction price.

## Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the statement of comprehensive income over the period of the relevant borrowing.

Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

### Leases

The Company is a lessee in operating lease arrangements. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease. Contingent rents are recognised as an expense when incurred.

### Share capital and share premium

Shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. The par value of issued shares is recognised within share capital with any excess being recognised within share premium. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

### Defined contribution pension obligation

Contributions are charged to the statement of comprehensive income in accordance with the rules of the defined benefit contribution scheme.

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

### Share based payments

The cost of equity-settled transactions with employees is measured by reference to the fair value of the equity instruments at the date at which they are granted and is recognised as an expense over the vesting period, which ends on the date on which the relevant employees become fully entitled to the award. Fair value is determined using an appropriate pricing model, taking into account the terms and conditions upon which the awards were granted. In valuing equity-settled transactions, no account is taken of any vesting conditions, other than conditions linked to the price of the shares of the company (market conditions) and non-vesting conditions. No expense is recognised for awards that do not ultimately vest, except for awards where vesting is conditional upon a market or non-vesting condition, which are treated as vesting irrespective of whether the market or non-vesting condition is satisfied, provided that all other performance conditions are satisfied. At each statement of financial position date before vesting, the cumulative expense is calculated, representing the extent to which the vesting period has expired and management's best estimate of the achievement or otherwise of non-market conditions and of the number of equity instruments that will ultimately vest or in the case of an instrument subject to a market condition, be treated as vesting as described above. The movement in cumulative expense since the previous balance sheet date is recognised in the statement of comprehensive income, with a corresponding entry in the profit and loss account reserve.

Where the terms of an equity-settled award are modified, or a new award is designated as replacing a cancelled or settled award, the cost based on the original award terms continues to be recognised over the original vesting period. In addition, an expense is recognised over the remainder of the new vesting period for the incremental fair value of any modification, based on the difference between the fair value of the original award and the fair value of the modified award, both as measured on the date of the modification. No reduction is recognised if this difference is negative. Where an equity-settled award is cancelled, it is treated as if it had vested on the date of cancellation, and any cost not yet recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for the award is expensed immediately. Any compensation paid up to the fair value of the award at the cancellation or settlement date is deducted from equity, with any excess over fair value expensed in the statement of comprehensive income.

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

### Research and development

Research and development expenditure is written off as incurred, except that development expenditure incurred on an individual project is capitalised as an intangible asset when the Company can demonstrate the technical feasibility of completing the intangible asset so that it will be available for use or sale, its intention to complete and its ability to use or sell the asset, how the asset will generate future economic benefits, the availability of resources to complete the asset and the ability to measure reliably the expenditure during development. No development expenditure has been capitalised during the years 2019, 2020, 2021 and 2022, on the basis that the specified criteria for capitalisation has not been met, as costs spent on the development phase of projects cannot be reliably estimated. All research and development costs are therefore expensed as incurred.

## 3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including Directors) during the year, was 51 (2021 - 43).

## 4 Tangible assets

	IT equipment £	Total £
Cost	;	
At 1 January 2022	52,636	52,636
Additions	12,266	12,266
At 31 December 2022	64,902	64,902
Depreciation	!	
At 1 January 2022	19,896	19,896
Charge for the year	19,620	19,620
At 31 December 2022	39,516	39,516
Carrying amount		
At 31 December 2022	25,386	25,386
At 31 December 2021	32,740	32,740

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

## 5 Debtors

	2022 £	2021 £
Trade debtors	58,268	148,002
Prepayments	318,345	158,046
Other debtors	489,492	553,608
	866,105	859,656
6 Creditors		
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	,	
	2022	2021
	<b>.</b>	£
	•	
Trade creditors	318,660	521,172
Taxation and social security	346,433	377,625
Accruals and deferred income	263,831	278,316
Other creditors	33,204	31,899
	962,128	1,209,012

## 7 Pension and other schemes

## Defined contribution pension scheme

The Company operates a defined contribution pension scheme. Contributions totalling £22,601 (2021 - £10,758) were payable to the scheme at the end of the year and are included in other creditors.

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

## 8 Share capital

### Allotted, called up and fully paid shares

	2022		2021
No.	£	No.	£
3,160,769	15,804	3,160,519	15,803
66,250	331	66,250	331
627,192	3,136	627,192	3,136
1,410,520	7,052	1,410,520	7,052
5,362,720	26,814	5,362,720	26,814
4,312,316	21,562	4,312,316	21,562
14,939,767	74,698	14,939,517	74,697
	3,160,769 66,250 627,192 1,410,520 5,362,720 4,312,316	No. £   3,160,769 15,804   66,250 331   627,192 3,136   1,410,520 7,052   5,362,720 26,814   4,312,316 21,562	No. £ No.   3,160,769 15,804 3,160,519   66,250 331 66,250   627,192 3,136 627,192   1,410,520 7,052 1,410,520   5,362,720 26,814 5,362,720   4,312,316 21,562 4,312,316

On 24 January 2022, 250 Ordinary shares with an aggregate nominal value of £0.005 were allotted at £2.28 for a total consideration of £570.

Each share class ranks pari passu from a voting perspective. In respect of the distribution of dividends, the series A1 preferred shares, the series A2 preferred shares (together, the "Series A Preferred Shares"), the series seed 1 preferred shares and the series seed 2 preferred shares (together, the "Series Seed Preferred Shares") rank equally amongst themselves and ahead of all other classes of shares. The Series A Preferred Shares rank ahead of all other classes of shares for capital distributions and the Series Seed Preferred Shares rank ahead of the Growth Shares and Ordinary Shares for capital distributions.

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

## 9 Share-based payments

### EMI share scheme 2019

### Scheme details and movements

During the year ended 31 December 2019 the Company issued 352,477 shares as part of an approved share scheme to qualifying employees. The exercise price of the shares is £1.90. The shares vesting period begins from the commencement of employment/engagement with the Company with 25% of the option shares vesting on 30 April 2020 and the remaining 75% of option shares shall vest pro rata on a quarterly basis over the following 3 years.

At 31 December 2022, 66,250 options had been forfeited, leaving 286,227 options outstanding at year end (2021 - 286,277) and 254,135 (2021 - 178,892) were exercisable.

The total expense recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for the year was £12,000 (2021 - Nil).

### EMI share scheme 2020

### Scheme details and movements

During the year ended 31 December 2020 the Company issued 197,450 shares as part of an approved share scheme to qualifying employees. The exercise price of the shares is £2.28. The shares vesting period begins from the commencement of employment/engagement with the Company with 25% of the option shares vesting on 31 July 2021 and the remaining 75% of the Option Shares shall vest pro rata on an quarterly basis over the following 3 years.

At 31 December 2022, 16,200 options had been forfeited and 250 options had been exercised, leaving 181,000 options outstanding at year end (2021 - 182,000) and 101,813 (2021 - £56,865) were exercisable.

The total expense recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for the year was £9,106 (2021 - Nil).

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

#### EMI share scheme 2021

### Scheme details and movements

During the year ended 31 December 2021 the Company issued 420,673 shares as part of an approved share scheme to qualifying employees. The exercise price of the shares is £2.90. The shares vesting period begins from the commencement of employment/engagement with the company with 25% of the option shares vesting on 31 July 2022 and the remaining 75% of option shares shall vest pro rata on a quarterly basis over the following 3 years.

At 31 December 2021, 61,830 options had been forfeited, leaving 358,843 options outstanding at year end (2021 - 420,673) and 85,307 (2021 - Nil) were exercisable.

The total expense recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for the year was £33,692 (2021 - Nil).

### EMI share scheme 2022

### Scheme details and movements

During the year ended 31 December 2022 the Company issued 331,064 shares as part of an approved share scheme to qualifying employees. The exercise price of the shares is £2.90. The shares vesting period begins from the commencement of employment/engagement with the company with 25% of the option shares vesting on 31 July 2022 and the remaining 75% of option shares shall vest pro rata on a quarterly basis over the following 3 years.

At 31 December 2022, all 331,064 options were outstanding at year end and 85,307 were exercisable.

The total expense recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for the year was £44,117.

### Growth share scheme

### Scheme details and movements

During the year ended 31 December 2019 the Company issued 66,250 growth shares as part of a share scheme to qualifying employees. The market value of the ordinary shares can be used as a reasonable proxy for the incentive shares. The growth shares carry one vote and the right to participate in income distributions, other than upon exit. There is a limited right to distribution in respect of capital, being a hurdle of £9,444,485, increasing 8% per annum. The growth shares are non-redeemable.

The total expense recognised in the statement of comprehensive income for the year was Nil (2021 - Nil).

for the Year Ended 31 December 2022

## 10 Obligations under leases

### Operating leases

The total of future minimum lease payments is as follows:

The total of fatare imminant loads paymonts is as fonews.		
	2022	2021
	£	£
	•	
Not later than one year	33,000	142,000

## 11 Controlling Party

The Directors consider there to be no controlling or ultimate controlling party.

## 12 Audit Report Information

As the Statement of Profit and Loss has been omitted from the filing copy of the financial statements, the following information in relation to the audit report on the statutory financial statements is provided in accordance with s444(5B) of the Companies Act 2006:

The auditor's report was unqualified.

The Senior Statutory Auditor was Steve Leith and the auditor was Cooper Parry Group Limited.