Sign or Return

REGISTERED NUMBER: 11718377 (England and Wales)

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 SEPTEMBER 2022

FOR

INCEPTION CRUISES LIMITED



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INCEPTION CRUISES LIMITED

COMPANY INFORMATION for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

DIRECTOR:

J J Gradisek

REGISTERED OFFICE:

White Hart House High Street Limpsfield Surrey RH8 0DT

REGISTERED NUMBER:

11718377 (England and Wales)

ACCOUNTANTS:

De-Warrenne Waller & Co Limited

Chartered Accountants White Hart House High Street Limpsfield Surrey RH8 0DT

BALANCE SHEET 30 September 2022

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS		•			
Tangible assets	4		-		414,000
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	5	421,111		421,111	
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due within one year	6	421,434		643,116	
Amounts faming due within one year	U				
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			(323)		(222,005)
month to come the court of					
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT			(222)		101.005
LIABILITIES			(323)		191,995
CREDITORS					
Amounts falling due after more than one					
year	7		-		191,945
NIEW (LIABILIWING) (A COPTE			(222)		
NET (LIABILITIES)/ASSETS			(323)		50
·					
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital			100		100
Retained earnings			(423)		(50)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(323)		50

The company is entitled to exemption from audit under Section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 for the year ended 30 September 2022.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year ended 30 September 2022 in accordance with Section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

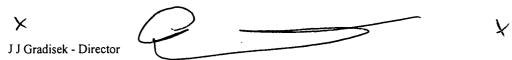
The director acknowledges his responsibilities for:

- (a) ensuring that the company keeps accounting records which comply with Sections 386 and 387 of the Companies Act 2006 and
- (b) preparing financial statements which give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company as at the end of each financial year and of its profit or loss for each financial year in accordance with the requirements of Sections 394 and 395 and which otherwise comply with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 relating to financial statements, so far as applicable to the company.

The financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the Income Statement has not been delivered.

The financial statements were approved by the director and authorised for issue on 12 September 2023 and were signed by:



The notes form part of these financial statements

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

1. STATUTORY INFORMATION

Inception Cruises Limited is a private company, limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The company's registered number and registered office address can be found on the Company Information page.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparing the financial statements

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" including the provisions of Section 1A "Small Entities" and the Companies Act 2006. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

Related party exemption

The company has taken advantage of exemption, under the terms of Financial Reporting Standard 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland', not to disclose related party transactions with wholly owned subsidiaries within the group.

Turnavei

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding discounts, rebates, value added tax and other sales taxes.

Turnover represents marine charter fees earned and allocated to the company's accounting period.

Tangible fixed assets

Depreciation is provided at the following annual rates in order to write off the cost less estimated residual value of each asset over its estimated useful life or, if held under a finance lease, over the lease term, whichever is the shorter

Charter marine vessels - 10% per annum on written down value.

Depreciation will be provided from the commencement of charter contracts when the assets are brought into use.

Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basis financial liabilities, including creditors and loans from fellow group companies that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financial transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods and services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

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NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Taxation

Taxation for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the Income Statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current or deferred taxation assets and liabilities are not discounted.

Current tax is recognised at the amount of tax payable using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences that have originated but not reversed at the balance sheet date.

Timing differences arise from the inclusion of income and expenses in tax assessments in periods different from those in which they are recognised in financial statements. Deferred tax is measured using tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the year end and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Foreign currencies

Assets and liabilities in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rates of exchange ruling at the balance sheet date. Transactions in foreign currencies are translated into sterling at the rate of exchange ruling at the date of transaction. Exchange differences are taken into account in arriving at the operating result.

Hire purchase and leasing commitments

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts or finance leases are capitalised in the balance sheet. Those held under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their estimated useful lives. Those held under finance leases are depreciated over their estimated useful lives or the lease term, whichever is the shorter.

The interest element of these obligations is charged to profit or loss over the relevant period. The capital element of the future payments is treated as a liability.

Going concern

At the time of approving the financial statements, the director has a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future. Thus the director continues to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

3. EMPLOYEES AND DIRECTORS

The average number of employees during the year was 1 (2021 - 1).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

4. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

4.	TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS		Plant and machinery etc
	COST At 1 October 2021 Disposals		500,000 (500,000)
	At 30 September 2022		<u>-</u>
	DEPRECIATION At 1 October 2021 Eliminated on disposal		86,000 (86,000)
	At 30 September 2022		-
	NET BOOK VALUE At 30 September 2022		-
	At 30 September 2021		414,000
5.	DEBTORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2022 £	2021 £
	Amounts owed by group undertakings	421,111	421,111
6.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR	2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts Amounts owed to group undertakings	421,434	46,797 596,319
		421,434	643,116
7.	CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR		
	Bank loans	2022 £	2021 £ 191,945
8.	SECURED DEBTS		
	The following secured debts are included within creditors:		
		2022 £	2021 £
	Bank loans	-	238,742

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - continued for the Year Ended 30 September 2022

9. ULTIMATE CONTROLLING PARTY

The controlling party is Avitris Limited.

The ultimate controlling party is O Breidt.

10. **DEFERRED TAXATION**

There was no deferred taxation liability at the year-end date. (2021:£nil).