

Company Registration No. 11693639 (England and Wales)

ONSLOW SQUARE CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR

ONSLow SQUARE CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

CONTENTS

	Page
Balance sheet	1
Statement of changes in equity	2
Notes to the financial statements	3 - 5

ONSLOW SQUARE CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 MARCH 2021

	Notes	2021 £	£	2020 £	£
Current assets					
Stocks		2,904,115		530,138	
Debtors	3	353,546		453,945	
Cash at bank and in hand		2,113,284		2,789	
		<u>5,370,945</u>		<u>986,872</u>	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	4	<u>(5,377,596)</u>		<u>(990,751)</u>	
Net current liabilities			(6,651)		(3,879)
			<u></u>		<u></u>
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital	5		1		1
Profit and loss reserves			(6,652)		(3,880)
			<u></u>		<u></u>
Total equity			(6,651)		(3,879)
			<u></u>		<u></u>

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 March 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476 .

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 29 March 2022 and are signed on its behalf by:

A C Bennett-Baggs
Director

Company Registration No. 11693639

ONSLOW SQUARE CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

		Share capital	Profit and loss reserves	Total
		£	£	£
Period ended 31 March 2020:				
Loss and total comprehensive income for the period		-	(3,880)	(3,880)
Issue of share capital	5	1	-	1
		<u>1</u>	<u>(3,880)</u>	<u>(3,879)</u>
Balance at 31 March 2020		1	(3,880)	(3,879)
Year ended 31 March 2021:				
Loss and total comprehensive income for the year		-	(2,772)	(2,772)
		<u>1</u>	<u>(6,652)</u>	<u>(6,651)</u>
Balance at 31 March 2021		<u>1</u>	<u>(6,652)</u>	<u>(6,651)</u>

ONSLOW SQUARE CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Onslow Square Construction Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 26-28 Conway Street, London, United Kingdom, W1T 6BQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

1.2 Going concern

The directors have considered the effect of the Covid-19 outbreak. The outbreak has caused little disruption to the company's business to date. The directors consider it unlikely that a prolonged outbreak will cause significant disruption. Accordingly, at the time of approving the financial statements, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company has adequate resources to continue in operation for the foreseeable future. Thus the directors continue to adopt the going concern basis of accounting in preparing the financial statements.

1.3 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes.

Turnover represents amounts related to the construction of the building and detailed recognition criteria are described in the Construction contracts policy below.

1.4 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

At each reporting date, an assessment is made for impairment. Any excess of the carrying amount of stocks over its estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell is recognised as an impairment loss in profit or loss. Reversals of impairment losses are also recognised in profit or loss.

1.5 Construction contracts

Where the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs are recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract activity at the reporting end date. Variations in contract work, claims and incentive payments are included to the extent that the amount can be measured reliably and its receipt is considered probable.

When it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract turnover, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

Where the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred where it is probable that they will be recoverable. Contract costs are recognised as expenses in the period in which they are incurred. When costs incurred in securing a contract are recognised as an expense in the period in which they are incurred, they are not included in contract costs if the contract is obtained in a subsequent period.

ONSLOW SQUARE CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

1 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The "percentage of completion method" is used to determine the appropriate amount to recognise in a given period. The stage of completion is measured by the proportion of contract costs incurred for work performed to date compared to the estimated total contract costs. Costs incurred in the year in connection with future activity on a contract are excluded from contract costs in determining the stage of completion. These costs are presented as stocks, prepayments or other assets depending on their nature, and provided it is probable they will be recovered.

1.6 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand and deposits held at call with banks.

1.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Amounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as non-current liabilities. Trade creditors are recognised initially at transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

1.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs.

1.9 Comparative period

The accounts relate to the year ended 31 March 2021. The prior period represents the figures from 23 November 2018 (date of incorporation) to 31 March 2020.

2 Employees

There were no employees during the current year or previous period.

ONSLOW SQUARE CONSTRUCTION LIMITED

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 MARCH 2021

3	Debtors	2021	2020
	Amounts falling due within one year:	£	£
	Other debtors	353,546	453,945
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	3,794,526	988,001
	Other creditors	1,580,320	-
	Accruals and deferred income	2,750	2,750
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
		5,377,596	990,751
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>

5	Called up share capital	2021	2020	2021	2020
	Ordinary share capital	Number	Number	£	£
	Issued and not fully paid				
	Ordinary shares of £1 each	1	1	1	1
		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	<u> </u>

6 Related party transactions

All sales during the year were made to a director of the company.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.