

Company Number 11500068

COMPANIES ACT 2006
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES
WRITTEN RESOLUTION
OF
HAPP HOLDINGS LIMITED (the "Company")

Pursuant to Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006, the directors of the Company propose that the following resolution is passed as a special resolution ("**Resolution**") and is first circulated to the members of the Company on 03 October 2018 (the "**Circulation Date**"):

SPECIAL RESOLUTION


IT IS RESOLVED that the articles of association annexed hereto be approved and adopted as the articles of association of the Company in substitution for, and to the exclusion of, the existing articles of association.

Please read the notes at the end of this document before signing your agreement to the Resolution.

AGREEMENT

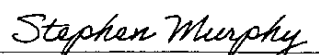
The undersigned, being all the members of the above Company being entitled to receive notice of, attend and vote at General Meetings on the Circulation Date, hereby pass the above Resolution and agree that the said Resolution shall for all purposes be as valid and effective as if the same had been passed at a General Meeting of the Company duly convened and held.

SIGNED this 15th day of October 2018



for and on behalf of
Hanway Associates Limited

SIGNED this 04 day of October 2018



for and on behalf of
ECH Limited

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Notes

1. If you agree to the Resolution, please indicate your agreement by signing and dating this document where indicated and returning it to the Company using one of the following methods:
 - 1.1 by Hand: delivering the signed copy to the Directors, Happ Holdings Limited, 42 Berkeley Square, London, W1J 5AW;
 - 1.2 by Post: returning the signed copy by post to the Directors, Happ Holdings Limited, 42 Berkeley Square, London, W1J 5AW.

If you do not agree to the Resolution, you do not need to do anything: you will not be deemed to agree if you fail to reply.

2. Once you have indicated your agreement to the Resolution, you may not revoke your agreement.
3. Unless by the end of the period of 28 days beginning on the Circulation Date sufficient agreement has been received by the Company for the Resolution to pass, it will lapse. If you agree to the Resolution, please ensure that your agreement reaches us before or during this date.
4. If you are signing this document on behalf of a person under a power of attorney or other authority please send a copy of the relevant power of attorney or authority when returning this document.

COMPANY NO. 11500068

THE COMPANIES ACT 2006

PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION

OF

HAPP HOLDINGS LIMITED

(Adopted by special resolution passed on 15th October 2018)

INTRODUCTION

1. INTERPRETATION

1.1 In these Articles, the following words have the following meanings:

Appointor: has the meaning given in Article 12.1;

Articles: the Company's articles of association for the time being in force;

Business Day: a day other than a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in England when banks in London are open for business;

CA 2006: the Companies Act 2006;

Conflict: a situation in which a director has, or can have, a direct or indirect interest that conflicts, or possibly may conflict, with the interests of the Company;

Continuing Shareholder: has the meaning given in Article 16.1;

Deemed Transfer Notice: a Transfer Notice that is deemed to have been served under any provisions of these Articles;

ECH: ECH Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales with company number 11245294, with its registered office at 42 Berkeley Square, Mayfair, London W1J 5AW;

ECH Director: any director appointed to the Company by ECH;

Eligible Director: any Eligible ECH Director or Eligible Hanway Director (as the case may be);

Eligible ECH Director: an ECH Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any ECH Director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter);

Eligible Hanway Director: a Hanway Director who would be entitled to vote on the matter at a meeting of directors (but excluding any Hanway Director whose vote is not to be counted in respect of the particular matter);

Fair Value: in relation to shares, as determined in accordance with Article 19;

Group: in relation to a company, that company, any subsidiary or holding company from time to time of that company, and any subsidiary from time to time of a holding company of that company. Each company in a Group is a **member of the Group**;

Hanway: Hanway Associates Limited, a company incorporated in England and Wales with company number 10824240, with its registered office at 18 Hanway Street, London W1T 1UF;

Hanway Director: any director appointed to the Company by Hanway;

holding company: has the meaning given in Article 1.5;

Interested Director: has the meaning given in Article 9.1;

Model Articles: the model articles for private companies limited by shares contained in Schedule 1 of the Companies (Model Articles) Regulations 2008 (SI 2008/3229) as amended prior to the date of adoption of these Articles and reference to a numbered Model Article is a reference to that article of the Model Articles;

Original Shareholder: a shareholder who holds shares in the Company on the date of adoption of these Articles;

Permitted Group: in relation to a company, any wholly owned subsidiary of that company, any company of which it is a subsidiary (its holding company) and any other subsidiaries of any such holding company; and each company in a Permitted Group is a **member of the Permitted Group**. Unless the context otherwise requires, the application of the definition of Permitted Group to a company at any time will apply to the company as it is at that time;

Permitted Transfer: a transfer of shares made in accordance with Article 17;

Permitted Transferee: in relation to a shareholder, any member of the same Permitted Group as that shareholder;

Price Notice: has the meaning given in Article 16.2;

Proposed Sale Price: has the meaning given in Article 16.1;

Purchase Notice: has the meaning given in Article 16.2;

Sale Shares: has the meaning given in Article 16.1;

Seller: has the meaning given in Article 16.1;

Share: an ordinary share of £1.00 in the capital of the Company;

subsidiary: has the meaning given in Article 1.5;

Transfer Notice: a notice in writing given by any shareholder to the other shareholder where the first shareholder desires, or is required by these Articles, to transfer or offer for transfer (or enter into an agreement to transfer) any shares;

Valuers: the auditors for the time being of the Company or, if they decline the instruction, an independent firm of accountants jointly appointed by the shareholders or, in the absence of agreement between the shareholders on the identity of the expert within seven Business Days of a shareholder serving details of a suggested expert on the other, an independent firm of accountants appointed by the President, for the time being, of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (in each case acting as an expert and not as an arbitrator); and

Writing or written: the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise.

- 1.2 Save as otherwise specifically provided in these Articles, words and expressions which have particular meanings in the Model Articles shall have the same meanings in these Articles, subject to which and unless the context otherwise requires, words

and expressions which have particular meanings in the CA 2006 shall have those meanings in these Articles.

- 1.3 Headings in these Articles are used for convenience only and shall not affect the construction or interpretation of these Articles.
- 1.4 A reference in these Articles to an article is a reference to the relevant article of these Articles unless expressly provided otherwise.
- 1.5 A reference to a **holding company** or a **subsidiary** means a holding company or a subsidiary (as the case may be) as defined in section 1159 of the CA 2006.
- 1.6 Unless expressly provided otherwise, a reference to a statute or statutory provision is a reference to it as it is in force on the date when these Articles become binding on the Company.
- 1.7 A reference to a statute or statutory provision shall include all subordinate legislation made as at the date on which these Articles become binding on the Company under that statute or statutory provision.
- 1.8 Any words following the terms **including**, **include**, **in particular**, **for example** or any similar expression shall be construed as illustrative and shall not limit the sense of the words, description, definition, phrase or term preceding those terms.

2. ADOPTION OF THE MODEL ARTICLES

- 2.1 The Model Articles shall apply to the Company, except in so far as they are modified or excluded by these Articles or are inconsistent with these Articles, and, subject to any such modifications, exclusions or inconsistencies, shall together with these Articles constitute the articles of association of the Company to the exclusion of any other articles or regulations set out in any statute or in any statutory instrument or other subordinate legislation.
- 2.2 Model Articles 6(2), 7, 8, 9(1), 11 to 14 (inclusive), 16, 17, 22(2), 26(5), 27 to 29 (inclusive), 36, 38, 39, 43, 44(2), 49 and 50 to 53 (inclusive) shall not apply to the Company.
- 2.3 Model Article 20 shall be amended by the insertion of the words “(including alternate directors)” before the words “properly incur”.
- 2.4 In Model Article 25(2)(c), the words “evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee” shall be deleted and replaced with the words “evidence and indemnity”.
- 2.5 Model Articles 31(1)(a) to (c) (inclusive) shall be amended by the deletion, in each case, of the words “either” and “or as the directors may otherwise decide”. Model Article 31(d) shall be amended by the deletion of the words “either” and “or by such other means as the directors decide”.

DIRECTORS

3. DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

- 3.1 Any decision of the directors must be taken at a meeting of directors in accordance with these Articles or must be a decision taken in accordance with Article 4.
- 3.2 Subject as provided in these Articles, the directors may participate in directors' meetings for the despatch of business, adjourn and otherwise regulate their meetings as they think fit. The directors will try to meet at least once every two months.
- 3.3 All decisions made at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors shall be made only by resolution, and no such resolution shall be passed unless:
 - 3.3.1 more votes are cast for it than against it; and
 - 3.3.2 at least one Eligible ECH Director and one Eligible Hanway Director who is participating in the meeting of the directors or of the committee of the directors have voted in favour of it.
- 3.4 Except as provided by Article 3.6, each director has one vote at a meeting of directors.
- 3.5 If at any time before or at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors all ECH Directors participating or all Hanway Directors participating should request that the meeting be adjourned or reconvened to another time or date (whether to enable further consideration to be given to any matter or for other directors to participate or for any other reason, which need not be stated) then such meeting shall be adjourned or reconvened accordingly, and no business shall be conducted at that meeting after such a request has been made. No meeting of directors may be adjourned pursuant to this article more than once.
- 3.6 If the shareholders are not represented at any meeting of the directors or of any committee of the directors by an equal number of Eligible ECH Directors and Eligible Hanway Directors (whether participating in person or by an alternate), then one of the Eligible Directors so nominated by the shareholder who is represented by fewer Eligible Directors shall be entitled at that meeting to such additional vote or votes as shall result in the Eligible Directors so participating representing each shareholder having in aggregate an equal number of votes.
- 3.7 A committee of the directors must include at least one ECH Director and one Hanway Director. The provisions of Article 7 shall apply equally to meetings of any committee of the directors as to meetings of the directors.

4. UNANIMOUS DECISIONS OF DIRECTORS

- 4.1 A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all Eligible Directors indicate to each other by any means that they share a common view on a matter.

4.2 Such a decision may take the form of a resolution in writing, where each Eligible Director has signed one or more copies of it, or to which each Eligible Director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing.

4.3 A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the Eligible Directors would not have formed a quorum at a directors' meeting to vote on the matter.

5. NUMBER OF DIRECTORS

5.1 The number of directors shall not be less than two and no more than six made up of an equal number of ECH Directors and Hanway Directors. No shareholding qualification for directors shall be required.

6. CALLING A DIRECTORS' MEETING

6.1 Any director may call a meeting of directors by giving not less than seven Business Days' notice of the meeting (or such shorter period of notice as agreed in writing by at least one ECH Director and one Hanway Director) to each director or by authorising the Company secretary (if any) to give such notice.

6.2 Notice of any directors' meeting must be accompanied by:

6.2.1 an agenda specifying in reasonable detail the matters to be raised at the meeting; and

6.2.2 copies of any papers to be discussed at the meeting.

6.3 Matters not on the agenda, or business conducted in relation to those matters, may not be raised at a meeting of directors unless all the directors agree in writing.

7. QUORUM FOR DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

7.1 The quorum at any meeting of the directors (including adjourned meetings) shall be two directors, of whom one at least shall be an Eligible ECH Director (or his alternate) and one at least an Eligible Hanway Director (or his alternate).

7.2 No business shall be conducted at any meeting of directors unless a quorum is present at the beginning of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

7.3 If a quorum is not present within 30 minutes of the time specified for the relevant meeting in the notice of the meeting then the meeting shall be adjourned for 2 Business Days at the same time and place

8. CHAIRING OF DIRECTORS' MEETINGS

8.1 The post of chair of the board of directors will be held in alternate years by an ECH Director or by a Hanway Director. The first chairperson will be a Hanway Director. The chairperson shall not have a casting vote. If the chairperson for the time being is unable to attend any meeting of the board of directors, the shareholder who appointed him or her shall be entitled to appoint another of its nominated directors to act as chair at the meeting.

9. DIRECTORS' INTERESTS

- 9.1 For the purposes of section 175 of the CA 2006, the shareholders (and not the directors) shall have the power to authorise, by resolution and in accordance with the provisions of these Articles, any Conflict proposed to them by any director which would, if not so authorised, involve a director (the **Interested Director**) breaching their duty under section 175 of the CA 2006 to avoid conflicts of interest.
- 9.2 The Interested Director must provide the shareholders with such details as are necessary for the shareholders to decide whether or not to authorise the Conflict, together with such additional information as may be requested by the shareholders.
- 9.3 Any authorisation by the shareholders of a Conflict under this article may (whether at the time of giving the authorisation or subsequently):
 - 9.3.1 extend to any actual or potential conflict of interest which may reasonably be expected to arise out of the matter or situation so authorised;
 - 9.3.2 provide that the Interested Director be excluded from the receipt of documents and information and the participation in discussions (whether at meetings of the directors or otherwise) related to the Conflict;
 - 9.3.3 provide that the Interested Director will or will not be an Eligible Director in respect of any future decision of the directors in relation to any resolution related to the Conflict;
 - 9.3.4 impose upon the Interested Director such other terms for the purposes of dealing with the Conflict as the shareholders think fit;
 - 9.3.5 provide that, where the Interested Director obtains, or has obtained (through his involvement in the Conflict and otherwise than through his position as a director of the Company) information that is confidential to a third party, he will not be obliged to disclose that information to the Company, or to use it in relation to the Company's affairs where to do so would amount to a breach of that confidence; and
 - 9.3.6 permit the Interested Director to absent himself from the discussion of matters relating to the Conflict at any meeting of the directors and be excused from reviewing papers prepared by, or for, the directors to the extent they relate to such matters.
- 9.4 Where the shareholders authorise a Conflict:
 - 9.4.1 the Interested Director will be obliged to conduct himself in accordance with any terms and conditions imposed by the shareholders in relation to the Conflict; and
 - 9.4.2 the Interested Director will not infringe any duty he owes to the Company by virtue of sections 171 to 177 of the CA 2006, provided he acts in accordance with such terms and conditions (if any) as the shareholders impose in respect of their authorisation.

- 9.5 The shareholders may revoke or vary such authorisation at any time but this will not affect anything done by the Interested Director prior to such revocation or variation in accordance with the terms of such authorisation.
- 9.6 A director, notwithstanding his office, may be a director or other officer of, employed by, or otherwise interested (including by the holding of shares) in, the shareholder who appointed him as a director of the Company, or any other member of such shareholder's Permitted Group, and no authorisation under Article 9.1 shall be necessary in respect of any such interest.
- 9.7 Any ECH Director or Hanway Director shall be entitled from time to time to disclose to ECH (in the case of an ECH Director) or to Hanway (in the case of a Hanway Director) such information concerning the business and affairs of the Company as he shall at his discretion see fit.
- 9.8 A director is not required, by reason of being a director (or because of the fiduciary relationship established by reason of being a director), to account to the Company for any remuneration, profit or other benefit which he derives from or in connection with a relationship involving a Conflict which has been authorised by the shareholders in accordance with these Articles (subject in each case to any terms, limits or conditions attaching to that authorisation) and no contract shall be liable to be avoided on such grounds.
- 9.9 Subject to sections 177(5) and 177(6) of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company shall declare the nature and extent of his interest to the other directors before the Company enters into the transaction or arrangement in accordance with the CA 2006.
- 9.10 Subject to sections 182(5) and 182(6) of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in a transaction or arrangement that has been entered into by the Company shall declare the nature and extent of his interest to the other directors as soon as is reasonably practicable in accordance with the CA 2006, unless the interest has already been declared under Article 9.9.
- 9.11 Subject, where applicable, to any terms, limits or conditions imposed by the shareholders in accordance with Article 9.3, and provided a director has declared the nature and extent of his interest in accordance with the requirements of the CA 2006, a director who is in any way, whether directly or indirectly, interested in an existing or proposed transaction or arrangement with the Company:
- 9.11.1 may be a party to, or otherwise interested in, any such transaction or arrangement with the Company, or in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested;
- 9.11.2 shall be an Eligible Director for the purposes of any proposed decision of the directors (or committee of directors) in respect of such transaction or arrangement or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;

- 9.11.3 shall be entitled to vote at a meeting of directors (or of a committee of directors) or to participate in any unanimous decision in respect of such transaction or arrangement or proposed transaction or arrangement in which he is interested;
- 9.11.4 may act by himself or his firm in a professional capacity for the Company (otherwise than as auditor) and he or his firm shall be entitled to remuneration for professional services as if he were not a director;
- 9.11.5 may be a director or other officer of, or employed by, or a party to a transaction or arrangement with, or otherwise interested in, any body corporate in which the Company is otherwise (directly or indirectly) interested; and
- 9.11.6 shall not, save as he may otherwise agree, be accountable to the Company for any benefit which he (or a person connected with him (as defined in section 252 of the CA 2006)) derives from any such contract, transaction or arrangement or from any such office or employment or from any interest in any such body corporate and no such contract, transaction or arrangement shall be liable to be avoided on the grounds of any such interest or benefit nor shall the receipt of any such remuneration or other benefit constitute a breach of his duty under section 176 of the CA 2006.

10. RECORDS OF DECISIONS TO BE KEPT

Where decisions of the directors are taken by electronic means, such decisions shall be recorded by the directors in a form that enables the Company to retain a copy of such decisions.

11. APPOINTMENT AND REMOVAL OF DIRECTORS

- 11.1 ECH shall be entitled to appoint two persons to be ECH Directors of the Company and Hanway shall be entitled to appoint two persons to be Hanway Directors of the Company provided always that there are an equal number of ECH Directors and Hanway Directors.
- 11.2 Any ECH Director may at any time be removed from office by ECH and any Hanway Director may at any time be removed from office by Hanway, provided that any replacement director is approved by the other shareholder. Any director who is an employee of the Company and who ceases to be an employee shall be removed from office from the date his or her employment ceases.
- 11.3 If any ECH Director or any Hanway Director shall die or be removed from or vacate office for any cause, ECH (in the case of an ECH Director) or Hanway (in the case of a Hanway Director) shall appoint in his or her place another person to be an ECH Director or a Hanway Director (as the case may be).
- 11.4 Any appointment or removal of a director pursuant to this article shall be in writing and signed by or on behalf of ECH and Hanway and served on the Company at its registered office or at any meeting of the board of directors, and on the director, in the

case of his or her removal. Any such appointment or removal shall take effect when received by the Company or at such later time as shall be specified in such notice.

- 11.5 No ECH Director or Hanway Director shall be appointed or removed otherwise than pursuant to these Articles, save as provided by law.

12. ALTERNATE DIRECTORS

- 12.1 Any director (other than an alternate director) (the **Appointor**) may appoint any person (whether or not a director) other than an existing director representing the other class of shares, to be an alternate director to exercise the Appointor's powers, and carry out the Appointor's responsibilities, in relation to the taking of decisions by the directors, in the absence of the Appointor. In these Articles, where the context so permits, the term "ECH Director" or "Hanway Director" shall include an alternate director appointed by an ECH Director or a Hanway Director (as the case may be). A person may be appointed an alternate director by more than one director provided that each of his Appointors represents the same class of shares but not otherwise.

- 12.2 Any appointment or removal of an alternate director must be effected by notice in writing to the Company (and to the alternate, on removal) signed by the Appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors.

- 12.3 The notice must:

12.3.1 identify the proposed alternate; and

12.3.2 in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that he is willing to act as the alternate of the director giving the notice.

- 12.4 An alternate director has the same rights, in relation to any decision of the directors, as the alternate's Appointor.

- 12.5 Except as the Articles specify otherwise, alternate directors:

12.5.1 are deemed for all purposes to be directors;

12.5.2 are liable for their own acts and omissions;

12.5.3 are subject to the same restrictions as their Appointors; and

12.5.4 are not deemed to be agents of or for their Appointors,

and, in particular (without limitation), each alternate director shall be entitled to receive notice of all meetings of directors and of all meetings of committees of directors of which his Appointor is a member.

- 12.6 A person who is an alternate director but not a director may, subject to him being an Eligible Director:

- 12.6.1 Be counted as participating for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at a meeting of directors (but only if that person's Appointor is an Eligible Director and is not participating); and
- 12.6.2 Participate in a unanimous decision of the directors (but only if his Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision, and does not himself participate).
- 12.7 A director who is also an alternate director is entitled, in the absence of his Appointor(s), to a separate vote on behalf of each Appointor (provided that an Appointor is an Eligible Director in relation to that decision), in addition to his own vote on any decision of the directors.
- 12.8 An alternate director may be paid expenses and may be indemnified by the Company to the same extent as if he were a director but shall not be entitled to receive from the Company any remuneration in his capacity as an alternate director except such part (if any) of the remuneration otherwise payable to the alternate's Appointor as the Appointor may by notice in writing to the Company from time to time direct.
- 12.9 An alternate director's appointment as an alternate (in respect of a particular Appointor) terminates:
 - 12.9.1 when the alternate's Appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the Company and the alternate in writing specifying when it is to terminate; or
 - 12.9.2 on the occurrence, in relation to the alternate, of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's Appointor, would result in the termination of the Appointor's appointment as a director; or
 - 12.9.3 when the alternate director's Appointor ceases to be a director for whatever reason.

SHARES

13. SHARE CAPITAL

- 13.1 Except as otherwise provided in these Articles, all Shares shall rank pari passu in all respects.
- 13.2 The Company shall immediately cancel any shares acquired under Chapter 4 of Part 18 of the CA 2006.

14. PRE-EMPTION RIGHTS ON THE ISSUE OF SHARES

- 14.1 In accordance with section 567(1) of the CA 2006, sections 561 and 562 of the CA 2006 shall not apply to an allotment of equity securities made by the Company.
- 14.2 If the Company proposes to allot any equity securities those equity securities shall not be allotted to any person unless the Company has first offered them to the existing shareholder(s) on the date of the offer on the same terms, and at the same price, as those equity securities are being offered to such other person on a pari passu basis (as if they constituted shares of the same class) and in the proportion that the number of

shares held by the other shareholder(s) bears to the total number of shares held by that shareholder.

- 14.3 The offer shall be in writing, shall be open for acceptance for a period of 14 days from the date of the offer and shall give details of the number and subscription price of the relevant equity securities.
- 14.4 If, on the expiry of the offer made in accordance with Article 14.3, the total number of equity securities applied for is less than the total number of equity securities so offered, the directors shall allot the shares to the other shareholder(s) in accordance with their application.

15. SHARE TRANSFERS: GENERAL

- 15.1 In these Articles, reference to the transfer of a share includes the transfer, assignment or other disposal of a beneficial or other interest in that share, or the creation of a trust or encumbrance over that share, and reference to a share includes a beneficial or other interest in a share.
- 15.2 No shareholder shall transfer any share except:
 - 15.2.1 with the prior written consent of all shareholders for the time being; or
 - 15.2.2 a shareholder may transfer all (but not some only) of its shares in the Company to any person for cash in accordance with the procedure set out in Article 16; or
 - 15.2.3 in accordance with Article 17; or
 - 15.2.4 in accordance with Article 18.
- 15.3 Subject to Article 15.4, the directors must register any duly stamped transfer made in accordance with these Articles and shall not have any discretion to register any transfer of shares which has not been made in compliance with these Articles.
- 15.4 The directors may, as a condition to the registration of any transfer of shares in the Company (whether to a Permitted Transferee or otherwise) require the transferee to provide the Company with the required particulars under section 790K of the CA 2006 if the transferee is a registrable person or relevant legal entity within the meaning of section 790C of the CA 2006 and to execute and deliver to the Company a deed under which the transferee agrees to be bound by the terms of any shareholders' agreement (or similar document) in force between the shareholders in such form as the directors may reasonably require (but not so as to oblige the transferee to have any obligations or liabilities greater than those of the proposed transferor under any such agreement or other document). If any such condition is imposed in accordance with this Article 15.4, the transfer may not be registered unless that deed has been executed and delivered to the Company's registered office by the transferee and the Company has received all of the required particulars under section 790K of the CA 2006 if the transferee is a registrable person or relevant legal entity within the meaning of section 790C of the CA 2006.

15.5 To enable the directors to determine whether or not there has been a transfer of shares in the Company in breach of these Articles, the directors of any class may from time to time require any shareholder to provide the Company with such information and evidence as they may reasonably require relevant to that purpose. If a shareholder fails to provide information or evidence in respect of any shares registered in its name to the reasonable satisfaction of such directors within 14 days of their request, such directors may serve a notice on the shareholder stating that the shareholder shall not in relation to those shares be entitled to be present or to vote in person or by proxy at any general meeting of the Company or any meeting of the holders of shares of that class, or to vote on a written resolution of the shareholders or to receive dividends on the shares until such evidence or information has been provided to the directors' satisfaction. Such directors may reinstate these rights at any time.

15.6 Any transfer of shares by way of a sale that is required to be made under Article 16, Article 17 or Article 18 shall be deemed to include a warranty that the transferor sells the shares with full title guarantee.

16. PRE-EMPTION RIGHTS ON THE TRANSFER OF SHARES

16.1 Except where the provisions of Article 17 or Article 18 apply, a shareholder (**Seller**) wishing to transfer its shares (**Sale Shares**) must give a Transfer Notice to the other shareholder (**Continuing Shareholder**) giving details of the proposed transfer including:

16.1.1 if it wishes to sell the Sale Shares to a third party, the name of the proposed buyer; and

16.1.2 the price (in cash) at which it wishes to sell the Sale Shares (**Proposed Sale Price**).

16.2 Within 10 Business Days of receipt (or deemed receipt) of a Transfer Notice, the Continuing Shareholder shall be entitled (but not obliged) to give notice in writing to the Seller stating either:

16.2.1 that it wishes to purchase the Sale Shares at the Proposed Sale Price (**Purchase Notice**), in which case the Continuing Shareholder is bound to buy all of the Seller's Sale Shares at the Proposed Sale Price; or

16.2.2 that the Proposed Sale Price is too high (**Price Notice**).

16.3 If, at the expiry of the period specified in Article 16.2, the Continuing Shareholder has given neither a Purchase Notice nor a Price Notice, the Seller may transfer all its Sale Shares to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice at a price not less than the Proposed Sale Price provided that it does so within one month of the expiry of the period specified in Article 16.2.

16.4 Following service of a Price Notice under Article 16.2(b), the Seller and the Continuing Shareholder shall endeavour to agree a price for each of the Sale Shares. If they have not agreed such a price within ten Business Days of the Seller's receipt of a Price Notice, either the Seller or the Continuing Shareholder shall immediately instruct the Valuers to determine the Fair Value of each Sale Share in accordance with

Article 19. If the Seller and Continuing Shareholder agree a price within the period specified in this Article 16.4, the Continuing Shareholder is bound to buy all of the Seller's Sale Shares at the price agreed.

- 16.5 Within 10 Business Days of receipt of the Valuers' determination of the Fair Value, the Continuing Shareholder shall be entitled (but not obliged) to give notice in writing to the Seller stating that the Continuing Shareholder wishes to purchase the Sale Shares at their Fair Value as determined by the Valuers. If, at the expiry of the period specified in this Article 16.5, the Continuing Shareholder has not notified the Seller that it wants to buy the Sale Shares, the Seller may transfer all its Sale Shares to the buyer identified in the Transfer Notice at a price not less than the Fair Value for all of the Sale Shares as determined by the Valuers provided that it does so within one month of the expiry of the period specified in this Article 16.5.

17. PERMITTED TRANSFERS

- 17.1 An Original Shareholder may at any time transfer all (but not some only) of its shares in the Company to a Permitted Transferee without being required to follow the steps set out in Article 16.

- 17.2 A shareholder holding shares in the Company as a result of a Permitted Transfer made after the date of adoption of these Articles by an Original Shareholder under the provisions of this Article 17 may at any time transfer all (but not some only) of its shares back to the Original Shareholder from whom it received those shares or to another Permitted Transferee of such Original Shareholder, without being required to follow the steps set out in Article 16.

- 17.3 If a Permitted Transfer has been made to a Permitted Transferee, that Permitted Transferee shall within five (5) Business Days of ceasing to be a member of the Permitted Group transfer all of the shares in the Company held by it to:

17.3.1 the Original Shareholder from whom it received those shares; or

17.3.2 another Permitted Transferee of that Original Shareholder,

(which in either case is not in liquidation). If the Permitted Transferee fails to make a transfer in accordance with this Article 17.3, a Transfer Notice shall be deemed to have been given in respect of such shares on the expiry of the period set out in this Article 17.3.

18. COMPULSORY TRANSFERS

- 18.1 A shareholder is deemed to have served a Transfer Notice under Article 16.1 immediately upon the occurrence of any of the following events:

18.1.1 the passing of a resolution for the liquidation of the shareholder other than a solvent liquidation for the purpose of the reconstruction or amalgamation of all or part of the shareholder's Group (the structure of which has been previously approved by the other shareholder in the Company in writing) in which a new company assumes (and is capable of assuming) all the obligations of the shareholder; or

- 18.1.2 the presentation at court by any competent person of a petition for the winding up of the shareholder and which has not been withdrawn or dismissed within seven days of such presentation; or
 - 18.1.3 a change of control (as control is defined in section 1124 of the Corporation Tax Act 2010) of the shareholder, although in the case of a Permitted Transferee that ceases to be a member of the Permitted Group, it shall transfer the shares back to the Original Shareholder from whom it received those shares or to another Permitted Transferee of such Original Shareholder in accordance with Article 17.3 rather than being deemed to have served a Transfer Notice under this article; or
 - 18.1.4 the issue at court by any competent person of a notice of intention to appoint an administrator to the shareholder, a notice of appointment of an administrator to the shareholder or an application for an administration order in respect of the shareholder; or
 - 18.1.5 any step being taken by any person to appoint a receiver, administrative receiver or manager in respect of the whole or a substantial part of the assets or undertaking of the shareholder; or
 - 18.1.6 the shareholder being unable to pay its debts as they fall due for the purposes of section 123 of the Insolvency Act 1986; or
 - 18.1.7 the shareholder entering into a composition or arrangement with any of its creditors; or
 - 18.1.8 any chargor taking any step to enforcing any charge created over any shares held by the shareholder in the Company (other than by the appointment of a receiver, administrative receiver or manager); or
 - 18.1.9 a process having been instituted that could lead to the shareholder being dissolved and its assets being distributed among the shareholder's creditors, shareholders or other contributors; or
 - 18.1.10 the shareholder ceasing to carry on its business or substantially all of its business; or
 - 18.1.11 in the case of the events set out in paragraphs 18.1.1, 18.1.2, 18.1.4 or 18.1.5 above, any competent person taking any analogous step in any jurisdiction in which the shareholder carries on business; or
 - 18.1.12 the shareholder committing a material or persistent breach of any shareholders' agreement to which it is a party in relation to the shares in the Company which if capable of remedy has not been so remedied within 20 Business Days of the other shareholder requiring such remedy.
- 18.2 The Deemed Transfer Notice has the same effect as a Transfer Notice, except that:
- 18.2.1 the Deemed Transfer Notice takes effect on the basis that it does not identify a proposed buyer or state a price for the Sale Shares and the price for the

Sale Shares shall be the aggregate Fair Value of those shares, determined by the Valuers in accordance with Article 19; and

18.2.2 the Seller does not have the right to withdraw the Deemed Transfer Notice following a valuation.

18.3 A Deemed Transfer Notice under Article 18.1 shall immediately and automatically revoke

a Transfer Notice served by the relevant shareholder before the occurrence of the relevant event giving rise to the Deemed Transfer Notice under Article 18.1.

18.4 If the Seller fails to complete a transfer of Sale Shares as required under this Article 18, the Continuing Shareholder is irrevocably authorised to appoint any person it nominates for the purpose as agent to transfer the Sale Shares on the Seller's behalf and to do anything else that the Continuing Shareholder may reasonably require to complete the sale, and the Company may receive the purchase price in trust for the Seller (without any obligation to pay interest), giving a receipt that shall discharge the Continuing Shareholder.

19. VALUATION

19.1 As soon as practicable after deemed service of a Transfer Notice under Article 18, the shareholders shall appoint the Valuers to determine the Fair Value of the Sale Shares.

19.2 The Valuers shall be requested to determine the Fair Value within ten (10) Business Days of their appointment and to notify the shareholders in writing of their determination.

19.3 The Fair Value for any Sale Share shall be the price per share determined by the Valuers on the following bases and assumptions:

19.3.1 valuing each of the Sale Shares as a proportion of the total value of all the issued shares in the capital of the Company without any premium or discount being attributable to the percentage of the issued share capital of the Company which they represent or for the rights or restrictions applying to the Sale Shares;

19.3.2 if the Company is then carrying on business as a going concern, on the assumption that it will continue to do so;

19.3.3 the sale is to be on arms' length terms between a willing seller and a willing buyer;

19.3.4 the Sale Shares are sold free of all encumbrances;

19.3.5 the sale is taking place on the date the Valuers were requested to determine the Fair Value; and

- 19.3.6 to take account of any other factors that the Valuers reasonably believe should be taken into account.
- 19.4 The shareholders are entitled to make submissions to the Valuers and will provide (or procure that the Company provides) the Valuers with such assistance and documents as the Valuers reasonably require for the purpose of reaching a decision, subject to the Valuers agreeing to give such confidentiality undertakings as the shareholders may reasonably require.
- 19.5 To the extent not provided for by this Article 19, the Valuers may, in their reasonable discretion, determine such other procedures to assist with the valuation as they consider just or appropriate.
- 19.6 The Valuers shall act as expert and not as arbitrator and their written determination shall be final and binding on the shareholders in the absence of fraud.
- 19.7 Each shareholder shall bear its own costs in relation to the reference to the Valuers. The Valuers' fees and costs properly incurred by them in arriving at their valuation shall be borne by the shareholders equally.

DECISION MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS

20. QUORUM FOR GENERAL MEETINGS

- 20.1 The quorum at any general meeting of the Company, or adjourned general meeting, shall be two persons present in person or by proxy, of whom one shall be ECH (or a duly authorised representative) and one shall be Hanway (or a duly authorised representative).
- 20.2 No business shall be transacted by any general meeting unless a quorum is present at the commencement of the meeting and also when that business is voted on.

21. CHAIRING GENERAL MEETINGS

- 21.1 The chairperson of the board of directors shall chair general meetings. If the chairperson is unable to attend any general meeting, the shareholder who appointed him or her shall be entitled to appoint another of its nominated directors present at the meeting to act as chair at the meeting, and the appointment of the chair of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting.

22. VOTING

- 22.1 At a general meeting, on a show of hands every shareholder who is present in person or by proxy shall have one vote, unless the proxy is himself a shareholder entitled to vote; on a poll every shareholder present in person or by proxy shall have one vote for each share of which he is the holder; and on a vote on a written resolution every shareholder has one vote for each share of which he is the holder.

23. POLL VOTES

- 23.1 A poll may be demanded at any general meeting by a qualifying person (as defined in section 318 of the CA 2006) present and entitled to vote at the meeting.

- 23.2 Article 44(3) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words “A demand so withdrawn shall not invalidate the result of a show of hands declared before the demand was made” as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

24. PROXIES

- 24.1 Article 45(1)(d) of the Model Articles shall be deleted and replaced with the words “is delivered to the Company in accordance with the Articles not less than 48 hours before the time appointed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the right to vote is to be exercised and in accordance with any instructions contained in the notice of general meeting (or adjourned meeting) to which they relate”.
- 24.2 Article 45(1) of the Model Articles shall be amended by the insertion of the words “and a proxy notice which is not delivered in such manner shall be invalid” as a new paragraph at the end of that article.

ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

25. MEANS OF COMMUNICATION TO BE USED

- 25.1 Subject to Article 25.2, any notice, document or other information shall be deemed received by the intended recipient:
- 25.1.1 if delivered by hand, on signature of a delivery receipt;
 - 25.1.2 if sent by pre-paid first class post or other next working day delivery service providing proof of postage, at 9.00 am on the second Business Day after posting or at the time recorded by the delivery service; or
 - 25.1.3 if sent by email, at the time of transmission.
- 25.2 If deemed receipt under Article 25.1 would occur outside Usual Business Hours, the notice, document or other information shall be deemed to have been received when Usual Business Hours next recommence. For the purposes of this article, **Usual Business Hours** means 9.00 am to 5.30 pm local time on any day which is not a Saturday, Sunday or public holiday in the place of receipt of the notice, document or other information (which, in the case of service by email shall be deemed to be the same place as is specified for service of notices, documents or other information on the relevant recipient by hand or post).
- 25.3 To prove service, it is sufficient to prove that:
- 25.3.1 if delivered by hand, the notice was delivered to the correct address;
 - 25.3.2 if sent by post, the envelope containing the notice was properly addressed, paid for and posted; or
 - 25.3.3 if sent by email, the notice was properly addressed and sent to the email address of the recipient.

- 25.4 In proving that any notice, document or information was properly addressed, it will suffice to show that the notice, document or information was addressed to an address permitted for the purpose by the CA 2006.

26. INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

- 26.1 Subject to Article 26.2, but without prejudice to any indemnity to which a relevant officer is otherwise entitled:

- 26.1.1 each relevant officer of the Company shall be indemnified out of the Company's assets against all costs, charges, losses, expenses and liabilities incurred by him as a relevant officer:

26.1.1.1 in the actual or purported execution and/or discharge of his duties, or in relation to them; and

26.1.1.2 in relation to the Company's activities as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the CA 2006),

including (in each case) any liability incurred by him in defending any civil or criminal proceedings, in which judgment is given in his favour or in which he is acquitted or the proceedings are otherwise disposed of without any finding or admission of any material breach of duty on his part or in connection with any application in which the court grants him, in his capacity as a relevant officer, relief from liability for negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the Company's affairs; and

- 26.1.2 the Company may provide any relevant officer with funds to meet expenditure incurred or to be incurred by him in connection with any proceedings or application referred to in Article 26.1.1 and otherwise may take action to enable any such relevant officer to avoid incurring such expenditure.
- 26.2 This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the CA 2006 or by any other provision of law.
- 26.3 The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the Company, for the benefit of any relevant officer in respect of any relevant loss.
- 26.4 In this article:
- 26.4.1 a "relevant officer " means any director or other officer or former director or other officer of the Company but excluding in each case any person engaged by the Company as auditor (whether or not he is also a director or other officer), to the extent he acts in his capacity as auditor; and
- 26.4.2 a "relevant loss" means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant officer in connection with that relevant officer's duties or powers in relation to the Company or any pension fund or employees' share scheme of the Company.