

Registered number: 11493307

DIRECTORS' REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD FROM INCORPORATION ON 31 JULY 2018 TO 31 DECEMBER 2019



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DIRECTORS' REPORT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their report and the financial statements for the period ended 31 December 2019.

In preparing this report, the directors have taken advantage of the small companies exemptions provided by section 415A of the Companies Act 2006.

PRINCIPAL ACTIVITY

The company was established to provide utility services to the tenants of Southbank Place, London.

BUSINESS REVIEW

The company was incorporated on 31 July 2018 with an £1 share capital issued at par.

RESULTS AND DIVIDENDS

The profit for the period, after taxation, amounted to £10,485.

No dividends have been paid or proposed during the period.

DIRECTORS

The directors who served during the period were:

T K A A Al-Abdulla (appointed 15 November 2018)
A Al-Ajail (appointed 15 August 2018, resigned 15 November 2018)
R D S Archer (appointed 31 July 2018)
M Ashraf (appointed 30 November 2018)
A Al-Attiyah (appointed 15 August 2018)
Sir George Iacobescu CBE (appointed 15 August 2018)
A J S Jordan (appointed 15 August 2018)

On 26 February 2020, subsequent to the period end, C T Bryant replaced R D S Archer as a director of the company and on 31 March 2020, B Vickers replaced A J S Jordan as a director of the company.

The company provides an indemnity to all directors (to the extent permitted by law) in respect of liabilities incurred as a result of their office. The company also has in place liability insurance covering the directors and officers of the company. Both the indemnity and insurance were in force during the period ended 31 December 2019 and at the time of the approval of this Directors' Report. Neither the indemnity nor the insurance provide cover in the event that the director is proven to have acted dishonestly or fraudulently.

DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION TO AUDITORS

Each of the persons who are directors at the time when this Directors' Report is approved has confirmed that:

- so far as the director is aware, there is no relevant audit information of which the company's auditors are unaware, and
- the director has taken all the steps that ought to have been taken as a director in order to be aware of any relevant audit information and to establish that the company's auditors are aware of that information.

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This report was approved by the board on 4 September 2020 and signed on its behalf.

Docusigned by:
Oliver Tiernay
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O J Tiernay
Secretary

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES STATEMENT FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors are responsible for preparing the Directors' Report and the financial statements in accordance with applicable law and regulations.

Company law requires the directors to prepare financial statements for each financial year. Under that law the directors have elected to prepare the financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ('IFRS') as adopted by the European Union. Under company law the directors must not approve the financial statements unless they are satisfied that they give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the company and of the profit or loss of the company for that period.

In preparing these financial statements, the directors are required to:

- select suitable accounting policies for the company's financial statements and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and accounting estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- prepare the financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the company will continue in business.

The directors are responsible for keeping adequate accounting records that are sufficient to show and explain the company's transactions and disclose with reasonable accuracy at any time the financial position of the company and to enable them to ensure that the financial statements comply with the Companies Act 2006. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHBANK PLACE ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED

REPORT ON THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

OPINION

In our opinion the financial statements of Southbank Place Energy Company Limited (the 'company'):

- give a true and fair view of the state of the company's affairs as at 31 December 2019 and of its profit for the period then ended;
- have been properly prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRSs) as adopted by the European Union; and
- have been prepared in accordance with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006.

We have audited the financial statements which comprise:

- the statement of comprehensive income;
- the statement of financial position;
- the statement of changes in equity;
- the statement of cash flows; and
- the related notes 1 to 12.

The financial reporting framework that has been applied in their preparation is applicable law and IFRSs as adopted by the European Union.

BASIS FOR OPINION

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (UK) (ISAs(UK)) and applicable law. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the auditor's responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements section of our report.

We are independent of the company in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in the UK, including the Financial Reporting Council's (the 'FRC's') Ethical Standard, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

CONCLUSIONS RELATING TO GOING CONCERN

We are required by ISAs (UK) to report in respect of the following matters where:

- the directors' use of the going concern basis of accounting in preparation of the financial statements is not appropriate; or
- the directors have not disclosed in the financial statements any identified material uncertainties that may
 cast significant doubt about the company's ability to continue to adopt the going concern basis of
 accounting for a period of at least twelve months from the date when the financial statements are
 authorised for issue.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHBANK PLACE ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED

OTHER INFORMATION

The directors are responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the annual report, other than the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and, except to the extent otherwise explicitly stated in our report, we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If we identify such material inconsistencies or apparent material misstatements, we are required to determine whether there is a material misstatement in the financial statements or a material misstatement of the other information. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

RESPONSIBILITIES OF DIRECTORS

As explained more fully in the directors' responsibilities statement, the directors are responsible for the preparation of the financial statements and for being satisfied that they give a true and fair view, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, the directors are responsible for assessing the company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless the directors either intend to liquidate the company or to cease operations, or have no realistic alternative but to do so.

AUDITOR'S RESPONSIBILITIES FOR THE AUDIT OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs (UK) will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

A further description of our responsibilities for the audit of the financial statements is located on the FRC's website at: www.frc.org.uk/auditorsresponsibilities. This description forms part of our auditor's report.

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT TO THE MEMBERS OF SOUTHBANK PLACE ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED

REPORT ON OTHER LEGAL AND REGULATORY REQUIREMENTS

Opinions on other matters prescribed by the Companies Act 2006

In our opinion, based on the work undertaken in the course of the audit:

- the information given in the directors' report for the financial year for which the financial statements are prepared is consistent with the financial statements; and
- the directors' report has been prepared in accordance with applicable legal requirements.

In the light of the knowledge and understanding of the company and its environment obtained in the course of the audit, we have not identified any material misstatements in the directors' report.

Matters on which we are required to report by exception

Under the Companies Act 2006 we are required to report in respect of the following matters if, in our opinion:

- adequate accounting records have not been kept, or returns adequate for our audit have not been received from branches not visited by us; or
- the financial statements are not in agreement with the accounting records and returns; or
- certain disclosures of directors' remuneration specified by law are not made; or
- we have not received all the information and explanations we require for our audit; or
- the directors were not entitled to take advantage of the small companies' exemption in preparing the directors' report and from the requirement to prepare a strategic report.

We have nothing to report in respect of these matters.

USE OF OUR REPORT

This report is made solely to the company's members, as a body, in accordance with Chapter 3 of Part 16 of the Companies Act 2006. Our audit work has been undertaken so that we might state to the company's members those matters we are required to state to them in an auditor's report and for no other purpose. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than the company and the company's members as a body, for our audit work, for this report, or for the opinions we have formed.

Men Latts

Simon Letts (Senior statutory auditor) For and on behalf of Deloitte LLP Statutory Auditor London, United Kingdom 4 September 2020

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 £
Turnover Cost of sales		186,542 (173,597)
PROFIT BEFORE TAX	-	12,945
Tax on profit		(2,460)
PROFIT FOR THE FINANCIAL PERIOD	_	10,485
Other comprehensive income for the period		-
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD	- :	10,485

SOUTHBANK PLACE ENERGY COMPANY LIMITED **REGISTERED NUMBER: 11493307**

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 £
CURRENT ASSETS		
Trade and other receivables	7	189,925
		189,925
Trade and other payables	8	(179,439)
NET CURRENT ASSETS	-	10,486
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES	•	10,486
NET ASSETS	-	10,486
EQUITY		·
Called up share capital	10	1
Retained earnings		10,485
		10,486
	,	

The financial statements were approved and authorised for issue by the board and were signed on its behalf on 4 September 2020.

B Vickers

Director

M Ashraf

Director

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Called up share capital	Retained earnings	Total equity £
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD Profit for the period	-	10,485	10,485
TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD Shares issued during the period	- 1	10,485	10,485 1
AT 31 DECEMBER 2019	1	10,485	10,486

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	2019 £
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	2
Profit for the financial period ADJUSTMENTS FOR:	10,485
Taxation charge	2,460
Increase in receivables	(189,925)
Increase in payables	176,979
NET CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES	(1)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	
Issue of ordinary shares	1
NET CASH USED IN FINANCING ACTIVITIES	1
INCREASE IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS	
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD	<u>-</u>
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD COMPRISE:	
	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

Southbank Place Energy Company Limited is a Company Limited by shares incorporated in the UK under the Companies Act 2006 and registered in England and Wales at One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.

The nature of the company's operations and its principal activities are set out in the Directors' Report.

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards and International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee interpretations as adopted by the EU and the Companies Act 2006 applicable to companies reporting under IFRS.

The following new and revised accounting standards and interpretations have been adopted by the company in 2019. Their adoption has not had any significant impact on the amounts reported in these financial statements, but may impact the accounting for future transactions and arrangements:

IFRS 16 'Leases'

At the date of authorisation of these financial statements the following standards and interpretations which have not been applied in these financial statements, were in issue but not yet effective (and in some cases had not yet been adopted by EU):

Annual Improvements to IFRS, 2015-2017 cycle (various standards): Amendment to IAS 28 ' Investments in associates' Amendment to IAS 19 'Employee benefits' IFRS 17 'Insurance contracts' IFRIC 23 'Uncertainty over income tax treatments'

The directors anticipate that the adoption of these standards in future periods will not have a material impact on the financial statements of the company.

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with IFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise judgment in applying the company's accounting policies (see Note 3).

The principal accounting policies are summarised below:

2.2 Going concern

Having made the requisite enquiries and assessed the resources at the disposal of the company, the directors have a reasonable expectation that the company will have adequate resources to continue its operation for the foreseeable future. Accordingly they continue to adopt the going concern basis in preparing the financial statements.

The impact of the Covid-19 virus is described in Note 11.

2.3 Revenue

Revenue from the supply of utilities comprises a fixed periodic amount and a variable amount based on consumption, which are both recognised in the period to which they relate.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

2. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (CONTINUED)

2.4 Financial instruments

Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value. A provision for impairment is established where there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the debtor concerned.

Trade and other payables

Trade and other creditors are stated at cost.

2.5 Taxation

Current tax is provided at amounts expected to be paid or recovered using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the balance sheet date.

3. CRITICAL ACCOUNTING JUDGEMENTS AND KEY SOURCES OF ESTIMATION UNCERTAINTY

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires the use of estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Although these estimates are based on management's best knowledge of the amount, event or actions, actual results ultimately may differ from those estimates.

The preparation of financial statements also requires use of judgements, apart from those involving estimation, that management makes in the process of applying the entity's accounting policies.

For the year ended 31 December 2019, there were no items which the directors believe are significant to the financial statements.

4. AUDITORS' REMUNERATION

Auditor's remuneration of £560 for the audit of the company has been borne by Braeburn Estates Limited Partnership.

5. EMPLOYEES

The Company has no employees other than the directors, who did not receive any remuneration:

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

6. TAXATION

•	2019 £
CORPORATION TAX	
Current tax on profits for the year	2,460
TAXATION ON PROFIT ON ORDINARY ACTIVITIES	2,460

FACTORS AFFECTING TAX CHARGE FOR THE PERIOD

The tax assessed for the period is different to the standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19%. The differences are explained below:

	2019 £
Profit on ordinary activities before tax	12,945
Profit on ordinary activities multiplied by standard rate of corporation tax in the UK of 19% EFFECTS OF:	2,460
TOTAL TAX CHARGE FOR THE PERIOD	2,460

Enacted in the Finance Act (No.2) 2015 is a reduction in the corporation tax rate to 17.0% on 1 April 2020.

Following the year end, in the 2020 Budget, HM Treasury announced their intention not to cut corporation tax beyond 19%.

7. TRADE AND OTHER RECEIVABLES

	2019 £
Trade debtors	8,659
Amounts due from Canary Wharf Management Limted	147,237
Amounts due from agent	2,159
Other debtors	1,874
Prepayments and accrued income	29,996
	189,925
	

Canary Wharf Management Limited is an indirect subsidiary of Stork Holdco L.P., the ultimate parent of the unitholders of Canary Wharf (PB) Unit Trust.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

8. TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES

	2019 £
Trade payables	5,506
Amounts owed to Canary Wharf Limited	140,294
Corporation tax	2,460
Accruals and deferred income	31,179
•	179,439
•	

Canary Wharf Limited is an indirect subsidiary of Stork Holdco L.P., the ultimate parent of the unitholders of Canary Wharf (PB) Unit Trust.

9. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS	
	2019 £
FINANCIAL ASSETS	
Financial assets that are debt instruments measured at amortised cost	189,927
FINANCIAL LIABILITIES	
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost	(124,177)

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

10. SHARE CAPITAL

	2019 £
Allotted, called up and fully paid	~
1 Ordinary share of £1.00	1

The company was incorporated on 31 July 2018 with an £1 share capital issued at par.

11. POST BALANCE SHEET EVENTS

Since 31 December 2019 the UK economy has been significantly impacted by the Covid-19 virus which has caused widespread disruption and economic uncertainty. This is considered to be a non-adjusting post balance sheet event and as at the date of signing, the uncertainty is not expected to give rise to a material impact on the assets, liabilities or performance of the company.

12. CONTROLLING PARTY

The company's immediate parent undertaking is Braeburn Estates (GP) Limited for and on behalf of Braeburn Estates Limited Partnership.

As at 31 December 2019, the smallest and largest group of which the company is a member and for which group financial statements are drawn up is the consolidated financial statements of Braeburn Estates Limited Partnership. Braeburn Estates Limited Partnership is a joint venture between Project Russet Property Unit Trust and Canary Wharf (PB) Unit Trust. Copies of the financial statements may be obtained from the Company Secretary, One Canada Square, Canary Wharf, London, E14 5AB.