

A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd
Filleted Unaudited Financial Statements
31 July 2021



HILL ECKERSLEY & CO. LTD

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A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd

Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2021

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A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd

Statement of Financial Position

31 July 2021

	Note	2021 £	2020 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	5	9,964	9,873
Current assets			
Stocks		2,000	3,521
Debtors	6	3,176	2,292
Cash at bank and in hand		15,185	1,952
		<u>20,361</u>	<u>7,765</u>
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	27,903	18,287
Net current liabilities		<u>7,542</u>	<u>10,522</u>
Total assets less current liabilities		2,422	(649)
Provisions		1,893	1,876
Net assets/(liabilities)		<u>529</u>	<u>(2,525)</u>
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		429	(2,625)
Shareholders funds/(deficit)		<u>529</u>	<u>(2,525)</u>

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of income and retained earnings has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31 July 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The statement of financial position
continues on the following page.

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd

Statement of Financial Position *(continued)*

31 July 2021

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 22 November 2021, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

Mr A B Jennings
Director

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read 'A B Jennings', is positioned above the printed name of the director.

Company registration number: 11474472

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 July 2021

1. General information

A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd is a private company limited by shares, registered in the United Kingdom number 11474472. Its registered office is Garthbeck, Mill Side, Witherslack, Grange-Over-Sands, LA11 6SG.

The principal activity of the company during the year was building and construction.

2. Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. Accounting policies

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain financial assets and liabilities and investment properties measured at fair value through profit or loss.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied and services rendered, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer (usually on despatch of the goods); the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

Income tax

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case, tax is recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 July 2021

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses. Any tangible assets carried at revalued amounts are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in equity, except to the extent it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation, is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in equity in respect of that asset. Where a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in equity in respect of that asset, the excess shall be recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	- 25% reducing balance
Motor vehicles	- 25% reducing balance

Impairment of fixed assets

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

For the purposes of impairment testing, when it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, an estimate is made of the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs. The cash-generating unit is the smallest identifiable group of assets that includes the asset and generates cash inflows that largely independent of the cash inflows from other assets or groups of assets.

For impairment testing of goodwill, the goodwill acquired in a business combination is, from the acquisition date, allocated to each of the cash-generating units that are expected to benefit from the synergies of the combination, irrespective of whether other assets or liabilities of the company are assigned to those units.

Stocks

Stocks are measured at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the stock to its present location and condition.

A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements *(continued)*

Year ended 31 July 2021

3. Accounting policies *(continued)*

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset. When a provision is measured at the present value of the amount expected to be required to settle the obligation, the unwinding of the discount is recognised as a finance cost in profit or loss in the period it arises.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the company becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

Other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, unless payment for an asset is deferred beyond normal business terms or financed at a rate of interest that is not a market rate, in which case the asset is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument.

Other financial instruments are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss, with the exception of hedging instruments in a designated hedging relationship.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

For all equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, these are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

A Jennings Building Contractors Ltd

Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)

Year ended 31 July 2021

4. Employee numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 1 (2020: 1).

5. Tangible assets

	Plant and machinery £	Motor vehicles £	Total £
Cost			
At 1 August 2020	–	15,900	15,900
Additions	3,412	–	3,412
At 31 July 2021	<u>3,412</u>	<u>15,900</u>	<u>19,312</u>
Depreciation			
At 1 August 2020	–	6,027	6,027
Charge for the year	853	2,468	3,321
At 31 July 2021	<u>853</u>	<u>8,495</u>	<u>9,348</u>
Carrying amount			
At 31 July 2021	<u>2,559</u>	<u>7,405</u>	<u>9,964</u>
At 31 July 2020	<u>–</u>	<u>9,873</u>	<u>9,873</u>

6. Debtors

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade debtors	2,959	–
Other debtors	217	2,292
	<u>3,176</u>	<u>2,292</u>

7. Creditors: amounts falling due within one year

	2021 £	2020 £
Trade creditors	1,586	735
Social security and other taxes	655	–
Other creditors	25,662	17,552
	<u>27,903</u>	<u>18,287</u>