Registered number: 11435797

M & M AGGREGATES LTD FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022

M & M Aggregates Ltd Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

Contents

	Page
Balance Sheet	1-2
Notes to the Financial Statements	3-6

M & M Aggregates Ltd Balance Sheet As at 30 June 2022

Registered number: 11435797

		202	22	2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3	-	590,280		764,314
			F00 200		764.214
CURRENT ASSETS			590,280		764,314
Debtors	4	192,245		103,232	
Cash at bank and in hand	7	4,512		1,701	
Cash de bank and in hand			-		
		196,757		104,933	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	5	(353,203)	-	(304,722)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)		-	(156,446)		(199,789)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			433,834		564,525
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	6	-	(426,649)		(591,338)
NET ASSETS/(LIABILITIES)		_	7,185		(26,813)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES		- -		•	
Called up share capital	8		101		100
Profit and Loss Account		_	7,084		(26,913)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS		-	7,185	-	(26,813)

M & M Aggregates Ltd Balance Sheet (continued) As at 30 June 2022

For the year ending 30 June 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr M Tucker

Director

2 February 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

M & M Aggregates Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Freehold Subjected to annual review Plant & Machinery 25% reducing balance Motor Vehicles 25% reducing balance

1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

M & M Aggregates Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

1.5. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and assets reflect the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

1.6. Pensions

The company operates a defined pension contribution scheme. Contributions are charged to the profit and loss account as they become payable in accordance with the rules of the scheme.

1.7. Government Grant

Government grants are recognised in the profit and loss account in an appropriate manner that matches them with the expenditure towards which they are intended to contribute.

Grants for immediate financial support or to cover costs already incurred are recognised immediately in the profit and loss account. Grants towards general activities of the entity over a specific period are recognised in the profit and loss account over that period.

Grants towards fixed assets are recognised over the expected useful lives of the related assets and are treated as deferred income and released to the profit and loss account over the useful life of the asset concerned.

All grants in the profit and loss account are recognised when all conditions for receipt have been complied with.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 7 (2021: 9)

M & M Aggregates Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

3. Tangible Assets

5. Tangine Assets	Land & Property			
	Freehold	Plant & Machinery	Motor Vehicles	Total
	£	£	£	£
Cost				
As at 1 July 2021	7,663	926,674	38,395	972,732
Additions	-	141,549	(24.405.)	141,549
Disposals		(232,668)	(24,195)	(256,863)
As at 30 June 2022	7,663	835,555	14,200	857,418
Depreciation				
As at 1 July 2021	-	188,082	20,336	208,418
Provided during the period	-	125,545	614	126,159
Disposals		(58,849)	(8,590)	(67,439)
As at 30 June 2022		254,778	12,360	267,138
Net Book Value				
As at 30 June 2022	7,663	580,777	1,840	590,280
As at 1 July 2021	7,663	738,592	18,059	764,314
4. Debtors				
			2022	2021
			£	£
Due within one year				
Trade debtors			186,087	60,140
Prepayments and accrued income			6,158	10,304
VAT				32,788
			192,245	103,232
		_	=======================================	
5. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year			222	2024
			2022 £	2021 £
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts			162,752	208,137
Trade creditors			14,228	27,880
Bank loans and overdrafts			48,817	45,621
Other taxes and social security			26,745	15,832
VAT			67,590	-
Net wages			5,688	3,013
Accruals and deferred income			3,723	4,239
Director's loan account			23,660	
		_	353,203	304,722

M & M Aggregates Ltd Notes to the Financial Statements (continued) For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	374,402	517,795
Bank loans	<u>52,247</u>	73,543
	426,649	591,338
7. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase		
	2022	2021
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	162,752	208,137
Between one and five years	374,402	517,795
	537,154	725,932
	537,154	725,932
8. Share Capital		
	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	101	100

9. Related Party Transactions

Mr M D Tucker

Director

Loan to company, amount due to the related party £23,660

10. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr Mark David Tucker by virtue of his ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

11. General Information

M & M Aggregates Ltd is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11435797 . The registered office is 7 Ger-Y-Maes, Llanelli, SA14 8AY.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.