Registration number: 11422850

Diverse Fitness Torbay Ltd

Annual Report and Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Contents

Company Information	<u>l</u>
Balance Sheet	<u>2</u> to <u>3</u>
Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements	<u>4</u> to <u>9</u>

Company Information

Director Mr Ross Millar

Registered office 20 Osney Crescent

Paignton Devon TQ4 5EY

Accountants Neil Wilson Payroll & Book-Keeping Services Limited

42a Walnut Road

Torquay Devon TQ2 6HS

(Registration number: 11422850) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2020

	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	<u>4</u>	65,220	63,376
Current assets			
Debtors	<u>5</u>	(23,019)	(17,797)
Cash at bank and in hand		22,111	(1,254)
		(908)	(19,051)
Creditors: Amounts falling due within one year	<u>6</u>	(58,203)	(24,661)
Net current liabilities		(59,111)	(43,712)
Total assets less current liabilities		6,109	19,664
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	<u>6</u>	(2,461)	(3,177)
Provisions for liabilities		(2,716)	(4,903)
Net assets		932	11,584
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	<u>7</u>	1	1
Profit and loss account		931	11,583
Shareholders' funds		932	11,584

For the financial year ending 30 June 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Director's responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its accounts for the year in question in accordance with section 476; and
- The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions relating to companies subject to the small companies regime within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

These financial statements have been delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime and the option not to file the Profit and Loss Account has been taken.

Approved and authorised by the director on 18 December 2020

(Registration number: 11422850) Balance Sheet as at 30 June 2020

Mr Ross Millar Director

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

1 General information

The company is a private company limited by share capital, incorporated in United Kingdom.

The address of its registered office is: 20 Osney Crescent Paignton Devon TO4 5EY

These financial statements were authorised for issue by the director on 18 December 2020.

2 Accounting policies

Summary of significant accounting policies and key accounting estimates

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

Statement of compliance

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Financial Reporting Standard 102 Section 1A - 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland' and the Companies Act 2006.

Basis of preparation

These financial statements have been prepared using the historical cost convention except that as disclosed in the accounting policies certain items are shown at fair value.

Revenue recognition

Turnover comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and provision of services in the ordinary course of the company's activities. Turnover is shown net of sales/value added tax, returns, rebates and discounts.

The company recognises revenue when:

The amount of revenue can be reliably measured;

it is probable that future economic benefits will flow to the entity;

and specific criteria have been met for each of the company's activities.

Tax

The tax expense for the period comprises deferred tax. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except that a change attributable to an item of income or expense recognised as other comprehensive income is also recognised directly in other comprehensive income.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between taxable profits and profits reported in the financial statements.

Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised when it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are stated in the balance sheet at cost, less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

The cost of tangible assets includes directly attributable incremental costs incurred in their acquisition and installation.

Depreciation

Depreciation is charged so as to write off the cost of assets, other than land and properties under construction over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Asset class

Plant and machinery Office equipment Furniture and fittings Depreciation method and rate

15% reducing balance 15% reducing balance 15% reducing balance

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand and call deposits, and other short-term highly liquid investments that are readily convertible to a known amount of cash and are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

Trade debtors

Trade debtors are amounts due from customers for merchandise sold or services performed in the ordinary course of business. Trade debtors are recognised initially at the transaction price. They are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for the impairment of trade debtors is established when there is objective evidence that the company will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables.

Trade creditors

Trade creditors are obligations to pay for goods or services that have been acquired in the ordinary course of business from suppliers. Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if the company does not have an unconditional right, at the end of the reporting period, to defer settlement of the creditor for at least twelve months after the reporting date. If there is an unconditional right to defer settlement for at least twelve months after the reporting date, they are presented as non-current liabilities.

Trade creditors are recognised initially at the transaction price and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Borrowings

Interest-bearing borrowings are initially recorded at fair value, net of transaction costs. Interest-bearing borrowings are subsequently carried at amortised cost, with the difference between the proceeds, net of transaction costs, and the amount due on redemption being recognised as a charge to the Profit and Loss Account over the period of the relevant borrowing. Interest expense is recognised on the basis of the effective interest method and is included in interest payable and similar charges.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the company has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least twelve months after the reporting date.

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Leases

Leases are classified as finance leases whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the lessee.

Assets held under finance leases are recognised at the lower of their fair value at inception of the lease and the present value of the minimum lease payments. These assets are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the shorter of the useful life of the asset and the lease term. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the Balance Sheet as a finance lease obligation.

Lease payments are apportioned between finance costs in the Profit and Loss Account and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity. Equity instruments are measured at the fair value of the cash or other resources received or receivable, net of the direct costs of issuing the equity instruments. If payment is deferred and the time value of money is material, the initial measurement is on a present value basis.

Dividends

Dividend distribution to the company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the reporting period in which the dividends are declared.

3 Staff numbers

The average number of persons employed by the company (including the director) during the year, was 1 (2019 - 1).

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

4 Tangible assets

	Furniture, fittings and equipment	Other tangible assets £	Total £
Cost or valuation			
At 1 July 2019	47,805	26,758	74,563
Additions	12,856	497	13,353
At 30 June 2020	60,661	27,255	87,916
Depreciation			
At 1 July 2019	7,171	4,016	11,187
Charge for the year	8,023	3,486	11,509
At 30 June 2020	15,194	7,502	22,696
Carrying amount			
At 30 June 2020	45,467	19,753	65,220
At 30 June 2019	40,634	22,742	63,376
5 Debtors Amounts owed by group undertakings and undertakings in which the company has a participating interest Prepayments Other debtors	Note 10 —	2020 £ (23,880) (12,500) 13,361 (23,019)	2019 £ (25,000) - 7,203 (17,797)
6 Creditors			
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
	Note	2020 £	2019 £
Due within one year	(1	45.451	10.53
Loans and borrowings	<u>8</u>	45,471	18,721
Trade creditors		1,949	3,071
Taxation and social security		6,508	2.500
Accruals and deferred income		2,085	2,560
Other creditors	_	2,190	309
		58,203	24,661

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

Creditors: amounts falling due after more the	han one year			
			2020 £	2019 £
Due after one year				
Other non-current financial liabilities		_	2,461	3,177
7 Share capital				
Allotted, called up and fully paid shares				
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary Share of £1 each	1	1	1	1
8 Loans and borrowings				
			2020 £	2019 £
Current loans and borrowings Bank borrowings			25,000	
Finance lease liabilities			20,471	18,721
			45,471	18,721
9 Dividends				
Interim dividends paid				
			2020 £	2019 £
Interim dividend of £1 per each Ordinary Shar	re		£ 10,000	2,000
Interim dividend of £1 per each Ordinary Shar			10,000	2,000
			,	=,==0

10 Related party transactions

Transactions with directors

Notes to the Unaudited Financial Statements for the Year Ended 30 June 2020

2020 Mr Ross Millar	At 1 July 2019 £	Advances to directors	At 30 June 2020 £
Ross Millar	(309)	12,982	12,673
2019 Mr Ross Millar	At 19 June 2018 £	Advances to directors	At 30 June 2019 £
Ross Millar		(309)	(309)
Directors' remuneration			
The director's remuneration for the year was as follows:			
Remuneration		2020 £ 8,229	2019 £ 2,160
		2020 £	2019 £
Mr Ross Millar Mr Ross Millar		20,000	4,000

Torquay

Division document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the regists ar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.