

**TMA PROPERTY MAINTENANCE LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 30 JUNE 2022**

Shelvoke, Pickering, Janney LLP

Chartered Certified Accountants

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TMA Property Maintenance Limited
Unaudited Financial Statements
For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

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TMA Property Maintenance Limited
Balance Sheet
As at 30 June 2022

Registered number: 11146222

		2022		2021	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Tangible Assets	3		101,442		93,509
			101,442		93,509
CURRENT ASSETS					
Stocks	4	49,000		32,000	
Debtors	5	235,915		301,082	
Cash at bank and in hand		38,089		1	
		323,004		333,083	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	6	(280,564)		(276,187)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			42,440		56,896
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			143,882		150,405
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	7		(57,863)		(79,981)
PROVISIONS FOR LIABILITIES					
Deferred Taxation			(19,274)		(17,767)
NET ASSETS			66,745		52,657
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	9		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			66,645		52,557
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			66,745		52,657

TMA Property Maintenance Limited
Balance Sheet (continued)
As at 30 June 2022

For the year ending 30 June 2022 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr T M Anderson

Director

17 March 2023

The notes on pages 3 to 6 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.3. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Plant & Machinery	25% on reducing balance
Motor Vehicles	25% on reducing balance
Fixtures & Fittings	25% on reducing balance
Computer Equipment	25% on reducing balance

1.4. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.5. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

TMA Property Maintenance Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

1.6. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 5 (2021: 2)

3. Tangible Assets

	Plant & Machinery etc. £
Cost	
As at 1 July 2021	170,061
Additions	41,741
As at 30 June 2022	<u>211,802</u>
Depreciation	
As at 1 July 2021	76,552
Provided during the period	33,808
As at 30 June 2022	<u>110,360</u>
Net Book Value	
As at 30 June 2022	<u>101,442</u>
As at 1 July 2021	<u>93,509</u>

TMA Property Maintenance Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

Included above are assets held under finance leases or hire purchase contracts with a net book value as follows:

	2022	2021
	£	£
Motor Vehicles	64,775	59,376
	<u>64,775</u>	<u>59,376</u>
4. Stocks		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Stock - materials	49,000	32,000
	<u>49,000</u>	<u>32,000</u>
5. Debtors		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Due within one year		
Trade debtors	178,618	250,002
Amounts owed by group undertakings	32,585	18,000
Other debtors	24,712	33,080
	<u>235,915</u>	<u>301,082</u>
6. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year		
	2022	2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	29,531	22,068
Trade creditors	44,364	98,497
Bank loans and overdrafts	10,000	28,729
Other creditors	27,815	8,789
Taxation and social security	168,854	118,104
	<u>280,564</u>	<u>276,187</u>

TMA Property Maintenance Limited
Notes to the Financial Statements (continued)
For The Year Ended 30 June 2022

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	2022	2021
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	28,696	40,814
Bank loans	29,167	39,167
	<u>57,863</u>	<u>79,981</u>

8. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase

	2022	2021
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	29,531	22,068
Between one and five years	28,696	40,814
	<u>58,227</u>	<u>62,882</u>
	<u>58,227</u>	<u>62,882</u>

9. Share Capital

	2022	2021
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

10. Ultimate Controlling Party

The company's ultimate controlling party is Mr T Anderson by virtue of his ownership of 100% of the issued share capital in the company.

11. General Information

TMA Property Maintenance Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11146222 . The registered office is 57-61 Market Place, Cannock, Staffordshire, WS11 1BP.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.