Registered number: 11145896

ROASTING PLANT (UK) LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

JML Business Services Limited

25 Church Street Godalming Surrey GU7 1EL

Roasting Plant (UK) Limited Unaudited Financial Statements For The Year Ended 31 December 2019

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Roasting Plant (UK) Limited Balance Sheet As at 31 December 2019

Registered number: 11145896

	31 Decem		ber 2019	31 Decem	ber 2018
	Notes	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible Assets	3		7,049		-
Tangible Assets	4		845,147		461,031
			852,196		461,031
CURRENT ASSETS			032,130		101,031
Stocks	5	9,036		19,176	
Debtors	6	169,093		69,730	
Cash at bank and in hand		50,948	_	129,549	
		229,077		218,455	
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year	7	(347,265)	-	(236,308)	
NET CURRENT ASSETS (LIABILITIES)			(118,188)		(17,853)
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			734,008		443,178
Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year	8		(1,266,620)		(680,000)
NET LIABILITIES			(532,612)		(236,822)
CAPITAL AND RESERVES				·	
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Profit and Loss Account			(532,712)		(236,922)
SHAREHOLDERS' FUNDS			(532,612)		(236,822)

Roasting Plant (UK) Limited Balance Sheet (continued) As at 31 December 2019

For the year ending 31 December 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.
- These accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.
- The company has taken advantage of section 444(1) of the Companies Act 2006 and opted not to deliver to the registrar a copy of the company's Profit and Loss Account.

On behalf of the board

Mr Jamie Robertson

Director **21/09/2020**

The notes on pages 3 to 7 form part of these financial statements.

1. Accounting Policies

1.1. Basis of Preparation of Financial Statements

The financial statements are prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with the FRS 102 Section 1A Small Entities - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland and the Companies Act 2006.

1.2. Going Concern Disclosure

At 31 December 2019 the company had net liabilities. The company's directors, shareholders and parent company have indicated they will continue to support the company for the foreseeable future, therefore the accounts are prepared on a going concern basis.

1.3. Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Sale of goods

Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods has transferred to the buyer. This is usually at the point that the customer has signed for the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs. Turnover is only recognised to the extent of recoverable expenses when the outcome of a contract cannot be estimated reliably.

1.4. Intangible Fixed Assets and Amortisation - Other Intangible

Other intangible assets includes the Roasting Plant website. It is amortised to profit and loss account over its estimated economic life of 5 years.

1.5. Tangible Fixed Assets and Depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided at rates calculated to write off the cost of the fixed assets, less their estimated residual value, over their expected useful lives on the following bases:

Leasehold Staight line over the life of the lease

Plant & Machinery Staight line over 5 years
Fixtures & Fittings Staight line over 5 years
Computer Equipment Staight line over 5 years

1.6. Leasing and Hire Purchase Contracts

Assets obtained under hire purchase contracts and finance leases are capitalised as tangible fixed assets. Assets acquired under finance leases are depreciated over the shorter of the lease term and their useful lives. Assets acquired under hire purchase contracts are depreciated over their useful lives. Finance leases are those where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership are assumed by the company. Obligations under such agreements are included in the creditors net of the finance charge allocated to future periods. The finance element of the rental payment is charged to the profit and loss account so as to produce a constant periodic rate of charge on the net obligation outstanding in each period. Rentals applicable to operating leases where substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership remain with the lessor are charged to profit and loss account as incurred.

1.7. Stocks and Work in Progress

Stocks and work in progress are valued at the lower of cost and net realisable value after making due allowance for obsolete and slow-moving stocks. Cost includes all direct costs and an appropriate proportion of fixed and variable overheads. Work-in-progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording turnover and related costs as contract activity progresses.

1.8. Taxation

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the statement of comprehensive income because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other year and items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable timing differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible timing differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period. Deferred tax liabilities are presented within provisions for liabilities and deferred tax assets within debtors. The measurement of deferred tax liabilities and asset reflects the tax consequences that would follow from the manner in which the Company expects, at the end of the reporting period, to recover or settle the carrying amount of its assets and liabilities.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they related to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

2. Average Number of Employees

Average number of employees, including directors, during the year was as follows: 10 (2018: 1)

3. Intangible Assets

	Other
	£
Cost	
As at 1 January 2019	-
Additions	8,723
As at 31 December 2019	8,723
Amortisation	
As at 1 January 2019	-
Provided during the period	1,674
As at 31 December 2019	1,674
Net Book Value	
As at 31 December 2019	7,049
As at 1 January 2019	-

Land &

4.	Tang	ible	Assets
• •			

Leasehold	Plant &			
	Machinery	Fixtures & Fittings	Computer Equipment	Total
£	£	£	£	£
5,411				461,031
24,094	168,065	306,161	12,549 	510,869
29,505	316,046	601,726	24,623	971,900
-	-	-	-	-
3,961	45,323	72,983	4,486	126,753
3,961	45,323	72,983	4,486	126,753
25,544	270,723	528,743	20,137	845,147
5,411	147,981	295,565	12,074	461,031
			31 December 2019	31 December 2018
			£	£
			9,036	19,176
		-	9,036	19,176
		-		
			31 December 2019	31 December 2018
			£	£
			12,220	-
		-	67,071	69,730
			79,291	69,730
		-	89,802	
		_	89,802	
	5,411 24,094 29,505 3,961 3,961 25,544	5,411 147,981 24,094 168,065 29,505 316,046 	5,411 147,981 295,565 24,094 168,065 306,161 29,505 316,046 601,726 - - - 3,961 45,323 72,983 3,961 45,323 72,983 25,544 270,723 528,743	5,411 147,981 295,565 12,074 24,094 168,065 306,161 12,549 29,505 316,046 601,726 24,623 3,961 45,323 72,983 4,486 3,961 45,323 72,983 4,486 25,544 270,723 528,743 20,137 5,411 147,981 295,565 12,074 31 December 2019 £ 9,036 9,036 9,036 12,220 67,071 79,291

7. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due Within One Year

	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	£	£
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	40,000	-
Trade creditors	176,056	162,185
Bank loans and overdrafts	40,000	40,000
Other creditors	91,209	34,123
	347,265	236,308
Bank loans and overdrafts	40,000 91,209	40,000 34,123

Within other creditors are amounts due of £77,098 (2018 - £10,858) to the directors of the company. No interest is charged on these loans and they are repayable on demand.

8. Creditors: Amounts Falling Due After More Than One Year

	31 December 2019	December	December	December Decem	December December
	£	£			
Net obligations under finance lease and hire purchase contracts	43,333	-			
Bank loans	40,000	80,000			
Amounts owed by group undertakings	733,287	600,000			
Other creditors	450,000				
	1,266,620	680,000			

HSBC have a fixed and floating legal charge over all assets of the company.

The Loan notes of £450,000 are a long term unsecured commitment from the loan note investors whereby the company only pays interest at their discretion.

9. Obligations Under Finance Leases and Hire Purchase

	31 December 2019	31 December 2018
	£	£
The maturity of these amounts is as follows:		
Amounts Payable:		
Within one year	40,000	-
Between one and five years	43,333	
	83,333	-
	83,333	

10. Share Capital

	31	31
	December 2019	December 2018
Allotted, Called up and fully paid	100	100

11. Other Commitments

The total of future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as following:

	Land and buildings		
		December December	December
		£	
Within 1 year	140,000	60,000	
Between 1 and 5 years	500,000	240,000	
	640,000	300,000	

12. General Information

Roasting Plant (UK) Limited is a private company, limited by shares, incorporated in England & Wales, registered number 11145896 . The registered office is Fourth Floor, 167 Fleet Street, London, EC4A 2EA.