Company Registration No. 11129723 (England and Wales)	
KORNCHAIN LIMITED UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2019 PAGES FOR FILING WITH REGISTRAR	

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BALANCE SHEET

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2019

		2019	
	Notes	£	£
Fixed assets			
Intangible assets	3		165,323
Tangible assets	4		1,371
			166,694
Current assets			
Debtors	5	4,147	
Cash at bank and in hand		5,271	
		9,418	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	6	(45,540)	
Net current liabilities			(36,122)
Total assets less current liabilities			130,572
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital	7		1,938
Share premium account			181,103
Profit and loss reserves			(52,469)
Total equity			130,572

The directors of the company have elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial period ended 31 January 2019 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the period in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

The financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 7 October 2019 and are signed on its behalf by:

A Ghosh

Director

Company Registration No. 11129723

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2019

1 Accounting policies

Company information

Kornchain Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 71-75 Shelton Street Covent Garden, London, United Kingdom, WC2H 9JQ.

1.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

1.2 Intangible fixed assets - Development costs

Development expenditure is capitalised to the extent that the technical and financial feasibility can be demonstrated. Development is still under progress so not amortised during the period.

1.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Fixtures and fittings

33.33% Straight line

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

1.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible and intangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss.

1.5 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash at bank and in hand are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks.

1.6 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2019

1 Accounting policies (Continued)

Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

1.7 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of direct costs.

1.8 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

1.9 Retirement benefits

Payments to defined contribution retirement benefit schemes are charged as an expense as they fall due.

2 Employees

The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the period was 1.

3 Intangible fixed assets

	Development costs
	£
Cost	
At 2 January 2018	-
Additions	165,323
At 31 January 2019	165,323
Amortisation and impairment	
At 2 January 2018 and 31 January 2019	-
Carrying amount	
At 31 January 2019	165,323

Development costs

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2019

4	Tangible fixed assets	Fixtures and fittings £
	Cost	Ľ
	At 2 January 2018	=
	Additions	1,938
	At 31 January 2019	1,938
	Depreciation and impairment	
	At 2 January 2018	=
	Depreciation charged in the period	567
	At 31 January 2019	567
	Carrying amount	
	At 31 January 2019	1,371
5	Debtors	
	Amounts falling due within one year:	2019 £
	Antonia falling dae wallin one year.	•
	Other debtors	2,006
	Prepayments and accrued income	2,141
		4,147
		_
6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	
		2019
		£
	Taxation and social security	21,195
	Other creditors	12,865
	Accruals and deferred income	11,480
		45,540
		_
7	Called up share capital	
		2019
	Ordinary share capital	£
	Issued and fully paid	
	19,380,264 Ordinary shares of 0.01p each	1,938
		_
	During the period, the company issued 19,380,264 Ordinary shares of 0.01p each for an aggregate consideration of £188	3,041.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

FOR THE PERIOD ENDED 31 JANUARY 2019

8 Related party transactions

At the period end, the company owed £12,865 to A Ghosh in respect of director's remuneration.

9 Events after the reporting date

In February 2019, the company issued additional ordinary shares for an aggregate consideration of £34,000.

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.