# J Allsopp & Sons Limited Filleted Accounts Cover

J Allsopp & Sons Limited

Company No. 11110500

Information for Filing with The Registrar

31 December 2021

# J Allsopp & Sons Limited Directors

# **Report Registrar**

The Director presents his report and the accounts for the year ended 31 December 2021.

# **Principal activities**

The principal activity of the company during the year under review was heating and ventilation engineers.

# Director

The Director who served at any time during the year was as follows:

J.R. Allsopp

The above report has been prepared in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime as set out in Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006.

Signed on behalf of the board

J.R. Allsopp Director 08 August 2022

# J Allsopp & Sons Limited Balance **Sheet Registrar**

at 31	December	2021
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Company No. 11110500	Notes	2021	2020
		£	£
Fixed assets			
Tangible assets	4 _	74,015	71,072
		74,015	71,072
Current assets			
Debtors	5	292,637	295,215
Cash at bank and in hand		60,620	1,377
		353,257	296,592
Creditors: Amount falling due within one year	6 _	(264,181)	(344,089)
Net current assets/(liabilities)		89,076	(47,497)
Total assets less current liabilities		163,091	23,575
Creditors: Amounts falling due after more than one year	7	(79,201)	(50,000)
Net assets/(liabilities)	_	83,890	(26,425)
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital		1	1
Profit and loss account	8	83,889	(26,426)
Total equity	_	83,890	(26,425)

These accounts have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime of the Companies Act 2006.

For the year ended 31 December 2021 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

As permitted by section 444 (5A)of the Companies Act 2006 the directors have not delivered to the Registrar a copy of the company's profit and loss account.

Approved by the board on 08 August 2022 And signed on its behalf by:

J.R. Allsopp Director 08 August 2022

# J Allsopp & Sons Limited Notes to the Accounts Registrar for the year ended 31 December 2021

### 1 General information

Its registered number is: 11110500

Its registered office is:

Rustlings

56 Bracken Drive

Chigwell

Essex

IG7 5RD

The functional and presentational currency of the company is Sterling. The accounts are rounded to the nearest pound.

The accounts have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 Section 1A - The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (March 2018) and the Companies Act 2006.

# 2 Accounting policies

#### **Turnover**

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable. Turnover is reduced for estimated customer returns, rebates and other similar allowances.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when all the following conditions are satisfied:

- the Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- the Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- the amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- it is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

Specifically, revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when goods are delivered and legal title is passed.

#### **Taxation**

Income tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from profit as reported in the profit and loss account because of items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and items that are never taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Deferred tax is recognised on timing differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the corresponding tax bases used in the computation of taxable profit. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all taxable temporary differences. Deferred tax assets are generally recognised for all deductible timing differences to the extent that it is probable that taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilised. The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at the end of each reporting period and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period in which the liability is settled or the asset realised, based on tax rates (and tax laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period.

Current or deferred tax for the year is recognised in profit or loss, except when they relate to items that are recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, in which case, the current and deferred tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity respectively.

## Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Costs, which comprise direct production costs, are based on the method most appropriate to the type of inventory class, but usually on a first-in-first-out basis. Overheads are charged to profit or loss as incurred. Net realisable value is based on the estimated selling price less any estimated completion or selling costs.

When stocks are sold, the carrying amount of those stocks is recognised as an expense in the period in which the related revenue is recognised. The amount of any write-down of stocks to net realisable value and all losses of stocks are recognised as an expense in the period in which the write-down or loss occurs. The amount of any reversal of any write-down of stocks is recognised as a reduction in the amount of inventories recognised as an expense in the period in which the reversal occurs.

Work in progress is reflected in the accounts on a contract by contract basis by recording revenue and related costs as contract activity progresses.

# Trade and other debtors

Trade and other debtors are initially recognised at fair value and thereafter stated at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

# Trade and other creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Other financial liabilities, including bank loans, are measured initially at fair value, net of transaction costs, and are measured subsequently at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Leased assets

Where the company enters into a lease which entails taking substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of an asset, the lease is treated as a finance lease.

Leases which do not transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership to the Company are classified as operating leases.

Assets held under finance leases are initially recognised as assets of the Company at their fair value at the inception of the lease or, if lower, at the present value of the minimum lease payments. The corresponding liability to the lessor is included in the balance sheet date as a finance lease obligation. Lease payments are apportioned between finance expenses and reduction of the lease obligation so as to achieve a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Finance expenses are recognised immediately in profit or loss, unless they are directly attributable to qualifying assets, in which case they are capitalised in accordance with the Company's policy on borrowing costs (see the accounting policy above).

Assets held under finance leases are depreciated in the same way as owned assets.

Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

In the event that lease incentives are received to enter into operating leases, such incentives are recognised as a liability. The aggregate benefit of incentives is recognised as a reduction of rental expense on a straight-line basis.

# 3 Employees

	2021	2020
	Number	Number
The average monthly number of employees (including directors) during the year was:	2	2

# 4 Tangible fixed assets

	Motor vehicles		
	£	£	£
Cost or revaluation			
At 1 January 2021	74,576	25,510	100,086
Additions	-	2,943	2,943
At 31 December 2021	74,576	28,453	103,029
Depreciation			
At 1 January 2021	24,766	4,248	29,014
At 31 December 2021	24,766	4,248	29,014
Net book values			
At 31 December 2021	49,810	24,205	74,015
At 31 December 2020	49,810	21,262	71,072

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	Debtors	
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	Deprois		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade debtors	63,322	204,522
	Other debtors	229,315_	90,693
		292,637	295,215
6	Creditors:		
	amounts falling due within one year		
		2021	2020
		£	£
	Trade creditors	87,055	170,820
	Corporation tax	21,891	6,386
	Other creditors	148,935	162,722
	Accruals and deferred income	6,300	4,161
		<u>264,181</u>	344,089
7	Creditors:		
	amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2021	2020
		2021 £	2020 £
	Bank loans and overdrafts		
	Bank loans and overdrafts	£	£
8	Bank loans and overdrafts  Reserves	<b>£</b> 79,201	<b>£</b> 50,000
8		79,201 79,201	50,000 50,000
8	Reserves	$\frac{\mathbf{f}}{79,201}$ Period retained profits and losses	50,000 50,000
_	Reserves Profit and loss account - includes all current and p	79,201 79,201	50,000 50,000
_	Reserves Profit and loss account - includes all current and p	$\frac{\mathbf{f}}{79,201}$ Period retained profits and losses	50,000 50,000
_	Reserves Profit and loss account - includes all current and p	f 79,201 79,201  prior period retained profits and losses	50,000 50,000 ss.
_	Reserves Profit and loss account - includes all current and p Dividends	79,201 79,201 rior period retained profits and losses 2021 £ 23,500	\$50,000 \$50,000 \$s. \$2020 \$\frac{1}{2}\$
_	Reserves Profit and loss account - includes all current and policy dends  Dividends  Dividends for the period:	$\frac{\mathbf{f}}{79,201}$ prior period retained profits and losses $2021$ $\mathbf{f}$	\$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$ 50,000 \$ 6
_	Reserves Profit and loss account - includes all current and policy dends  Dividends  Dividends for the period: Dividends paid in the period  Dividends by type:	$rac{f}{79,201}$ $rac{79,201}{79,201}$ perior period retained profits and losses $rac{2021}{f}$ $rac{2}{f}$	\$50,000 \$50,000 \$s. \$2020 \$\frac{\frac{7}{000}}{7,000}\$
_	Reserves Profit and loss account - includes all current and policy dends  Dividends  Dividends for the period: Dividends paid in the period	79,201 79,201 rior period retained profits and losses 2021 £ 23,500	\$50,000 \$50,000 \$s. \$2020 \$\frac{1}{2}\$

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.