

Company registration number: **11095630**

South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited
Unaudited Filleted Financial Statements for the
year ended
31 December 2021

South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited

Chartered accountant's report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited statutory financial statements of South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited

Year ended 31 December 2021

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006, I have prepared for your approval the financial statements of South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited for the year ended 31 December 2021 which comprise the income statement, statement of income and retained earnings, statement of financial position and related notes from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given me.

As a practising member of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales (ICAEW), I am subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at [icaew.com/regulations](https://www.icaew.com/regulations).

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of my engagement letter dated 29 April 2022. My work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited and state those matters that I have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, I do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for my work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare statutory financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit of South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited. You consider that South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

I have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited. For this reason, I have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to me and I do not, therefore, express any opinion on the statutory financial statements.

Crown & Co Accountants Limited

Singleton Court Business Park

Wonastow Road

Monmouth

Monmouthshire

NP25 5JA

United Kingdom

Date: 8 August 2022

South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited

Statement of Financial Position

31 December 2021

		2021	2020
	Note	£	£
FIXED ASSETS			
Tangible assets	5	95,209	47,376
CURRENT ASSETS			
Debtors	6	87,736	40,031
Cash at bank and in hand		14,781	47,883
		102,517	87,914
Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	7	(85,777)	(40,694)
		16,740	47,220
Net current assets			
		111,949	94,596
Total assets less current liabilities			
Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year	8	(53,335)	(23,938)
		58,614	70,658
Net assets			
CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Called up share capital		100	100
Profit and loss account		58,514	70,558
Shareholders funds		58,614	70,658

For the year ending 31 December 2021, the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime.

In accordance with Section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the income statement has not been delivered.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 8 August 2022, and are signed on behalf of the board by:

A Jones

Director

I Sweet

Director

Company registration number: 11095630

South Wales Truck And Trailer Repairs Limited

Notes to the Financial Statements

Year ended 31 December 2021

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares and is registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is Singleton Court Business Park, Wonastow Road, Monmouth, Monmouthshire, NP25 5JA, United Kingdom.

2 STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with FRS 102 Section 1A, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable to the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

3 ACCOUNTING POLICIES

BASIS OF PREPARATION

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis, as modified by the revaluation of certain assets.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company.

TURNOVER

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods supplied, net of discounts and Value Added Tax.

Revenue from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership have transferred to the buyer, usually on despatch of the goods; the amount of revenue can be measured reliably; it is probable that the associated economic benefits will flow to the entity; and the costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transactions can be measured reliably.

CURRENT TAX

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

TANGIBLE ASSETS

Tangible assets are initially measured at cost, and are subsequently measured at cost less any accumulated

depreciation and accumulated impairment losses or at a revalued amount.

Any tangible assets carried at a revalued amount are recorded at the fair value at the date of revaluation less any subsequent accumulated depreciation and subsequent accumulated impairment losses.

An increase in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of a revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income and accumulated in capital and reserves. However, the increase is recognised in profit or loss to the extent that it reverses a revaluation decrease of the same asset previously recognised in profit or loss. A decrease in the carrying amount of an asset as a result of revaluation is recognised in other comprehensive income to the extent of any previously recognised revaluation increase accumulated in capital and reserves. If a revaluation decrease exceeds the accumulated revaluation gains accumulated in capital and reserves in respect of that asset, the excess is recognised in profit or loss.

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Plant and machinery	15% straight line
Fixtures and fittings	15% straight line
Motor vehicles	20% straight line

IMPAIRMENT

A review for indicators of impairment is carried out at each reporting date, with the recoverable amount being estimated where such indicators exist. Where the carrying value exceeds the recoverable amount, the asset is impaired accordingly. Prior impairments are also reviewed for possible reversal at each reporting date.

FINANCE LEASES AND HIRE PURCHASE CONTRACTS

Assets held under finance leases are recognised in the statement of financial position as assets and liabilities at the lower of the fair value of the assets and the present value of the minimum lease payments, which is determined at the inception of the lease term. Any initial direct costs of the lease are added to the amount recognised as an asset.

Lease payments are apportioned between the finance charges and reduction of the outstanding lease liability using the effective interest method. Finance charges are allocated to each period so as to produce a constant rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability.

GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Government grants are recognised at the fair value of the asset received or receivable. Grants are not recognised until there is reasonable assurance that the entity will comply with the conditions attaching to them and the grants will be received.

Government grants are recognised using the accrual model and the performance model.

Under the accrual model, government grants relating to revenue are recognised on a systematic basis over the periods in which the entity recognises the related costs for which the grant is intended to compensate. Grants that are receivable as compensation for expenses or losses already incurred or for the purpose of giving immediate financial support to the entity with no future related costs are recognised in income in the period in which it becomes receivable.

Grants relating to assets are recognised in income on a systematic basis over the expected useful life of the asset. Where part of a grant relating to an asset is deferred, it is recognised as deferred income and not deducted from the carrying amount of the asset.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are received or receivable. Where the grant does impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income only when the performance-related conditions have been met. Where grants received are prior to satisfying the revenue recognition criteria, they are recognised as a liability.

FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price and are subsequently measured as follows: Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost and commitments to receive a loan and to make a loan to another entity are subsequently measured at amortised cost. Where investments in non-convertible preference shares and non-puttable ordinary shares or preference shares are publicly traded or their fair value can otherwise be measured reliably, the investment is subsequently measured at fair value with changes in fair value recognised in profit or loss. All other such investments are subsequently measured at cost less impairment.

All other financial instruments, including derivatives, are initially recognised at fair value, which is normally the transaction price and are subsequently measured at fair value, with any changes recognised in profit or loss.

Financial assets that are measured at cost or amortised cost are reviewed for objective evidence of impairment at the end of each reporting date. If there is objective evidence of impairment, an impairment loss is recognised in profit or loss immediately.

All equity instruments regardless of significance, and other financial assets that are individually significant, are assessed individually for impairment. Other financial assets are either assessed individually or grouped on the basis of similar credit risk characteristics.

Any reversals of impairment are recognised in profit or loss immediately, to the extent that the reversal does not result in a carrying amount of the financial asset that exceeds what the carrying amount would have been had the impairment not previously been recognised.

DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PENSION PLAN

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4 AVERAGE NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year was 5 (2020: 6.00).

5 TANGIBLE ASSETS

	Plant and machinery etc.
	£
COST	
At 1 January 2021	64,024
Additions	68,924
Disposals	(5,250)
At 31 December 2021	<u>127,698</u>
DEPRECIATION	
At 1 January 2021	16,648
Charge	17,241
Disposals	(1,400)
At 31 December 2021	<u>32,489</u>
CARRYING AMOUNT	
At 31 December 2021	95,209
At 31 December 2020	47,376

6 DEBTORS

2021

2020

	£	£
Trade debtors	87,736	40,015
Other debtors	-	16
	87,736	40,031

7 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE WITHIN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	19,501	7,608
Trade creditors	32,290	11,256
Taxation and social security	30,192	20,045
Other creditors	3,794	1,785
	85,777	40,694

8 CREDITORS: AMOUNTS FALLING DUE AFTER MORE THAN ONE YEAR

	2021	2020
	£	£
Bank loans and overdrafts	53,335	23,938

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.