

**Elliott Matthew Limited**

**Unaudited Financial Statements**

**for the year ended 30 November 2020**

Cavendish Bond  
Chartered Accountants  
Bentinck House  
3 - 8 Bolsover Street  
London  
W1W 6AB

## **Chartered Accountants' report to the board of directors on the preparation of the unaudited financial statements of Elliott Matthew Limited for the year ended 30 November 2020**

In order to assist you to fulfil your duties under the Companies Act 2006 we have prepared for your approval the financial statements of Elliott Matthew Limited for the year ended 30 November 2020, which comprise of the Profit and Loss Account, the Balance Sheet and the related notes, from the company's accounting records and from information and explanations you have given us.

As a practising member firm of the Institute of Chartered Accountants in England and Wales we are subject to its ethical and other professional requirements which are detailed at [www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance](http://www.icaew.com/en/members/regulations-standards-and-guidance).

This report is made solely to the Board of Directors of Elliott Matthew Limited, as a body, in accordance with the terms of our engagement. Our work has been undertaken solely to prepare for your approval the financial statements of Elliott Matthew Limited and state those matters that we have agreed to state to the Board of Directors of Elliott Matthew Limited, as a body, in this report in accordance with ICAEW Technical Release 07/16 AAF. To the fullest extent permitted by law, we do not accept or assume responsibility to anyone other than Elliott Matthew Limited and its Board of Directors, as a body, for our work or for this report.

It is your duty to ensure that Elliott Matthew Limited has kept adequate accounting records and to prepare financial statements that give a true and fair view of the assets, liabilities, financial position and profit or loss of Elliott Matthew Limited. You consider that Elliott Matthew Limited is exempt from the statutory audit requirement for the year.

We have not been instructed to carry out an audit or a review of the financial statements of Elliott Matthew Limited. For this reason, we have not verified the accuracy or completeness of the accounting records or information and explanations you have given to us and we do not, therefore, express any opinion on the financial statements.

Cavendish Bond  
Chartered Accountants  
Bentinck House  
3 - 8 Bolsover Street  
London  
W1W 6AB

24 August 2021

## Balance Sheet

	Notes	2020 £	2019 £
<b>Fixed assets</b>			
Tangible assets	3	1,462	2,694
<b>Current assets</b>			
Debtors	4	152,357	103,188
Cash at bank and in hand		33,210	20,966
		<u>185,567</u>	<u>124,154</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	5	(109,272)	(94,579)
<b>Net current assets</b>		<u>76,295</u>	<u>29,575</u>
<b>Total assets less current liabilities</b>		<u>77,757</u>	<u>32,269</u>
<b>Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year</b>	6	(31,691)	-
<b>Provisions for liabilities</b>		(278)	(512)
<b>Net assets</b>		<u>45,788</u>	<u>31,757</u>
<b>Capital and reserves</b>			
Called up share capital		30,031	30,031
Profit and loss account		15,757	1,726
<b>Shareholders' funds</b>		<u>45,788</u>	<u>31,757</u>

The directors are satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Companies Act 2006.

The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the special provisions for small companies within Part 15 of the Companies Act 2006. The company's profit and loss account for the year has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

These financial statements were approved by the board on 24 August 2021 and are signed on its behalf by

D W Bird

Director

Company registration number 11058558

## Notes to the Financial Statements

### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland, as applicable to companies subject to the small entities regime.

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover derives from the rendering of services and is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulated depreciation and any accumulated impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Computer equipment	over 3 years
--------------------	--------------

#### Debtors

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price less any provision for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at fair value, taking account of any transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses.

#### Creditors

Short term creditors are measured at the transaction price. Loans and other financial liabilities are initially recognised at fair value, taking account of any transaction costs, and are subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

#### Taxation

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits.

Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively

enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### Provisions

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably.

### Leased assets

A lease is classified as a finance lease if it transfers substantially all the risks and rewards incidental to ownership. All other leases are classified as operating leases. The rights of use and obligations under finance leases are initially recognised as assets and liabilities at amounts equal to the fair value of the leased assets or, if lower, the present value of the minimum lease payments. Minimum lease payments are apportioned between the finance charge and the reduction in the outstanding liability using the effective interest method. The finance charge is allocated to each period during the lease so as to produce a constant periodic rate of interest on the remaining balance of the liability. Leased assets are depreciated in accordance with the company's policy for tangible fixed assets. If there is no reasonable certainty that ownership will be obtained at the end of the lease term, the asset is depreciated over the lower of the lease term and its useful life. Operating lease payments are recognised as an expense on a straight line basis over the lease term.

### Financial instruments

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the entity after deducting all of its liabilities.

Where the contractual obligations of financial instruments (including share capital) are equivalent to a similar debt instrument they are classified as financial liabilities and are presented as such in the balance sheet. Where the contractual terms of financial instruments do not meet the definition of a financial liability they are classified as equity instruments.

Dividends and other distributions relating to equity instruments are debited direct to equity.

### Pensions

Contributions to defined contribution plans are expensed in the period to which they relate.

2 Employees	2020	2019
	Number	Number
Average number of persons employed by the company	<u>2</u>	<u>3</u>

### 3 Tangible fixed assets

	Computer equipment £
<b>Cost</b>	
At 1 December 2019	5,706
Additions	1,005
At 30 November 2020	<u>6,711</u>

**Depreciation**

At 1 December 2019	3,012
Charge for the year	2,237
At 30 November 2020	<u>5,249</u>

**Net book value**

At 30 November 2020	<u>1,462</u>
At 30 November 2019	<u>2,694</u>

<b>4 Debtors</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Trade debtors	55,977	17,211
Accrued income	40,837	31,390
Other debtors	55,543	54,587
	<u>152,357</u>	<u>103,188</u>

<b>5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Bank loans and overdrafts	3,309	-
Trade creditors	3,133	2,839
Taxes and social security costs	67,580	47,112
Other creditors	35,250	44,628
	<u>109,272</u>	<u>94,579</u>

<b>6 Creditors: amounts falling due after one year</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Bank loans	<u>31,691</u>	<u>-</u>

Bank loans include £4,309 (2019: £nil) falling due for repayment in more than five years after the balance sheet date.

**7 Events after the reporting date**

Subsequent to the balance sheet date, on 25 February 2021, the company issued 36,000 ordinary shares to existing shareholders for total consideration of £36,000.

<b>8 Other financial commitments</b>	<b>2020</b>	<b>2019</b>
	<b>£</b>	<b>£</b>
Total future minimum payments under non-cancellable operating leases	<u>37,728</u>	<u>8,697</u>



## **9 Related party transactions**

At the balance sheet date the company was owed £37,817 by its directors (2019: £37,636). This balance was repaid in full on 5 April 2021.

## **10 Other information**

Elliott Matthew Limited is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

12 Margaret Street  
London  
W1W 8JQ

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.