Company registration number 10982037 (England and Wales)
DYNAMIC PROPERTY MAINTENANCE LIMITED
UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024
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### **BALANCE SHEET**

### AS AT 31 JANUARY 2024

		2024		2023	
	Notes	£	£	£	£
Fixed assets					
Tangible assets	4		12,063		16,899
Current assets					
Stocks		41,750		5,500	
Debtors	5	4,306		5,932	
Cash at bank and in hand		9,388		11,210	
		55,444		22,642	
Creditors: amounts falling due within one					
year	6	(20,446)		(12,587)	
Net current assets			34,998		10,055
Total assets less current liabilities			47,061		26,954
Creditors: amounts falling due after more					
than one year	7		(6,985)		(11,103)
Provisions for liabilities			(2,292)		
Net assets			37,784		15,851
Capital and reserves					
Called up share capital			2		2
Profit and loss reserves			37,782		15,849
Total equity			37,784		15,851

The director of the company has elected not to include a copy of the profit and loss account within the financial statements.

For the financial year ended 31 January 2024 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

The director acknowledges his responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476.

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime.

# BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)

AS AT 31 JANUARY 2024

The financial statements were approved and signed by the director and authorised for issue on 1 May 2024

Mr R Marshall Director

Company registration number 10982037 (England and Wales)

#### **BALANCE SHEET (CONTINUED)**

#### AS AT 31 JANUARY 2024

#### 1 Judgements and key sources of estimation uncertainty

In the application of the company's accounting policies, the director is required to make judgements, estimates and assumptions about the carrying amount of assets and liabilities that are not readily apparent from other sources. The estimates and associated assumptions are based on historical experience and other factors that are considered to be relevant. Actual results may differ from these estimates.

The estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an ongoing basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised where the revision affects only that period, or in the period of the revision and future periods where the revision affects both current and future periods.

#### 2 Accounting policies

#### Company information

Dynamic Property Maintenance Limited is a private company limited by shares incorporated in England and Wales. The registered office is 20 Newerne Street, Lydney, Gloucestershire, GL15 5RA.

#### 2.1 Accounting convention

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with FRS 102 "The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland" ("FRS 102") and the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The disclosure requirements of section 1A of FRS 102 have been applied other than where additional disclosure is required to show a true and fair view.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the company. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest £.

The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention, [modified to include the revaluation of freehold properties and to include investment properties and certain financial instruments at fair value]. The principal accounting policies adopted are set out below.

### 2.2 Turnover

Turnover is recognised at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for goods and services provided in the normal course of business, and is shown net of VAT and other sales related taxes. The fair value of consideration takes into account trade discounts.

Revenue from contracts for the provision of professional services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion when the stage of completion, costs incurred and costs to complete can be estimated reliably. The stage of completion is calculated by comparing costs incurred, mainly in relation to contractual hourly staff rates and materials, as a proportion of total costs. Where the outcome cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognised only to the extent of the expenses recognised that it is probable will be recovered.

#### 2.3 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are initially measured at cost and subsequently measured at cost or valuation, net of depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is recognised so as to write off the cost or valuation of assets less their residual values over their useful lives on the following bases:

Plant and equipment 20% straight line Motor vehicles 25% reducing balance

#### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

#### 2 Accounting policies

(Continued)

The gain or loss arising on the disposal of an asset is determined as the difference between the sale proceeds and the carrying value of the asset, and is credited or charged to profit or loss.

#### 2.4 Impairment of fixed assets

At each reporting period end date, the company reviews the carrying amounts of its tangible assets to determine whether there is any indication that those assets have suffered an impairment loss. If any such indication exists, the recoverable amount of the asset is estimated in order to determine the extent of the impairment loss (if any). Where it is not possible to estimate the recoverable amount of an individual asset, the company estimates the recoverable amount of the cash-generating unit to which the asset belongs.

#### 2.5 Stocks

Stocks are stated at the lower of cost and estimated selling price less costs to complete and sell. Cost comprises direct materials and, where applicable, direct labour costs and those overheads that have been incurred in bringing the stocks to their present location and condition.

Stocks held for distribution at no or nominal consideration are measured at the lower of cost and replacement cost, adjusted where applicable for any loss of service potential.

#### 2.6 Cash at bank and in hand

Cash and cash equivalents are basic financial assets and include cash in hand, deposits held at call with banks, other short-term liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less, and bank overdrafts. Bank overdrafts are shown within borrowings in current liabilities.

#### 2.7 Financial instruments

The company has elected to apply the provisions of Section 11 'Basic Financial Instruments' and Section 12 'Other Financial Instruments Issues' of FRS 102 to all of its financial instruments.

Financial instruments are recognised in the company's balance sheet when the company becomes party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Financial assets and liabilities are offset, with the net amounts presented in the financial statements, when there is a legally enforceable right to set off the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis or to realise the asset and settle the liability simultaneously.

#### Basic financial assets

Basic financial assets, which include debtors and cash and bank balances, are initially measured at transaction price including transaction costs and are subsequently carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the transaction is measured at the present value of the future receipts discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial assets classified as receivable within one year are not amortised.

### Classification of financial liabilities

Financial liabilities and equity instruments are classified according to the substance of the contractual arrangements entered into. An equity instrument is any contract that evidences a residual interest in the assets of the company after deducting all of its liabilities.

#### Basic financial liabilities

Basic financial liabilities, including creditors, bank loans, loans from fellow group companies and preference shares that are classified as debt, are initially recognised at transaction price unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where the debt instrument is measured at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest. Financial liabilities classified as payable within one year are not amortised.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

#### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

#### 2 Accounting policies

(Continued)

#### 2.8 Equity instruments

Equity instruments issued by the company are recorded at the proceeds received, net of transaction costs. Dividends payable on equity instruments are recognised as liabilities once they are no longer at the discretion of the company.

Changes in the fair value of derivatives that are designated and qualify as fair value hedges are recognised in profit or loss immediately, together with any changes in the fair value of the hedged asset or liability that are attributable to the hedged risk.

#### 2.9 Taxation

The tax expense represents the sum of the tax currently payable and deferred tax.

#### Current tax

The tax currently payable is based on taxable profit for the year. Taxable profit differs from net profit as reported in the profit and loss account because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are never taxable or deductible. The company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting end date.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognised for all timing differences and deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Such assets and liabilities are not recognised if the timing difference arises from goodwill or from the initial recognition of other assets and liabilities in a transaction that affects neither the tax profit nor the accounting profit.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each reporting end date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profits will be available to allow all or part of the asset to be recovered. Deferred tax is calculated at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the liability is settled or the asset is realised. Deferred tax is charged or credited in the profit and loss account, except when it relates to items charged or credited directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in equity. Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when the company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets and liabilities and the deferred tax assets and liabilities relate to taxes levied by the same tax authority.

#### 2.10 Employee benefits

The costs of short-term employee benefits are recognised as a liability and an expense, unless those costs are required to be recognised as part of the cost of stock or fixed assets.

The cost of any unused holiday entitlement is recognised in the period in which the employee's services are received.

Termination benefits are recognised immediately as an expense when the company is demonstrably committed to terminate the employment of an employee or to provide termination benefits.

### NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

3 Employees
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Total   2023   Number   Nu		The average monthly number of persons (including directors) employed by the company during the year was:			
4       Tangible fixed assets       Plant and machinery etc         € Cost         At 1 February 2023 and 31 January 2024       31,410         Depreciation and impairment         At 1 February 2023       14,511         Depreciation charged in the year       4,836         At 31 January 2024       19,347         Carrying amount       12,063         At 31 January 2023       16,899         5       Debtors         4 Mounts falling due within one year:       £       £         Trade debtors       4,306       4,737         Other debtors       4,306       5,932         6       Creditors: amounts falling due within one year       2024       2023         £       £       £         Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097					
Plant and marchinery etc		Total		2	
Plant and marchinery etc	4	Tangible fixed assets			
Cost         31,410           Depreciation and impairment         14,511           Depreciation charged in the year         4,836           At 31 January 2024         19,347           Carrying amount         At 31 January 2024         12,063           At 31 January 2023         16,899           5 Debtors         2024 2023           Amounts falling due within one year:         £         £           Trade debtors         4,306 4,737         0ther debtors         -         1,195           Other debtors         4,306 5,932         -         1,195           6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         2024 2023         £         £           Bank loans         4,030 3,843         3,043           Corporation tax         10,717 4,135         4,135           Other taxation and social security         3,385 2,512         2,512           Other creditors         2,314 2,097					
At 1 February 2023 and 31 January 2024       31,410         Depreciation and impairment         At 1 February 2023       14,511         Depreciation charged in the year       4,836         At 31 January 2024       19,347         Carrying amount         At 31 January 2024       12,063         At 31 January 2023       16,899         5 Debtors         Trade debtors       4,306       4,737         Other debtors       4,306       4,737         Other debtors       4,306       5,932         5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year       2024       2023         £       £       £         Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097				£	
At 1 February 2023 Depreciation charged in the year 4,836  At 31 January 2024 19,347  Carrying amount At 31 January 2024 12,063  At 31 January 2023 16,899  5 Debtors 2024 2023 Amounts falling due within one year: £ £  Trade debtors 4,306 4,737 Other debtors - 1,195 Other debtors - 1,195  6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  Bank loans 4,030 3,843 Corporation tax 10,717 4,135 Other taxation and social security 3,385 2,512 Other creditors 2,314 2,097				31,410	
Depreciation charged in the year       4,836         At 31 January 2024       19,347         Carrying amount       12,063         At 31 January 2024       12,063         At 31 January 2023       16,899         5 Debtors       2024       2023         Amounts falling due within one year:       £       £         Trade debtors       4,306       4,737         Other debtors       -       1,195         Cother debtors       4,306       5,932         6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year       2024       2023         £       £       £         Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097		Depreciation and impairment			
At 31 January 2024 19,347  Carrying amount At 31 January 2024 12,063 At 31 January 2023 16,899  5 Debtors  Amounts falling due within one year:  Trade debtors 4,306 4,737 Other debtors - 1,195 Other debtors - 1,195  E E  Bank loans 4,306 5,932  Bank loans 4,030 3,843 Corporation tax 10,717 4,135 Other taxation and social security 3,385 2,512 Other creditors 2,314 2,097		At 1 February 2023			
Carrying amount		Depreciation charged in the year		4,836	
At 31 January 2024       12,063         At 31 January 2023       16,899         5 Debtors       2024       2023         Amounts falling due within one year:       £       £         Trade debtors       4,306       4,737         Other debtors       -       1,195         4,306       5,932         5 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year       2024       2023         £       £         Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097		At 31 January 2024		19,347	
At 31 January 2023 16,899    Debtors					
Debtors           Amounts falling due within one year:         2024 £ £         2023 £ £           Trade debtors         4,306 4,737 Other debtors         - 1,195           6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         2024 2023 £ £ £           Bank loans Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors         10,717 4,135 (2,512 Other creditors)           Other creditors         2,314 2,097		At 31 January 2024		12,063	
Amounts falling due within one year:         £         £         £           Trade debtors         4,306         4,737           Other debtors         -         1,195           4,306         5,932           Example of the component		At 31 January 2023		16,899	
Amounts falling due within one year:         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         1,195         4,306         5,932         5,932         2         2024         2023         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         £         2023         £	5	Debtors			
Other debtors       -       1,195         4,306       5,932         6       Creditors: amounts falling due within one year       2024       2023         £       £       £         Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097		Amounts falling due within one year:			
6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year  2024 2023 £ £ £  Bank loans 4,030 3,843 Corporation tax Other taxation and social security Other creditors  3,385 2,512 Other creditors 2,314 2,097		Trade debtors	4,306	4,737	
6 Creditors: amounts falling due within one year         2024       2023         £       £         Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097		Other debtors	-	1,195	
Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097			4,306	5,932	
Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097					
Bank loans         4,030         3,843           Corporation tax         10,717         4,135           Other taxation and social security         3,385         2,512           Other creditors         2,314         2,097	6	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year			
Bank loans       4,030       3,843         Corporation tax       10,717       4,135         Other taxation and social security       3,385       2,512         Other creditors       2,314       2,097					
Corporation tax         10,717         4,135           Other taxation and social security         3,385         2,512           Other creditors         2,314         2,097			£	L	
Other taxation and social security 3,385 2,512 Other creditors 2,314 2,097					
Other creditors 2,314 2,097		·			
		·			
20,446 12,587 ====		Other creditors	کری ا <del>4</del> ———		
			20,446	12,587	

## NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (CONTINUED)

### FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 JANUARY 2024

7	Creditors: amounts falling due after more than one year		
		2024	2023
		£	£
	Bank loans and overdrafts	6,985	11,103

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.