UNAUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

31st AUGUST 2020



FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31st AUGUST 2020

CONTENTS	PAGES
Statement of financial position	1 to 2
Notes to the financial statements	3 to 7

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

31st AUGUST 2020

	2020		2019		
	Note	£	£	£	£
FIXED ASSETS					
Intangible assets	5		9,790		14,310
Tangible assets	6		7,927		2,346
			17,717		16,656
CURRENT ASSETS					
Debtors	7	9,633		15,692	
Cash at bank and in hand		21,057		14,715	
		30,690		30,407	
CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year	8	41,582		46,578	
NET CURRENT LIABILITIES			10,892		16,171
TOTAL ASSETS LESS CURRENT LIABILITIES			6,825		485
PROVISIONS					
Taxation including deferred tax			847		356
NET ASSETS			5,978		129
CAPITAL AND RESERVES					
Called up share capital	10		100		100
Profit and loss account			5,878		29
SHAREHOLDERS FUNDS			5,978		129

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION (continued)

31st AUGUST 2020

These financial statements have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies' regime and in accordance with Section 1A of FRS 102 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland'.

In accordance with section 444 of the Companies Act 2006, the statement of comprehensive income has not been delivered.

For the year ending 31st August 2020 the company was entitled to exemption from audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006 relating to small companies.

Directors' responsibilities:

- The members have not required the company to obtain an audit of its financial statements for the year in question in accordance with section 476;
- The directors acknowledge their responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Act with respect to accounting records and the preparation of financial statements.

These financial statements were approved by the board of directors and authorised for issue on 13th April 2021 and are signed on behalf of the board by:

P. WALS

Company registration number: 10893142

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED 31st AUGUST 2020

1. GENERAL INFORMATION

The company is a private company limited by shares, registered in England and Wales. The address of the registered office is 2A Berwick Hill Road, Seaton Burn, Newcastle Upon Tyne, NE13 6BU.

2. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in compliance with Section 1A of FRS 102, 'The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and the Republic of Ireland'.

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of preparation

The financial statements have been prepared on the historical cost basis.

The financial statements are prepared in sterling, which is the functional currency of the entity. Monetary amounts in these financial statements are rounded to the nearest \pounds .

Going concern

The financial statements have been prepared on the going concern basis.

In choosing this basis, the directors have assessed the impact of Covid-19 and the financial assistance received.

The directors consider that this basis is appropriate following due consideration of the present financial position, the expected prospects of the company during the twelve months from the date of approval of these financial statements and the continued support of the company's directors, bankers and other lending agents during this time.

Revenue recognition

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable and represents amounts receivable for services rendered, stated net of discounts.

Covid-19 support

During the year the company received Covid-19 support in the form of Local Authority Grants and HM Revenue & Customs CJRS Grants. Covid-19 support grants are recognised at the fair value of the grant receivable using the performance model.

Under the performance model, where the grant does not impose specified future performance-related conditions on the recipient, it is recognised in income when the grant proceeds are receivable.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31st AUGUST 2020

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Taxation

The taxation expense represents the aggregate amount of current and deferred tax recognised in the reporting period. Tax is recognised in profit or loss, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity.

Current tax is recognised on taxable profit for the current and past periods. Current tax is measured at the amounts of tax expected to pay or recover using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted at the reporting date.

Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences at the reporting date. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference.

Goodwill

Goodwill arises on business acquisitions and represents the excess of the cost of the acquisition over the company's interest in the net amount of the identifiable assets, liabilities and contingent liabilities of the acquired business. Goodwill is measured at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses. It is amortised on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Amortisation

Amortisation is calculated so as to write off the cost of an asset, less its estimated residual value, over the useful life of that asset as follows:

Goodwill - 20% straight line

If there is an indication that there has been a significant change in amortisation rate, useful life or residual value of an intangible asset, the amortisation is revised prospectively to reflect the new estimates.

Tangible assets

Tangible assets are initially recorded at cost, and subsequently stated at cost less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31st AUGUST 2020

3. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Depreciation

Depreciation is calculated so as to write off the cost or valuation of an asset, less its residual value, over the useful economic life of that asset as follows:

Short leasehold property
Plant and machinery
Fixtures and fittings
Computer equipment
- 7 years straight line
- 25% reducing balance
- 33% reducing balance

Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the entity has an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that the entity will be required to transfer economic benefits in settlement and the amount of the obligation can be estimated reliably. Provisions are recognised as a liability in the statement of financial position and the amount of the provision as an expense.

Provisions are initially measured at the best estimate of the amount required to settle the obligation at the reporting date and subsequently reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate of the amount that would be required to settle the obligation. Any adjustments to the amounts previously recognised are recognised in profit or loss unless the provision was originally recognised as part of the cost of an asset.

Financial instruments

A financial asset or a financial liability is recognised only when the entity becomes a party to the contractual provisions of the instrument.

Basic financial instruments are initially recognised at the transaction price, unless the arrangement constitutes a financing transaction, where it is recognised at the present value of the future payments discounted at a market rate of interest for a similar debt instrument. Debt instruments are subsequently measured at amortised cost.

Defined contribution plans

Contributions to defined contribution plans are recognised as an expense in the period in which the related service is provided. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that the prepayment will lead to a reduction in future payments or a cash refund.

4. EMPLOYEE NUMBERS

The average number of persons employed by the company during the year amounted to 6 (2019: 5).

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31st AUGUST 2020

5. INTANGIBLE ASSETS

6.

7.

	·				Goodwill £
Cost At 1st September 2019 and 31st	August 2020				22,600
Amortisation At 1st September 2019 Charge for the year					8,290 4,520
At 31st August 2020					12,810
Carrying amount At 31st August 2020					9,790
At 31st August 2019					14,310
TANGIBLE ASSETS					
	Short leasehold property £	Plant and machinery £	Fixtures and fittings	Computer equipment	Total £
Cost At 1st September 2019 Additions	3,783	1,691 1,947	700 1,131	1,433	3,824 6,861
At 31st August 2020	3,783	3,638	1,831	1,433	10,685
Depreciation At 1st September 2019 Charge for the year	315	536 541	282 169	660 255	1,478 1,280
At 31st August 2020	315	1,077	451	915	2,758
Carrying amount At 31st August 2020	3,468	2,561	1,380	518	7,927
At 31st August 2019		1,155	418	773	2,346
DEBTORS					
				2020 £	2019 £
Trade debtors Other debtors				7,183 2,450	15,692

9,633

15,692

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued)

YEAR ENDED 31st AUGUST 2020

8. CREDITORS: amounts falling due within one year

	2020	2019
	£	£
Accruals and deferred income	1,858	1,650
Corporation tax	20,350	18,275
Social security and other taxes	1,411	2,150
Directors' loan account	17,963	24,503
	41,582	46,578

9. DEFERRED TAX

The deferred tax included in the statement of financial position is as follows:

2019
£
356

The deferred tax account consists of the tax effect of timing differences in respect of:

	2020	2019
	£	£
Accelerated capital allowances	847	356

10. CALLED UP SHARE CAPITAL

Issued, called up and fully paid

	2020		2019	
	No.	£	No.	£
Ordinary shares of £1 each	100	100	100	100

11. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

No transactions with related parties were undertaken such as are required to be disclosed under FRS102 Section 1A small entities.