Let's Be Frank Ltd Unaudited Filleted Accounts

31 July 2018

Let's Be Frank Ltd

Registered number: 10873313

**Balance Sheet** 

as at 31 July 2018

	Notes		2018
Fixed assets			£
Tangible assets	2		818
Current assets			
Debtors	3	3,744	
Cash at bank and in hand	-	25,949	
		29,693	
Creditors: amounts falling due	•		
within one year	4	(11,630)	
Net current assets			18,063
Total assets less current liabilities		-	18,881
Provisions for liabilities			(155)
Net assets		-	18,726
Capital and reserves			
Called up share capital			100
Profit and loss account			18,626
Shareholder's funds		- -	18,726

The director is satisfied that the company is entitled to exemption from the requirement to obtain an audit under section 477 of the Companies Act 2006.

The member has not required the company to obtain an audit in accordance with section 476 of the Act.

The director acknowledges her responsibilities for complying with the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 with respect to accounting records and the preparation of accounts.

The accounts have been prepared and delivered in accordance with the special provisions applicable to companies subject to the small companies regime. The profit and loss account has not been delivered to the Registrar of Companies.

## Director

Approved by the board on 28 November 2018

# Let's Be Frank Ltd Notes to the Accounts for the period from 19 July 2017 to 31 July 2018

### 1 Accounting policies

#### Basis of preparation

The accounts have been prepared under the historical cost convention and in accordance with FRS 102, The Financial Reporting Standard applicable in the UK and Republic of Ireland (as applied to small entities by section 1A of the standard).

#### Turnover

Turnover is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, net of discounts and value added taxes. Turnover includes revenue earned from the sale of goods and from the rendering of services. Turnover from the sale of goods is recognised when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have transferred to the buyer. Turnover from the rendering of services is recognised by reference to the stage of completion of the contract. The stage of completion of a contract is measured by comparing the costs incurred for work performed to date to the total estimated contract costs.

#### Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are measured at cost less accumulative depreciation and any accumulative impairment losses. Depreciation is provided on all tangible fixed assets, other than freehold land, at rates calculated to write off the cost, less estimated residual value, of each asset evenly over its expected useful life, as follows:

Equipment, fixutres & fittings

20% straight line

#### **Debtors**

Short term debtors are measured at transaction price (which is usually the invoice price), less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts. Loans and other financial assets are initially recognised at transaction price including any transaction costs and subsequently measured at amortised cost determined using the effective interest method, less any impairment losses for bad and doubtful debts.

#### **Taxation**

A current tax liability is recognised for the tax payable on the taxable profit of the current and past periods. A current tax asset is recognised in respect of a tax loss that can be carried back to recover tax paid in a previous period. Deferred tax is recognised in respect of all timing differences between the recognition of income and expenses in the financial statements and their inclusion in tax assessments. Unrelieved tax losses and other deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that they will be recovered against the reversal of deferred tax liabilities or other future taxable profits. Deferred tax is measured using the tax rates and laws that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date and that are expected to apply to the reversal of the timing difference, except for revalued land and investment property where the tax rate that applies to the sale of the asset is used. Current and deferred tax assets and liabilities are not discounted.

### **Provisions**

Provisions (ie liabilities of uncertain timing or amount) are recognised when there is an obligation at the reporting date as a result of a past event, it is probable that economic benefit will be transferred to settle the obligation and the amount of the obligation can be estimated

## 2 Tangible fixed assets

			Plant and machinery etc
	Cost		£
	Additions		1.000
			1,023
	At 31 July 2018		1,023
	Depreciation		
	Charge for the period		205
	At 31 July 2018		205
	Net book value		
	At 31 July 2018		818
3	Debtors	2018 £	
	Trade debtors	3,744	
4	Creditors: amounts falling due within one year	2018 £	
	Taxation and social security costs	10,315	
	Other creditors	1,315	
		11,630	

## 5 Related party transactions

F Cotton

The above is a related party by virtue of being a director. During the year, the director incurred expenses on behalf of the company and drew against her account. At the balance sheet date, she was owed £116.

## 6 Controlling party

The ultimate controlling party is F Cotton by virtue of her shareholding.

## 7 Other information

Let's Be Frank Ltd is a private company limited by shares and incorporated in England. Its registered office is:

16 Goodwin Close London England SE16 3TR

This document was delivered using electronic communications and authenticated in accordance with the registrar's rules relating to electronic form, authentication and manner of delivery under section 1072 of the Companies Act 2006.