



FILE COPY

**CERTIFICATE OF INCORPORATION
OF A
PRIVATE LIMITED COMPANY**

Company Number **10825314**

The Registrar of Companies for England and Wales, hereby certifies that

BARCLAYS SECURITY TRUSTEE LIMITED

is this day incorporated under the Companies Act 2006 as a private company, that the company is limited by shares, and the situation of its registered office is in England and Wales

Given at Companies House on **19th June 2017**



N10825314B



Companies House



**THE OFFICIAL SEAL OF THE
REGISTRAR OF COMPANIES**

IN01

Application to register a company

BLUEPRINT

OneWorld

Fee is payable with this form
Please see 'How to pay' on the last page

EE PAID
£ 100
20
COMPANIES HOUSE
£100 000082

What this form is for
You may use this form to register a
private or public company

X What this form is NOT for
You cannot use this form to register
a limited liability partnership. To
do this, please use form LL IN01. Do
not use this form if any individual person
with significant control is applying
or has applied for protection from
having their details disclosed on the
public register. Contact enquiries@
companieshouse.gov.uk to get a
separate form

MONDAY



LD1 *L68XALA2* #40
19/06/2017
COMPANIES HOUSE

Part 1 Company details

A1 **Company name**

Check if a company name is available by using our name availability search
www.companieshouse.gov.uk/info

Please show the proposed company name below

Proposed company name in full **1** Barclays Security Trustee Limited

For official use 10825314

→ Filling in this form
Please complete in typescript or in bold black capitals
All fields are mandatory unless specified or indicated by *

1 Duplicate names
Duplicate names are not permitted
A list of registered names can be found on our website. There are various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information on this is available in our guidance at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

A2 **Company name restrictions ²**

Please tick the box only if the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require you to seek comments of a government department or other specified body

I confirm that the proposed company name contains sensitive or restricted words or expressions and that approval, where appropriate, has been sought of a government department or other specified body and I attach a copy of their response

2 Company name restrictions
A list of sensitive or restricted words or expressions that require consent can be found in our guidance at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

A3 **Exemption from name ending with 'Limited' or 'Cyfyngedig' ³**

Please tick the box if you wish to apply for exemption from the requirement to have the name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative

I confirm that the above proposed company meets the conditions for exemption from the requirement to have a name ending with 'Limited', 'Cyfyngedig' or permitted alternative

3 Name ending exemption
Only private companies that are limited by guarantee and meet other specific requirements or private companies that are charities are eligible to apply for this. For more details, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

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A4

Company type¹

Please tick the box that describes the proposed company type and members' liability (only one box must be ticked)

- Public limited by shares
- Private limited by shares
- Private limited by guarantee
- Private unlimited with share capital
- Private unlimited without share capital

¹ Company type

If you are unsure of your company's type, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

A5

Principal business activity

Please show the trade classification code number(s) for the principal activity or activities ²

Classification code 1	6	4	9	9	9
Classification code 2					
Classification code 3					
Classification code 4					

If you cannot determine a code, please give a brief description of the company's business activity below

Principal activity description

² Principal business activity

You must provide a trade classification code (SIC code 2007) or a description of your company's main business in this section

A full list of the trade classification codes is available on our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

A6

Situation of registered office ³

Please tick the appropriate box below that describes the situation of the proposed registered office (only one box must be ticked)

- England and Wales
- Wales
- Scotland
- Northern Ireland

³ Registered office

Every company must have a registered office and this is the address to which the Registrar will send correspondence

For England and Wales companies, the address must be in England or Wales

For Welsh, Scottish or Northern Ireland companies, the address must be in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively

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Application to register a company

A7 Registered office address ¹

Please give the registered office address of your company	
Building name/number	1
Street	Churchill Place
Post town	London
County/Region	
Postcode	E 1 4 5 H P

¹ Registered office address

You must ensure that the address shown in this section is consistent with the situation indicated in section A6

You must provide an address in England or Wales for companies to be registered in England and Wales

You must provide an address in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland for companies to be registered in Wales, Scotland or Northern Ireland respectively

A8 Articles of association ²

Please choose one option only and tick one box only	
Option 1	I wish to adopt one of the following model articles in its entirety Please tick only one box <input type="checkbox"/> Private limited by shares <input type="checkbox"/> Private limited by guarantee <input type="checkbox"/> Public company
Option 2	I wish to adopt the following model articles with additional and/or amended provisions I attach a copy of the additional and/or amended provision(s) Please tick only one box <input type="checkbox"/> Private limited by shares <input type="checkbox"/> Private limited by guarantee <input type="checkbox"/> Public company
Option 3	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> I wish to adopt entirely bespoke articles I attach a copy of the bespoke articles to this application

² For details of which company type can adopt which model articles, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

A Community Interest Company (CIC) cannot adopt model articles If you are incorporating a CIC you must tick option 3 and attach a copy of the bespoke articles

A9 Restricted company articles ³

Please tick the box below if the company's articles are restricted

³ Restricted company articles Restricted company articles are those containing provision for entrenchment For more details, please go to our website www.gov.uk/companieshouse

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Part 2 Proposed officers

For private companies the appointment of a secretary is optional, however, if you do decide to appoint a company secretary you must provide the relevant details. Public companies are required to appoint at least one secretary.

Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.

For a secretary who is an individual, go to Section B1, For a corporate secretary, go to Section C1, For a director who is an individual, go to Section D1, For a corporate director, go to Section E1.

Secretary

B1 Secretary appointments ①

Please use this section to list all the secretary appointments taken on formation.
For a corporate secretary, complete Sections C1-C4.

Title*	
Full forename(s)	
Surname	
Former name(s) ②	

① Corporate appointments

For corporate secretary appointments, please complete section C1-C4 instead of section B.

Additional appointments

If you wish to appoint more than one secretary, please use the 'Secretary appointments' continuation page.

② Former name(s)

Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.

B2 Secretary's service address ③

Building name/number	
Street	
Post town	
County/Region	
Postcode	
Country	

③ Service address

This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.

Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of secretaries as the company's registered office.

If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.

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Corporate secretary

C1	Corporate secretary appointments ¹	<p>1 Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate secretary, please use the 'Corporate secretary appointments' continuation page</p> <p>Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number</p>
	Please use this section to list all the corporate secretary appointments taken on formation	
Name of corporate body/firm	Barcosec Limited	
Building name/number	1	
Street	Churchill Place	
Post town	London	
County/Region		
Postcode	E 1 4 5 H P	
Country	United Kingdom	

C2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm	
	Is the corporate secretary registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)?	
	→ Yes Complete Section C3 only	
	→ No Complete Section C4 only	

C3	EEA companies ²	<p>2 EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance www.gov.uk/companieshouse</p> <p>3 This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)</p>
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	
Where the company/firm is registered ³	Companies House	
	United Kingdom	
Registration number	02223134	

C4	Non-EEA companies	<p>4 Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register</p>
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register	
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		
Governing law		
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered ⁴		
Registration number		

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Director

D1 Director appointments		
Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4		
Title*	Mr	<p>1 Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual</p> <p>2 Former name(s) Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years</p> <p>3 Country/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in section D4</p> <p>4 Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only</p> <p>5 Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank</p> <p>Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page</p>
Full forename(s)	Steven James	
Surname	Penketh	
Former name(s)		
Country/State of residence	United Kingdom	
Nationality	British	
Month/year of birth	X X 1 2 1 9 7 0	
Business occupation (if any)	Investment Banker	

D2 Director's service address		
Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4		
Building name/number	1	<p>6 Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address</p> <p>Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered office</p> <p>If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record</p>
Street	Churchill Place	
Post town	London	
County/Region		
Postcode	E 1 4 5 H P	
Country	England	

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Application to register a company

Director

D1	Director appointments ①	<p>① Appointments Private companies must appoint at least one director who is an individual. Public companies must appoint at least two directors, one of which must be an individual.</p> <p>② Former name(s) Please provide any previous names (including maiden or married names) which have been used for business purposes in the last 20 years.</p> <p>③ Country/State of residence This is in respect of your usual residential address as stated in section D4.</p> <p>④ Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only.</p> <p>⑤ Business occupation If you have a business occupation, please enter here. If you do not, please leave blank.</p> <p>Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one director, please use the 'Director appointments' continuation page.</p>
	Please use this section to list all the director appointments taken on formation For a corporate director, complete Sections E1-E4	
Title*	Mr	
Full forename(s)	Ian	
Surname	Rand	
Former name(s) ②		
Country/State of residence ③	United Kingdom	
Nationality	British	
Month/year of birth ④	X X '1 '1 '1 '9 '6 '9	
Business occupation (if any) ⑤	Banker	

D2	Director's service address ⑥	<p>⑥ Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be your usual residential address.</p> <p>Please state 'The Company's Registered Office' if your service address will be recorded in the proposed company's register of directors as the company's registered office.</p> <p>If you provide your residential address here it will appear on the public record.</p>
	Please complete the service address below. You must also fill in the director's usual residential address in Section D4.	
Building name/number	1	
Street	Churchill Place	
Post town	London	
County/Region		
Postcode	E 1 4 5 H P	
Country	United Kingdom	

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Application to register a company

Corporate director

E1	Corporate director appointments	Additional appointments If you wish to appoint more than one corporate director, please use the 'Corporate director appointments' continuation page Registered or principal address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This address must be a physical location for the delivery of documents. It cannot be a PO box number (unless contained within a full address), DX number or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
	Please use this section to list all the corporate directors taken on formation	
Name of corporate body or firm		
Building name/number		
Street		
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		

E2	Location of the registry of the corporate body or firm	
	Is the corporate director registered within the European Economic Area (EEA)? → Yes Complete Section E3 only → No Complete Section E4 only	

E3	EEA companies	EEA A full list of countries of the EEA can be found in our guidance www.gov.uk/companieshouse This is the register mentioned in Article 3 of the First Company Law Directive (68/151/EEC)
	Please give details of the register where the company file is kept (including the relevant state) and the registration number in that register	
Where the company/firm is registered		
Registration number		

E4	Non-EEA companies	Non-EEA Where you have provided details of the register (including state) where the company or firm is registered, you must also provide its number in that register
	Please give details of the legal form of the corporate body or firm and the law by which it is governed. If applicable, please also give details of the register in which it is entered (including the state) and its registration number in that register	
Legal form of the corporate body or firm		
Governing law		
If applicable, where the company/firm is registered		
If applicable, the registration number		

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Part 3 Statement of capital

Does your company have share capital?

→ Yes Complete the sections below

→ No Go to Part 4 (Statement of guarantee)

F1 Statement of capital

Complete the table(s) below to show the share capital

Complete a separate table for each currency (if appropriate) For example, add pound sterling in 'Currency table A' and Euros in 'Currency table B'

Continuation pages
Please use a continuation page if necessary

Currency Complete a separate table for each currency	Class of shares E.g. Ordinary/Preference etc	Number of shares	Aggregate nominal value (£, €, \$, etc) Number of shares issued multiplied by nominal value	Total aggregate amount to be unpaid, if any (£, €, \$, etc) Including both the nominal value and any share premium
Currency table A				
GB£	Ordinary	1	£1	
Totals		1	£1	0
Currency table B				
Totals				
Currency table C				
Totals				
Totals (including continuation pages)		1	£1	0

❶ Please list total aggregate values in different currencies separately For example £100 + €100 + \$10 etc

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Application to register a company

F2

Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)

Please give the prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares for each class of share shown in the statement of capital share tables in **Section F1**

Class of share

Ordinary

Prescribed particulars
①

The shares have attached to them full voting, dividend and capital distribution (including on winding up) rights, they do not confer any rights of redemption

① Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares

The particulars are

- a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances,
- b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution,
- c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up), and
- d whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder

A separate table must be used for each class of share

Continuation pages

Please use the next page or a 'Statement of Capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary

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Application to register a company

Class of share		
Prescribed particulars ①		<p>① Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares</p> <p>The particulars are</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">a particulars of any voting rights, including rights that arise only in certain circumstances,b particulars of any rights, as respects dividends, to participate in a distribution,c particulars of any rights, as respects capital, to participate in a distribution (including on winding up), andd whether the shares are to be redeemed or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the shareholder <p>A separate table must be used for each class of share</p> <p>Continuation pages</p> <p>Please use a 'Statement of capital (Prescribed particulars of rights attached to shares)' continuation page if necessary</p>

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F3

Initial shareholdings

This section should only be completed by companies incorporating with share capital
Please complete the details below for each subscriber
The addresses will appear on the public record. These do not need to be the subscribers' usual residential address

Initial shareholdings
Please list the company's subscribers in alphabetical order
Please use an 'Initial shareholdings' continuation page if necessary

Subscriber's details	Class of share	Number of shares	Currency	Nominal value of each share	Amount (if any) to be unpaid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)	Amount to be paid on each share (including the nominal value and any share premium)
Name Barclays PLC	Ordinary	1	GB£	£1 00	£0 00	£1 00
Address 1 Churchill Place London E14 5HP United Kingdom						
Name						
Address						
Name						
Address						
Name						
Address						

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Part 4 Statement of guarantee

Is your company limited by guarantee?

→ Yes Complete the sections below

→ No Go to Part 5 People with significant control (PSC)

G1

Subscribers

Please complete this section if you are a subscriber of a company limited by guarantee. The following statement is being made by each and every person named below

I confirm that if the company is wound up while I am a member, or within one year after I cease to be a member, I will contribute to the assets of the company by such amount as may be required for

- payment of debts and liabilities of the company contracted before I cease to be a member,
- payment of costs, charges and expenses of winding up, and,
- adjustment of the rights of the contributors among ourselves, not exceeding the specified amount below

1 Name

Please use capital letters

2 Address

The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address

3 Amount guaranteed

Any valid currency is permitted

4 Class of members

Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the public register

Continuation pages

Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) 1	
Surname 1	
Address 2	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed 3	
Class of member (if applicable) 4	

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) 1	
Surname 1	
Address 2	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed 3	
Class of member (if applicable) 4	

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Subscriber's details

Forename(s) ❶	
Surname ❶	
Address ❷	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed ❸	
Class of member (if applicable) ❹	

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) ❶	
Surname ❶	
Address ❷	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed ❸	
Class of member (if applicable) ❹	

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) ❶	
Surname ❶	
Address ❷	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed ❸	
Class of member (if applicable) ❹	

Subscriber's details

Forename(s) ❶	
Surname ❶	
Address ❷	
Postcode	
Amount guaranteed ❸	
Class of member (if applicable) ❹	

❶ Name

Please use capital letters

❷ Address

The addresses in this section will appear on the public record. They do not have to be the subscribers' usual residential address.

❸ Amount guaranteed

Any valid currency is permitted

❹ Class of members

Only complete this if there will be more than one class of members and if the subscribers are electing to keep members' information on the public register

Continuation pages

Please use a 'Subscribers' continuation page if necessary

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Part 5

People with significant control (PSC)

Use this Part to tell us about people with significant control or registrable relevant legal entities in respect of the company. Do not use this Part to tell us about any individual people with significant control whose particulars must not be disclosed on the public record. You must use a separate form, which you can get by contacting us enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

If on incorporation there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable relevant legal entity (RLE)) in relation to the company, tick the box in H1 and complete any relevant sections. If there will be no registrable person or RLE tick the box in H2 and go to **Part 6 Election to keep information on the public register**

H1

Statement of initial significant control ¹

- On incorporation, there will be someone who will count as a person with significant control (either a registrable person or registrable RLE) in relation to the company

¹ Statement of initial significant control

If there will be a registrable person (which includes 'other registrable persons') or RLE, please complete the appropriate details in sections H, I & J

Please use the PSC continuation pages if necessary

H2

Statement of no PSC

(Please tick the statement below if appropriate)

- The company knows or has reason to believe that there will be no person with significant control (either a registrable person or RLE) in relation to the company

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Individual PSC

H3	Individual's details									
	Use sections H3-H9 as appropriate to tell us about individuals with significant control who are registrable persons and the nature of their control in relation to the company	<p>1 Country/State of residence This is in respect of the usual residential address as stated in section H6</p> <p>2 Month and year of birth Please provide month and year only</p>								
Title*										
Full forename(s)										
Surname										
Country/State of residence ¹										
Nationality										
Month/year of birth ²	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">X</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">X</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">m</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">m</td> <td style="width: 20px; height: 20px; text-align: center;">y</td> </tr> </table>	X	X	m	m	y	y	y	y	
X	X	m	m	y	y	y	y			

H4	Individual's service address ¹	
	Please complete the individual's service address below. You must also complete the individual's usual residential address in Section H6	<p>1 Service address This is the address that will appear on the public record. This does not have to be the individual's usual residential address.</p> <p>If you provide the individual's residential address here it will appear on the public record.</p>
Building name/number		
Street		
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode		
Country		

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H7

Nature of control for an individual^①

Please indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the company

Ownership of shares

The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

Ownership of voting rights

The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors

- The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)

- The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company

^①Tick each that apply

H8

Nature of control by a firm over which the individual has significant control^①

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

- the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

- the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

^①Tick each that apply

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Application to register a company

H9

Nature of control by a trust over which the individual has significant control ^①

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

^① Tick each that apply

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Application to register a company

H7

Nature of control for an individual^①

Please indicate how the individual is a person with significant control over the company

Ownership of shares

The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

Ownership of voting rights

The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors

- The individual holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)

- The individual has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company

^① Tick each that apply

H8

Nature of control by a firm over which the individual has significant control^①

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

- the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

- the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

^① Tick each that apply

IN01

Application to register a company

H9

Nature of control by a trust over which the individual has significant control ^①

The individual has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

^① Tick each that apply

IN01

Application to register a company

Relevant legal entity (RLE)

11 RLE details ^①	
Corporate or firm name	Barclays PLC
Building name/number	1
Street	Churchill Place
Post town	London
County/Region	
Postcode	E 1 4 5 H P
Country	United Kingdom

① Registered or principal office address
This is the address that will appear on the public record

12 Legal form and governing law	
	Please give details of the legal form of the RLE and the law by which it is governed If applicable, please also give details of the register of companies in which it is entered (including the country/state) and its registration number in that register
Legal form	Publicly Listed Company
Governing law	Companies Act 2006
If applicable, register in which RLE is entered ^①	Companies House
Country/State ^①	United Kingdom
Registration number ^①	00048839

① Registration number
Where you have provided details of the register (including country/state) where the RLE is registered, you must also provide its number in that register

IN01

Application to register a company

13

Nature of control for the RLE ^①

Please indicate how the RLE has significant control over the company

① Tick each that apply

Ownership of shares

The RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

Ownership of voting rights

The RLE holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors

- The RLE holds the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

Significant influence or control (only tick if none of the above apply)

- The RLE has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company

14

Nature of control by a firm over which the RLE has significant control ^①

The RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and

① Tick each that apply

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

- the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

- the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

IN01

Application to register a company

15

Nature of control by a trust over which the RLE has significant control ^①

The RLE has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

① Tick each that apply

IN01

Application to register a company

Other registrable person (ORP)

J1	ORP details	
	An 'other registrable person' is <ul style="list-style-type: none">• a corporation sole• a government or government department of a country or territory or a part of a country or territory• an international organisation whose members include two or more countries or territories (or their governments)• a local authority or local government body in the UK or elsewhere	
Name of ORP		

J2	Principal office address ①	
Building name/number		① Principal office address This is the address that will appear on the public record
Street		
Post town		
County/Region		
Postcode	<input type="text"/>	
Country		

J3	Legal form and governing law	
Legal form		
Governing law		

IN01

Application to register a company

J4

Nature of control [Ⓢ]

Please show how the ORP has significant control over the company

● Tick each that apply

Ownership of shares

The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

Ownership of voting rights

The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

Ownership of right to appoint/remove directors

- The ORP holds, directly or indirectly, the right to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

Significant influence or control (Only tick if none of the above apply)

- The ORP has the right to exercise, or actually exercises, significant influence or control over the company

J5

Nature of control by a firm over which the ORP has significant control [Ⓢ]

The ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a firm that is not a legal person under its governing law, and

● Tick each that apply

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

- the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

- the members of that firm (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

J6

Nature of control by a trust over which the ORP has significant control ¹

The ORP has the right to exercise or actually exercises significant influence or control over the activities of a trust and

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of shares in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold, directly or indirectly, the following percentage of voting rights in the company (tick only one)

- more than 25% but not more than 50%
- more than 50% but less than 75%
- 75% or more

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) hold the right, directly or indirectly, to appoint or remove a majority of the board of directors of the company

the trustees of that trust (in their capacity as such) have the right to exercise, or actually exercise, significant influence or control over the company

¹ Tick each that apply

IN01

Application to register a company

Part 6 Election to keep information on the public register (if applicable)

The subscribers of a private company can agree to elect to keep certain information on the public register at Companies House, rather than keeping their own registers. Tick the appropriate box to show which information the subscribers are electing to keep on the public register. If the subscribers have not agreed to keep any of this information on the public register, go to Part 7 Consent to Act.

K1 Election to keep secretaries' register information on the public register ¹

All subscribers elect to keep secretaries' register information on the public register

¹ only applies if the proposed company will have a secretary

K2 Election to keep directors' register information on the public register

IMPORTANT
If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual director while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record ²

All subscribers elect to keep directors' register information on the public register

² If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record

K3 Election to keep directors' usual residential address (URA) register information on the public register

If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, the URA will **not** be publicly available

All subscribers elect to keep directors' URA register information on the public register

K4 Election to keep members' register information on the public register

IMPORTANT
If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is a member while the election is in place will have their name and address available on the public record

All subscribers elect to keep members' register information on the public register
 The company will be a single member company (Tick if applicable)

K5 Election to keep PSC register information on the public register

IMPORTANT
If the subscribers elect to keep this information on the public register, everyone who is an individual PSC while the election is in force will have their full date of birth available on the public record ³

All subscribers elect to keep PSC register information on the public register
 No objection was received by the subscribers from any eligible person ⁴ within the notice period before making the election

³ If the subscribers don't make this election, only the month and year of birth will be available on the public record

⁴ **Eligible person**
An eligible person is a person whose details would have to be entered in the company's PSC register

Part 7 Consent to act

L1 Consent statement

Please tick the box to confirm consent
 The subscribers confirm that each of the persons named as a director or secretary has consented to act in that capacity

Part 8 Statement about individual PSC particulars

M1 Particulars of an individual PSC [Ⓢ]

Please tick the box to confirm
 The subscribers confirm that each person named in this application as an individual PSC knows that their particulars are being supplied as part of this application

[Ⓢ] Only tick this if you have completed details of one or more individual PSCs in sections H3-H9

Part 9 Statement of compliance

This section must be completed by all companies

Is the application by an agent on behalf of all the subscribers?
 → No Go to Section N1 (Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers)
 → Yes Go to Section N2 (Statement of compliance delivered by an agent)

N1 Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers [Ⓢ]

Please complete this section if the application is not delivered by an agent for the subscribers of the memorandum of association
 I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with

[Ⓢ] Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers
 Every subscriber to the memorandum of association must sign the statement of compliance

Subscriber's signature	Signature X  Assistant Secretary of Barclays PLC X
Subscriber's signature	Signature X X
Subscriber's signature	Signature X X
Subscriber's signature	Signature X X

Continuation pages
 Please use a 'Statement of compliance delivered by the subscribers' continuation page if more subscribers need to sign

IN01

Application to register a company

N2

Statement of compliance delivered by an agent

Please complete this section if this application is delivered by an agent for the subscribers to the memorandum of association

Agent's name

Building name/number

Street

Post town

County/Region

Postcode

Country

I confirm that the requirements of the Companies Act 2006 as to registration have been complied with

Agent's signature

Signature

X

X

IN01

Application to register a company

Presenter information

You do not have to give any contact information, but if you do it will help Companies House if there is a query on the form. The contact information you give will be visible to searchers of the public record.

Contact name **Chris Barnfield**

Company name **Barclays Corporate Secretariat**

Address **1 Churchill Place**

Post town **London**

County/Region

Postcode **E 1 4 5 H P**

Country **United Kingdom**

DX

Telephone

Certificate

We will send your certificate to the presenters address (shown above) or if indicated to another address shown below

- At the registered office address (Given in Section A7)
- At the agents address (Given in Section N2)

Checklist

We may return forms completed incorrectly or with information missing

Please make sure you have remembered the following

- You have checked that the proposed company name is available as well as the various rules that may affect your choice of name. More information can be found in guidance on our website
- If the name of the company is the same as one already on the register as permitted by The Company LLP and Business (Names and Trading Disclosures) Regulations 2015, please attach consent
- You have used the correct appointment sections
- Any addresses given must be a physical location. They cannot be a PO Box number (unless part of a full service address), DX or LP (Legal Post in Scotland) number
- The document has been signed, where indicated
- All relevant attachments have been included
- You have enclosed the Memorandum of Association
- You have enclosed the correct fee

Important information

Please note that all information on this form will appear on the public record, apart from information relating to usual residential addresses. Day of birth will only be shown on the public record if the subscribers have elected to keep PSC and/or directors' information on the public register.

How to pay

A fee is payable on this form. Make cheques or postal orders payable to 'Companies House'. For information on fees, go to www.gov.uk/companieshouse

Where to send

You may return this form to any Companies House address, however for expediency we advise you to return it to the appropriate address below

For companies registered in England and Wales

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Crown Way, Cardiff, Wales, CF14 3UZ
DX 33050 Cardiff

For companies registered in Scotland

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Fourth floor, Edinburgh Quay 2, 139 Fountainbridge, Edinburgh, Scotland, EH3 9FF
DX ED235 Edinburgh 1
or LP - 4 Edinburgh 2 (Legal Post)

For companies registered in Northern Ireland

The Registrar of Companies, Companies House, Second Floor, The Linenhall, 32-38 Linenhall Street, Belfast, Northern Ireland, BT2 8BG
DX 481 N R Belfast 1

Section 243 or 790ZF exemption

If you are applying for, or have been granted a section 243 or 790ZF exemption, please post this whole form to the different postal address below
The Registrar of Companies, PO Box 4082, Cardiff, CF14 3WE

Further information

For further information, please see the guidance notes on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse or email enquiries@companieshouse.gov.uk

This form is available in an alternative format. Please visit the forms page on the website at www.gov.uk/companieshouse

COMPANY HAVING A SHARE CAPITAL

MEMORANDUM OF ASSOCIATION OF

BARCLAYS SECURITY TRUSTEE LIMITED

Each subscriber to this memorandum of association wishes to form a company under the Companies Act 2006 and agrees to become a member of the company and to take at least one share each

Name of each subscriber

Authentication by each subscriber

Barclays PLC



Dated this 26TH day of May 2017

ASSISTANT SECRETARY OF BARCLAYS PLC

ARTICLES OF ASSOCIATION OF
BARCLAYS SECURITY TRUSTEE LIMITED
PRIVATE COMPANY LIMITED BY SHARES

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PART 1 INTERPRETATION AND LIMITATION OF LIABILITY

Defined terms

1. In the articles, unless the context requires otherwise—

“Act” means the Companies Act 2006,

“alternate directors” has the meaning given in article 19,

“appointor” has the meaning given in article 19,

“articles” means the company’s articles of association,

“bankruptcy” includes individual insolvency proceedings in a jurisdiction other than England and Wales or Northern Ireland which have an effect similar to that of bankruptcy,

“the Bank” means Barclays Bank PLC,

“Barclays” means any company which is a member of the Barclays Bank PLC Group,

“chairman” has the meaning given in article 12,

“chairman of the meeting” has the meaning given in article 45,

“Companies Acts” means the Companies Acts (as defined in section 2 of the Companies Act 2006), in so far as they apply to the company,

“director” means a director of the company, and includes any person occupying the position of director, by whatever name called,

“distribution recipient” has the meaning given in article 36,

“document” includes, unless otherwise specified, any document sent or supplied in electronic form,

“electronic form” has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,

“fully paid” in relation to a share, means that the nominal value and any premium to be paid to the company in respect of that share have been paid to the company,

“hard copy form” has the meaning given in section 1168 of the Companies Act 2006,

“holder” in relation to shares means the person whose name is entered in the register of members as the holder of the shares,

“instrument” means a document in hard copy form,

“ordinary resolution” has the meaning given in section 282 of the Companies Act 2006,

“paid” means paid or credited as paid,

“participate” in relation to a directors’ meeting, has the meaning given in article 10,

“proxy notice” has the meaning given in article 51,

“secretary” means the secretary of the company, if any, appointed in accordance with article 22 or any other person appointed to perform the duties of the secretary of the company, including a joint, assistant or deputy secretary,

“shareholder” means a person who is the holder of a share,

“shares” means shares in the company,

“special resolution” has the meaning given in section 283 of the Companies Act 2006,

“subsidiary” has the meaning given in section 1159 of the Companies Act 2006,

“transmittee” means a person entitled to a share by reason of the death or bankruptcy of a shareholder or otherwise by operation of law, and

“writing” means the representation or reproduction of words, symbols or other information in a visible form by any method or combination of methods, whether sent or supplied in electronic form or otherwise

Unless the context otherwise requires, other words or expressions contained in these articles bear the same meaning as in the Companies Act 2006 as in force on the date when these articles become binding on the company

Liability of members

2 The liability of the members is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid on the shares held by them

PART 2 DIRECTORS DIRECTORS' POWERS AND RESPONSIBILITIES

Directors' general authority

3. Subject to the articles, the directors are responsible for the management of the company's business, for which purpose they may exercise all the powers of the company

Shareholders' reserve power

4.—(1) The shareholders may, by special resolution, direct the directors to take, or refrain from taking, specified action

(2) No such special resolution invalidates anything which the directors have done before the passing of the resolution

Directors may delegate

5.—(1) Subject to the articles, the directors may delegate any of the powers which are conferred on them under the articles—

- (a) to such person or committee,
 - (b) by such means (including by power of attorney),
 - (c) to such an extent,
 - (d) in relation to such matters or territories, and
 - (e) on such terms and conditions,
- as they think fit.

(2) If the directors so specify, any such delegation may authorise further delegation of the directors' powers by any person to whom they are delegated

(3) The directors may revoke any delegation in whole or part, or alter its terms and conditions

Committees

6.—(1) Committees to which the directors delegate any of their powers must follow procedures which are based as far as they are applicable on those provisions of the articles which govern the taking of decisions by directors

(2) The directors may make rules of procedure for all or any committees, which prevail over rules derived from the articles if they are not consistent with them

DECISION-MAKING BY DIRECTORS

Directors to take decisions collectively

7.—(1) The general rule about decision-making by directors is that any decision of the directors must be either a majority decision at a meeting or a decision taken in accordance with article 8

(2) If—

(a) the company only has one director, and

(b) no provision of the articles requires it to have more than one director,

the general rule does not apply, and the director may take decisions without regard to any of the provisions of the articles relating to directors' decision-making

Unanimous decisions

8.—(1) A decision of the directors is taken in accordance with this article when all eligible directors indicate to each other that they share a common view on a matter

(2) Such a decision may only take the form—

(a) a resolution in writing, copies of which have been signed by each eligible director or to which each eligible director has otherwise indicated agreement in writing, or

(b) approval by email, where the director replies to an email incorporating the wording of a written resolution

Each eligible director does not need to indicate his view on a matter in the same manner and the decision is deemed to have been taken when all eligible directors have indicated their common view in accordance with this article

(3) References in this article to eligible directors are to directors who would have been entitled to vote on the matter had it been proposed as a resolution at a directors' meeting

(4) A decision may not be taken in accordance with this article if the eligible directors would not have formed a quorum at such a meeting

Calling a directors' meeting

9.—(1) Any director may call a directors' meeting by giving notice of the meeting to the directors or by authorising the company secretary (if any) to give such notice

(2) Notice of any directors' meeting must indicate—

(a) its proposed date and time,

(b) where it is to take place, and

(c) if it is anticipated that directors participating in the meeting will not be in the same place, how it is proposed that they should communicate with each other during the meeting

(3) Notice of a directors' meeting must be given to each director, but need not be in writing. In accordance with article 54(3) any notices sent by e-mail are deemed to be received immediately

Participation in directors' meetings

10.—(1) Subject to the articles, directors participate in a directors' meeting, or part of a directors' meeting, when—

(a) the meeting has been called and takes place in accordance with the articles, and

(b) they can each communicate to the others any information or opinions they have on any particular item of the business of the meeting

(2) In determining whether directors are participating in a directors' meeting, it is irrelevant where any director is or how they communicate with each other

(3) If all directors participating in a meeting are not in the same place, they may decide that the meeting is to be treated as taking place wherever any of them is

Quorum for directors' meetings

11.—(1) At a directors' meeting, unless a quorum is participating, no proposal is to be voted on, except a proposal to call another meeting

(2) The quorum for directors' meetings is two, unless there is a sole director who may then discharge all the functions of the directors

Chairing of directors' meetings

12 —(1) The directors may appoint a director to chair their meetings

(2) The person so appointed for the time being is known as the chairman

(3) The directors may terminate the chairman's appointment at any time

(4) If the chairman is not participating in a directors' meeting within ten minutes of the time at which it was to start, the participating directors must appoint one of themselves to chair it

Casting vote

13.—(1) If the numbers of votes for and against a proposal are equal, the chairman or other director chairing the meeting has a casting vote

Conflicts of interest

14.— (1) Any conflicts of interest under Section 175 of the Act may be authorised by the directors in accordance with that section

(2) Any director of the company is authorised for the purposes of Section 175 of the Companies Act 2006 to

(a) hold office as a director of Barclays PLC, Barclays Bank PLC or any other subsidiary undertaking of Barclays PLC or Barclays Bank PLC, and/or

(b) hold any other office or any employment with Barclays PLC, Barclays Bank PLC or any other subsidiary undertaking of Barclays PLC or Barclays Bank PLC, and/or

(c) hold shares or options in Barclays PLC, Barclays Bank PLC, or any other subsidiary undertaking of Barclays PLC or Barclays Bank PLC

(3) A director must declare an interest in a proposed transaction or arrangement in accordance with Section 177 of the Act

(4) Provided a director has complied with Section 177 of the Act he may participate in the decision making process for quorum, voting or agreement purposes, in relation to any proposed transaction or arrangement with the company in which he is directly or indirectly interested

(5) For the purposes of this article, references to proposed decisions and decision-making processes include any directors' meeting or part of a directors' meeting

(6) Subject to paragraph (5), if a question arises at a meeting of directors or of a committee of directors as to the right of a director to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes, the question may, before the conclusion of the meeting, be referred to the chairman whose ruling in relation to any director other than the chairman is to be final and conclusive

(7) If any question as to the right to participate in the meeting (or part of the meeting) should arise in respect of the chairman, the question is to be decided by a decision of the directors at that meeting, for which purpose the chairman is not to be counted as participating in the meeting (or that part of the meeting) for voting or quorum purposes

Records of decisions to be kept

15. The directors must ensure that the company keeps a record, in writing, for at least 10 years from the date of the decision recorded, of every unanimous or majority decision taken by the directors

Directors' discretion to make further rules

16. Subject to the articles, the directors may make any rule which they think fit about how they take decisions, and about how such rules are to be recorded or communicated to directors

APPOINTMENT OF DIRECTORS

Methods of appointing directors

17.—(1) Any person who is willing to act as a director, and is permitted by law to do so, may be appointed to be a director by—

(a) ordinary resolution, or

(b) a decision of the directors, or

(c) and instrument in writing by the members of the company (together holding not less than a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible members of the company, having a right to attend and vote at general meetings) giving notice to appoint that person as a director which is served at the registered office of the company

Every appointment under the powers conferred by article 17(c) shall take effect on the service of such an instrument in writing at the registered office of the company and every such instrument in writing served under this article shall be annexed to the directors' minute book as soon as practicable after such service

(2) In any case where, as a result of death, the company has no shareholders and no directors, the personal representatives of the last shareholder to have died have the right, by notice in writing, to appoint a person to be a director

(3) For the purposes of paragraph (2), where two or more shareholders die in circumstances rendering it uncertain who was the last to die, a younger shareholder is deemed to have survived an older shareholder

Termination of director's appointment

18. A person ceases to be a director as soon as---

(a) that person ceases to be a director by virtue of any provision of the Companies Act 2006 or is prohibited from being a director by law,

(b) a bankruptcy order is made against that person,

(c) a composition is made with that person's creditors generally in satisfaction of that person's debts,

(d) an instrument in writing by the members of the company (together holding not less than a simple majority of the total voting rights of eligible members of the company, having a right to attend and vote at general meetings) giving notice to terminate the appointment of that person is served at the registered office of the company and every such instrument shall be annexed to the directors' minute book as soon as practicable after such service,

(e) that person is, or may be, suffering from mental disorder and either

(i) he is admitted to hospital in pursuance of an application for admission for treatment under mental health legislation for the time being in force in any part of the United Kingdom, or

(ii) an order is made by a court having jurisdiction (whether in the United Kingdom or elsewhere) in matters concerning mental disorder for his detention or which wholly or partly prevents that person from personally exercising any powers or rights which that person otherwise would have, or

(f) notification is received by the company from the director that the director is resigning from office, and such resignation has taken effect in accordance with its terms

Alternate directors

19.—(1) (a) Any director (the "appointor") may appoint as an alternate any other director, or any other person approved by a decision of the directors, to exercise that director's powers and carry out that director's responsibilities in relation to taking decisions by directors in the absence of the alternate's appointor

(b) Any appointment or removal of an alternate must be effected by notice in writing to the company signed by the appointor, or in any other manner approved by the directors. The notice must

(i) identify the proposed alternate, and

(ii) in the case of a notice of appointment, contain a statement signed by the proposed alternate that he is willing to act as the alternate of his appointor

(2)(a) Subject to the articles, an alternate director has the same rights to participate in any directors' meeting or decision of the directors reached in accordance with article 8, as the alternate's appointor

- (b) Subject to the articles, alternate directors
 - (i) are deemed for all purposes to be directors,
 - (ii) are liable for their own acts or omissions,
 - (iii) are subject to the same restrictions as their appointors,
 - (iv) are not deemed to be agents of or for their appointors
- (c) Subject to paragraph (d) below, a person who is an alternate director
 - (i) may be counted for the purposes of determining whether a quorum is present at a directors' meeting (but only if that person's appointor is not present),
 - (ii) may participate in a decision taken by the directors under article 8 (but only if that person's appointor is not participating)
- (d) If two or more appointors appoint the same person as an alternate director or, alternatively, a person who is director is also appointed as an alternate director, that person does not count as more than one director for the purposes set out in (c)(i) above
- (e) A director who is also an alternate director has one vote at a directors' meeting for each of his appointors who is absent from the meeting in addition to his own vote
- (f) An alternate director is not entitled to receive any remuneration from the company for serving as an alternate director except such part of the remuneration payable to that alternate's appointor as the appointor may direct by notice in writing made to the company
- (3) An alternate director's appointment as an alternate terminates -
 - (a) when his appointor revokes the appointment by notice to the company in writing specifying when it is to terminate,
 - (b) on the occurrence in relation to the alternate of any event which, if it occurred in relation to the alternate's appointor, would result in the termination of the appointor's office as director,
 - (c) on the death of his appointor, or
 - (d) when his appointor's appointment as director terminates

Directors' remuneration

- 20.—(1) Directors may undertake any services for the company that the directors decide
- (2) Directors are entitled to such remuneration as the directors determine—
- (a) for their services to the company as directors, and
 - (b) for any other service which they undertake for the company
- (3) Subject to the articles, a director's remuneration may—
- (a) take any form, and
 - (b) include any arrangements in connection with the payment of a pension, allowance or gratuity, or any death, sickness or disability benefits, to or in respect of that director

(4) Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors' remuneration accrues from day to day

(5) Unless the directors decide otherwise, directors are not accountable to the company for any remuneration which they receive as directors or other officers or employees of the company's subsidiaries or of any other body corporate in which the company is interested

Directors' expenses

21. The company may pay any reasonable expenses which the directors properly incur in connection with their attendance at—

(a) meetings of directors or committees of directors,

(b) general meeting, or

(c) separate meetings of the holders of any class of shares or of debentures of the company,

or otherwise in connection with the exercise of their powers and the discharge of their responsibilities in relation to the company

PART 3 SECRETARY

Secretary

22.—(1) The directors may appoint a secretary to the company for such period, for such remuneration and upon such conditions as they think fit, and any secretary so appointed may be removed by them

PART 4 SHARES AND DISTRIBUTIONS SHARES

Issue of shares

23.— Shares may be issued as nil, partly paid or fully paid

Pre-emption rights

24.—The pre-emption provisions of sections 561 and 562 do not apply to an allotment of the company's equity securities

Lien over shares

25.—(1) The company shall have a full and first and paramount lien over on every share (not being a fully paid share) for all moneys (whether presently payable or not) payable at a fixed time or called in respect of that share. The directors may at any time declare any share to be wholly or in part exempt from the provision of this Article. The company's lien on a share shall extend of any amount payable in respect of it

(2) The company may sell in such manner as the directors determine any shares on which the company has a lien if a sum in respect of which the lien exists is presently payable and is not paid within fourteen clear days after notice has been given to the holder of the share or to the person entitled to it in consequence of the death or bankruptcy of the holder, demanding payment and stating that if the notice is not complied with the shares may be sold

(3) To give effect to a sale the directors may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the shares sold to, or in accordance with the directions of, the purchaser. The title of the transferee to the shares shall not be affected by any irregularity in or invalidity of the proceedings in reference to the sale.

(4) The net proceeds after the sale, after payment of the costs, shall be applied in payment of so much of the sum for which the lien exists as is presently payable, and any residue shall (upon surrender to the company for cancellation of the certificate for the shares sold and subject to a like lien for any moneys not presently payable as existed upon the shares before the sale) be paid to the person entitled to the shares at the date of the sale.

Calls on shares and forfeiture

26.—(1) Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make calls upon the members in respect of any moneys unpaid on their shares (whether nominal value or premium) and each member shall (having received 14 days clear notice, specifying when and where payment should be made) pay to the company as required by the notice the amount called on his shares. A call may require payments by instalments. A call may, before the receipt of any sum due, be revoked or postponed in whole or in part. A person on whom a call is made shall remain liable for calls made on him notwithstanding the subsequent transfer of the shares upon which the call was made.

(2) The call shall be deemed to have been made at the time the directors pass a resolution authorising the call.

(3) If a call remains unpaid after it has become due, the person from whom it is due is liable to pay interest on the amount unpaid from the date it becomes due. The rate can be fixed by the terms of the allotment, or if no rate is fixed, at the appropriate rate (as defined by the Act). The directors may waive payment of the interest in whole or in part.

(4) An amount payable in respect of a share allotment at any fixed date, shall be deemed to be a call and if not paid the provisions of the articles shall apply as if that amount had become due and payable by virtue of a call.

(5) Subject to the terms of allotment, the directors may make arrangements on the issue of shares for a difference between the holders in the amounts and times of payment of calls on their shares.

(6) If a call remains unpaid after it has become due and payable the directors may give to the person from whom it is due not less than fourteen clear days notice requiring payment of the unpaid amount and interest. The notice should state the place where payment is to be made and shall state that if the notice is not complied with the shares in respect of which the call was made will be liable to be forfeited.

(7) If a notice is not complied with any share for which the notice was issued may be forfeited by resolution of the directors and the forfeiture should include all dividends or other moneys payable in respect of the forfeited shares and not paid before the forfeiture.

(8) Subject to the provisions of the Act, a forfeited share may be sold, re-allotted or otherwise disposed of in such manner and on such terms as the directors may think fit. Where for the purposes of its disposal a forfeited share is to be transferred to any person, the director may authorise some person to execute an instrument of transfer of the share to that person.

(9) A person whose shares have been forfeited shall cease to be a member in respect of them and shall surrender to the company for cancellation the certificate for the shares forfeited but shall remain liable to the company for all outstanding moneys due.

(10) A statutory declaration by a director or secretary that a share has been forfeited shall be conclusive evidence of the facts stated in it as against all persons claiming to be entitled to the share

Powers to issue different classes of share

27.—(1) Subject to the articles, but without prejudice to the rights attached to any existing share, the company may issue shares with such rights or restrictions as may be determined by ordinary resolution

(2) The company may issue shares which are to be redeemed, or are liable to be redeemed at the option of the company or the holder, and the directors may determine the terms, conditions and manner of redemption of any such shares

Company not bound by less than absolute interests

28. Except as required by law, no person is to be recognised by the company as holding any share upon any trust, and except as otherwise required by law or the articles, the company is not in any way to be bound by or recognise any interest in a share other than the holder's absolute ownership of it and all the rights attaching to it

Share certificates

29.—(1) The company must issue each shareholder, free of charge, with one or more certificates in respect of the shares which that shareholder holds

(2) Every certificate must specify—

- (a) in respect of how many shares, of what class, it is issued,
- (b) the nominal value of those shares,
- (c) the amount paid up on the shares, and
- (d) any distinguishing numbers assigned to them

(3) No certificate may be issued in respect of shares of more than one class

(4) If more than one person holds a share, only one certificate may be issued in respect of it.

(5) Certificates must—

- (a) have affixed to them the company's common seal in accordance with article 56, or
- (b) be otherwise executed in accordance with the Companies Acts

Replacement share certificates

30.—(1) If a certificate issued in respect of a shareholder's shares is—

- (a) damaged or defaced, or
- (b) said to be lost, stolen or destroyed,

that shareholder is entitled to be issued with a replacement certificate in respect of the same shares

(2) A shareholder exercising the right to be issued with such a replacement certificate—

- (a) may at the same time exercise the right to be issued with a single certificate or separate certificates,

(b) must return the certificate which is to be replaced to the company if it is damaged or defaced, and

(c) must comply with such conditions as to evidence, indemnity and the payment of a reasonable fee as the directors decide

Share transfers

31.—(1) Shares may be transferred by means of an instrument of transfer in any usual form or any other form approved by the directors, which is executed by or on behalf of the transferor and, if any of the shares are not fully paid, the transferee

(2) No fee may be charged for registering any instrument of transfer or other document relating to or affecting the title to any share

(3) The company may retain any instrument of transfer which is registered

(4) The transferor remains the holder of a share until the transferee's name is entered in the register of members as holder of it

(5) The directors may refuse to register the transfer of a share, and if they do so, the instrument of transfer must be returned to the transferee with the notice of refusal unless they suspect that the proposed transfer may be fraudulent

Transmission of shares

32.—(1) If title to a share passes to a transmittee, the company may only recognise the transmittee as having any title to that share

(2) A transmittee who produces such evidence of entitlement to shares as the directors may properly require—

(a) may, subject to the articles, choose either to become the holder of those shares or to have them transferred to another person, and

(b) subject to the articles, and pending any transfer of the shares to another person, has the same rights as the holder had

(3) But transmittees do not have the right to attend or vote at a general meeting, or agree to a proposed written resolution, in respect of shares to which they are entitled, by reason of the holder's death or bankruptcy or otherwise, unless they become the holders of those shares

Exercise of transmittees' rights

33.—(1) Transmittees who wish to become the holders of shares to which they have become entitled must notify the company in writing of that wish

(2) If the transmittee wishes to have a share transferred to another person, the transmittee must execute an instrument of transfer in respect of it

(3) Any transfer made or executed under this article is to be treated as if it were made or executed by the person from whom the transmittee has derived rights in respect of the share, and as if the event which gave rise to the transmission had not occurred

Transmittees bound by prior notices

34. If a notice is given to a shareholder in respect of shares and a transmittee is entitled to those shares, the transmittee is bound by the notice if it was given to the shareholder before the transmittee's name has been entered in the register of members

DIVIDENDS AND OTHER DISTRIBUTIONS

Procedure for declaring dividends

35.—(1) The company may by ordinary resolution declare dividends, and the directors may decide to pay interim dividends

(2) A dividend must not be declared unless the directors have made a recommendation as to its amount. Such a dividend must not exceed the amount recommended by the directors

(3) No dividend may be declared or paid unless it is in accordance with shareholders' respective rights

(4) Unless the shareholders' resolution to declare or directors' decision to pay a dividend, or the terms on which shares are issued, specify otherwise, it must be paid by reference to each shareholder's holding of shares on the date of the resolution or decision to declare or pay it

(5) If the company's share capital is divided into different classes, no interim dividend may be paid on shares carrying deferred or non-preferred rights if, at the time of payment, any preferential dividend is in arrear

(6) The directors may pay at intervals any dividend payable at a fixed rate if it appears to them that the profits available for distribution justify the payment

(7) If the directors act in good faith, they do not incur any liability to the holders of shares conferring preferred rights for any loss they may suffer by the lawful payment of an interim dividend on shares with deferred or non-preferred rights

Payment of dividends and other distributions

36.—(1) Where a dividend or other sum which is a distribution is payable in respect of a share, it must be paid by one or more of the following means—

(a) transfer to a bank or building society account specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,

(b) sending a cheque made payable to the distribution recipient by post to the distribution recipient at the distribution recipient's registered address (if the distribution recipient is a holder of the share), or (in any other case) to an address specified by the distribution recipient either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide,

(c) sending a cheque made payable to such person by post to such person at such address as the distribution recipient has specified either in writing or as the directors may otherwise decide, or

(d) any other means of payment as the directors agree with the distribution recipient either in writing or by such other means as the directors decide

(2) In the articles, "the distribution recipient" means, in respect of a share in respect of which a dividend or other sum is payable—

(a) the holder of the share, or

(b) if the share has two or more joint holders, whichever of them is named first in the register of members, or

(c) if the holder is no longer entitled to the share by reason of death or bankruptcy, or otherwise by operation of law, the transmittee

Dividends relating to partly paid shares

37 —(1) (a) Subject to the articles or the rights attached to shares, all dividends must be—

(i) declared and paid according to the amounts paid up on the shares on which the dividend is paid, and

(ii) apportioned and paid proportionately to the amounts paid up on the shares during any portion or portions of the period in respect of which the dividend is paid

(b) If any share is issued on terms providing that it ranks for dividend as from a particular date that share ranks for dividend accordingly

(c) For the purpose of calculating dividends, no account is to be taken of any amount which has been paid up on a share in advance of the due date for payment of that amount

No interest on distributions

38. The company may not pay interest on any dividend or other sum payable in respect of a share unless otherwise provided by—

(a) the terms on which the share was issued, or

(b) the provisions of another agreement between the holder of that share and the company

Unclaimed distributions

39.—(1) All dividends or other sums which are—

(a) payable in respect of shares, and

(b) unclaimed after having been declared or become payable,

may be invested or otherwise made use of by the directors for the benefit of the company until claimed

(2) The payment of any such dividend or other sum into a separate account does not make the company a trustee in respect of it

(3) If—

(a) twelve years have passed from the date on which a dividend or other sum became due for payment, and

(b) the distribution recipient has not claimed it,

the distribution recipient is no longer entitled to that dividend or other sum and it ceases to remain owing by the company

Non-cash distributions

40.—(1) Subject to the terms of issue of the share in question, the company may, by ordinary resolution on the recommendation of the directors, decide to pay all or part of a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by transferring non-cash assets of equivalent value (including, without limitation, shares or other securities in any company)

(2) For the purposes of paying a non-cash distribution, the directors may make whatever arrangements they think fit, including, where any difficulty arises regarding the distribution—

- (a) fixing the value of any assets,
- (b) paying cash to any distribution recipient on the basis of that value in order to adjust the rights of recipients, and
- (c) vesting any assets in trustees

Waiver of distributions

41. Distribution recipients may waive their entitlement to a dividend or other distribution payable in respect of a share by giving the company notice in writing to that effect, but if—

- (a) the share has more than one holder, or
- (b) more than one person is entitled to the share, whether by reason of the death or bankruptcy of one or more joint holders, or otherwise,

the notice is not effective unless it is expressed to be given, and signed, by all the holders or persons otherwise entitled to the share

CAPITALISATION OF PROFITS

Authority to capitalise and appropriation of capitalised sums

42 —(1) Subject to the articles, the directors may, if they are so authorised by an ordinary resolution—

- (a) decide to capitalise any profits of the company (whether or not they are available for distribution) which are not required for paying a preferential dividend, or any sum standing to the credit of the company's share premium account or capital redemption reserve, and
- (b) appropriate any sum which they so decide to capitalise (a "capitalised sum") to the persons who would have been entitled to it if it were distributed by way of dividend (the "persons entitled") and in the same proportions

(2) Capitalised sums must be applied—

- (a) on behalf of the persons entitled, and
- (b) in the same proportions as a dividend would have been distributed to them

(3) Any capitalised sum may be applied in paying up new shares of a nominal amount equal to the capitalised sum which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct

(4) A capitalised sum which was appropriated from profits available for distribution may be applied

- (a) in or towards paying up any amounts unpaid on existing shares held by persons entitled, or
- (b) in paying up new debentures of the company which are then allotted credited as fully paid to the persons entitled or as they may direct

(5) Subject to the articles the directors may—

- (a) apply capitalised sums in accordance with paragraphs (3) and (4) partly in one way and partly in another,

(b) make such arrangements as they think fit to deal with shares or debentures becoming distributable in fractions under this article (including the issuing of fractional certificates or the making of cash payments), and

(c) authorise any person to enter into an agreement with the company on behalf of all the persons entitled which is binding on them in respect of the allotment of shares and debentures to them under this article

PART 5 DECISION-MAKING BY SHAREHOLDERS ORGANISATION OF GENERAL MEETINGS

Attendance and speaking at general meetings

43 —(1) A person is able to exercise the right to speak at a general meeting when that person is in a position to communicate to all those attending the meeting, during the meeting, any information or opinions which that person has on the business of the meeting

(2) A person is able to exercise the right to vote at a general meeting when—

(a) that person is able to vote, during the meeting, on resolutions put to the vote at the meeting, and

(b) that person's vote can be taken into account in determining whether or not such resolutions are passed at the same time as the votes of all the other persons attending the meeting

(3) The directors may make whatever arrangements they consider appropriate to enable those attending a general meeting to exercise their rights to speak or vote at it

(4) In determining attendance at a general meeting, it is immaterial whether any two or more members attending it are in the same place as each other

(5) Two or more persons who are not in the same place as each other attend a general meeting if their circumstances are such that if they have (or were to have) rights to speak and vote at that meeting, they are (or would be) able to exercise them

Quorum for general meetings

44 (1) No business other than the appointment of the chairman of the meeting is to be transacted at a general meeting if the persons attending it do not constitute a quorum

(2) For so long as the company has a sole member the quorum of the meeting is one

Chairing general meetings

45.—(1) If the directors have appointed a chairman, the chairman shall chair general meetings if present and willing to do so

(2) If the directors have not appointed a chairman, or if the chairman is unwilling to chair the meeting or is not present within ten minutes of the time at which a meeting was due to start—

(a) the directors present, or

(b) (if no directors are present), the meeting,

must appoint a director or shareholder to chair the meeting, and the appointment of the chairman of the meeting must be the first business of the meeting

(3) The person chairing a meeting in accordance with this article is referred to as "the chairman of the meeting"

Attendance and speaking by directors and non-shareholders

46.—(1) Directors may attend and speak at general meetings, whether or not they are shareholders

(2) The chairman of the meeting may permit other persons who are not—

(a) shareholders of the company, or

(b) otherwise entitled to exercise the rights of shareholders in relation to general meetings, to attend and speak at a general meeting

Adjournment

47.—(1) If the persons attending a general meeting within half an hour of the time at which the meeting was due to start do not constitute a quorum, or if during a meeting a quorum ceases to be present, the chairman of the meeting must adjourn it

(2) The chairman of the meeting may adjourn a general meeting at which a quorum is present if—

(a) the meeting consents to an adjournment, or

(b) it appears to the chairman of the meeting that an adjournment is necessary to protect the safety of any person attending the meeting or ensure that the business of the meeting is conducted in an orderly manner

(3) The chairman of the meeting must adjourn a general meeting if directed to do so by the meeting

(4) When adjourning a general meeting, the chairman of the meeting must—

(a) either specify the time and place to which it is adjourned or state that it is to continue at a time and place to be fixed by the directors, and

(b) have regard to any directions as to the time and place of any adjournment which have been given by the meeting

(5) If the continuation of an adjourned meeting is to take place more than 14 days after it was adjourned, the company must give at least 7 clear days' notice of it (that is, excluding the day of the adjourned meeting and the day on which the notice is given)—

(a) to the same persons to whom notice of the company's general meetings is required to be given, and

(b) containing the same information which such notice is required to contain

(6) No business may be transacted at an adjourned general meeting which could not properly have been transacted at the meeting if the adjournment had not taken place

VOTING AT GENERAL MEETINGS

Voting general

48.—(1) A resolution put to the vote of a general meeting must be decided on a show of hands unless a poll is duly demanded in accordance with the articles

(2) (a) Subject to sub-paragraph (b), a written resolution of members passed in accordance with Chapter 2 of Part 13 of the Companies Act 2006 is as valid and effectual as a resolution passed at a general meeting of the company

(b) The following may not be passed as a written resolution and may only be passed at a general meeting

(i) a resolution under section 168 of the Companies Act 2006 for the removal of a director before the expiration of his period of office, and

(ii) a resolution under section 510 of the Companies Act 2006 for the removal of an auditor before the expiration of his period of office

(c) On a written resolution, a member has one vote in respect of each share held by him

Errors and disputes

49 —(1) No objection may be raised to the qualification of any person voting at a general meeting except at the meeting or adjourned meeting at which the vote objected to is tendered, and every vote not disallowed at the meeting is valid

(2) Any such objection must be referred to the chairman of the meeting, whose decision is final

Poll votes

50.—(1) A poll on a resolution may be demanded—

(a) in advance of the general meeting where it is to be put to the vote, or

(b) at a general meeting, either before a show of hands on that resolution or immediately after the result of a show of hands on that resolution is declared

(2) A poll may be demanded by—

(a) the chairman of the meeting,

(b) the directors,

(c) two or more persons having the right to vote on the resolution, or

(d) a person or persons representing not less than one tenth of the total voting rights of all the shareholders having the right to vote on the resolution

(3) A demand for a poll may be withdrawn if—

(a) the poll has not yet been taken, and

(b) the chairman of the meeting consents to the withdrawal

(4) Polls must be taken immediately and in such manner as the chairman of the meeting directs

Content of proxy notices

51.—(1) Any member entitled to attend and to speak and vote at a meeting may appoint a proxy, or multiple proxies to attend, speak and vote in his place. This will not prevent the member from subsequently attending, speaking and voting at the meeting in person

(2) Proxies may only validly be appointed by a notice in writing (a "proxy notice") which—

(a) states the name and address of the shareholder appointing the proxy,

(b) identifies the person appointed to be that shareholder's proxy and the general meeting in relation to which that person is appointed,

(c) is signed by or on behalf of the shareholder appointing the proxy, or is authenticated in such manner as the directors may determine, and

(d) is delivered to the company in accordance with the articles and any instructions contained in the notice of the general meeting to which they relate, not less than 48 hours before the time fixed for holding the meeting or adjourned meeting

(3) If multiple proxies are appointed, each proxy must exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares held by the member

(4) a member may appoint more than one proxy in relation to a meeting, provided that each proxy is appointed to exercise the rights attached to a different share or shares

(5) The company may require proxy notices to be delivered in a particular form, and may specify different forms for different purposes

(6) Proxy notices may specify how the proxy appointed under them is to vote (or that the proxy is to abstain from voting) on one or more resolutions

(7) Unless a proxy notice indicates otherwise, it must be treated as—

(a) allowing the person appointed under it as a proxy discretion as to how to vote on any ancillary or procedural resolutions put to the meeting, and

(b) appointing that person as a proxy in relation to any adjournment of the general meeting to which it relates as well as the meeting itself

(8) The company may disregard non-working days when setting the deadline for the return of proxies

Delivery of proxy notices

52.—(1) A person who is entitled to attend, speak or vote (either on a show of hands or on a poll) at a general meeting remains so entitled in respect of that meeting or any adjournment of it, even though a valid proxy notice has been delivered to the company by or on behalf of that person

(2) An appointment under a proxy notice may be revoked by delivering to the company a notice in writing given by or on behalf of the person by whom or on whose behalf the proxy notice was given

(3) A notice revoking a proxy appointment only takes effect if it is delivered before the start of the meeting or adjourned meeting to which it relates

(4) If a proxy notice is not executed by the person appointing the proxy, it must be accompanied by written evidence of the authority of the person who executed it to execute it on the appointor's behalf

Amendments to resolutions

53 —(1) An ordinary resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution if—

(a) notice of the proposed amendment is given to the company in writing by a person entitled to vote at the general meeting at which it is to be proposed not less than 48 hours before the meeting is to take place (or such later time as the chairman of the meeting may determine), and

(b) the proposed amendment does not, in the reasonable opinion of the chairman of the meeting, materially alter the scope of the resolution

(2) A special resolution to be proposed at a general meeting may be amended by ordinary resolution, if—

(a) the chairman of the meeting proposes the amendment at the general meeting at which the resolution is to be proposed, and

(b) the amendment does not go beyond what is necessary to correct a grammatical or other non-substantive error in the resolution

(3) If the chairman of the meeting, acting in good faith, wrongly decides that an amendment to a resolution is out of order, the chairman's error does not invalidate the vote on that resolution

PART 6 ADMINISTRATIVE ARRANGEMENTS

Means of communication to be used

54.—(1) Subject to the articles, anything sent or supplied by or to the company under the articles may be sent or supplied in any way in which the Companies Act 2006 provides for documents or information which are authorised or required by any provision of that Act to be sent or supplied by or to the company

(2) Subject to the articles, any notice or document to be sent or supplied to a director in connection with the taking of decisions by directors may also be sent or supplied by the means by which that director has asked to be sent or supplied with such notices or documents for the time being

(3) A director may agree with the company that notices or documents sent to that director in a particular way are to be deemed to have been received within a specified time of their being sent, and for the specified time to be less than 48 hours. Notices sent by email by the company to a director are deemed to be received immediately

Authentication of documents

55. — For the purposes of these articles a document or proceeding requiring authentication by the company is deemed sufficiently authenticated by the signature of a director or secretary of the company, or a director, secretary or assistant secretary of the Bank

Company seals

56.—(1) Any common seal may only be used by the authority of

(a) the directors,

(b) any one director,

(c) a committee of directors,

(d) any individual within Barclays of B6 grade or business unit equivalent or above, or

(e) any person or persons designated by the directors

(2) The directors may decide by what means and in what form any common seal is to be used

(3) Unless otherwise decided by the directors, if the company has a common seal, that seal shall be affixed in the presence of and attested by at least one authorised person

(4) For the purposes of this article, an authorised person is—

- (a) any director of the company or the Bank,
- (b) any secretary,
- (c) any secretary, joint secretary, deputy secretary or assistant secretary of the Bank, or
- (c) any person authorised by the directors for the purpose of signing documents to which the common seal is applied

(5) Documents executed under the law of Scotland shall be executed by the company by affixing the common seal and being subscribed on behalf of the company by any two of the holders for the time being of the offices of

- (a) director of the company or the Bank,
- (b) any secretary, or
- (c) any secretary, joint secretary, deputy secretary or assistant secretary of the Bank

(6) Where the common seal has been affixed in accordance with this article no individual who has authorised the use of the seal and the subscribing of the document shall also witness the affixing of the seal and the subscribing of the document on behalf of the company

No right to inspect accounts and other records

57. Except as provided by law or authorised by the directors or an ordinary resolution of the company, no person is entitled to inspect any of the company's accounting or other records or documents merely by virtue of being a shareholder

Provision for employees on cessation of business

58. The directors may decide to make provision for the benefit of persons employed or formerly employed by the company or any of its subsidiaries (other than a director or former director or shadow director) in connection with the cessation or transfer to any person of the whole or part of the undertaking of the company or that subsidiary

DIRECTORS' INDEMNITY AND INSURANCE

Indemnity

59.—(1) Subject to paragraph (2), a relevant director of the company or an associated company may be indemnified out of the company's assets against—

- (a) any liability incurred by that director in connection with any negligence, default, breach of duty or breach of trust in relation to the company or an associated company,
- (b) any liability incurred by that director in connection with the activities of the company or an associated company in its capacity as a trustee of an occupational pension scheme (as defined in section 235(6) of the Companies Act 2006),
- (c) any other liability incurred by that director as an officer of the company or an associated company

(2) This article does not authorise any indemnity which would be prohibited or rendered void by any provision of the Companies Acts or by any other provision of law

(3) In this article—

(a) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate, and

(b) a “relevant director” means any director or former director of the company or an associated company

Insurance

60—(1) The directors may decide to purchase and maintain insurance, at the expense of the company, for the benefit of any relevant director in respect of any relevant loss

(2) In this article—

(a) a “relevant director” means any director or former director of the company or an associated company,

(b) a “relevant loss” means any loss or liability which has been or may be incurred by a relevant director in connection with that director’s duties or powers in relation to the company, any associated company or any pension fund or employees’ share scheme of the company or associated company, and

(c) companies are associated if one is a subsidiary of the other or both are subsidiaries of the same body corporate